THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME II. SAINT PAUL, THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1862. NUMBER 120.

The Saint Paul Press.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

☞ THIS paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, FAURSSDAY, AUGUST 12.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE TO CONGRESS.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY,

of Dakota County.

☞ *SEE FOURTH PAGE.*

COMPOSITORS WANTED.—We want six or eight first class compositors immediately. Apply at the office of the DAILY PRESS.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

The latest news of the Indian insurrection are reported in our columns. The Chippewas, also, are excited, and have attacked Fort Ripley. Gov. Ramsey has forwarded arms and ammunition.

By telegraph we learn the state of the country, North, East, South, and West.

The Department of the Ohio has been created, and Gen. Wright assigned to the command.

Reverdy Johnson's report on Gen. Butler's financial operations in New Orleans has been approved by the President, and it is suggested that Butler may be assigned to a new field of operations.

Treasury notes command a premium in Wall street.

Gen Corcoran makes a speech in Baltimore, and a monster mass meeting is to be held in New York City.

We have particulars of the capture of rebel forces near New Madrid, and of losses sustained in the battle at Lone Jack. Rebel General Hughes killed, Col. Thompson and others wounded.

FRONTIER DEFENSE.

We trust the Governor will take immediate measures to put the frontier of this State promptly in a state of permanent and thorough defense. For this purpose a troop of mounted rangers is absolutely necessary. Infantry are of almost no use whatever for the peculiar exigencies of Indian warfare. We must have the forts garrisoned with cavalry and a force of flying artillery. The recent raid of the Sioux, however much its proportions may have been exaggerated, in the sense of insecurity which it has occasioned settlers in all the western districts of the State, and the widespread apprehensions which it will cause for the future, will have cost the State millions of dollars. It is equivalent to a loss of 50,000 inhabitants next year—and will go far to retard the prosperity of the State. There is no remedy for this except a thoroughly organized defense of the whole Indian frontier.

A SUGGESTION TO ENROLLING OFFICERS.

We would earnestly suggest that the enrolling officers of the various townships of this and other counties take and return to the county auditor the names of *all volunteers furnished* by such township *since the commencement of the war.* We make the suggestion because there is an almost universal feeling that the quota of the townships should be so apportioned as to give each town credit for its contributions to the war since the beginning; and because we think the feeling very just. And, furthermore, we have no doubt that if a little extension of time can be procured so as to make it practicable, the Governor will order the draft, if any, to be made upon this basis. If this suggestion is attended to, it may save considerable labor.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT CONVENTION.

We have no news from the Owatonna Convention, which assembled yesterday. We are informed, on good authority, that the name of Hon. J. H. Baker would not be presented to the Convention. We learn that in connection with that of Mr. Windom, the names of Mr. Berry, of Rice; Mr. Jones, of Fillmore, and Mr. Swift, of Nicollet, were to be presented for consideration.

A LIBERAL OFFER.

Dr. Thaddeus Williams, late of Louisville, Kentucky, a graduate of the Medical College of Ohio, having located in St. Paul, proposes to give free medical attention to the families of Saint Paul residents who volunteer before the first of September, to fill up old regiments.

REMOVE THE INDIANS.

It is very evident that, until the Indians now occupying our western frontier are removed beyond the borders of the State, our settlers cannot enjoy any solid or certain security; and their presence within our limits under any circumstances cannot fail to prove an insuperable obstacle to immigration from abroad, when the real danger arising from their neighborhood will be vastly exaggerated. For these reasons, if an extra session of the Legislature should be called, one of its first acts should be to memorialize Congress to remove the Indians beyond our western border. The hostile attitude which they have recently assumed absolves the government of its treaty obligations with them, and they should be promptly and forcibly expelled from our beautiful State.

THE King of Sweden has conferred upon Capt. Ericsson, in testimony of his success in constructing the Monitor, the decoration of the "Order of the the Northern Star," the brightest in Sweden.

EXTRA SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The proposition we made through the Press, yesterday, for an extra session of the Legislature, to prevent the practical disfranchisement of our citizen soldiers, is hailed from all quarters with the liveliest satisfaction.

The following is the form of a petition to Gov. Ramsey, now being circulated, asking him to call without delay an extra session of the Legislature.

We respectfully suggest that copies be made in every precinct, and that prompt measures be adopted to obtain the signatures of all legal voters, and that the petitions be immediately sent to his Excellency, Gov. Ramsey:

To His Excellency, Alex. Ramsey, Governor of the State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, citizens of the State of Minnesota, would respectfully but earnestly petition your Excellency, that without delay, you call an extra session of the Legislature of the State, for the following reasons:

I. Some steps should at once be taken to prevent the disfranchisement of the volunteers who have already enlisted, and those who may hereafter enlist in defence of the government, by providing some means by which their votes may be received. It is most unjust that those, who by enlisting, exhibit superior patriotism, should be reduced to less than the ordinary rights of citizenship; and when, as in the present instance, the number of volunteers is equal to nearly one-third the entire voting population of the State, the grievance assumes such magnitude as to demand the immediate action by the State government.

II. The condition of our frontier is such as to require prompt action by the State government for the protection of the lives and property of the settlers. It is evident that a wide-spread insurrection among the Indians has been inaugurated. The national government embarrassed by a great and absorbing war, cannot be expected to give sufficient attention to the affairs of a remote frontier people. We must provide for our own defence, and do so promptly; and this end can only be obtained by convening the Legislature, and by the passage of an efficient militia law, and such other legislation as may be deemed necessary.

III. The new call for troops to be furnished by this State, to the number of over five thousand, will in all probability render necessary on the part of the State many new expenditures, and we are informed that the last Legislature made no provision, by appropriation, sufficient for such an emergency; and that the action of the Executive Department is now, and will hereafter be, greatly embarrassed, unless by the convening of the Legislature steps are taken to provide for the extraordinary demands now made on the State government.

IV. For the purpose of raising the quota of the State under the late call for 600,000 men, nearly all the counties and many of the townships have assumed liabilities for the support of the families of volunteers, by the issue of bonds or otherwise, which it is proper should be at once legalized by legislative action, and made to rest equally upon the taxable property of the localities issuing them.

And your petitioners will ever pray, &c.

The disturbed condition of our frontier demands immediate legislative action.

The massacres committed by the Indians are part of the results of the great war in which the nation is now engaged: they are, fortunately for us, the first directly evil results which we have as a people experienced. The delay in the payment to the Indians was without doubt caused by the disorganized state of our national affairs; while at the same time there is but little doubt that the Indians have been aware for some time past that we are engaged in a great war, and that our men in large numbers have left the State, and they were consequently emboldened to the excesses now committed by them.

Unless the matter is checked at once and with a severe hand, we may expect, during the continuance of the war, similar outbreaks whenever similar circumstances present themselves. We must *as a State* be prepared for every emergency. We cannot when the fire-brand and the tomahawk are in the dwellings of our people, appeal to a distant national government for aid. Our call may come at a season when the nation, overwhelmed with its own difficulties, may be deaf to our cries.

Our present militia law is universally pronounced to be a cumbersome, useless, miserable affair. A new one must be adopted. The militia, if not of the whole State, at least of the portion, must be organized, armed, and placed in such a condition that they can do effective service at a moment's notice. All this will require legislative action.

We trust Governor Ramsey will not hesitate to call together the Legislature at once.

If necessary the Legislature could convene in ten days from the date of the Governor's proclamation, it could transact all its necessary business in ten days more; it could provide for the reception of the votes of the volunteers now in the State before their departure, and for the taking of the votes of the regiments now in the field by commissioners properly appointed; and it could then adjourn, having performed a work that would entitle its members to the gratitude of every loyal citizen.

ROW AT THE CHIPPEWA AGENCY.

News was received by the Governor last night that there had been an outbreak at the Chippewa Agency, and the Agent driven in to Fort Ripley. We did not learn any particulars, only that a hundred men were wanted up there.

JOHN C. RIVES, the publisher of the *Congressional Globe*, has contributed $14,000 to the raising and equipping of the first regiment of the District of Columbia.

THE COLONIZATION SCHEME.

Mr. Lincoln has had an interview with a representative delegation of colored men at the White House, who called upon him at his invitation, to hear his statement and to confer together concerning the colonization of persons of African descent. He stated that a sum of money had been placed by Congress at his disposal for this purpose, and urged intelligent colored men to avail themselves of the proffered aid, in the accomplishment of this object. He said that the diversities of the white and black races, physical and otherwise, operate to the injury of both classes, so long as they reside upon the same soil. The black man, though free, is not placed on an equality with the white; even where he is treated best, the ban is still upon him. He did not propose to discuss the subject, but to treat it as a fact with which we have to deal. On this point he appealed to the experience and convictions of those whom he addressed.

The general effects on the white race are evil, and only evil; morally, socially, politically, Out of it has grown the present gigantic, devastating war, the results of which, in all their wide spread ramifications, no man can foresee. But for slavery, and the colored race, as a basis, the war could not have an existence.

It is better, therefore—better for both classes, that a separation be effected. Not only the slave on the condition of liberty, but the free colored man, would find his condition improved by emigration and settlement in a country where the social and political affairs are controlled by persons of his own color and race. But even if personal discomfort were the result, the duty would be none the less clear. The prosperous colored man may live comfortably in Washington or elsewhere the remainder of his life; but he should be willing to do something to help those not so fortunate as himself. The unwillingness of white men to have free colored men remain among us, operates against the freedom of those now in slavery. Anything that the free colored man can do by colonization to remove the prejudice against the presence of free blacks, or to obviate it by the prospect of their removal, will open a wide door for many to be made free. The unwillingness of the white race to permit the presence of free blacks, may seem harsh, but it is a *fact* nevertheless—and facts are landmarks for our guidance.

Assuming the desirableness of the separation of the races, we want such as are and have been free, to start and direct the work of colonization. Those not free at the beginning, and whose intellects are clouded with slavery, would be poor materials to start with. It is important that we have at the beginning, men capable of thinking as white men, and not those who have been systematically oppressed.

If intelligent colored men, such as those present, would move in this matter, much might be accomplished. If it be a sacrifice to leave your present comfortable homes, let it be made, for the sake of your race—for the purpose of being, in your new and adopted homes, free and grand in this respect, as the white people. The consciousness of having made such sacrifices for a public good brings its own reward. It is a cheering thought throughout li e that somrthing can be done to ameliorate the condition of those who have been subject to the hard usage of the world. Washington and others of the revolution made sacrifices, and endured greater physical hardships than if they had remained British subjects; yet they were happy men, because they were benefitting the race—doing something for others and for posterity.

After referring to the prosperous colony of Liberia, Mr. Lincoln says: The place I am thinking of for a colony is in Central America.

It is nearer to us than Liberia, within seven days run by steamers, on a great highway of travel, a country with great natural resources and advantages, an excellent country for any people, but especially, because of the similarity of climate with your native land, adapted to your physical condition.

There are fertile lands, rich coal mines, capacious harbors, and it is to be a great highway from the Atlantic, or Carribian Sea, to the Pacific Ocean.

It has all the advantages for a colony.

I have appealed to your philanthropy; I may appeal also to your *interest*.

You have been told that this is a speculation in which white men are interested.

We have been mistaken all our lives, if we do not know that whites as well as blacks look to their self-interest. Every body with whom you trade, expects or hopes to make something. If others have what is an advantage to them, it may be also of advantage to you.

You are intelligent and know that success depends not so much on external help as on self-reliance.

I propose to render you some assistance. If I get a sufficient number of you engaged in the enterprize, I will spend in your behalf some of the money intrusted to me, and have such provision made that you shall not be wronged. Much must depend upon yourselves. As to the coal mines adverted to, I think I see the means available for your self-reliance.

I am not sure that you will succeed. The Government may lose the money, but we cannot succeed unless we try; but we think with care, we can succeed. The political affairs of Central America are not in quite as satisfactory condition as I wish, but no obstacles are thrown in the way of immigration by colored men.

What I want to know is whether I can get a number of able-bodied men, with their wives and children, who are willing to go, when I present evidence of encouragement and support.

If I could get a hundred such, or fifty, or twenty-five even, I think I could make a successful commencement.

To know whether this can be done is the practical part of my wish to see you.

These are subjects of great importance, worthy of a month's study, briefly presented in a speech of an hour. Consider them seriously, not as affecting yourselves merely, or your race, but ours; no for the present merely, but for the future—for mankind and for future generations. We have presented a brief outline of the very remarkable speech of the President on the occasion referred to, seeking to preserve faithfully its spirit, and presenting the prominent points.

The chairman of the delegation briefly replied that they would hold a consultation, and in a short time give an answer. The President said, "Take your full time—no hurry at all."

MORE OF THE INDIAN DISTURBANCES.

At this hour of writing, we have not received much further intelligence from the scene of the late disturbances, at Red Wood and Fort Ridgley, but what has been received, too mournfully confirms the news of yesterday.

Letters were received from Major E. C. Hatch and C. G. Wyckoff, who were on the way to the Agency with the money to make the Indian payment—from Fort Ridgley on Tuesday morning, stating that Capt. Marsh, with 35 men, went out from the Fort to meet the Indians, and only nineteen had returned, the Captain being among the number of slain. These letters fully confirm the statements about firing into the buildings at Red Wood, and murdering of many people. All the settlers, to the number of hundreds, in the vicinity, had rushed to the Fort for protection, leaving their houses, fields and cattle in the hands of their savage foe.—No apprehension was felt that they would attack the Fort, or in case they did attack, that they would succeed in destroying it.

An express was started yesterday afternoon after the Superintendent and Commissioner of Indian Affairs, who are on the way to Red River to make a treaty with the Chippewas. They will probably return on the receipt of the exciting news from the western border.

Mr. David Carruthers, sheriff of Renville county, who resides within four miles of Red Wood, on the opposite side of the river, left his home on Monday morning, having been obliged to flee for his life from the Indians, who were stealing horses, firing buildings and shooting at everybody. They had killed one man and wounded another, and chased him nearly all day.

No news has yet been received from the four companies started from the Fort on Tuesday night, under the lead of Col. Sibley. They were expected to be in Henderson last evening.

A military company had been formed in McLeod and Meeker counties, previous to the late disturbance. Arms have now been sent to them, and an officer commissioned to swear them into the service of the United States. This will make an efficient protection to the frontier in that section.

P.S.—The Clara Hine came down last night, having left Carver at six o'clock. The whole population of the country on the north side of the river were gathered in the towns of Carver, Chaska and Shakopee, but as no Indians had been seen, the scare had began to subside. A "reliable gentleman," living beyond Glencoe, who came through that town yesterday, had not seen or heard of any Indians thereabouts; and of course the stories of the burning of towns and houses in McLeod, Carver and Sibley counties, is all bosh. There has not been a hostile Indian in either of these counties. The people were beginning to conclude they were more scared than hurt, and would soon go back home.

The force under Col. Sibley had not moved from Shakopee yet, but the Pomeroy was lying at the levee to take a part of the troops, under Capt. Grant, to Carver, who were going to the frontier by the way of Glencoe. A mounted party of seventy-five men had joined the expedition, a portion of whom accompany each party.

New Advertisements.

WANTED!

A PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE,

With cylinder from 6 to 8 inch bore, and 14 to 20 inch stroke.

Any person having one of the above dimensions and wishing to dispose of it at a low figure, can hear of a purchaser by applying to

CHARLES D. ELFELT,

St. Paul.

a16-d3tfw1

FORT SNELLING AND ST. PAUL PACKET,

POMEROY,

CAPTAIN E. BELL,

MAKES THREE TRIPS DAILY.

Leaves St. Paul at 7 A.M., 10 A.M. and 2 P.M.
Leaves Ft. Snelling at 8 A.M., 11 A.M. and 6 P.M.
Leaving as above and connecting with the morning and evening down-river Packets.

a19-dtf

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO ST. PAUL.

WINSLOW'S LINE.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Military Department of the Ohio.

Achievement of Federal Gunboats

More Censorship of the Press.

Rumors and Explanations.

Hon. Reverdy Johnson's Report.

Dinner Party Speech.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, August 19, 1862.

GENERAL ORDER No. 112.

The Department of the Ohio, created, will be composed of the States of Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Missouri, and Kentucky east of the Tennessee river, including Cumberland Gap and the troops operating in its vicinity.

Major General H. G. Wright is assigned to the Department of the Ohio.

By order of the Secretary of War.

(Signed) A. A. TOWNSEND, A. A. G.

WASHINGTON, August 19.

The Navy Department has received Commodore Farragut's official report of the Baton Rouge affair, which does not vary materially from the statements already given. Our gunboats did efficient service during the conflict, throwing shells into the midst of the enemy after they were repulsed. Commodore Porter went up stream about five miles, to demolish the Arkansas, which he did in splendid style, after firing a few incendiary shells. She took fire and soon blew up, with a tremendous explosion.

Commodore Porter's official account does not vary from the above.

It is said that 6,000 troops are already hovering in the vicinity of Baton Rouge, and 4,000 more approaching from Manchases, and others from Vicksburg, but up to the 10th no demonstration had been made.

[*Special to the Tribune.*]—The mind of the government is again agitated concerning the censorship of the press. Complaints have been made that news of important movements by the national armies is prematurely published in some of the New York journals. Gen. Halleck has determined to order correspondents out of the lines of Gen. Pope, if not also of those of other generals, and that the exodus will commence very shortly.

Rumors are current to-day that Stonewall Jackson is coming up the valley to outflank Pope and attack Washington. There is probably no foundation for the report.

The following appointments have just been made by the President: H. G. Wright to be Major General; Col. Corcoran and Col. Orlando M. Wilcox, to be Brigadier Generals.

I have heard a report of great importance from the army. What it is I am not at liberty to state, but I am led to believe that some movement of the highest consequence has taken place. I will send the particulars as soon as I feel authorized to do so.

We are informed, and have every reason to credit the report, that Gen. Butler will soon be recalled from the Department of the Gulf, and Gen. Dix will take his place, and make his headquarters at New Orleans, and that he will be assisted in the administration of the local affairs by Hon. Reverdy Johnson, as provisional Governor of the State.

WASHINGTON, August 20.

The officers confined in the jail at Charleston, South Carolina, have arrived here, all well.

Hon. Reverdy Johnson, of Maryland, has made his report to government upon the points in the administration of affairs in New Orleans. The President has approved its conclusions. It is understood he recommends the return to the Consul of the Netherlands of the $800,000 seized by Gen. Butler, that the $716,000 be returned to the French Consul, and also that a large amount of sugar and other merchandize be relinquished to the Greek, British and other foreign merchants domiciled in New Orleans, as, according to Mr. Johnson, these siezures by Gen. Butler cannot be justified.

At a dinner party, recently, a prominent politician said, in the presence of Reverdy Johnson, that, with the latter as Governor, and Gen. Dix in the place of Butler, the people would rally, and, through a convention, bring back the State into the Union. From this private remark, doubtless, has arisen the rumor that such an arrangement is to be consummated. It has no other basis.

Gen. Corcoran left Washington at 11 o'clock, for the North.

Gen. Burnside is here.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

General Burnside's Position.

Hospital at Hampton.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 18.

To-day the old bridge across Hampton Creek was rebuilt, and a pontoon bridge was laid across near it.

A force of cavalry arrived at Hampton to-day. A large number of troops are encamped about two miles this side of New Port News to-night. A large baggage train is now at Hampton. Gen. Burnside is at Fortress Monroe, and there is now some talk of his taking command of the army now in command of Gen. McClellan. That a portion of this army must remain on the Peninsula is evident. Between Hampton and Yorktown there 20 acres covered by hosptals.

At Hampton a railroad is now being completed between there and Fortress Monroe.

Capture of Rebel forces by our Cavalry.

NEW MADRID, Aug. 20.

A force of cavalry from this post under Capt. F. Moore, while on an expeditin to Charleston, attacked a rebel camp on White Oak ridge, west of Hickman, and killed four of the enemy, and took nineteen prisoners, including three captains; captured 77 horses, and about 100 stand of arms. Capt. Moore and one private wounded; none killed.

Important from New York.

Gen. Butler's Next Field of Operations.

Treasury Notes in Wall St.

WAR MEETING.

Movement of Regiments.

Treasury Notes at a Premium.

NEW YORK, August 20.

The *Herald* says, editorially, we are inclined to expect that Gen. Butler's next field of operations will be South Carolina, and that with the restoration of the old flag over the Custom House Charleston will before long be under the wholesome discipline of Gen. Butler.

An army letter in the *Times* says the last soldier of the retiring army passed the Chickahominy at 2 o'clock on Monday night.

There has been no attack on our rear, and no loss of any kind; and this retrograde movement has been a perfect success.

The Secretary of the Treasury sold today in Wall street $300,000 of 7 3-10th treasury notes, at 104 1-2 and interest.

A regiment from Rochester will be here this evening, and leave via Amboy route.

The 113th will arrive this A. M. from Albany, and leave via New Jersey.

The 16th Maine goes by the latter route to-night.

Arrangements are being made for another monster mass meeting to be held here in a few days.

The 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th Connecticut regiments will pass through here within a few days. They are full to the maximum number, and completely equipped. Four more will be sent shortly.

A subscription for three million dollars, notes, at the Sub-Treasury to-day, was soon filled up at 4 1-2c premium. Thompson Brothers headed the list by a million, and the balance was soon taken by leading bankers.

The *Commercial* says: we apprehend that all doubts of the ability of this city and Brooklyn to fill their quota of troops under both calls is set at rest. Recruiting is now progressing very rapidly in this city, and under the excitement of Gen. Corcoran's presence, will be urged forward with almost unparalleled rapidity. By this means we may add a large portion of our three months militia now in the field.

From Kansas City.

OUR LOSS AT LONE JACK.

A Rebel General Killed.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 20.

The Federal loss in the engagement at Lone Jack on Friday last, is understood to be 150 killed wounded, and missing. The balance of our force escaped to Lexington. A section of artillery lost in the fight was taken and re-taken four times, and was finally spiked and abandoned by federals. At Independence on the 11th, Gen. Hughes, who commanded a rebel regiment at Carthage, and a brigade at Wilson's Creek, was killed, and the notorious and brutal Col. Boyd and Col. Thompson wounded.

Treasure of the Golden Gate

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.

It is believed by saved passengers that the treasure of the Golden Gate was deeply buried in sand; scarcely a possibility of saving any. Capt. Hudson chartered a schooner at Manzilla, making several trips to the wreck.

News from British Columbia to the 13th reports Cariboo favorable. More gold has been received in that District this year than any corresponding period.

A scarcity of provisions is reported.

FROM NASHVILLE.

Union Trains Fired Into.

Morgan at Huntsville---Arrival of Refugees.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 18.

[*Special to Herald.*] The train from Huntsville was fire into to-day, near Columbia. A woman and child and two of the Kentucky 3d regiment were killed.

The rebel forces are reported to have evacuated Chattanooga and are making a northern movement.

No houses were burned at Gallatin by Morgan.

The Union refugees from Gallatin, arrived to-day, are content to remain here and await the issue of events.

Communication will be soon restored between Nashville and Louisville.

Prices of everything had advanced 25 per cent. since the embargo.

The river is high enough for low draft transportation.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 19.

Morgan is reported at Huntsville, with 1,800 men.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 20.

There are rumors of the evacuation of Chattanooga and movement of rebels towards Knoxville and Richmond. Great activity in military circles. Troops have been arriving from the north for several days.

A dispatch from Adjutant General Thomas to Gov. Johnson, says Union East Tennesseeans are held in confinement as prisoners. Gov. Johnson has corresponding number of traitors for exchange.

From Philadelphia.---Army of Potomac.

PHILADELPHIA, August 19.

Recruiting was very brisk to-day, and if continued will soon fill Philadelphia's quota for the first 300,000 men.

The *Bulletin* says the Army of the Potomac had all arrived at the lower end of the Peninsula in safety, including Porter's division.

Delaware Convention.

Governor and Congressman Nominated.

DOVER, Del., Aug. 19.

The Delaware Union Convention nominated Wm. Cameron, an old democrat, for Governor. Geo. B. Fisher was nominated for Congress by acclamation.—Great enthusiasm prevailed among the immense crowd.

Gen. Corcoran at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 20.

Gen. Michael Corcoran will arrive here at ten o'clock this A. M. He will address the Irish of this city to-night.

A Serious Railroad Accident.

CINCINNATI, August 20.

A freight train on the Covington and Lexington Railroad which left Covington at 10 o'clock last night, after passing Garretts' Station, ran over some obstructions placed on the track, and was precipitated down a steep embankment. Henry D. Smith, engineer, and the brakesman were instantly killed. The locomotive and eleven cars were completely wrecked.

Commercial.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, August 19.

Flour—Market quiet and drooping. Sales 7,000 barrels.

Wheat—Market quiet and steady.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 18.

The foreign news by the Glasgow had no perceptible effect on the Wheat market Saturday morning, the downward tendency of freights fully offsetting the influence of the reported decline in the English markets. Sales to a moderate extent were made on the platforms, at 97@98c for No. 2 and $1.00 for No. 1 in store, and as we left buyers were offering 97½c@$1.00½ for these qualities.

The offerings of flour were light, and prices rather above our last quotations. Sales of about 500 barrels were reported on 'Change, at $2.90 for rye flour, and $4.35@4.50 for good to choice country spring extra.

Grain freights were dull and nominally lower. There was no enquiry for vessels, and we heard of no engagements.

A dispatch from Chicago to the Chamber of Commerce quoted No. 1 wheat at 98c, No. 2 at 93c—both dull—and freights at 4c on corn to Buffalo.

MONDAY, 10 A. M.

The wheat market was firm this morning, and sales quite limited during the earlier hours. A few car loads were sold on the platforms at 98c for No. 2, and $1.01 for No. 1 in store and $1.02 for No. 1 delivered. Holders offered to sell pretty freely at these figures, but the demand limited, the majority of buyers refusing to go above Saturday's press. Receipts will not vary much from 20,000 bushels.

DIED.

In Minneapolis, during the night of the 13th inst., Mr. THOMAS F. ELLIS, aged 35 years.

A native of the old Bay State, in this, a stranger and a pilgrim, seeking health; he has gone, we trust, to the Christian's home in glory—to where an inhabitant shall never say, 'I am sick.'

COM.

New Advertisements.

K. SPENCER,

Dentist, 23 Years,

MINNEAPOLIS, - - - - - MINNESOTA.

As far as I know, my terms for practice will be the usual fees of dentists of this State.

I insert ARTIFICIAL PIVOT TEETH, which are healthier, cleanlier, more beautiful and durable than teeth set on plate.

PIVOT TEETH DO NOT PREVENT THE TASTING OF FOOD—PLATE TEETH DO.

I so stop decayed places in the crowns of Teeth, (elegantly,) as to last the life of the patient.

☞ Consultations without charge.

a21-6m

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF STATE, SAINT PAUL, Aug. 4, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 6th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD. Said wood to be paid for in State warrants, and delivered at State Capital, as required.

CHARLES SCHEFFER,

a20-td State Treasurer.

To Destroy——Rats, Roaches, &c.
To Destroy——Mice, Moles and Ants.
To Destroy——Bed-Bugs.
To Destroy——Moths in Furs, Clothes, &c.
To Destroy——Mosquitoes and Fleas.
To Destroy——Insects on Plants and Fowls.
To Destroy——Insects on Animals, &c.
To Destroy——Every form and species of Vermin.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS,

THE

"ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN,"

Destroys Instantly

EVERY FORM AND SPECIES OF

VERMIN.

HOUSEKEEPERS—troubled with vermin need be so no longer, if they use "COSTAR'S" Exterminators. We have used it to our satisfaction, and if a box cost $5 we would have it. We had tried poisons, but they effected nothing; but "COSTAR'S" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Bed-Bugs, quicker than we can write it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina [O.] Gazette.*

MORE GRAIN and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin, than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster [Wis.] Herald.*

"COSTAR'S" RAT, ROACH, &c., EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC POWDER, FOR INSECTS, &c., in 25c, 50c and $1.00 boxes, bottles and flasks, $3 and $5 size for plantations, ships, boats, hotels, &c., &c.

☞ SOLD EVERYWHERE—by all Wholesale Druggists in the large cities.

Some of the Wholesale Agents in New York City.—Shieffelin Brothers & Co.; B. A. Fahnestock, Hall & Co.; A. B. & D. Sands & Co.; Wheelock, Hall & Co.; James S. Aspinwall; Morgan & Allen; Ler & Hart; James S. Aspinwall; Thomas & Fuller; P. D. Orr, Hall, Rucker & Co.; Thomas & Fuller; P. D. Orr Hall, Rucker & Co.; Thomas & Fuller; P. D. Orr Hall, Rucker & Kitchen; Bush, Gale & Robbins; Harral, Risley & Kitchen; Bush, Gale & Robbins; D. S. Barnes & Co.; McKisson & Robinson; M. Ward, Close & Co.; McKisson & Robinson; M. Ward, Close & Co.; McKisson & Robinson; D. S. Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Labbins; D. S. Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Labbins; D. S. Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Lazelle, Marsh & Gardner; Hall, Dixon & Co.; Conrad Fox, and others.

Also, all Wholesale Druggists at Philadelphia, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; and by Druggists, Grocers, Storekeepers and Retailers generally in all Country Towns and Villages in the United States.

AT ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA,

☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS.

☞ Country Dealers can order as above, or address orders direct—for if price, terms, &c., is desired, send for (1862) Circular, giving reduced prices to HENRY R. COSTAR,

Principal Depot—No. 512 Broadway—(Opposite the St. Nickolas Hotel,) New York. a21-d&w3m

FRESH SUGARS.

Fifteen tons, just received per "Itasca" and "War Eagle" including fair to choice N. O., O. A. and Havana, bought before the recent advance, at low figures, for cash.

a20-tf COOLEY, TOWER & CO.

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE

PRESS PRINTING COMP'Y.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

TERMS:

DAILY PRESS—To city subscribers, fifteen cents per week, or, if paid in advance, $7.00 per annum; $1.75 for three months. By mail—$6.00 per annum, or fifty cents per month, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$3.50 per annum; $2 for six months; $1 for three months; clubs of five at $3 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2.00; three copies, $4.00; six copies, $7.00; eight copies, $9.00; ten copies, TO ONE ADDRESS, $10.00.

News Items.

—The "Autobiography of Charles V." lately discovered at Bruges, and which for three hundred years has been searched for without success, will shortly be published simultaneously in several languages.

—The comet which is attracting some attention at the present time, was discovered at the Dudley observatory and also at Cambridge on the night of the 18th ult. It is moving towards the north pole of the heavens, and will be visible during the entire night for the next two nights. As it is approaching both the earth and the sun, it will doubtless attain great brilliancy.

—The Lennox glass works at Boston, were burnt on Monday, August 11. Loss $30,000.

—A strong, able-bodied Vermonter, rejoicing in the name of Horace Edgerton, and residing in Pawlet, the other day joined the Skedaddle Rangers, attached to the Sneak Brigade, attired himself in woman's clothes, (a very appropriate uniform, by the way, if the ladies take no exception) and endeavored to cross the line into Canada. The United States Marshal at Rouse's Point, however, suspected the individual, and arrested him. We understand that the Marshal is arresting from twenty to thirty a day.

—During the French war, as it was called, the poll-tax in New England was four dollars, the tax on real estate was at the rate of thirty-six dollars on an hundred dollars valuation, and there was an excise duty on tea, coffee, wine, rum, and other articles in general use.

—General Pope pays a glowing tribute to General Banks, for his conduct in the battle of Cedar Mountain. He bears eloquent testimony to his skill, self-possession and intrepidity.

—Mrs. Sophia Stewart, said to be the last of the ancient royal family of Scotland, has just died in her 91st year. She was descended from Walter, first Baron of Kincardine, who was son of the Earl of Buchan and Lord of Radenoch, son of Robert II. of Scotland. The family continued to possess the Barony of Kincardine during ten descents, when their land became the property of the powerful family of Gordon. The celebrated Colonel Ray Stewart, the true and trusty friend of "Prince Charlie," was grand uncle to Mrs. Ross. Her father, again, James Stewart, *alias* "Seumasachmie," was ensign in the rebel army, and carried one of the standards of his uncle's regiment over the black heath of Culloden.

—New York city engrosses from eight to nine-tenths of the import and export trade of the entire country. Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore are almost ignored as places of import and export compared with New York. The New Orleans trade is almost entirely with New York. Nearly all of the vessels load for New York with immense cargoes of sugar, mosasses, rosin, cotton, &c., and the New York merchants have made large fortunes in this business within the last ninety days.

—The unterrified and unwashed Democracy are known in Ohio as "Vallandighammers;" in Illinois "Egyptians;" in Missouri "Butternuts;" in Kansas "Jayhawkers;" in Kentucky "Bushwhackers," and in Indiana "Copperheads."

—The election returns in North Carolina, so far as received, indicate the defeat of the Jeff. Davis party. Vance, the conservative candidate for Governor, is said to be elected by 25,000 majority, and the Legislature is also conservative. Were it not for the bayonets which now rule the South, it is quite likely the victorious party would be called "Union," instead of "conservative."

—Under the head of "Rebel Treachery," the Philadelphia *Press'* correspondent on James river, asserts that the Confederate Government has determined to retain some of our officers, and this after General Thomas had confidingly liberated some at their officers who were prisoners in our hands.

News Summary.

OHIO WOOL CROP.—The wool crop of Ohio will this year amount to thirteen millions of pounds—two millions greater than the clip of 1861.

CASH ON HAND.—By Wisconsin papers we learn they have much cash on hand. On the 1st of August the balance in the State Treasury from all funds was $444,012 47. This cheering condition of the Treasury at the present time is attributed to the fact that the receipts of the general fund have been better this year than ever before.

LA CROSSE AHEAD OF THE TIMES.—The population of La Crosse county, 12,152 in 1860, is less than one-sixtieth part of the population of our State, which, in 1860, was 775,873. Wisconsin has already sent about 23,000 volunteers into the services of the United States. If that number by volunteering or drafting is raised to 35,000, La Crosse county's proportion would be not far from 600 in all.

Over 1,000, and probably 1,100 men have already volunteered at La Crosse; and it is safe to state, that, of that number, between 600 and 700 hail from La Crosse county. This fills the bill. We are proud to say that La Crosse is ahead of the music, and that it will not be disgraced by drafting. Never mind about the difference. Let the surplus go to the credit of Larrabee's district.—*La Crosse Republican.*

Song for the Skedaddle Rangers.

DEDICATED TO THE SNEAKS.

Come all ye brave fellows oppressed with the blues,
Ye fair weather patriots who shake in your shoes;
Come pour through your ranks the thrill of a song,
As you sneakingly skulk with the cowardly throng.

Skedaddle, skedaddle, Io, Io!
Hither and thither,—
No matter whither,
If only skedaddling you go!

O, never mind stopping this side of the sea,
Get anywhere out of the land of the free;
We want not the men that are weak in the knees,
So send for the North—or the *South* if you please.

Skedaddle, skedaddle, Io, Io!
Hither and thither,—
No matter whither.
If only skedaddling you go!

And when you're once out—don't curse us again,
In a land that was made—not for cowards—but MEN:
Don't skulk along back, when, floating on high,
The old flag is shaking its light to the sky.

Skedaddle, skedaddle, Io, Io!
Hither and thither,—
No matter whither,
If only skedaddling you go!

War News.

A Syracuse paper says that the Onondaga Salt Company have voted to appropriate $10,000 for the purpose of aiding in raising a regiment under the recent call of the President.

A PATRIOTIC FAMILY.—Mr. Cooper, of Henry county, Ill., has sent eight sons to the war. Six of them are in Iowa regiments, and a seventh was killed in the battle of Shiloh. The son not sent into the army is only ten years old.

DES MOINES COUNTY, IOWA.—Recruiting is going on with great spirit here. Probably 300 volunteers for the regiment from this District have enrolled their names. This is nearly double the quota of Des Moines county. And besides this number, a German company of one hundred and twenty or thirty has been formed to go in on the second call for nine months' men. At the present rate of volunteering, there will be no necessity for a draft in this city under either call.

Printers are patriotic. They are volunteering in large numbers and leaving publishers bare of help. Six have volunteered from this office, and more are talking of doing so.—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

SOUTHERN DICTATOR.—William L. Yancy, according to the New Orleans *Delta*, has been making a speech in Richmond, in which he advocates the crowning of Jeff. Davis with supreme power with the title of dictator.

THE ADMINISTRATION AND SLAVERY.—The Springfield (Massachusetts,) *Republican*, well says: "It has been our wish and our aim to help the Government, and not to destroy confidence in it. We look to this Government, as it is embodied in the present Administration, as the nation's hope. We propose to stand by it to the last. Mr. Sumner has told his particular friends—what the nation knew long before—that the President's heart is right, and the nation will follow and back him up. If the time will come when emancipation will be with him a part of the policy of war, we shall be with him, and the nation will be with him, moving with invincible power. The President hates slavery, and when he can conscientiously lay hands upon it—when he feels that its destruction lies in the line of his duty—when he feels that the power of the nation is at his back, and demands its destruction—then will he destroy it, and all the people say "amen."

CONCILIATION.—We have tried "conciliation" for fifteen months, and with no good general results, though it may have proved efficacious in individual cases.—"Conciliation," as a means of putting an end to the rebellion, is a failure. What next? Bulwer defines the alternative in his drama of Richelieu:

Richelieu—Remember my grand maxims:—
First—Employ all methods to conciliate.
Joseph—Failing these?
Richelieu—All means to crush.

The people of Boston are devoting their time to recruiting, with stores closed and bells ringing, the great mass of the citizens making it their entire business to afford what assistance they can to the authorities in answering the call of the Government. The *Post* says, social, political, sectarian distinctions are banished for the time in the call upon all men, To the Rescue! "We differ about the wisdom of many of the measures of the Administration—about the ability of those who compose it—we disapprove of the conduct of public men in various stations, but 'the powers that be' must be sustained at this crisis, or all is lost. The ship is leaking—it is impossible to remove defective timbers at this moment—her only salvation is in the pumps, and at them every man should apply their hand. When the storm is weathered and a harbor gained, we can overhaul her—put in new planks, ship a new crew, set up new rigging, and again float upon national waters in safety and power; but now the word is, *to the pumps, to the pumps!*

THE Louisville *Journal* says, we shall soon have twelve hundred thousand troops in the field, which will allow an army of over one hundred thousand for each revolted State, although a few regiments can effectually keep to or three of them under all proper restraint. It has been determined by the War Department to fill up all the old regiments to their maximum standard, and for this purpose the draft is postponed until the first of September.

THE indications are that the people in their patriotic race will reach the goal, before Secretary Stanton can give the word for starting the draft. But we must remember the failure of Atlanta and the victory of Hippomenes, and not suffer ourselves to be hindered by stopping to pick up the golden apples of official or pecuniary advancement, however temptingly thrown in our path. The bright goal is the salvation of our country; let us not be deterred from pressing on by any specious allurements.

ENROLLMENT OF MILITIA.—The following additional regulations for the enrollment and draft of the militia were issued to-day:

Ordered S. That in filling all requisitions for militia, the quotas of the several States will be apportioned by the Governors of the States among the several counties; when practicable, among the sub-divisions of counties, so that allowance shall be made to such counties and sub-divisions of counties for all volunteers furnished by them and mustered into the service of the United States, and whose stipulated term of service shall have expired.

(Signed,) EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

COLORADO TERRITORY.—A letter was yesterday received by a prominent citizen of Chicago from a friend in Colorado Territory, in which the writer states that the Territory is only yet in its infancy, and that the most brilliant future is in store for it. He says that the miners are taking out gold, day by day, in quantities which would surprise the veterans of California, and are hourly making discoveries of fresh fields of auriferous deposit. The writer dates from Georgia Gulch, about one hundred miles from Denver City.

Legal Notices.

CHANCERY SALE—DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA, ss:

James Kirkpatrick and H. B. Rex, partners under the firm name of "Kirkpatrick & Co." *vs.* R. G. Shuler and B. F. Shuler.

FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.

Decree, June Term, A. D. 1862.—$542.28 with interest and costs.

Pursuant to the decretal order of the above court made in this cause at the June Term, A. D. 1862, the undersigned, Master in Chancery of said Court, will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder on Tuesday, the second day of September, 1862, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance to the place of holding said court, in Brown's Block, Third Street, in the city of Saint Paul, in said District of Minnesota, the following described pieces and parcels of land, with their appurtenances, lying and being in the county of Ramsey, in the late Territory and present State of Minnesota, to wit:

Lot eight (8) in Block twenty-one (21) in the original town of Saint Paul; also Lots one and two (1 & 2) in Block ten (10) in Hoyt's Addition to said Saint Paul; also Lots nineteen and twenty (19 & 20) in Collin's Addition of Outlots to Saint Paul, according to the recorded plats of Saint Paul, Hoyt's Addition to Saint Paul, and Collin's Addition of Outlots to Saint Paul, on file in the office of Register of Deeds within and for the county of Ramsey.

Also, the following premises, situated in the county of Goodhue in the State of Minnesota.

The south half (½) of the northwest quarter (¼) and the north half (½) of the southwest quarter (¼) of section five (5) in township one hundred and eleven (111) range seventeen (17), containing one hundred and sixty acres of land, according to the Government survey thereof, together with the appurtenances and privileges thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

St. Paul, July 16, 1862.

JAMES W. TAYLOR,
thur&fly17 Master in Chancery.
SMITH AND GILMAN, Plaintiff's Solicitors.

CHANCERY SALE.—DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA, ss:

Thaddeus R. Fletcher *vs.* Robert C. Knox, Lizzie M. Knox, his wife, Parker Paine, Matthew Broome, Newton Bradley, Margaret D. Paxton and J. Wilson Paxton.

FORECLOSURE IN CHANCERY.

Decree, June Term A. D. 1863.—$1,509.06, with interest and costs.

Pursuant to the decretal order of the above Court made in this cause at the June Term A. D. 1862, the undersigned, Master in Chancery of said Court, will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder, on Tuesday, the second day of September, 1862, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the front entrance to the place of holding said court, in Brown's Block, Third Street, in the city of Saint Paul, in said District of Minnesota, the following described pieces and parcels of land, with their appurtenances, lying and being in the county of Ramsey, in the late Territory and present State of Minnesota, to wit:

Lot eight (8) in Block twenty-one (21) in the original town of Saint Paul; also Lots one and two (1 & 2) in Block ten (10) in Hoyt's Addition to said Saint Paul; also Lots nineteen and twenty (19 & 20) in Collin's Addition of Outlots to Saint Paul, according to the recorded plats of Saint Paul, Hoyt's Addition to Saint Paul, and Collin's Addition of Outlots to Saint Paul, on file in the office of Register of Deeds within and for the county of Ramsey.

Also, the following premises, situated in the county of Goodhue in the State of Minnesota.

The south half (½) of the northwest quarter (¼) and the north half (½) of the southwest quarter (¼) of section five (5) in township one hundred and eleven (111) range seventeen (17), containing one hundred and sixty acres of land, according to the Government survey thereof, together with the appurtenances and privileges thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

St. Paul, July 16, 1862.

JAMES W. TAYLOR,
thur&fly17 Master in Chancery.
HALE AND BOND, Plaintiff's Solicitors.

STATE OF MINNESOTA—DISTRICT COURT—RAMSEY COUNTY—SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

David Lowitz vs. the Galena, Dubuque, Duluth and Minnesota Packet Company.

The State of Minnesota:

To the Galena, Dubuque, Duluth and Minnesota Packet Company:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the clerk of said Court, in his office, in Saint Paul, and a copy whereof is herewith served upon you; and to serve a copy of your answer upon its at our office in Saint Paul, of said county and State, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint as aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will move his damages assessed by a jury or the amount he is entitled to recover, ascertained by the court, or under its direction, and take judgment for the amount so assessed or ascertained and his costs and disbursements in this behalf expended.

Dated at Saint Paul, Ramsey County,

BRISBIN & WARNER,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

fri as-5w

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMSEY—DISTRICT COURT, SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT, ss.

Ira S. Town, PRE—against Abagail Williams, Def't.

In the name of the State of Minnesota:

To Abagail Williams, the above named Defendant. You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of the District Court above named, and to serve a copy of your answer on the said complaint on the subscriber, at their office, in St. Paul, in said Ramsey County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Twenty-five Hundred and Forty-three Dollars and Twenty-two cents, and interest thereon from and since the 3d day of August, 1859, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated, St. Paul, May 20th, 1862.

HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,
fri Plaintiff's Attorneys.

jy25-6w

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and delivered by Lyman Dayton and Maria B. Dayton, his wife, of St. Paul, Ramsey county, Minnesota, to William Coombs Thompson, of Worcester, Worcester county, Massachusetts, dated the seventeenth day of December, A. D. 1860, and recorded in the office of Register of Deeds of the county of Ramsey and State of Minnesota, on the twentiethth day of December, A. D. 1860, in Book R, of Mortgages, on pages 233, 235 and 236, and conveying in mortgage, the southeast quarter (¼) of section thirty four (34) in township twenty-nine (29) north of range twenty-two (22) west, all in the county of Ramsey and State of Minnesota, which mortgage was given to secure the payment of a certain note for four hundred and eleven dollars ($411) and interest, of even date therewith, and there is now claimed to be due and is due thereon, four hundred and seventy-six and 70-100 dollars ($476.70), and no suit or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, nor any part thereof, and no part of said debt has been paid.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the above described mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction by the Sheriff of said Ramsey county, on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1862, at ten of the clock in the forenoon at the front door of the Court House in St. Paul, in said county, to satisfy said mortgage debt and legal disbursements.

St. Paul, Minn., April 17th, 1862.

WM. COOMBS THOMPSON,
Mortgagee.

WM. CHAS. THOMPSON, Att'y for mortgagee.

The above sale is postponed to the eleventh day of July, 1862, at the same time and place.

W. C. THOMPSON,
Mortgagee.

WM. CHAS. THOMPSON, Att'y for Mortgagee.
St. Paul, Minn., June 4th, 1862.

The above sale is postponed to the eleventh day of September, 1862, at the same hour and place.

W. C. THOMPSON, Mortgagee.

WM. CHAS. THOMPSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.
St. Paul, July 10th, 1862.
Sat

H. J. BRAINARD & CO.'S MILLS,

SITUATED ON PHALON'S CREEK, WHERE THE STILLWATER ROAD CROSSES.

This Mill is just completed, and is in good running order. Our machinery embraces all the latest improvements, and was got up in the East, without regard to expense. It has two run of Burrs, which will be kept running night and day, so that farmers coming from a distance can be accommodated without much delay.

The need of a first class Mill of this kind has long been felt by the citizens of St. Paul and vicinity. We have secured the services of James Craigie, who has made milling the business of his life, and in whom we can place entire confidence.

All kinds of grain will be weighed when brought to the Mill, and also when taken away, if desired. We feel confident in saying to the public that we can make as good Flour and as great a yield to the bushel as any Mill in Minnesota, and respectfully solicit a fair trial.

Also a new Mill for grinding corn in the ear.

☞ All work done at this Mill is warranted.

apr29-d&w1y.

8TH REGIMENT MINNESOTA IRISH VOLUNTEERS.

Sarsfield Guards.

$120 Bounty!

$20 cash down when sworn in!

$40 cash when the Company is mustered in!

$10 cash to each of the first five married men enlisting in this company.

The family of each married man will receive $5 per month from the city, $5 per month from the County, and whatever may be offered by the citizen's Committee; and the first five married men enlisting in this Company will receive in addition to all of this, $2.50 per month for their families.

Recruiting office No 2 Rogers' Block, 3d st., St. Paul.

JOHN GRACE,
M. H. SULLIVAN,
THOMAS HOWARD,
a14-tf

PROSPECTUS

OF THE

SAINT PAUL PRESS,

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

The success which the PRESS has achieved affords the best evidence of its value as a newspaper, and that it more fully meets the wants and views of the people of Minnesota than any other paper.

It has attained a circulation in its several editions

GREATER THAN ANY OTHER PAPER IN ST. PAUL, OR NORTHWEST OF MILWAUKEE.

The PRESS will continue to advocate the interests of free American labor;

THE PERPETUITY OF THE UNION

And the preservation of Republican institutions; honesty and economy in Government;

THE VIGOROUS PROSECUTION OF THE WAR FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF THE SLAVEHOLDERS' REBELLION:

The use of every available means to crush the rebellion effectually, without regard to the preservation of the PECULIAR INSTITUTION for which the war was begun.

The PRESS will give the current history of the war;

The general news of the day;

All the telegraphic news of the Associated Press of the United States the same morning that it is given to the public in the leading cities of the Union;

The proceedings of Congress and State Legislature; and, BY AUTHORITY,

THE LAWS OF MINNESOTA.

MARKET REPORTS by telegraph, from New York, Chicago and Milwaukee; and carefully prepared commercial reports of the market and trade of St. Paul.

The St. Paul Weekly Press,

ENLARGED AND IN QUARTO FORM,

Will contain about FORTY-FIVE COLUMNS, of reading matter—nearly eight pages—each week, (but little space being devoted to advertisements

Terms:

One copy one year	$2.00
One copy six months	1.00
Three copies one year	4.00
Five copies one year	6.00
Seven copies one year	8.00
Ten copies one year to one address	10.00
Twenty-one copies one year, to one address	20.00

Clergymen will be furnished for One Dollar. Additions to clubs—for unexpired time—may be made at any time.

In clubs to separate address, each copy $1.20.

The St. Paul Tri-Weekly Press,

Containing all the news matter of the DAILY PRESS,

One copy one year	$3.50
One copy six months	2.00
One copy three months	1.00
Clubs of five one year, each	3.00

☞ Clubs of any number, mailed to one address, each, seventy-five cents per quarter, or twenty-five cents per month.

Saint Paul Daily Press.

One copy one year	$6.00
One copy six months	3.00
One copy three month	1.50

To clubs of five, and to Postmasters or others acting as agents for the DAILY PRESS, it will be supplied in packages to one address, at ten cents per copy per week.

STEAM PRINTING.

We have introduced steam into our Printing Establishment, and have in connection with it a

COMPLETE BOOK BINDERY.

We are now prepared to do work cheaply, and in every department of Job and Book Printing, Blank Book Manufacture, &c., &c.

Orders for County and Official Blanks and Blank Books particularly solicited.

Address,

PRESS PRINTING COMPANY,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

JOHN A. STEES,

UNDERTAKER,

CORNER THIRD & MINNESOTA STREETS,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

Sole agent for Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.

jan5d&wly.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT,

One of Lillie's latest improved

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES.

Enquire of L. E. BARNES, or
a9-3t address P. O., Box 233.

THREE OR FOUR BOARDERS

Can get pleasant rooms, with new furniture, and excellent table, by addressing Box 1250, St. Paul Post Office. The house is about one mile from the Winslow House, on the Bluff in Upper Town, and has extensive grounds, shade trees, &c.

jy25-dlt

GENERAL ORDERS—NO. 26.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE OHIO,
IN CAMP, NEAR FLORENCE, ALA.,
June 24, 1862.

There are 14,000 officers and soldiers absent from their duty with the various Divisions of this army. Some of them have gone off without any authority; others with the permission of officers not authorized to grant it. In general, sickness is given as the cause of absence, but in very many cases the cause has notoriously ceased to exist, and men remain away, drawing the same pay as their comrades who are faithfully performing their duty. To correct this abuse it is ordered—

1. All officers and soldiers who are absent without direct authority from these Headquarters, the period for which has not transpired, will, on or before the 10th of July, proximo, join their companies or regiments wherever they may be. If ignorant of their locality, they will report to the commanding officer at Louisville or Nashville, by whom they will be directed to their regiments, or put on such light duty as they may be able to perform, if they are not entirely fit for active service; and these will be promptly reported to their regimental commanders by the officer so assigning them.

The cases of those who fail to join as above required, will be disposed of as follows:

2. If any absent officer or soldier, in consequence of sickness or wounds, is absolutely unable to report for duty as above required, he will forward by mail to "The Assistant Adjutant General, District of the Ohio, Nashville, Tennessee" a *Certificate of Disability*, according to the following form:

CERTIFICATE OF DISABILITY.

I declare on oath that I have carefully examined.....of Captain.....Company, Colonel.....Regiment of .....Volunteers, now at this place and under treatment by me, and find him incapable of performing the duties of a soldier for the following reasons: [Here state all the *facts* known concerning the disease or wound, or cause of disability; the time, place, manner, and all the circumstances under which the the injury occurred or disease originated; the duty or situation of the officer or soldier at the time the injury was received or disease contracted; and whatever facts may aid a judgment as to the cause, immediate or remote, of the disability, and the circumstances attending it.]

Place: (Signed).

Date: Surgeon [or Physician.]

Sworn and subscribed to before

This certificate must be subscribed and sworn to by a Surgeon or private Physician in good standing, and known as such by the magistrate or other officer by whom the oath is administered; and on it a discharge will be ordered from these Headquarters, or the case otherwise disposed of according to the circumstances.

3. The death of any officer or soldier which has occurred since the 1st of January last, while he was absent from his regiment or company, and which has been reported by the Surgeon of the Hotpital in which the death occurred, or by the friends of the deceased if not in Hospital, will be immediately reported by the Surgeon of the Hospital, or by the affidavit of friends, to "The Assistant Adjutant General, District of the Ohio, Nashville," setting forth the date of decease and other material circumstances.

4. All absent officers and soldiers who do not join their companies and regiments, or are not satisfactorily accounted for as above by the 10th of July next, will be reported on their muster-roll as deserters, dating from the time they may have been absent without authority.

By Act of Congress every deserter forfeits all claim on the Government for pay and allowances, besides being liable to arrest and trial by Court Martial. Any person who apprehends and returns a deserter to the commanding officer of a military post is entitled to five dollars.

By command of MAJOR GEN. BUELL.

JAMES B. FRY,
[Official:] A. A. G., Chief of Staff.
jl7-d1m

DEVOTED TO FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$2,488,138 19,

PHŒNIX,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
DEVOTED TO FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.
ASSETS OF THE
PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$527,250 96.

CITY FIRE,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$325,000.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY
Mutual Life Insurance Company,
OF WISCONSIN,
ESTABLISHED IN SAINT PAUL, 1862, AT THE OFFICE OF
O. CURTIS,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,
a1-1y Corner of Third and Minnesota-sts.

Attorneys.

HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
(Successors to Horn & Galusha and Sanborn & Lund)

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA,

Practice in all the Courts of the State, and in the Courts of the United States, at Law, in Chancery and in Admiralty.

Collections carefully and promptly attended to
mh29-1y

D. NEWELL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

☞ Office over Dana's Bank, Third Street, between Jackson and Robert streets, St. Paul Minnesota. myr25-d1y

JOHN G. MACGREGOR,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.

Bernheimer's Block, Third Street, St. Paul, Minnesota. jy21-d1y

FURS. FURS. FURS.

C. J. KOVITZ,

MANUFACTURER OF FINE FURS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND EVERY STYLE,

THIRD ST., Concert Hall Block, SAINT PAUL.

Jan17-d1y

JOHN A. STEES,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Furniture and Cabinet Ware,

Of every variety of style and pattern.

CORNER 3D AND MINNESOTA STS., SAINT PAUL.

All kinds of lumber taken in trade.

jan5d&wly

TWENTY ACRE TRACT.

Twenty acres desirable land, half an hour's drive of the Steamboat Landing in St. Paul.

HENRY MCKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, June 28, 1862. jy28—d&w4m

SAILING DAYS OF THE LAKE SUPERIOR STEAMER

WATER WITCH,

CAPT. B. SWEENEY,

LEAVES CLEVELAND AT 8 P. M.		LEAVES DETROIT AT 10 A. M.	
Wednesday,	May 7	Thursday,	May 8
Tuesday,	May 20	Wednesday,	May 21
Monday,	June 2	Tuesday,	June 3
Friday,	June 13	Saturday,	June 14
Wednesday,	June 25	Thursday,	June 26
Tuesday,	July 8	Wednesday,	July 9
Monday,	July 21	Tuesday,	July 22
Friday,	Aug. 1	Saturday,	Aug. 2
Wednesday,	Aug. 13	Thursday,	Aug. 14
Tuesday,	Aug. 26	Wednesday,	Aug. 27
Monday,	Sept. 8	Tuesday,	Sept. 9
Friday,	Sept. 19	Saturday,	Sept. 20
Wednesday,	Oct. 1	Thursday,	Oct. 2

S. P. BRADY & CO.

CAPT. E. B. WARD, Detroit, owner of boat.

je25-d4m

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE AGENCY,

One door East of Davenport's Bookstore, on Third Street.

The "FLORENCE" SEWING MACHINES make FOUR DIFFERENT stitches on one and the same machine. Thus the LOCK, DOUBLE-LOCK, KNOT AND DOUBLE-KNOT, of which only the first and most remain away, drawing the same pay as their comrades who are faithfully performing their duty. To correct this abuse it is ordered—seam alike on both sides of the fabric. Either or all can be produced while the Machine is in motion.

They have the REVERSIBLE FEED MOTION, which enables the operator to have the work carry either way, or to change the direction, and fasten the end of seams, wedeh, together with making a long and a short stitch, is done simply by turning a thumb screw.

Their motions are all positive. There are no springs to get out of order. They are so simple that the most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease. They are NOISELESS, and can be used where quiet is necessary.

They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD, making five stitches to each revolution. They oil no dresses. Their stitch is the wonder of all, because of its combined ELASTICITY, STRENGTH and BEAUTY.

Prices No. 1, $47.00, No. 2, $57.00, No. 3, $67.00, No. 4, $72.00, No. 5, $77.00, No. 6, $82.00, No. 7 Cabinet opener, $80.00, No. 7 Cabinet stand, $85.00, Mahogany $97.00, Rosewood $105.00. Hemmers and all necessary tools included in the above prices.

On hand different kinds of lower priced Machines. Call and see the "Florence Machines."

jy15-d1f G. W. BABCOCK.

C. E. WOOLSEY & CO.,

(SUCCESSOR TO L. D. WILSON,)

Commission Merchants,

NO. 211 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO.

CASH ADVANCES ON CONSIGNMENTS.

mar1-d&w1y

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF RAMSEY COUNTY BONDS AND SCRIP.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, July 21st, 1862.

Resolved, That the County Scrip and all over due Bonds of this County, (except Fort Street Bonds,) may be exchanged for Bonds running fifteen years, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. premium, payable semi-annually in Cash; and the Board shall levy annually an amount sufficient to meet such interest.

Resolved further, That all Bond holders who are willing to receive such new Bonds may, if they desire so to do apply one tenth of the over due Bonds so to be exchanged upon County Taxes prior to 1869.

T. M. METCALF,
jy25 d3w County Auditor.

ICE! ICE! ICE! ICE!

The undersigned will furnish ICE to
CITY CUSTOMERS AND BOATS
As usual during the season of 1862.
CHAS. SYMONDS.

apr29-d4m

PURE CIDER VINEGAR!!

Received on consignment per "Canada," a few barrels pure Cider Vinegar, warranted, and for sale cheap, wholesale or retail.

C. W. WOOLLEY,
a7-1w Cor. Sibley and Third Streets.

Miscellaneous.

FURNITURE.

JOHN PRIMROSE

Manufacturer and Dealer in

CABINET AND CHAIR

FURNITURE,

OF EVERY VARIETY.

Keeps constantly on hand a complete assortment of

PARLOR,

CHAMBER,

DINING-ROOM.

FURNITURE,

OF ALL STYLES, AND OF SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP.

Most of my Furniture is of my own manufacture, made of thoroughly seasoned material and equal to the best there is made in the U. S. A.

As a nimble sixpence is always better than a slow shilling, I am determined to sell a very light shade above cost. Everybody is respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing.

☞ REMEMBER PLACE: Stone Building—Third Street—above the Bridg. St. Paul Minn. jan24d1y

WM. ILLINGWORTH,

Watch Manufacturer.

—AND—

TOWN CLOCK BUILDER!

SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK.

JACKSON-ST., - - - ST. PAUL.

Having had over THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE in the best Watch Factories in England and America, he feels himself competent to do anything in his line

A LITTLE SUPERIOR

to any other establishment in the Northwest.

☞ N. B.—Persons wishing to perfect themselves in the business, will be received under instruction on VERY MODERATE TERMS.

☞ Fine work done and Clock and Watch Wheels cut for the trade at low rates. mr9y

DR. WILLIAM HALL'S

PATENT COPPER SCROLL

LIGHTNING ROD.

This Lightning Rod has a greater conducting capacity than any other Lightning Rod ever

OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

Those having buildings to protect, will do well to wait till they see one of these newly invented rods before purchasing.

They are recommended by over

FIVE HUNDRED

OF THE

MOST EMINENTLY SCIENTIFIC MEN OF THE AGE.

AGENTS

WILL CANVASS THE STATE IMMEDIATELY

e11-w3m&doaw3m

LEMONS

AND

ORANGES

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE BY

UPHAM & HOLMES.

apr23

PALMER'S PURE

VINEGAR.

This is the kind of Vinegar that should be used by all housekeepers for

PICKLES

AND THE

TABLE.

It is warranted pure and wholesome, and to give perfect satisfaction wherever used. Try it,

AND YOU WILL HAVE NO OTHER.

For sale at our works on Sibley street, and by all grocers who have an eye to keeping

CHOICE GOODS FOR SALE.

C. C. LEWIS & CO.

JOSEPH LEWIS

Real Estate Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Commissioner of Deeds for the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Ohio, and Vermont. Collections made—Taxes paid for non residents. House rented.

Office Third Street, Irvine's Block.

Reference, HON. ALEX. RAMSEY. jy16-d1y

TOBACCO,

Cigars, Pipes, Snuff, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Third Street, next door to Comb's Book Store, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c., is just receiving his fall and winter stock, and is prepared to fill orders to any extent, for

FINE IMPORTED CIGARS,

Missouri, Virginia and Kentucky Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city.

SWEET BRIAR ROOT PIPES,

a large assortment. These pipes are all the go now.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Third street, next door to Comb's Book Store.

St. Paul, Nov. 17. nov17d1y.

MAGNETIC

Tack Hammers.

If you don't want to mash your fingers, buy one for 25 cents, at E. & H. Y. BELL'S.

Coffee is high. Buy a patent Coffee Strainer; it clears the coffee, and saves one third. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Patent Lifters. Will lift everything hot off the stove, without burning your fingers. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Agents wanted to canvass the State for the above articles. A smart man can make big wages. For particulars, address, enclosing stamps,

E. & H. Y. BELL,
Sole Agents for Minnesota.
St. Paul, July 11th, 1862. jy11-dtf.

C. W. WOOLEY & CO.,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchants,

DEALERS IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENTS FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLEY & CO., ST. PAUL, For ——

Jan1-d1y

Agricultural.

1862. 1862. 1862

Agricultural Warehouse

OF

S. P. & P. F. Hodges,

NEAR LOWER LEVEE, ST. PAUL

CORNER THIRD AND SIBLEY STS.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

PITT'S AGRICULTURAL WORKS, BUFFALO NEW Y

Post Office. St. Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE HOURS.

On week days from 7 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M.

On Sundays, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

HOURS OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

For La Crosse—Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Monday, at 8 P. M.
For Galena—way mail—leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
For Minneapolis—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily—except Sunday, at 4½ P. M.
For Stillwater—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 7 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 6 P. M.
For Hudson—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 7 P. M.
For Mankato—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M.
For Northfield—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 4 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 11 P. M.
For Sunrise City—leaves Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at about 7 P. M.
For Cannon Falls—leaves Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Wednesday, at 7 P. M.
For Cottage Grove—leaves Saturday, at 1 P. M.
Arrives Saturday, at 12 M.
Mails leaving before 7 o'clock A. M. close at 7 P. M.
All others close half an hour before the time of departing.

The postage upon all transient printed matter, foreign and domestic, and upon all letters, foreign and domestic, is now required to be fully prepaid by United States postage stamps, except in cases where prepayment on letters, &c., to foreign countries is optional and the senders do not wish to prepay.

Persons mailing letters, newspapers, &c., whether domestic or to foreign countries, should therefore ascertain at the office of mailing, the exact postage in each case and affix United states postage stamps of sufficient value to prepay the full postage thereon.

CHAS. NICHOLS, Postmaster.

St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

Hotels & Saloons.

LAHR'S HOUSE,

FIRST DOOR EAST OF THE POST OFFICE,

JNO. P. LAHR, PROPRIETOR.

MR. LAHR, formerly of the "Our House," respectfully announces to his old friends and all other men—no boys in—that he is now fairly under way; and proclaims that he will furnish as good an EYE-OPENER as "any other man" in this city.

☞ A variety of reading matter can always be found on Mr. Lahr's tables, also stationery, &c. feddly.

CLIFTON HOUSE,

MANKATO, - - - - MINNESOTA.

This House is situated near the steamboat landing, and is among the largest in the Minnesota Valley. Is

NEW AND NEWLY FURNISHED,

And the proprietor, from long experience in the business, flatters himself that he will be able to satisfy the traveling public.

☞ CHARGES MODERATE. ☜

M. T. C. FLOWER, Proprietor.

Mankato, Minn., April 29th, 1862.

UNION PARK HOUSE,

LITTLE CANADA, MINN.,

G. W. FEW, - - PROPRIETOR.

This House is pleasantly located in Little Canada, on the bank of Lake Elizabeth, five miles from Saint Paul. The House and fixtures are entirely new, and has been fitted up more particularly as a home for invalids, and persons seeking recreation.

The House is provided with boats and all the necessary fixtures for hunting and fishing—and is one mile from Bass Lake, which is considered the best fishing ground in the State—where boats are also provided for the use of guests of the House.

Board by day or week at moderate rates.

je14-d6m

Groceries.

S. K. PUTNAM,

CORNER THIRD AND MARKET STREETS, Saint Paul, Minnesota,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FAMILY GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of choice goods suited to this market, including Flour, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Fresh Roll, Jar and Firkin Butter, dried fruits of all kinds, including a large quantity of

RASPBERRIES.

Also Wooden Ware, Roasted and Green Coffee, Spices, Pickles, choice Green and Black Teas, Sugar of all grades, and, in short, everything usually found in a well assorted establishment, to which he invites the especial attention of all who want NICE GOODS AT A FAIR PRICE.

nov22-dly

G. E. SCHNABEL,

IN MOFFATT'S CASTLE, CORNER OF 4TH AND JACKSON STREETS.

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN, AND PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full supply of Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.
Also Leaf Lard and Sugar Cured Hams.
Any quantity of butter and eggs.
He has made arrangements to receive two or three times a week from the country the choicest roll butter.
Also agency for C. H. H. Baker's extra flour, which is pronounced the best in the city.
Goods delivered in all parts of the city free of charge. je16m

F. KNAUFT,

(Corner of Seventh and Olive streets,)

HAS IN ADDITION TO HIS NEW & FULL STOCK OF

Groceries & Provisions,

A complete assortment of

QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

NEW PLATFORM SCALES,

Of Fairbanks' best make, always correct and ready for use. Those who have Hay, Grain or Live Stock for sale can save money by getting it weighed. apr19-d6m

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas.
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly,

FREE OF CHARGE.

je27-dly

LESSONS UPON THE PIANO.

MISS HARRIOTT S. DENNETT

Will give instructions upon the Piano in a course of twenty-four lessons for $10—or for two pupils in one family, $8.00 each.

On Monday, June 23d, she will open a private school for general instruction in Mackubin's building, on Fourth street.

Terms, from $3.00 to $7.00.

Best of references given.

Residence at James Davenport's, Fourth street, opposite City Park. my17-d1f

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottowa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 2, P. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Tuesday's, Thursday's and Saturday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Georgetown, connecting at Georgetown with the steamer International for Pembina, Fort Garry and the Red River Settlement—Monday's and Thursday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Monday's Wednesday's and Friday's, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO., Proprietors.

nov24-dly

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line,

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-dly

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR

OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East for Goods will please give us a call and obtain FULL PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO

St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. fe26-d&wly

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLden and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIquors and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISkey, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 1861, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co. dec 19

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO. dec12

420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. jes J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

50 BARRELS

—OF—

CARBON OIL.

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

CHICAGO CREAM ALE,

For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar8 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

Miscellaneous.

GREAT WESTERN

RAILWAY COMPANY'S

Express Freight Line.

VIA

GREAT WESTERN, N. Y. CENTRAL

AND CONNECTING ROADS,

TO AND FROM

EAST AND WEST,

CONTROLLED AND OPERATED
By the Roads forming the line, to which the attention of Shippers is invited.

FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF LIVE STOCK, THIS ROUTE OFFERS UNEQUALED FACILITIES, AS REGARDS STOCK, CARS, YARDS, TIME, &c., &c., &c.

FREIGHT FORWARDED AT THE LOWEST RATES AND WITH DISPATCH.

IN THE SHIPMENT OF GOODS BY RAIL, ALL INSURANCE IS SAVED.

MARK PACKAGES "G. W. R."

Three Express Passenger Trains leave Chicago and Detroit daily for Buffalo, New York, Boston and Montreal, Quebec, Portland, &c., &c., with Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

Tickets via GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY for sale in all ticket offices.

GENERAL FREIGHT AND TICKET OFFICES.

273 Broadway, New York. | 21 State street, Boston.
E. P. REACH, Agent. | O. KIMBALL, Agent.

JULIUS MOVIUS, Gen'l Ag't, Buffalo.
C. J. BRIDGES, Managing Director, Hamilton
A. WALLINGFORD,
apr30 Chicago and Western Agent.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

GREAT UNITED STATES MAIL AND

EXPRESS ROUTE.

THE ONLY RELIABLE AND ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE

EAST, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

On and after Wednesday, June 11th, 1862, three trains will leave the depot, corner of Florida and Barclay streets, daily, as follows:

At 7:45 A. M.—Way Passenger, for Chicago and all intermediate stations, and Racine & Mississippi R. R. at Racine Junction, and Kenosha R. R. & R. R. R. at Kenosha.

At 3:00 P. M.—Express Passenger train for Chicago, making close connection with evening trains East, South and West.

At 6:10 P. M.—Night Accommodation Train for Chicago and intermediate stations, making connections in Chicago with all the morning lines for the East, South and Southwest.

☞ This train will be furnished with a Sleeping Car, and first class passengers will be provided with berths without extra charge, and

FARE AS LOW AS BY STEAMER ON LAKE.

☞ Passenger trains leave Chicago at 9:15 A. M and 9:00 P. M. for Milwaukee and the Northwest.

☞ Tickets for all points may be obtained of H. O. WILSON, at the Union Ticket Office, "Iron Block," corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, or at the depot. JOHN F. MOODY,
Master Transportation,
Milwaukee, May 5th, 1862. je21-dtf

MILL FURNISHING.

CHICAGO BRANCH OF JOHN T. NOYE'S OLD BUFFALO MILL FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, ESTABLISHED 1834.

JOHN T. NOYE,

FLOUR PACKER,

MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Mill Machinery

AND

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

IMPROVED CENTRE VENT TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

Fitted with Cast Steel or Boller Iron Buckets, warranted to produce a high per centage of power.

IMPROVED SMUT MACHINES AND SEPARATORS,

OAT AND GRAIN SEPARATORS.

John T. Noye's Improved Centrifugal, Feeding, Flouring and Grist Mills.

CAST STEEL MILL PICKS.

ALSO, DUFOUR & CO.'S CELEBRATED

ANCHOR BRAND BOLTING CLOTH.

MILL CASTINGS.

The entire machinery of Mills, from the smallest Castings to the whole arrangement for the largest class of Flouring Mills, at much less cost than is usual, will be furnished at my Manufactory, and branch at Chicago, Illinois.

JOHN T. NOYE, Buffalo, N. Y.

WM. F. NOYE, AGENT,
28 Market Street, Lind's Block, Chicago.
JOHN WEBSTER, Milwright.
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO., Agents at St. Paul. apr11-d6m

DUNDAS MILLS' CELEBRATED XX FAMILY FLOUR,

For sale in bbls. or sacks by

E. & H. Y. Bell, near the Winslow House: S. K. Putnam, corner 3d and Market Sts.; Beaumont and Gordon, corner 3d and Jackson Sts.; J. B. Sticher, corner of 7th and Jackson Sts.

Warranted the best

XX FAMILY FLOUR

offered in this market. Orders from Hotels Bakers and others shall have prompt attention and immediate delivery. mar15 J. S. ARCHIBALD.

ANOKA FLOURING MILLS FOR SALE.

For terms apply to the undersigned at Anoka, Anoka County, Minnesota.

my24-d3m SMILEY & WOODBURY

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

One jig saw, counter shaft, &c.; one turning lathe, counter shaft, bits, &c.; one boring machine, bits, &c.; one small surface planer. The above machinery is nearly new, and made in the best manner. For further particulars apply to Galley & Jansen, Chair Factory, St. Paul, or the subscriber. BARNARD & BRO.

St. Anthony, June 4, 1862. je4-d3m

CHICAGO BREWERY.

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK,

AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.

WM. CONSTANS,

my24-d1y AGENT, St. Paul.

SALÆRATUS.

One hundred boxes Saleratus in pound papers, manufactured and put up expressly for me, and

WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY MADE.

Just received and for sale at 6½ cents.

jy6-d3m GEO. L. FARWELL.

Dry Goods.

1862. SPRING. 1862.

INGERSOLL'S BLOCK

DRY GOODS FOR CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

SPRING DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

Of every variety of quality, will be sold at prices

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Mottled Morello Cloths, from 10 to 25c per yard!

PLAID POIL DE CHEVRES,
EMBROIDERED POIL DE CHEVRES,
EVERY VARIETY OF CHALLEYS
EMBROIDERED AND GREY GRISAILLES
BLUE, GREEN AND PINK BERRAGE LEXIFINA.
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN MOUSLINE DE LAINES; PRINTED LAWNS IN GREAT VARIETY.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF GINGHAMS.

ALSO

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR;

BROADCLOTHS, BLACK & FANCY CASSIMERES, SATTINETS, AND SUMMER CLOTHS.

ALSO

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES,

AND

EMBROIDERIES,

PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS, ETC.,

ALSO

A LARGE STOCK OF

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN GOODS,

BY THE PIECE OR PACKAGE FOR THE

COUNTRY TRADE.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Can purchase their Goods of us, and

SAVE TIME AND MONEY.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our new styles of Cloaks and Mantillas.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

WILL BE

SOLD FOR CASH,

AT PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

The public are invited to visit

OUR NEW STORE.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.

apr30-1dly St. Paul, Minnesota.

CLOTHING, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

Having received a splendid assortment of spring and summer clothing equalling in quality and style anything to be found in the large Eastern cities, we would respectfully request an examination of our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Also have received to sell to the trade a large lot of superfine black cloths and doeskins, blue cloth, silk mixed coatings, Harris' silk mixed and fancy cassmeres, satinet, cord, moleskin, black farmers' satin, red farmer's satin, for sleeve lining alpaca, silicia, bro. Holland and good black thread; all of which we will sell from ten to twenty per cent lower than the same goods can be procured for in my establishment in St. Paul. We invite merchant tailors, tailors and others, who deal in the above goods, to call and

EXAMINE FOR THEMSELVES.

Also a fine assortment of hats and caps, white and colored shirts, knit shirts and drawers, neck ties, suspenders, woolen and cotton and half hose, silk and cotton pocket handkerchiefs, shirt collars, and many other goods which we offer to the public at prices to suit the times.

W. H. TEMPLE,

Third st., below Day & Jenks' Drug Store. my25-1y

SPRING & SUMMER

Millinery Goods for 1862

At the old stand of JAS. SCOTT, on Third-st.

MISS E. WASS

Is now opening at the above store a choice and handsome stock of Millinery Goods, Trimmings, &c., just received from the East, and purchased at low prices for cash, embracing Bonnets, Hats, French and American flowers, and Ruches in large variety, and, in fact, nearly every article usually kept in such a store; all of which are offered at prices to suit the times.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK. my22-d3m

LADIES.

THERE IS QUITE A START IN

Millinery Goods!

In the Eastern Market, but we have received a large invoice that we can sell, as heretofore: some sixty dozen superior large SHAKER HOODS, three cases BONNETS & HATS, with six cases RICH RIBBON, and lots of other fixings. Our stock in

DRY-GOODS, CLOAKS, & SHAWLS,

Is large, and our MILLINERY ROOMS well supplied with the richest goods.

☞ Come along or send your orders; we want to extend our business by cheap selling. Our new rooms are below DAY & JENKS' DRUG STORE, Third Street, St. Paul, Min., where the wax figure is in the window.—my31

ANOTHER ARRIVAL

OF

Choice Dress Goods

AT

SMITH & TAYLOR'S.

SPLENDID TRAVELING MIXTURES—ONLY FIFTEEN CENTS.

BEAUTIFUL MOZAMBIQUES VERY CHEAP.

ELEGANT ORGANDIE MUSLIN

FINE JACONETS.

Also something new in LADIES' BLACK SILK SACQUES manufactured in New York, and of the very latest style.

A large assortment of Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts, some of which are of an

ENTIRELY NEW STYLE AND MAKE.

All of the above named articles, besides a

LARGE STOCK OF DOMESTIC GOODS,

Will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

SMITH & TAYLOR'S

Cheap Cash Store,

Bridge Square, Third street, next the Express Office, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER,
SAINT PAUL, June, 21st, 1862.

Interest coupons upon Minnesota eight per cent. State bonds due July 1st, 1862, will be paid at the banking house of H. W. Palmer, No. Pine street, New York.

CHARLES SCHEFFER,

je22 State Treasurer.

Oils and Lamps.

MARVIN'S

CROCKERY HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED AND

SELLING VERY LOW,

1,000 LOOKING GLASSES AND MIRRORS.

OIL--THE VERY BEST.

1,500 GALLONS AT FROM THIRTY TO FORTY CENTS A GALLON.

NOW IN STORE, A FULL STOCK OF

CHINA, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT PRICES MUCH REDUCED.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF

Table & Pocket Cutlery.

The merchants who purchase in St. Paul will find these goods very desirable, and at

VERY LOW RATES.

JUST RECEIVED,

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Silver Plated

AND

BRITANNIA WARE,

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LAMPS, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

R. MARVIN, THIRD STREET.

je11

OIL! OIL! OIL!

300 barrels No. 1, standard best quality

Carbon Oil,

Just received, and for sale to dealers.

D. T. WATSON,

a3-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

Boots and Shoes.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

A SPLENDID STOCK

OF

LADIES' GAITERS

AND

Children's Fine Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

WM. J. SMITH & CO.

JOHN THORWARTH,

Boot and Shoe

MANUFACTURER,

THIRD STREET, BET. ROBERT & JACKSON,

St. Paul, Minnesota,

Keeps constantly on hand and makes to order

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Which are warranted to do as good service, and of as good style and workmanship as if made to order.

STEEL SHANKS FOR SEWED BOOTS,

The first introduced in this city, will be put in when ordered. They make the boot stronger and more durable, and is lighter and fits neater.

REPAIRING done on the shortest notice, and in a good and neat style.

JOHN THORWARTH.

St. Paul, Dec. 7, 1861. dec7-dly

THE PLACE TO BUY

Boots and Shoes

CHEAP FOR CASH

IS AT THE

Custom Boot and Shoe House,

SECOND DOOR FROM THE BRIDGE.

We have just received a large stock of the latest styles of Boots and Shoes, which we will sell at Eastern prices.

E. E. HUGHISON, AGENT.

HILL & LINDLEY,

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,

Offer their services to the citizens of Minneapolis, St. Anthony and surrounding country. Having had twenty years experience, they hope to give general satisfaction.

OFFICES.—Mendenhall's old Banking Office, Minneapolis; the Lippincott House, St. Anthony. au7-tf

D. C. PRICE, DENTIST.

I have removed my office over

McCLOUD'S HARDWARE STORE.

Corner of Third and Cedar streets.

I am now filling teeth with gold for two dollars, and with silver or tin for one dollar each. I extract teeth for fifty cents each, and destroy the nerve of teeth without the least pain for fifty cents.

I will insert whole upper sets of teeth on Vulcanite, in the most approved manner, for twenty-five dollars.

I publish these prices to correct the impression some people have of my charges for best Dental operations.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., strictly.

jy4-d3mos

R. H. WARD, M. D.,

Of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, having removed to Minneapolis, has opened an office for the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully invites the attention of those who may desire his services.

Office and residence on Bridge Street, (west-side,) near the Suspension Bridge. jy22-d1m

TEETH ON VULCANITE.

FOR STRENGTH, BEAUTY,

Comfort and cleanliness, unsurpassed.

Call and see specimens at the office of

DR. SIMONTON,

oct24-d1y Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square.

M. N. KELLOGG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Fruits, Toys, G. Apples,

LEMONS & CONFECTIONERY.

Children's CABS—every variety; Egg, Lemon, Ginger, Boston and Soda CRACKERS; Traveling, School and Work BASKETS; MAPLE SUGAR; Fresh CANDIES from New York—also

☞ THE BEST CIGARS IN THE CITY.

my17 M. N. KELLOGG.

Insurance.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON

Fire and Life Insurance Co.

CAPITAL AND RESERVED FUND OVER $4,000,000.

LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY AT SIGHT,

Without sixty days' notice.

Life Insurance

Effected on liberal terms. Policies assignable by endorsement without permission of the Company. Shareholders personally responsible for engagements of the Company.

Directors of Stockholders, New York.	*References in New York City.*
James Brown, Esq.,	Duncan, Sherman & Co.,
Francis Cottenet, Esq.,	Alex. T. Stewart & Co.,
Henry Grinnell, Esq.,	Grinnell, Minturn & Co.,
Alfred Pell, Esq.,	B. L. & A. Stewart,
Alex. Hamilton, jr. Esq.,	C. W. & J. T. Moore & Co.
E. M. Archibald, Esq.,	D. Appleton & Co.
And others.	

THOMPSON BROTHERS,

sep29 Agents for St. Paul and vicinity.

P. W. NICHOLS,

General Insurance Agent.

FIRE INSURANCE,

MARINE INSURANCE,

LIFE INSURANCE.

POLICIES

Issued on favorable terms, in the most reliable Companies.

OFFICE AT GEO. LITTLE'S BOOK STORE.

Jan15-dly Third street, St. Paul, Min.

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000
NETT SURPLUS..... 188,000

DIVIDENDS ON CAPITAL LIMITED BY ITS CHARTER TO SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM—THE ENTIRE PROFITS GO TO THE POLICY HOLDERS.

This Society was organized in the year 1859, with a cash capital of $100,000 deposited irrevocably with the insurance Department of the state of New York, in United States bonds, on which it allows but seven per cent. per annum to the stockholders, and the entire profits of the business is shared by the policy holders. The net profits in two years amounts to $250,000, which shows an unparalelled success in the history of Life Insurance. Its operations are managed by a Board of Directors composed of the ablest business men of the country, and its business is conducted entirely on the cash plan. Dividends to the policy holders will be made every five years, and no Company in the country offers equal advantages to its dealers.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.
HENRY B. HYDE, Vice President.
GEO. W. PHILLIPS, Actuary.
H. S. DURAND, Milwaukee, Gen. Agt.
W. W. KING, State Agent for Minnesota.
DR. WM. CAINE, St. Paul.

mar12-d1y

HOME

INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Extract from Third Annual Report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York. WM. BARNES, Superintendent.

There are now ninety-five joint stock fire insurance companies incorporated by the state of New York, engaged in the transaction of business; of these companies, fourteen only received premiums during the last year, amounting to over one hundred thousand dollars; four only received premiums above the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, and the premium income of one only exceeded three hundred thousand dollars. The premium receipts of this company, the HOME, with a capital of $1,000,000, were $822,963.33. The premium income of thirty of the smaller companies was $851,575.65 only, with capitals, however, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of $4,966,000.

The state of things should be improved: the premium income of the mass of our fire insurance companies is by far too small for their capitals, and inadequate to the proper support of a separate and independent corporation. The experience of the HOME, PHOENIX, (of Brooklyn) and some other companies, has demonstrated that, with proper skill, tact and sagacity, business can be increased and managed to an indefinite extent, with entire safety, and even additional security to the company. We have now the machinery and organization in working order for nearly one hundred joint stock fire insurance companies. In the course of a few years their business can be safely doubled, and even quadrupled, without doubling or quadrupling the yearly expenses. Any considerable expansion of business must of course be mainly effected through the instrumentality of reliable, safe, and well managed agencies. The premium income of the HOME amounts to nearly one-eighth part that of the ninety-five companies combined, so that eight corporations like the HOME could conduct the entire business of all those companies. If each company transacted the same amount of business as the HOME the aggregate premium income would reach the enormous amount of over seventy-eight millions of dollars per year. Our companies are not too numerous for the great future of this country, if managed on the progressive scale demanded by the spirit of the American people.

The annual statement of this our foremost local fire and inland company, made up to the first of January last, shows a condition of such positive strength and prosperity as to challenge unqualified admiration. In a circular accompanying the statement, subscribed by Charles J. Martin, President, A. F. Wilmarth, Vice President, and John Metcer, Secretary, those well accredited officers very justly say: "The well-known reputation of the HOME for fair and honorable dealing, together with its capital of one million dollars, and surplus of over half a million in addition, all well invested, commend it to the special favor of all who desire reliable protection in the way of insurance, either fire or inland."

This is not saying one word too much for their company. The HOME is the crack company of our State, in high credit all over the Union, worked upon a comprehensive plan, and managed with admirable skill and efficiency. The assets of the HOME on the first of January last summed up to $1,521,398.98, against an actual liability of only $55,189,43; and, moreover, it is worth noting that the assets are all of the very first class. The balance in bank in cash was $124,434.14, very nearly enough to set up an ordinary company; bonds and mortgages $910,219.53, secured on real estate worth $1,715,900, and then government and other stocks, equivalent to cash and convertible into cash any day, $320,656. Any one not satisfied with the security of the HOME as an insurance institution, must be hard to please.

In 1861 the HOME wrote $1,087,15,18, taking $839,993 premium, and paid losses $335,775, including some losses for the year 1860. A dividend of ten per cent. was paid on the million capital; and after reserving an ample reinsurance fund, the company shows a "nett surplus" of $160,641 clear over capital and all claims, actual or possible, practical or theoretical.

The HOME is a good "testimony" in all places to the enterprise, energy and progress of the city of New York.

BORUP & OAKES,

je23-d3m Agents, St. Paul.

G. N. BEMAN & CO.,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,

CORNER OF FIFTH AND ROBERT STREETS, ST PAUL, MINNESOTA.

We are prepared to manufacture to order a kinds of BUGGIES, CUTTERS, LUMBER WAGONS, EXPRESS AND GROCERY WAGONS, CONCORD HACKS and STAGE SLEIGHS, of the best quality, and latest pattern, and of Eastern stock, which enables us to warrant them in every particular. Also all kinds of repairing promptly and faithfully executed on the most reasonable terms. je1-d6m

JUST RECEIVED.

One hundred half barrels and fifty quarter barrels of Walker's

PRIME CINCINNATI CREAM ALE.

M. DORNIDEN,

nov23-d1y Jackson st., bet. 5th and 6th.

Railroads.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

FOR CHICAGO, DETROIT,

BUFFALO, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PITTBURG, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, CINCINNATI, ROCK ISLAND, BURLINGTON, QUINCY, ST. LOUIS, AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND SOUTH.

VIA DUNLEITH AND

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after May 11, 1862, trains leave Dunleith on arrival of steamers from St. Paul and Intermediate points.

LEAVE DUNLEITH.	Day Express, Sundays excepted, 7 A M.	Night Express Saturdays excepted, 6 P M
Freeport	9 50 A. M.	9 55 P. M
Rockford, via G & C U R R	11 10 "	11 45 "
Belvidere " "	11 45 "	12 45 A. M
Chicago " "	3 30 P. M.	5 45 "
Dixon	11 30 A. M.	11 35 P. M.
Fulton, via Air Line RR	4 20 P. M.	6 15 A. M.
Mendota	1 00 "	12 55 "
Burlington, via C B & Q R R	7 25 "	7 05 "
Quincy, " "	11 15 "	9 30 "
La Salle	1 47 "	1 40 "
Peoria, via C & R I R E		6 30 "
Rock Island		7 00 "
Bloomington	4 21 "	4 21 "
Decatur	6 20 "	6 20 "
Springfield, via G W R R	3 20 A. M.	3 45 "
Pana	8 00 P. M.	8 00 "
Terra Haute via T H & A R R	2 10 A. M.	3 20 P. M.
Indianapolis, " "	5 10 "	6 30 "
St. Louis " "	7 50 "	
Sandoval	10 15 P. M.	10 15 A. M
St. Louis, via O & M R R		1 00 P. M
Cairo	4 10 A. M.	

Trains make direct connections at Chicago with all Eastern lines for Buffalo, New York, Boston, and all Eastern Cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains.

Baggage checked to all important points.

Passengers for St. Louis and intermediate points on the river, will find this the quickest and only direct route.

For through tickets and information, apply at the office of the Company, foot of Jackson street, St. Paul.

A. PRATT, S. E. FORBES, Ticket Agent.
Advertising Agent. J. S. TILDESLEY, Gen'l West'n Agt.
W. P. JOHNSON, W. S. ARTHUR,
Gen'l Passenger Agt. General Sup't.

my21

1862. 1862.

LA CROSSE AND ST. PAUL

PACKET COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

During the summer of 1862, till the close of navigation, the LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company, having completely equipped their Line and made large additions to their business facilities, will offer to shippers and passengers on the river greater inducements and conveniences, and QUICKER TIME, than was ever offered by any company on the river.

All the boats on the Chippewa, Minnesota, St. Croix and the upper Mississippi rivers, and the different lines of stages north of LaCrosse, will, the coming season run to connect with the Davidson boats and the LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad.

The LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company will run a

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT LINE.

The former will number two first class boats—the nicest and fastest on the river. They will be the McCLELLAN and NORTHERN BELLE.—The first will be the Lightning Line, making the run from La Crosse to St. Paul in EIGHTEEN HOURS, and returning will leave here in the morning, and arrive at La Crosse in twelve hours time to connect with the evening train, by which our passengers will make close connection and reach Milwaukee in time for cars, or boats on the lake in TWENTY HOURS FROM ST. PAUL, and reach Chicago next morning, by Minnesota Junction or Milwaukee, in just TWENTY-FOUR HOURS FROM LEAVING ST. PAUL, and in time for close connection East! This will be by twelve hours the quickest time between these three cities ever made! Nothing but passengers, the mails, express matter, and express goods will be carried on these boats, which will be furnished in the best of style. Passengers will then have daylight to view the grand be

THE CITY.

MUNGER BROS. are the agents for Prince & Co.'s celebrated Melodeons. See advertisement in another column.

SINCE the giving out of the bounty fund in this city, recruiting has nearly stopped.

FOR FORT SNELLING.—The fast light draught steamboat, New Ulm Belle, will leave St. Paul, for Ft. Snelling, to-day, at 9 A. M. and 1 P. M.

WE are glad to see that Merrill has moved into better quarters. He is now prepared to see his customers, and friends only one door further up Third street. Call and see.

STEAMBOATS.—The Favorite is the down packet for LaCrosse this morning at 8 o'clock.

The Milwaukee is the regular packet this evening for Dunleith at seven o'clock.

BANK OF MINNESOTA.—The circulation of this bank is to be extended to $50,000. This currency is entirely reliable, being secured by U. S. 7.30 bonds, to the amount of fifteen per cent. above the circulation.

VERMIN EXTERMINATOR.—If you want to get rid of rats, mice, bugs, or any and all kinds of vermin, just get some of the Vermin Exterminator sold by Day & Jenks, and the thing is done. We can give a reason for the faith that is in us.

THERE are now eight full companies in the Sixth Regiment. The other two, Captain Woodward's, of Houston county, and the Minnesota Grenadiers of this city, will complete their roll by the 22d.

THE four companies which are on the march to the scene of the Indian depredations, all belong to the Sixth regiment. They are Grant's, Mirriman's, Whitney's, and McLaren's.

ATTENTION!—Young Men's Guard will meet at Armory Hall this morning at 9 o'clock precisely, to proceed to the Fort on the steamer Clara Hine, to go into quarters.

By order.

CHAS. J. STEES,
Second Lieut. 9th Minn. Vol's.

SEVERAL loads of the panic-stricken people of Carver and Sibley counties arrived in town last evening. They were all Germans, and principally women and children. It is impossible to believe the terror existing among these people. They said that St. Peter, Henderson and Glencoe were burned, and 10,000 Indians were marching upon Carver and Chasca, and only six miles from those places. They had rode night and day, and were nearly jaded out.

PANIC AT CARVER.—Nothing could exceed the panic at Carver yesterday morning when the Antelope left, caused by the recent Indian disturbances. The people from the surrounding country, principally women and children, were running into town en masse, with the most wild and improbable stories. It was said that the Agency and Fort Ridgley, Henderson and Glencoe were burned, and that the people had been shot down as fast as they made their appearance. These exciting rumors were of course magnified a hundred fold, as they passed from lip to lip, and it is perfectly impossible as yet to sift a grain of truth from the whole batch. The Antelope brought down a large number of these fugitive women and children, and before they came down they ferried over several hundred more at Carver. The men were collecting arms, and preparing to give battle.

SINGULAR SUICIDE.—A German by the name of John Reis, committed suicide last evening by drowning. He walked deliberately into the Mississippi river a few rods above the bridge, and after getting beyond his depth cast himself further into the stream, with the evident intention of drowning. In a short time, however, he commenced to struggle, and appeared to the spectators, as though endeavoring to get out. Several citizens who witnessed some portion of the transaction, used their utmost exertions to reach him before he sunk, but in vain; and when he had floated and struggled as far as the bridge, he was seen no more. No cause can be assigned for this act. He had been drinking some during the day, but not to an unusual extent. He was a single man, about 36 years old, and had no relatives in this part of the country.

STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—The second annual meeting of the Minnesota State Teachers' Association will be held in St. Paul on Wednesday and Thursday, the 27th and 28th of August inst.; the exercises commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., on Wednesday.

Lectures will be delivered by several gentlemen, prominent in the State as educators. Matters of vital importance to the cause of public instruction will be discussed by the convention.

It is hoped there may be a large attendance of teachers and others, from all parts of the State, and that the citizens of St. Paul will add interest to the meeting by their presence at its sessions.

Mr. Ingersoll has kindly granted the use of his hall. (the best in the city,) to the use of the Association, upon terms that will hardly pay the expenses of lighting, &c.

Teachers, on their arrival, will report themselves, at the hall, to Mr Gates, Chairman of the Committee on Entertainment, who will assign them to friends who will welcome them to their hospitality during the sittings of the Association.

J. G. RHELDAFFER,
For the Local Committee.

FROM THE ARMY OF VIRGINIA

Gen. Pope's Report of the Battle of Cedar Mountain.

DESPERATE CHARACTER OF THE BATTLE.

CONSPICUOUS GALLANTRY OF GENERAL BANKS.

JACKSON'S ARMY SWELLED TO 70,000 MEN.

GENERAL POPE'S OFFICIAL REPORT.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF VIRGINIA,
CEDAR MOUNTAIN, August 13, 1862

To Major-General Halleck, General-in-Chief:

On Thursday morning the enemy crossed the Rapidan at Barnett's Ford, in heavy force, and advanced strong on the road to Culpepper and Madison Court House. I had established my whole force on the turnpike between Culpepper and Sperryville, ready to concentrate at either place, as soon as the enemy's plans were developed.

Early on Friday morning it became apparent that the move on Madison Court-house was merely a feint to detain the army corps of Gen. Sigel at Sperryville, and that the main attack of the enemy would be at Culpepper, to which place I had thrown forward part of Banks' and McDowell's corps. Brigadier-General Bayard, with part of the rear of McDowell's corps, who was in the advance near the Rapidan, fell slowly back, delaying and embarrassing the enemy's advance, as far as possible, and capturing some of his men.

The forces of Banks and Sigel, and one division of McDowell's corps were rapidly concentrated at Culpepper during Friday and Friday night, Banks' corps being pushed forward five miles south of Culpepper, with Rickett's division of McDowell's corps, three miles in his rear.

The corps of Gen. Sigel, which had marched all night, was halted in Culpepper, to rest for a few hours

On Saturday, the enemy advanced rapidly to Cedar Mountain, the sides of which they occupied in heavy force.

Gen. Banks was instructed to take up his position on the ground occupied by Crawford's brigade, of his command, which had been thrown out the day previous to watch the enemy's movements. He was directed not to go beyond that point, and, if attacked by the enemy, to defend his position, and send back timely notice.

It was my desire to give the corps of Gen. Sigel all the rest possible after the forced march, and to bring forward all the forces at my disposal.

The artillery of the enemy was opened early in the afternoon, but he made no advance until nearly 5 o'clock, at which time a few skirmishers were thrown forward on each side, under cover of the heavy wood i- which his force was concealed.

The enemy pushed forward a strong force in the rear of his skirmishers, and General Banks advanced to the attack.

The engagement did not fairly open until 6 o'clock, but for an hour and a half was furious and unceasing.

Throughout the cannonading, which was at first desultory and directed mainly against the cavalry, I had continued to receive reports from General Banks that no attack was apprehended, and that no considerable infantry force of the enemy had come forward.

Yet towards evening the increase in the artillery firing having satisfied me an engagement might be at hand, though the lateness of the hour rendered it unlikely, I ordered General McDowell to advance Rickett's division to suppoot Gen. Banks, and directed General Sigel to bring his men upon the ground as soon as possible.

I arrived personally on the field at 7 P. M., and found the action raging furiously. The infantry fire was incessant and severe.

I found Gen. Banks holding the position he took up early in the morning. His losses were heavy.

Rickett's Division was immediately pushed forward, and occupied the right of Gen. Banks, the brigades of Crawford and Gordon being directed to change their position from the right and mass themselves in the centre.

Before this change could be effected it was quite dark, though the artillery fire continued at short range without intermission.

The artillery fire at night by the Second and Fifth Maine Batteries, in Rickett's Division, of Gen. McDowell's corps, was most destructive, as was readily observable the next morning in the dead men and horses, and broken gun-carriages of the enemy's batteries which had been advanced against it.

Our troops rested on their arms during the night in line of battle, the heavy shelling being kept up on both sides until midnight.

At daylight the next morning, the enemy fell back two miles from our front and still higher up the mountain.

Our pickets at once advanced and occupied the ground.

The fatigue of the troops from long marches and excessive heat, made it impossible for either side to resume the action on Sunday. The men were, therefore, allowed to rest and recruit the whole day, our only active operation being of cavalry on the enemy's flank and rear.

Monday was spent in burying the dead and in getting off the wounded.

The slaughter was severe on both sides, most of the fighting being hand to hand.

The dead bodies of both armies were found mingled together in masses over the whole ground of the conflict.

The burying of the dead was not completed until dark on Monday, the heat being so terrible that severe work was not possible.

On Monday night the enemy fled from the field, leaving many of his dead unburied and his wounded on the ground and along the road to Orange Court House, as will be seen from Gen. Buford's dispatch.

A cavalry and artillery force, under Gen. Buford, was immediately thrown forward in pursuit, and followed the enemy to the Rapidan, over which he passed with his rear guard by 10 o'clock in the morning.

The behavior of General Banks' corps during the engagement was very fine. No greater gallantry and daring could be exhibited by any troops.

I cannot speak too highly of the coolness and intrepidity of General Banks himself during the whole of the engagement. He was in the front and exposed as much as any man in his command. His example was of the greatest benefit to his troops, and he merits and should receive the commendation of his Government.

Generals Williams, Augur, Gordon, Crawford, Prince, Green and Geary, behaved with conspicuous gallantry.

Augur and Geary were severely wounded, and Prince, by losing his way in the dark, while passing from one flank to another, fell into the hands of the enemy.

I desire publicly to express my appreciation of the prompt and skillful manner in which Generals McDowell and Sigel brought forward their respective commands and established them on the field, and of their cheerful and hearty co-operation with me, from beginning to end.

Brigadier General Roberts, Chief of Cavalry of this army, was with the advance of our forces on Friday and Saturday, and was conspicuous for his gallantry, and for the valuable aid he rendered to Generals Banks and Crawford.

Our loss was about 1,500 killed, wounded and missing, of whom 290 were taken prisoners. As might be expected, from the character of the engagement, a very large proportion of these were killed.

The enemy's loss in killed, wounded and prisoners, we are now satisfied is much in excess of our own.

A full list of casualties will be transmitted as soon as possible, together with a detailed report, in which I shall endeavor to do justice to all.

JOHN POPE,
Major-General Commanding.

Mr. Train and the Irish.

We copy the following extract on "the downfall of England," from the London *American:*

While Archbishop Hughes has been stirring up the spirit of nationality at Dublin, Mr. Train has been adding fuel to the fire in London. On Monday night Mr. Train lectured, by invitation of the the Brotherhood of Saint Patrick, at Burton-crescent, Somer's-town. The large hall was crowded. The subject was the "Downfall of England."

The friendship for the Union was patent by the outburst of cheers at every allusion to the army, and the Irish fighting there. Mr. Train said that as so many Englishmen were always meeting and speaking on the downfall of America, he claimed the right of changing the *venue*, and speaking on the downfall of England.

The meeting was a secret meeting—a Freemasonry of the Lodges—where the bills were passed from hand to hand. At the request of the committee we shall publish the speech in our next issue, in order to oblige our Irish subscribers. The following resolution, moved by Mr. Donovan, and seconded by Mr. Hines, was passed by acclamation, and Mr. Train was cheered until far into the street:

Resolved, That we, the Irish residents in London, in public meeting assembled, do hereby tender our sincere and heartfelt thanks to the citizens of the United States for the generous aid and sympathy they have always displayed toward oppressed Ireland; and beg to compliment George Francis Train for his manly and uncompromising conduct in the support of the rights of the people during his residence in this country.

BUSINESS LOCALS

24 HOURS TIME SAVED.—By taking the morning boat out of St. Paul, passengers going East arrive at the point of destination 24 hours in advance of those taking the afternoon boat of the same day. Purchase tickets of

C. L. WOOD, Ticket Agent,
a19-tf LaCrosse and Milwaukee R. R.

CARBON OIL.—Just received, on consignment, and for sale to dealers, FIVE HUNDRED BARRELS best No. 1 Carbon Oil. D. T. WATSON,
a3-1jan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

AT WHITNEY'S GALLERY.—PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.—The largest, most elegant and cheapest assortment ever brought to St. Paul. a3-tf

LAND WARRANTS, Half Breed and Revolutionary Scrip—all sizes—prices.

THOMPSON BROS.
jy28

GOT 'EM.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK
for September.

DAVENPORT'S GOT 'EM.

CHICAGO PAPERS,
NEW YORK PAPERS,

GOT 'EM.

LEDGER FOR THIS WEEK.

GOT 'EM.

In fact DAVENPORT'S got everything, except a few things he hain't got.

CALL AND SEE.
a16-y

ARMY REGULATIONS.

CAMERON'S U. S. TACTICS,
HARDEE'S TACTICS,
BEADLE'S DIME TACTICS,
MARIEES, THIRD PART LES MISEBABLES,

Just received at

COMBS' BOOKSTORE.
jy31-1y

MILITARY GOODS.

ANOTHER NEW LOT.

SWORDS,
SASHES,
BELTS,
BUGLES,
SHOULDER STRAPS,
AND LETTERS, &c., &c.,

Just received from the Chicopee manufactory, and for sale cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

L. P. FOSTER,
a19-3t Just east of American House.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Any information concerning the whereabouts of Chas. H., or Wm. H. Edwards or Caroline Edwards, who formerly lived in Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minnesota, will be thankfully received by the undersigned, who lives in Newport, Campbell County, Kentucky.

J. K. EDWARDS.

☞ St. Anthony papers please copy once. a19

FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

We will sell this TUESDAY MORNING, commencing at 10 o'clock, a lot of well-kept Furniture, consisting in part of Stuffed Bottom Chairs and Rocker; Cane Seat Chairs and Rocker; Bedsteads, Mattresses, Tables, Stoves, &c., &c.

R. & J. M. WARNER,
a19-d1t Auctioneers.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS,

SADDLERY, HARDWARE AND TOOLS.

LEATHE BELTING.

KESSLER & RIEHL,

TANNERS AND CURRIERS,

Keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete stock of

LEATHER and FINDINGS, SADDLERY HARDWARE and TOOLS,

LEATHER BELTING, ENAMELED CLOTHS AND LEATHER, &c., &c., &c.

All of which they are now offering at prices to suit the times.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS.

☞ Cash paid for Hides and Furs. ☜
jan18-d1y

Miscellaneous.

REMOVAL.

JOHN GETZ

Has removed his stock of

TOYS, FANCY GOODS AND CONFECTIONARIES,

TO

ROGERS' BLOCK,

Third Street, opposite the Express Office,

Where he will continue to sell all goods in his line cheaper than ever.

Thanking his friends and patrons for past favors, he would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.
a12-2w

HO! FOR THE 8TH REGIMENT

Corcoran Relief Guards!

IRISHMEN TO THE RESCUE!

LIEUT. M. J. O'CONNOR,

$165 Bounty!

$50 Public Bounty in Ramsey County!

$5 per month from the city or county!

$10 on being mustered into the United States service.

$75 by United States when discharged.

☞ Recruiting office opposite Sheehy's Grocery Store, 3d-st., St. Paul. a14-1

SAINT PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The trains will run until further notice on the following time table:

TIME TABLE NO. ONE.

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5.30 A. M.	5.55 A. M.	7.00 A. M.	7.30 A.M.
9.00 "	9.25 "	10.00 A. M.	10.30 A M.
2.00 P. M.	2.25 P. M.	3.00 P. M.	3.30 P. M.
5.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.	6.30 "	7.00 "

WILLIAM CROOKS,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.
jy2 dtf

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the Winslow, American International and Merchants, or at our office.

Fare to St. Anthony or Minneapolis, including omnibus tickets at both ends of Railroad, 50 cents.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.
jy3

SALE OF PINE SAW LOGS.

Notice is hereby given, that the Pine Saw-Logs now in the Mississippi river at and above the St. Paul Boom, marked as follows: Letters J. N. T. made in combination (swing girdle, notch), also (notch) letters J. N. T. made in combination (notch), also (swing girdle, two notches), and seized by the undersigned for and on behalf of the United States, in pursuance of instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, the same having been cut on land the property of the U. S., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, *for cash*, in St. Paul, opposite the Post Office, on Thursday, the 21st day of August, 1862, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Surveyor General's Office, St. Paul, August 13th, 1862.

W. D. WASHBURN,
Surveyor General of the U. S. for the District of Minnesota.
a14-td

CARPETS.

CASH TRADES

ARE

ALWAYS BARGAINS.

CALL AT

JOSEPH BUGBEE'S

New Carpet Store,

Facing the River,

THIRD STREET,..... ST. PAUL.
a12-3m

BUGGIES.

We have just received and have now on hand a few

Eastern Made Buggies

AND LIGHT BUSINESS WAGONS,

and expect to receive in the next few weeks

A GOOD ASSORTMENT,

Which we will sell for cash, at extreme low figures and warrant them made of

GOOD MATERIALS

J. & C. M. DAILEY.
a12-1m

NOTICE.

OFFICE ST. PAUL & PACIFIC R. R. Co.,
SAINT PAUL, August 13th, 1862.

On and after August 15th, the train leaving Saint Paul, at 11.45 A. M., will leave at 2 o'clock P. M., arrive at St. Anthony at 2.25 P. M., and the train leaving Saint Anthony at 2.30 P. M. will leave at 3 o'clock P. M., arriving at Saint Paul at 3.50 P. M.

WILLIAM CROOKS,
a14-2t Superintendent.

CALL AT

D. D. MERRILL'S

For the Best Styles of

PHOTOGRAPH

ALBUMS.

"*CARTES DE VISITE*"—And views to suit all.

U. S. Army Regulations, U. S. Infantry Tactics, and a fresh supply of

NEW BOOKS.

America Before Europe—*DeGasparin.*
Among the Pines.
Elsie Venner.
Recreations of a Country Parson.
Spare Hours.
Leisure Hours about Town.
Artemus Ward.
Parson Brownlow's Book.
Cecil Dreme, John Brent, and Edwin Brothertoft.
a10tf

MILITARY GOODS.

CAMPBELL,

Has just received a fresh lot of fine goods. The only place in this city where a complete outfit can be found. Officers' uniforms made on short notice.

No. 2 Bernheimer's Block, 3d-st., St. Paul.
a12-2w

A. F. KNIGHT,

ARCHITECT,

Will furnish designs, Plans, Details, Specifications and Estimates for buildings of every kind, got up in the best style for the reduced price of one per cent on estimated cost, and will, if required, superintend the erection of the same, both in the city and country, at equally low rates. Office in French's Block, Third street, St. Paul, Minnesota. myr-6m

TAX DEEDS.

THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY

Have now on hand the latest and best form of tax deeds. It is suitable for sales under the several acts of the Legislature, and in conformity with all their requisitions, and is prepared by the State authorities

Price 50 cents per dozen, or $3 per hundred.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

We, the undersigned, have this day dissolved partnership. The business will be carried on in the name of J. H. Byers. All debts and demands will be settled by J. H. Byers.

St. Paul, August 18, 1862.

J. H. BYERS,
a19-1w S. L. POLLOCK.

BALMORALS.

ANOTHER NEW LOT.

GENT'S,
LADIES',
MISSES',
BOYS' AND
CHILDRENS',

Comprising all the Fall Styles.

Just received and for sale cheap.

L. P. FOSTER,
a19-3t Just east of American House.

Miscellaneous.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Monday, July 28, 1862, the

Prairie du Chien and Dunleith

LINE OF BOATS

Will leave St. Paul daily, at 7 o'clock P. M. The Steamer Milwaukee will leave Monday morning, as heretofore at 8 o'clock; the Key City will leave the same evening, at 7 o'clock.

This change is made in order to ensure Railroad connections. This is the only line of Boats leaving St. Paul, by which Passengers can rely upon making Railroad connections.

CHAS. THOMPSON, Agent
Prairie du Chien Railway.

S. B. FORBES, Agent Illinois Central Railroad.
jy21-d1f

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

☞ Be careful to buy only the genuine
je14-dw1y

PRINCE & CO.'S

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

87 Fulton street.....New York.
43 Lake street.....Chicago.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tolman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Couse.....Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1851, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake st., Chicago.

Or either of the above wholesale agents.

For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul, Minnesota.
apr29d&wly

RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE, CHICAGO, ILL.

The twentieth annual session will commence October 1st, 1862, and continue sixteen weeks.

FACULTY:

Dan'l Brainard, M. D.....Surgery.
J. V. Z. Blaney, M. D.....Chemistry.
J. W. Freer, M. D.....Institutes.
J. Adams Allen, M. D.....Practice.
R. L. Rea, M. D.....Anatomy.
De Laskie Miller, M. D.....Obstetrics.
Ephraim Ingals, M. D. Phar. and Mat. Med.
Edwin Powell, M. D.....Demonstrator.

FEES—$40. Dissecting and Mat. Tickets each $5. Board $2.50 to $3 per week.

For further information or circular, address
ap2-d1w&w1m R. L. REA, Sec'y, Box 533.

160 ACRES OF

Timbered Land

Will be sold at such price that the timber at fifty cents per cord wood-leave, will pay for the property.

The soil is of excellent quality, with water and meadow, and is situated within one and a half hours' drive of Saint Paul, and within five miles of the Saint Paul and Pacific Railroad at two different depots. This road is now being constructed and will be finished to Anoka the coming fall.

HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, June 28, 1862. je28-d&w6m

A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE

FOR $750.

A charming residence in Willis' Addition, built by the owner for his own use, with every comfort and convenience—well of pure water, stable and out-buildings, and a yard with shrubbery and gravel walks.

The house is not a mere shell or balloon, but built to resist the cold of our winters and the heat of our summers, and is located in an airy and cheerful neighborhood.

St. Paul, June 28, 1862.

HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate
je28 d&w6m

FARMERS LOOK HERE!

I will sell for the next sixty days, the late improved

Fanning Mills,

(two sizes,) patented Oct. 9, 1860, by F. R. MANNY, of Rockford, Illinois, at $18 to $20 each, cash.

CAUTION.—Any one using or selling the above mills, will be required to pay for the same to the subscriber.

For peculiarity of construction and cut, see Patent Office Report for 1860, vol. 1, page 700 and vol. 2, page 542.

The exclusive right for manufacturing and selling the above Fanning Mills, for the counties of Ramsey and Dakota, is owned by F. A. Leyde.

WM. M. LEYDE, Ag't, Sibley-st.,
a3-1md&w North of Merchants Hotel, St. Paul.

FOR RENT,

THE RESIDENCE OF GEN. DANA,

With or without the

FURNITURE.

Enquire of
jy29-tf H. F. MASTERSON.

ST. PAUL CHAIR FACTORY

GALLEY & JANSON,

Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail dealers in

CHAIRS!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WABASHAW STREET, BET. 5TH & 6TH, ST. PAUL.

☞ We are prepared to supply the trade with the very best quality of work, made under our personal supervision, and

WARRANTED SUPERIOR

To any manufactured in the State.

Twelve years' experience in this trade, enables us to do good work in good style.

We refer to the following principal Cabinet dealers of St. Paul, who sell our work in preference to that of other manufacturers, for the reason that they consider ours the best.

J. Primrose, F. Hildebrand, J. Doney, | J. A. Stees, J. S. Donnison,
fe13-d&w1y

FIRST CLASS BOARD.

Pleasant rooms, with board, in a delightful locality, lower town, within a few minutes walk of the International Hotel, can be obtained by addressing P. O. Box No. 1570, or applying at Miss C. A. Gill's, corner Eight and College Streets, next to the residence of John S. Prince, Esq.
je25 d&m

COOLEY, TOWER & COMPANY,

Branch of COOLEY & TOWER (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & Co.,) St. Louis,

(ESTABLISHED 1843,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN.

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

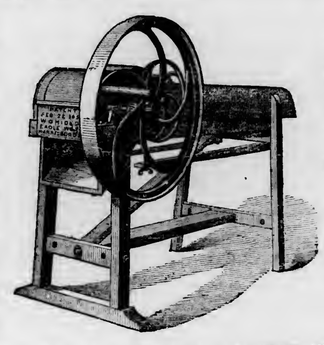
In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers.
August 3, 1862.

JONES' AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE,

THIRD STREET, NEAR THE BRIDGE, SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.



BURR STONE MILLS, BOLTING, GUM CLOTHS, AND LEATHER BELTING, SUCTION AND FORCE PUMPS—ALL SIZES,
HYDRAULIC RAMS, LEAD PIPE, &c., &c., &c.
PRESSES, ROAD SCRAPERS AND CORN AND COB MILLS.
HUBS, STOCKS, FELLOWS, WHEELS, BOWS, SHAFTS,
FOLES, HICKORY PARTS, AXLES, SPRINGS,
THIMBLE SKEINS, BOXES, HAY

DEPOT FOR THE SALE OF ALL THE STANDARD MACHINES AND IMPLEMENTS

SOLE AGENCY

OF THE CANTON, OHIO, SWEEPSTAKES THRESHING MACHINES
" " " BUCKEYE REAPER AND MOWER,
OF THE ROCKFORD, ILLS., J. P. MANNY'S REAPER AND MOWER,
OF THE HAINES, ILLS. HARVESTER OR HEADING MACHINES,
OF THE BUCKEYE GRAIN DRILLS,
OF PRINDLE'S AGRICULTURAL STEAMER, FOR STEAMING FOOD FOR STOCK.
OF SECHLER & PORTER'S SUGAR CANE MILLS, ALL SIZES.
OF COOK'S EVAPORATORS AND SYRUP CLARIFIERS.
OF ROE & BLAIR'S WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE VATS AND HOOPS,
OF THE BUFFALO SCALE WORKS COMPANY SCALES, ALL SIZES,

Besides I have a large stock of one, two, four and six horse power threshing machines, fan mills, corn shellers, root cutters, for cutting roots for stock, hay and straw cutters, corn stalk cutters and grinders, cider mills, steel plows all sizes, cultivators, horse hoes, scythes, grain cradles, forks, hoes shovels, spades, potatoe hooks, hay knives, &c., trace, halter and log chains, axes, well buckets and wheels, scythe stones, grind stones, bent plow handles, &c., &c. A large stock of castings on hand at all times for repairing machines.

Descriptive pamphlets of machinery, with prices and terms, furnished on application to

D. C. JONES,
At Jones' Agricultural Warehouse, Saint Paul.
my23-d3m&w9m

DRY GOODS

AT COST.

HOGAN & CAMP

Offer their entire stock of

Summer Dress Goods,

SUMMER SHAWLS,

CLOAKS, PARASOLS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

AND ALL

SUMMER GOODS

AT COST.

a6-y

THRESHING MACHINES

C. Aultman & Co's Manufactory
Canton, Ohio.

For speed, clean work, strength and beauty, C. Aultman & Co.'s world-renowned Canton, Ohio, "Sweepstakes" Threshing Machines are the acknowledged "head and front" or the whole "threshing machine family." Their fame is not only national but world-wide!

Either Geared or Belted Separators, with either eight or ten horse "Cary" or "Compensating" Powers, and with or without Trucks and Straw Stackers, delivered at this place on short notice. Order early. Send and get circular free of charge, or call and see sample machines.

D. C. JONES,
Sole Agent for the Manufacturers, at Jones' Agricultural Warehouse, St. Paul, Minn.
je17-2md&w

WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines & Liquors,

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.

AND MONTREAL MALT WHISKY.

I find that the impression prevails that pure Foreign Wines and Brandy cannot be obtained in St. Paul. I wish to assure the citizens and others that they can safely rely upon getting pure, unadulterated Wines, Brandies and Gin from me, equal to any imported.

W. W. WEBB.

Also, London Porter, Scotch Ale, and Scotch Whisky.

LEONARD & SHEIRE,

BUILDERS,

Shop in old Baptist Church Building, on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter work done to order.

M. SHEIRE, ARCHITECT,

Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheire's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street, near Jackson. Designs, Plans and Specifications for Buildings of every description, prepared on short notice.
feb18-1y

MILL-STONES.

BOLTING CLOTHS,
GRAIN SEPARATORS,
And all kinds of

MILL MACHINERY.

☞ Send for a circular by mail.

PALMER & PLAMONDON,

Cor. West Water and Washington Streets (P. O. box, 1525.) CHICAGO, ILL.

W. M. LEYDE, Ag't, St. Paul. my13-d&w6m.

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY,

PLATED WARE,

CARBON OIL AND LAMPS.

LOOKING GLASSES, TIN WARE,
PLAIN, PLANISHED AND JAPANNED.
TABLE CUTLERY.

Constantly on hand, the most complete assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS to be found in the city.

ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL, Minn.
sep22-d&w

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke.....New York City
John G. Treadwell.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.....Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moore.....Boston
je11dou&ilm&w1y

J. F. BLODGET,

AUDITOR OF ANOKA COUNTY,

Will pay taxes for non-residents, and furnish information in relation to lands in Anoka county.

Any information in relation to delinquent taxes furnished free of charge. mar12:d1f.

AUCTION NOTICE.

We will sell all goods consigned to us, to be sold at auction, for five per cent. commission.

All sums over one hundred dollars three per cent.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

Second hand furniture bought and the highest price paid.

R. & J. M. WARNER,
je19-d3m Cor. Third & Wabashaw sts.

CATAWBA BRANDY.

The undersigned having been appointed sole Agent for the sale of

LYON'S PURE OHIO CATAWBA BRANDY,

For the State of Minnesota, calls the attention of Physicians and the public to its medicinal qualities.

WALTER W. WEBB.
St. Paul, July 26, 1862. ly26-d&m

EMOVED.

EYE & EAR.

DR. UNDERWOOD

Of Chicago, Ill., the eminent and skilful operator on the Eye and Ear, whose name and fame is to extensively known throughout the United States, for his science, skill and success in performing formidable operations, and in removing difficult and dangerous diseases from those delicate organs, has arrived in St. Paul and may be consulted in INGERSOLL'S BLOCK for a short time only.

Dr. U., who is a regular Physician and Surgeon of the old school, has had an extensive experience in both hospital and private practice of twenty-eight years, and will be found competent to perform any operation necessary to restore lost sight or hearing, or by other mild and gentle means to remove any disease from those delicate organs within the reach of science and human skill.

CHRONIC DISEASES, of every grade and character, whether requiring medical or surgical treatment, POSITIVELY and PERMANENTLY CURED, when not clearly beyond the reach of science and human skill.

Dr. Underwood treats all diseases on regular and scientific principles as recognized by the medical profession both in Europe and America, and hence does not use or deal in those pretended new and never failing remedies—specifics, inhaling vapors, and clairvoyant prescriptions—which are so ostentatiously paraded before the public by those impudent traveling quacks and money-hoeing empirics, nine-tenths of whom never were inside of a medical college. Patients afflicted or laboring under diseases of long standing, can consult Dr. U. with the most confident hope and expectation of being perfectly cured, or receiving with unerring certainty all the relief that the highest skill, the most judicious and scientific treatment can possibly bestow.

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME II. SAINT PAUL, FRIDAY, AUGUST 22, 1862. NUMBER 121.

The Saint Paul Press.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

☞ THIS paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, FRIDAY, AUGUST 22.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE TO CONGRESS.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY,

of Dakota County.

☞ SEE FOURTH PAGE.

COMPOSITORS WANTED.—We want six or eight first-class compositors immediately. Apply at the office of the DAILY PRESS.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

The subject of absorbing interest is the Sioux Indian insurrection. Full particulars are given in our columns to the hour of going to press. The Governor has issued a proclamation on the subject to the people of Minnesota.

We learn by telegraph that great excitement prevails at Henderson, Kentucky. The Mayor of the city has fled to the rebel army, and Indiana regiments have been sent to the relief of the city and State.

Our troops at Fortress Monroe are embarking for a new field of operations.

The Confederate army is concentrating on the Virginia Central Railroad 250,000 strong, intending, it is supposed, to make a flank movement against General Pope.

The order for draft is to be enforced after the first of September, to fill up the old regiments. Depots and other avenues are guarded to prevent egress from Cincinnati without leave from authorities.

Collectors under the Revenue Act have been appointed for Indiana.

Commissioners of the Railroad and Telegraph lines to the Pacific Ocean to act in connection with those named in the Act, have been appointed.

THE OWATONNA CONVENTION.

Mr. Windom Nominated by Acclamation.

RESOLUTION FOR AN EXTRA SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE ADOPTED UNANIMOUSLY.

The Republican Convention of the First District, met at Owatonna on Wednesday the 20th inst.

Hon. M. W. Sargeant, of Winona, was elected President, and Fred. Driscoll, of Scott, Secretary.

Hon. Wm. Windom was re-nominated for Congress, by acclamation, unanimously.

An appropriate platform was adopted, which will be presented to our readers in a day or two.

The following resolution was adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That the exigencies of the times, and the necessity which exists of supporting the government by the united voice of the whole people of the north, as well by its soldiers as its citizens, demand the inauguration of such measures as will secure the co-operation of our soldiers as well in sustaining the civil as the military branch of the government. We, therefore recommend to the Governor to call an immediate session of the Legislature to adopt such measures as will secure the desired aid.

At the close of the proceedings, Mr. Windom accepted the nomination in an eloquent and patriotic speech.

THE DRAFT—TOWN QUOTAS.

We publish a general order that will give universal satisfaction to patriotic men, and be objected to only by the lukewarm and semi-traitorous, who shirk their duty to the country. Order No. 39 provides that each township in the State shall be credited with all the volunteers, except three months men, furnished since the beginning of the war, and the quota of volunteers, or by draft, apportioned accordingly.

A WAR OF EXTERMINATION AGAINST THE SIOUX SAVAGES.

Nothing short of the entire destruction of the Sepoy devils that are desolating our borders and indiscriminately butchering in cold blood women and children, will ever satisfy our people, or restore confidence to the settlements. Every warrior that can be overtaken should be killed, and the whole tribe driven beyond the western border of the State. Never let one of these devils incarnate set foot on the soil of Minnesota again.

THE LAST DAY OF BOUNTIES.

To-day is the last day that volunteers can enlist in the new regiments and receive bounties.

Order No. 25, heretofore published, indicates that all companies and regiments not full to-day are liable at once to be consolidated, and surplus officers mustered out.

The Atlantic Monthly

For September is received. It is sprightly and vigorous as ever. Its contents are: David Gaunt, by the author of "Life in the Iron Mills"; Cerebral Dynamics, by Isaac Ray, M. D., Superintendent of the Butler Hospital, Providence, R. I.; A New Sculptor, by Mrs. Julia Ward Howe; Plays and Play-Acting; Off Shore; Life in the Open Air, by the late Theodore Winthrop; Rifle Clubs, by H. W. S. Cleveland; Two Summers, by Mrs. Elizabeth Akers; Mr. Axtell; Methods of Study in Natural History, by Louis Agassiz; Gabriel's Defeat, by Thomas Wentworth Higginson; Bethel, by A. J. H. Duganne; The Horrors of San Domingo, by John Weiss; The Life of Birds by Thomas Wentworth Higginson; A Complaint of Friends by the author of "My Garden"; The Opposition Party; Reviews and Literary Notices.

THE SIOUX WAR.

The news of the recent murderous attack upon the frontier settlements in Brown and Renville counties, as it begins to come to us in detail, assumes the proportions of a massacre more horrible than has been perpetrated by the savage devils within the present century. Agent Galbraith writes that so far as is known *one hundred* persons have been murdered, and he believes the number will reach a thousand.

MR. PORTER'S STATEMENT.

Mr. J. J. Porter, a member of the Legislature from Blue Earth county, arrived in town yesterday, to procure arms for a volunteer company from that county, to go and fight the Indians. He says a committee of citizens, composed of Messrs. Porter, Dukes and Tate, on Monday evening last went up to New Ulm from Mankato, to get reliable information concerning the murders in that neighborhood. They arrived there at noon, and witnessed the preparations made for burying five persons who were murdered above that place, and whose bodies had been brought to New Ulm. He also saw four persons who had been horribly mangled and in the agonies of death—one a little girl cut across the face, breast and side; another, a boy horribly mutilated, also a middle-aged women. In another room was a child with its hand cut off and with sixteen other cuts. Forty were killed in the neighborhood. A company were drilling in the town with old guns and pitchforks, and preparing to resist the attack upon that town which was momentarily expected.

In coming to St. Paul, Mr. Porter met a citizen of New Ulm, who left that place several hours after he did. The Indians made an attack on the town on Tuesday at five o'clock. They burned five buildings, including the brewery. There appeared to be about 200 of them mounted.

LETTER FROM THE SHERIFF OF BROWN COUNTY.

To Gov. Ramsey:

The Sioux Indians have commenced war. This morning the Agencies at Yellow Medicine and Red Wood were destroyed; then an attack was made on the settlers of that part of the reservation and on those adjoining, in which about thirty were killed—men, women and children.

A party of twelve unarmed men, were going out of New Ulm to recruit in the town of Milford, when they were attacked; three were killed and two wounded.

Now, sir, we are not strong enough to protect ourselves against this murdering band of Indians. Therefore, I request you to send us at least 1,000 men, well armed, not only to defend, but to drive back those murderers as far as possible. There are but two ways to keep up our settlements; either have a strong force detailed to this county to keep these Indians on their reservations, or kill them all at once, and that would be the best. The people here intend to kill every blanket-wearing and arms-bearing Indian who steps into Brown county, and those who have relations and friends among the slain will demand that this murderous band be delivered up to them. I am informed it was Wabashaw's band, led by a negro. Help quick.

CHARLES ROOS.

FROM AGENT GALBRAITH

FORT RIDGLEY, Aug. 20th, 1862.

TO GOVERNOR RAMSEY:

From reliable information, all the Sioux Indians are up in arms, and indiscriminately murdering every white person, and devastating the country. We are here with about 150 effective men—mostly undrilled. We dare not leave this point until re-inforced. More than 100 persons are *known* to be killed; and we believe that at least 1,000 are. Neither age nor sex is spared. At least 1,000 effective men are needed here at once, with ammunition &c., for an *exterminating campaign*. We call for the men forthwith. We cannot now go into the details of this horrible massacre. It is more than your imagination can picture. Send on the men and the equipments.

Very Respectfully,
T. J. GALBRAITH,
U. S. Agent.

NOTE.—My wife and family are doubtless in the hands of these miserable devils. Dr. Humphreys and his wife were burned up. Brown County, above New Ulm, has been devastated, and New Ulm is partially fired, but we are informed the Indians have been repulsed.

FROM ALD. DAILEY.

FORT RIDGLEY, Aug. 20.

Dear Brother:—We are yet here in the Fort—all safe. Kennedy came in last night, [from Yellow Medicine,] having walked over 70 miles in the last 24 hours. The Indians commenced the massacre on Tuesday morning. Kennedy was warned by a half-breed, and had just barely time to escape on foot. He saw them break into our store. All the white people at the Upper Agency had congregated in the warehouse, among whom was Maj. Galbraith's wife and children and Sinks and wife—all of whom have long ere this been massacred by the savages. We have been reinforced by 50 men from Company C, and by Maj. Galbraith with 50 men from St. Peter, which has so strengthened us that we don't fear. We are all of us soldiers. Our party are posted in the warehouse, which is built of stone. We armed ourselves with guns and hatchets, determined to fight to the last. Last evening we saw some Indians in a piece of woods about a mile off, when we brought out a cannon and threw four shells in among them, which made them yell and skedaddle. We have here at the Fort a large brass piece and two mountain howitzers, with plenty of shell, round shot and canister, and if they should make an attack in the day-time, we can blow them to atoms.

I cannot begin to write you the particulars of this affair. My heart sickens as I think of it. One case I will relate: Dr. Humphrey and family saw what was going on, and commenced to flee, but were pursued and overtaken at a house, into which they all ran, except one of them, a little boy, who is now here, ran into the bushes and escaped. He saw them shoot his father down before he got in at the door, when they attacked the house, and burned it to the ground, with all those that were in it. This boy lay concealed in the bushes until the company of soldiers came up, when he joined them, and was with them through that fight when the balls flew like hail. This boy is a relative of W. L. Ames. We will send him to St. Paul.

We have just discovered some Indians which they are going to shell. I must stop and see the sport. C. M. D.

LETTER FROM A. J. VAN VORHES.

FORT RIDGELY, Aug. 20th, 1862, 12 M.

Editors of the St. Paul Press:

Knowing the intense excitement that must prevail throughout the State in consequence of the Indian outbreaks, and massacres of the past two days, and with the hope that a full knowledge of the facts will stimulate the Government and citizens to prompt and decisive action, I hasten to communicate such items as the excitement of the hour, and the exigencies of affairs as they appear to one on the ground will suggest.

It is well known that dissatisfaction has existed in the various tribes for some weeks past, in consequence of the delay of the Government in making the annual payment; but no one dreamed of a well-organized and systematically arranged outbreak, embracing tribes which have ever been hostile to each other. This fact, in connection with circumstances that have come to my knowledge within the past few days, convince me that it is a part of the plan of the great rebellion. The Government will be convinced of this fact should it prove that this is a systemized raid all along the border, from Pembina to the Missouri River.

The party attending Mr. Wycoff, acting Superintendent, who was on his way to the Upper Sioux Agency to make the annual payment, met a messenger about six miles from this place, on Monday morning, announcing an outbreak at the Lower Sioux Agency, and the murder of all the whites in the vicinity, except the few who had made their escape. Upon our arrival here, we found the statement confirmed. Upon learning the facts Captain Marsh immediately set out for the agency with forty-five men of his command—leaving some twenty at the garrison. In the evening, seventeen of his men returned. At the ferry opposite the agency, Captain Marsh encountered a large body of warriors, who opened fire upon him. After a few volleys a large body of Indians ambushed in his rear, also opened upon him, immediately killing a number of his men. A retreat was attempted in which it was thought expedient to make a crossing of the river. While in the water, a volley was fired upon Captain Marsh, who immediately went down. Beside the Captain, three sergeants and four corporals are known to be killed; and a large number of his command. Up to this time but four additional soldiers have returned—three of them mortally wounded.

Monday night was a night of anxiety and peril to the little band at this garrison. Every man became a soldier, and every precaution was taken to protect the fort. Lieut. Gere, of Company B, did all in his power, whose efforts were seconded by every civilian. The lights of burning buildings and grain stacks lighted the entire horizon. Escaped citizens came in during the night, giving accounts of horrors too terrible for the imagination to conceive or appreciate. Mothers came in rags and barefooted, whose husbands and children had been slaughtered before their eyes. Children came, who witnessed the murder of their parents, or their burning in their own houses. Every species of torture and barbarity the imagination can picture, seems everywhere to have been resorted to. I am no alarmist, and would not excite the public mind; but these things are *true*, and unless met with the most energetic and thorough resistance by Government and people, God only knows when the end will be. Our entire frontier border will be sacrificed unless immediate assistance is given.

On Monday morning, a messenger was dispatched for the company under Lieut. Sheehan, of Company C, stationed at Fort Ripley, who had been here some weeks with his command awaiting the payment, but who had been ordered back to Ripley on Saturday. He was overtaken 42 miles from this place. With commendable promptness he immediately turned back and arrived yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, making a forced march with his gallant men of 42 miles in the incredibly short space of nine hours. Never a set of gallant men were received with more heartfelt gratitude than the command of Lieut. Sheehan. Men and women and children expressed their gratitude with tears and blessings upon them all. The first movement of Lieut. Sheehan, tired and worn out as he was, was to examine the picket posts and take prompt and energetic steps to strengthen his position. The little squads of Indians who had been skulking about the groves and bluffs adjacent, were immediately shelled and dispersed by Sergeant Jones.

Last evening Maj. Galbraith, who was on his way to Fort Snelling with fifty recruits and had reached St. Peter, arrived—having learned the state of affairs and secured arms at that place. We now have about 250 armed men, and can hold the post against any probable contingency, but with this force, no assistance can be given the suffering thousands all around us. One or two regiments should be dispatched with proper equipments—otherwise this border will be desolated.

The roads between here and the Agency, and in the direction of New Ulm, are lined with murdered men, women and children. From three to four hundred citizens are now in these barracks, claiming protection, five of whom are wounded—two of them children of six or eight years of age.

The hospital is already filled. Dr. Muller, the post Surgeon, is doing all that his acknowledged skill can suggest for their relief.

P. S.—The enemy is now advancing in force from the North, and the cannon and howitzers are playing upon them.

Yours, in haste,
A. J. VAN VORHES.

As soon as the above and other letters were received yesterday, the Governor ordered the balance of the Sixth Regiment, with Col. Nelson at their head, to repair to the frontier. He also issued a proclamation, which we give below, calling upon volunteer mounted men to report themselves in squads or companies to Cols. Nelson or Sibley, to assist in putting down this murderous foray. The Sigel Guards are to go to Fort Ripley. Authority was given the Dodge County Volunteers, who are at home on furlough, to be mounted and report themselves at St. Peter to Col. Nelson. Col. Robertson was last evening engaged in raising mounted volunteers to accompany the expedition under Col. Nelson, which starts from the Fort to-day. Arms for the supply of one company was started by express for Mankato yesterday, and will reach their destination this evening. The Governor has telegraphed the War and Interior Departments of the state of affairs, and asked for authority to raise a regiment of mounted men for the protection of the frontier.

Great activity was manifested in the streets last evening. As many as could get horses were preparing to accompany the expedition to-morrow. A company of about twenty men left Faribault yesterday, for the scene of action, and a meeting was held at Owatonna last evening to get volunteers for the Indian war. The people throughout the State are rushing to arms for the defence of the settlers, and in three days there will be an army of at least two thousand men at Fort Ridgley, one half of them mounted. We hope they will be able to overtake their murderous and cowardly foe, and exterminated them.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

To the People of Minnesota:

The Sioux Indians upon our Western frontier have risen in large bodies, attacked the settlements, and are murdering men, women and children. The rising appears concerted, and extends from Fort Ripley to the southern boundary of the State.

In this extremity I call upon the Militia of the Valley of the Minnesota, and the counties adjoining the frontier, to take horses, and arm and equip themselves, taking with them subsistence for a few days, and at once report, separately or in squads, to the officer commanding the expedition now moving up the Minnesota River to the scene of hostilities. The officer commanding the expedition has been clothed with full power to provide for all exigencies that may arise.

Measures will be taken to subsist the forces so raised.

This outbreak must be suppressed, and in such manner as will forever prevent its repetition.

I earnestly urge upon the settlers on the frontier, that while taking all proper precautions for the safety of their families and homes, they will not give way to any unnecessary alarm. A regiment of infantry, together with 500 cavalry, have been ordered to their defense, and with the voluntary troops now being raised, the frontier settlements will speedily be placed beyond danger.

ALEXANDER RAMSEY.

Executive Chamber, St. Paul, Aug. 21, 1862.

WHAT HAS BEEN DONE.

It is not true that the Government has made little progress in the suppression of the rebellion. Maryland has been preserved for the Union; Western Virginia has been wrested from the hands of the rebels; Kentucky and Missouri, no longer neutral ground, are ranged boldly under the Stars and Stripes; the rebels have been driven from nearly all their strong holds on the Mississippi; and while Governor Andrew Johnson directs the tottering steps of Tennessee, just recovering from her political delerium, General Butler rears the Stars and Stripes over the commercial capital of the South, and General Hunter, strongly entrenched on the coast, is preparing for the conquest of Charleston. The army of the Potomac has been extricated from its false position, and while Halleck, Burnside and Pope are conspiring to obtain a new base of operations, preparatory to some vigorous stroke against the enemy, the Administration at Washington gives one more *turn to the screws*, resolved to *play* at war no longer.

The people respond to the call of the President, and a new army is enrolled to complete the work, which has been commenced. Soon, there will be in the field an army of ten or twelve hundred thousand men—proof conclusive that the Government is really in earnest, to prosecute the war to a speedy and successful termination.

Meanwhile we await the unfolding of Halleck's plans—the issue of which must of course depend upon the equipment and discipline of the troops now enlisting in the service of the Government.

Westminster Review for Sept., 1862.

The articles are: "The Life and Policy of Pitt;" "Dr. Davidson's Introduction to the Old Testament;" "Sir William Hamilton—his doctrines on perception and judgment;" "English Rule in India;" "Celebrated Literary Friendships;" "The Dawn of Animal Life;" "Contemporary Literature."

Published by Leonard Scott & Co., 79 Fulton street, New York.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, Min., Aug. 21st, 1862.

[SPECIAL ORDERS NO. TWENTY-ONE.]

The fractional part of a Company, under command of First Lieutenant Egbert E. Hughson, of the Sixth Regiment Minnesota Volunteers, is transferred to the Ninth Regiment.

The Young Men's Guard, under command of Capt. Daniel H. Valentine, of the Ninth Regiment is transferred to the Sixth Regiment, and will report forthwith to Col. A. D. Nelson, at Fort Snelling.

The fractional part of a Company recruited by Second Lieutenant Thomas S. Slaughter, of the Seventh Regiment, is transferred to the Sixth Regiment, and united and consolidated with the fractional part of a company recruited by Capt. C. A. Bromley, of the Sixth Regiment, so that the said two fractions shall constitute and be one company.

The recruits enlisted by Lieutenants Hermann Kreitz, of the Tenth Regiment, and Julius Gross, of the Eleventh Regiment, are transferred to the Sigel Guards, under command of Capt. Rudolph Schoenemann, of the Sixth Regiment; and all of said recruits will report forthwith to Capt. Schoenemann, at Fort Snelling, for medical inspection, and abide further orders, or they will be treated as deserters.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
OSCAR MALMROS,
a22-1t Adjutant General.

THE CITY.

WE had another soaking rain all day yesterday—bad, very bad for the grain lying on the ground all over the State.

THE boys of Minnehaha Engine Company have presented Captain Grant, their late Foreman, with a splendid sword, sash and belt.

AN elegant sword and sash were presented yesterday to the gallant Captain Shoenamann, of Company C, Sixth regiment, by the Pioneer Hook and Ladder Company.

THE panic-stricken people of Carver and Sibley counties, who came down day before yesterday, on account of the Indian scare, all, or nearly all, returned yesterday. There have, of course, been Indians within fifty miles of those counties.

WE shall publish on Sunday morning, the sermon of the Rev. Mr. Hawley, of the Congregational Church, which has been spoken so highly of among all denominations. Persons wanting extra copies of the paper, will leave orders at our counter to-day or to-morrow.

OLMSTED COUNTY BOYS.—The Olmsted County Company have elected Hon. W. K. Tattersall as Captain. They number 101 men, all but ten between the ages of twenty-one and forty. This company goes into the Sixth Regiment. Another full company has been recruited in that county, who will be here in a day or two, for the Tenth Regiment.

MILL BURNT AT MANKATO.—On Tuesday night the flour mill of Dukes & Co., at Mankato, caught fire, probably by accident, and was burned. At the time of the fire the impression seized hold of the public mind that it was the work of Indians, and during the rest of the night the greatest panic prevailed, especially among the women and children.

KILLED.—Lieut. John Ogden, of the First Wisconsin Cavalry, formerly principal of our State Normal School at Winona, well known in this city, as a lecturer and author of a work on teaching, was killed in a recent engagement with rebel guerillas in Southeastern Missouri. Two young men, Thompson Robinson and Geo. G. Gray, also of Winona, were seriously wounded, and E. Young, of Mazeppa, Goodhue county, was killed in the same engagement.

SCARCITY OF SMALL CHANGE.—The scarcity of small change is felt almost as much now as before the late issue of small city notes. At the time this issue was authorized, it was supposed that $5,000 worth would be sufficient for all the demands of the business community, but they have circulated so extensively over a large portion of the State, where they are eagerly taken, that it is thought not $1,000 remains in the city. In view of this state of things the Council at its last sitting authorized $3,000 more. This, by judicious management, it is believed, will not be dissipated till after the government stamps have made their appearance when small change will be plenty again.

For the Press.

CHISAGO COUNTY.—Chisago county has done well for the *good cause*, having furnished sixty-one men for Capt. Burt's Stillwater company, and Monday last, Frank M. Thornton, with twelve men from the little village of Chisago City, passed through our streets on their way to the Fort to join Capt. Bromley's Stillwater Guards, making seventy-three men from the county, when its quota was but fifty-four, and twenty-four men from Chisago City, when its quota was but eight.

Chisago City, as our readers may remember, is a small village on Chisago Lake, chiefly known from the Stave Manufacturing works of a A. Thornton & Co., situated there.

The surrounding scenery is very beautiful, and like the *Swiss Cantons*, may have inspired the inhabitants with a purer and more ardent patriotism.

That their sacrifices of personal interests may be blessed by a long life under the *free* and beneficial institutions of our beloved country, is the ardent wish of every true patriot, and

FIDELIONS.

New Advertisements.

MINNESOTA RIVER.

The Fast Light Draught Steamboat
NEW ULM BELLE,
SCOTT, MASTER,

Will leave on Friday, the 22d, at 9 A. M. for Ft. Snelling, and returning will again leave at 4 P. M. for St. Peter. For freight or passage apply on board. a22-1t

K. SPENCER,

Dentist, 23 Years,

MINNEAPOLIS, - - - - - MINNESOTA.

As far as I know, my terms for practice will be the usual fees of Dentists of this State.

I insert ARTIFICIAL PIVOT TEETH, which are healthier, cheaper, more beautiful and durable than teeth set on plate.

PIVOT TEETH DO NOT PREVENT THE TASTING OF FOOD—PLATE TEETH DO.

I so stop decayed places in the crowns of Teeth, (elegantly,) as to last the life of the patient.

☞ Consultations without charge. a21-6m

INFORMATION WANTED.

Any information concerning the whereabouts of Chas. H., or Wm. H. Edwards or Caroline Edwards, who formerly lived in Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minnesota, will be thankfully received by the undersigned, who lives in Newport, Campbell County, Kentucky.

J. K. EDWARDS.

☞ St. Anthony papers please copy once. a19

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO ST. PAUL.

WINSLOW'S LINE.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Mail Road and Telegraph Line to the Pacific.

COMMISSIONERS APPOINTED

Revenue Cutters for Indiana

Order for Drafting to be Enforced.

WASHINGTON, August 20.

Under the authority of the act of July 14th, to aid the construction of railroads and telegraph lines to the Pacific Ocean, the Secretary of the Interior has appointed the following named gentlemen to be Commissioners in conjunction with the other Commissioners named in the act: Sam'l J. Tilden and Henry H. Poor, of New York: Wm. D. Griswold, of Indiana: Robert W. Latham, of the District of Columbia, and Dr. O. M. Wasencraft, of California.

The following are the appointments for the State of Indiana, under internal revenue act, made to-day:

1st Dist.—O. B. Slaughter, of Vincennes, collector: John Pitcher, of Mt. Vernon, assessor.

2nd Dist.—David Teler, collector: Thos S. Slaughter, of Corydon, assessor.

3rd Dist.—John S. Hunter, of Bloomington, collector; Wm. Browning, assessor.

Mr. Stanton said to-day that the order for drafting to fill up old regiments would be enforced without fail by the first of September. The old regiments which have not been recruited up to the full strength before the time of drafting will at once be filled by draft.

FROM REBEL ARMY.

Concentration of Troops.

FLANK MOVEMENT ON POPE.

POOLSVILLE, Md., Aug. 19.

[*Special to Herald.*]—The following narration was given me by a civilian who arrived from Richmond Sunday. He left Richmond last Wednesday, the 13th, travelling to Sexton's Junction, 27 miles north of the city, by private conveyance, thence by rail to Gordonsvills, and then on foot to the Potomac. At the time he left, troops were pouring out of the city on the Virginia Central R. R. in such numbers that it was impossible for civilians to procure passage. All troops around Richmond were in motion towards the north, while others were passing through in cars for the south, supposed to be that part of the army between Petersburg and the city.—It was known at that time that McClellan had began the evacuation of Harrison's Landing. Arriving at Sexton's Junction, he saw large encampments, extending from the south side of the Pamunkey river to several miles north of the Junction, and also from the Junction in a westerly direction up the valley of the north Anna river, small camps were visible at several localities along the railroad from the Junction and the crossing of the common road from Fredericksburg, where another large body was also encamped. At Louisa Court House was another large body, and thence to Gordonsville several regiments were strung along the road in camps every two or three miles from Gordonsville, where there were not more than six or seven regiments. A heavy force could be seen camping on the hills stretching to the northeast, in the direction of Orange Court House. He stopped some hours at Gordonsville, and during that time saw not less than ten trains arrive over the Central railroad from the south, and the Charlotteville railroad from Lynchburg; those from Richmond bringing troops and supplies. My informant, judging from what he saw, says the whole confederate army in Virginia is by this time in position of the Virginia Central railroad, and that it numbers nearly 250,000 men. Stonewall Jackson was said to have left Gordonsville, but none know his whereabouts. Our informant passed through Stannardsville, and saw quite a heavy force at that point. They were not encamped, and seemed prepared to move. More troops were said to be marching to the same point from Charlottsville and Gordonsville. This looks as if they contemplated a flank movement against Pope's right. If so, it will probably be led by Jackson.

FROM CINCINNATI.

Indiana Regimiments Sent to Kentucky.

Railroad Depots Under Guard.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 21.

A special dispatch from Indianapolis says the Mayor of Henderson, Ky., fled to the rebel army.

The entire City Countil arrested for refusing to take the oath of allegiance, but released upon resigning, giving bonds. Five thousand dollars in property has been seized, and a new election ordered.

Ten Indiana regiments, four companies of cavalry and one battery have already gone into Kentucky. Two other regiments are expected to leave last night.

The *Commercial* says, to-day, that gnards will be stationed at the railroad depots and all other avenues leading from the State, who will require the exhibition of Provost Marshal passes from all persons leaving.

Gen. Heintzelman.

FORTRESS MONROE, August 19.

A letter to the New York *Tribune* says: Gen. Heintzelman did not accompany the army in its march down the Peninsula, but struck off in another direction towards the White House. His exact course and whereabouts were not known, but the common remak was that he had gone off to look up a fight. He was accompanied by Averill's cavalry, who stampeded a body of the enemy's cavalry some distance above. It is surmised that Gen. H. will make his appearance in the neighborhood of White House or West Point.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

Movements of the Rebels.

Embarkation of Troops.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 19.

A letter to the New York *Times* from Fortress Monroe, says: The army is already in process of embarkation for another field of operations.

Porter's corps performed a very rapid march from Yorktown, making the whole distance of near thirty miles in less than a day.

The direction of Gen. Morrell with the staff reached Hampton yesterday P. M., and the wagon train, with the whole corps were comfortably encamped before night. This morning they took up their line of march to Newport, from which place they will embark.

Sykes' division are already on board transports.

Summer's corps, which formed the rear guard of the army, with French's brigade forming the extreme rear, arrived at Yorktown yesterday, all safe, and will embark soon.

The entire wagon train corps arrived at Hampton, and encamped to-day.

New Advertisements.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, Min., August 21st, 1862.

[GENERAL ORDERS NO. THIRTY-NINE.]

Whereas, it has been reliably represented to the Commander-in-Chief that many townships of this State have already contributed more than their proper quota of volunteers, while others have sent few or none, and that great injustice will in many instances be done by apportioning the quotas of the townships without taking into account the numbers furnished since the commencement of the war, therefore

It is ordered, that in counties where the same is practicable, the enrolling officers (Agents or Assessors) shall return the names of all citizens of the several townships, who have enlisted from each township since the commencement of the war, with the name of the Regiment and Company to which they belong—excepting those known as "three months' volunteers."

In case the said returns of any township are imperfectly made, it shall be competent for the Commissioner, upon the application of any citizen, to receive proof satisfactory to the said Commissioner, of the number of volunteers furnished by said township, and to correct the returns accordingly.

In counties where such returns are made it shall be the duty of the County Auditor, subject an appeal to the Commissioner, in establishing the quota of each township, to charge such township with its proportion (according to the number of citizens fit for militia duty in the same,) of the entire force already raised or now to be raised by the State, and to credit it with the number of recruits already furnished by it, and should a draft become necessary in such county to draw on said township for the balance of recruits due from it, or such proportion thereof as may be necessary to make up the quota required of the county.

In counties wherein, by reason of inability on the part of the Assessors, or the Agent, or from lack of time, the number of recruits furnished before the 20 of July, 1862, cannot be ascertained and reported, the same course will be pursued already directed in General Orders No. 36, from this Department.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.
OSCAR MALMROS,
a22-4t Adjutant General.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, Min., August 21st, 1862.

[GENERAL ORDERS NO. THIRTY-NINE.]

The Sixth Regiment Minnesota Volunteers having been ordered out to assist in suppressing the Indian outbreak on our Western frontier, all soldiers of the said regiment now absent on furlough, will join their respective companies at the earliest possible moment.

The soldiers of the Seventh Regiment Minnesota Volunteers now absent on furlough, or otherwise, will report themselves forthwith to Colonel Benjamin F. Smith, Commandant at Fort Snelling, the place of general rendezvous of the regiments now forming in this State.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant-General.

To Destroy——Rats, Roaches, &c.
To Destroy——Mice, Moles and Ants.
To Destroy——Bed-Bugs.
To Destroy——Moths in Furs, Clothes, &c.
To Destroy——Mosquitoes and Fleas.
To Destroy——Insects on Plants and Fowls.
To Destroy——Insects on Animals, &c.
To Destroy——Every form and species of Vermin.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS,
THE
"ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN,"
Destroys Instantly
EVERY FORM AND SPECIES OF
VERMIN.

HOUSEKEEPERS—troubled with vermin need be so no longer, if they use "COSTAR'S" Exterminators. We have used it to our satisfaction, and if a box cost $5 we would have it. We had tried poisons, but they effected nothing; but "COSTAR'S" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Bed-Bugs, quicker than we can write it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina [O.] Gazette.*

MORE GRAIN and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin, than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster [Wis.] Herald.*

"COSTAR'S" RAT, ROACH, &c., EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC POWDER, FOR INSECTS, &c., in 25c, 50c and $1.00 boxes, bottles and flasks, $3 and $5 size for plantations, ships, boats, hotels, &c., &c.

☞ SOLD EVERYWHERE—by all Wholesale Druggists in the large cities.

Some of the Wholesale Agents in New York City.—Shieffelin Brothers & Co.; B. A. Fahnestock, Hull & Co.; A. B. & D. Sands & Co.; Wheeler & Hart; James S. Aspinwall; Morgan & Allen; Hall, Rucket & Co.; Thomas & Fuller; P. D. Orvis; Harral, Risley & Kitchen; Bush, Gale & Robinson; M. Ward, Close & Co.; McKisson & Robbins; D. S. Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Lazelle, Marsh & Gardner; Hall, Dixon & Co.; Conrad Fox, and others.

Also, all Wholesale Druggists at Philadelphia, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; and by Druggists, Grocers, Storekeepers and Retailers generally in all Country Towns and Villages in the United States.

AT ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA,
☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS.

☞ Country Dealers can order as above, or address orders direct—[or if price, terms, &c., is desired, send for (1862) Circular, giving reduced prices] to HENRY R. COSTAR,
Principal Depot—No. 512 Broadway—(Opposite the St. Nickolas Hotel,) New York. a21-d&w3m

FORT SNELLING AND ST. PAUL PACKET,
POMEROY,
CAPTAIN E. BEGL,
MAKES THREE TRIPS DAILY.

Leaves St. Paul at 7 A. M., 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Leaves Ft. Snelling at 8 A. M., 11 A. M. and 6 P. M.
Leaving as above and connecting with the morning and evening down-river Packets.
a19-dtf

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE

PRESS PRINTING COMPY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

TERMS:

DAILY PRESS—To city subscribers, fifteen cents per week, or, if paid in advance, $7.00 per annum; $1.75 for three months. By mail—$6.00 per annum, or fifty cents per month, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$3.50 per annum; $2 for six months; $1 for three months; clubs of five at $3 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2.00; three copies, $4.00; six copies, $7.00; eight copies, $9.00; ten copies, TO ONE ADDRESS, $10.00.

The Time Has Come.

The N. Y. *Independent* of last week has a long and powerful leader by Henry Ward Beecher, entiled. "The Time Has Come." We have space only for its conclusion:

This is our answer to those specious pleas, "To make war our first business, and settle policies afterward." In this case Policy is a part of War. It is Policy that has kept our Generals striking with the sheath on their swords. It has been a false Policy that shrank back from the life and health that were in Fremont's Proclamation in Missouri. It has been a confused and impracticable Policy that has sent Buell a-crawling like a tortoise through dilatory months, where he should have flown like an eagle or marched like a man! It has been Policy which has paralyzed a quarter of a million of men on the Potomac for a year. War cannot be flung like a bomb through the air. War is Policy. The only question is, *what that Policy shall be?*

Hitherto the Government has undertaken to make war upon sovereign States so as to subdue the people without changing their political rights. We have had enough of such folly.

Now, we ask a Sane Policy. If a State is in a condition to justify war, it will justify the total subversion of its civil economy. War is only Government in arms. To enter a State with a Federal army is to violate every principle of independency. Let us accept the fact. Let us proclaim it. Let us take advantage of it. Let us use that force and authority, so justly in conflict with rebellious States, to purge out of them whatever elements will make it dangerous for them to live in a national federation.

We have been made irresolute, indecisive, and weak by the President's attempt to unite impossibilities; to make war, and keep the peace; to strike hard, and not hurt; to invade sovereign States, and not meddle with their sovereignty; to put down rebellion, without touching its cause; to bring an infuriated people into enforced union with their enemies, and to leave all their causes of quarrels unsettled and vigorous, and yet hope for future concord.

The way to make war is to destroy slavery. The way to secure peace after war is to destroy slavery. If any have scruples about interfering with Southern rights, their scruples are too late. We have already done it. War is supreme interference. We have violated State sovereignty as much as it can be done.—What State sovereignty is there under an imposed Military Governor intruded upon New Orleans, Nashville, and Newbern?

The only question is whether we will use that lawful intrusion for the ends of health and peace, or whether we will go on with a timid and fatuous policy, designed to roll over upon future times tenfold greater disturbances than those which we have suffered.

Is it not time for us to ponder the meaning of God's providence?

With what energy did men resist the Anti-Slavery discussion of the past thirty years! But it prevailed and covered the land. With what desperate energy did the North resist the legislation of 1850 and the infamous Fugitive-Slave law! But it was in vain. With what fierce indignation did the whole North resist the abrogation of the Missouri Compromise! But it was broken up, and the Kansas volcano uncapped. Then came the fiery campaign between Fremont the Eagle, and Buchanan the Owl. In the days of him whom the Conservatives elected as safe and prudent, came Secession. When it was threatened, we refused to believe that it would happen. We were all mistaken. We then refused to believe that there would be war. But it flamed abroad, and has filled half a hemisphere!

Thus far, the conservative North has been striving to conduct this war so as not to meddle with the so-called Southern right of Slavery. But, in spite of every scruple, events have crowded men to the necessity of confiscation and of emancipation. There is one more step. It is the last sublime step toward National safety and National Christian glory. It is immediate and universal emancipation!

Ah, men of America! Patriots! Christians! Could you but cleanse your native land of the inconsistency with her own vital principles, and give to her coming times undiseased with Slavery, bright with the immortal beauty of Liberty, would it not be worth all treasures and all sufferings?

It may be done. Let every man rise up and demand it! Each man's voice is but a breath. But let breath mingle with breath, and the current begin to move, as a storm marches, which, gathering force as it goes, moves the very deep and shakes the land. Then, when the earthquake of War shall have been felt, and the great and stormy voice of the People, our rulers will peradventure hear the still small voice of God, speaking with irresistible authority—"Let my people go!"—and bow down and obey!

Employing the Contrabands.

Brigadier-General Birney lately wrote to General Kearney for instructions as to the employment of blacks. The following is General Kearney's reply:

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, THIRD CORPS, Camp near Harrison's Landing, August 5th, 1862.

GENERAL:—Your communication of this date relative to contrabands is received. The Southerners employ blacks as a military unarmed element, viz: ruralists. I am of opinion that we should employ them, unarmed, in like manner, for everything in which they can render sevice, and thus enable the whites to carry the musket. Therefore I fully advise their being used as teamsters, pioneers, (unarmed,) and as cooks in the regiments. Lieutenant-Col. Ingalls will furnish them.

Respectfully,
P. KEARNEY.

To Brigadier-General Birney.

In accordance with these instructions General Birney has ordered each regiment in his command to obtain twenty cooks, ten teamsters, and twenty pioneers, making three hundred contrabands employed in the brigade.

Archbishop Hughes on American Affairs.

Archbishop Hughes, on his recent visit to Dublin, Ireland, made a speech to his former countrymen, in which he said things that have brought down upon him the anathemas of the whole British press. The following is an extract from it:

"Allusions have been made to the present melancholy circumstances of the country which received me. I have lived in that country nearly half a century. It was a country united, substantially united, but with a margin of a generally approved difference of opinion, which would not permit the human mind to stagnate for the want of something to agitate its power. There has been enough of moral and mental activity to keep things in motion in America. That country is certainly a sad spectacle to the universe to-day. Some powers of the earth are endeavoring for the nonce to unite an old country with hereditary traditions, and so render her seemingly incapable of cohesion, and, we know, it is God only knows whether this same extraordinary process, both of mind and physical organ, may not be employed for dividing another country that was likewise united. (Hear and cheers.) At all events, if you will have the kindness to leave us alone on our side, we'll settle our own affairs quietly. (Hear, hear, and cheers.) Eventually, not quietly, but they will be settled if you keep your hands off. That point is understood perfectly. I have now been ten months absent from the country of my adoption; and although I have had no direct or frequent intercourse with the men who were looked to as the oracles of public sentiment, I know well what is the sentiment of that country. When I left, I left with a commission of peace in its name, for the voice of peace is that which would be in harmony with my personal character, still more with my clerical character; and I have endeavored to discharge all the duties, and to fulfill all the hopes, that were imposed on me, or expected, and I trust, not altogether with at effect.

Washington Gossip.

From the Washington correspondence of the Springfield *Republican*, we take the following:

"If one asks Mr. Stanton what is going to be done with McClellan's army, he explains, 'I am not General-in-Chief—I know nothing of such matters—ask Halleck.' If you ask the President a similar question he replies, 'You forget we have a General who commands all the armies and makes all the plans to suit himself—ask him.' And then if you know Halleck and ask *him* you will get the reply, 'When you *see* a movement believe in it, and not before.' This is promising —some of the men at headquarters are getting so they can keep military secrets. It is the most hopeful symptom of the times. Bye and bye the rebels of Richmond won't know our plans before they are two days old!

Mr. Crittenden, Mr. Holt and Mr. Mallory have had great influence with Mr. Seward and the President on the negro question, while such men as Gen. Rousseau, Mr. Casey, an M. C. from Maryland, who are ready to abolish slavery though they are both slaveholders, have little or no influence with them. Mr. Lincoln sometimes admits such charges as this to be perfectly true, saying in his laughing way, 'you are my friend—I can say and do what I please with you. But this other man I am in doubt about, yet it is important that I retain him in adhesion to our cause, so I go out of my way to please him, while I almost abuse you, who will stick by me, or the cause, come what will!"

Gossip from the Rebel Camp.

The following is a copy of a letter from an officer in the Rebel Navy, to his wife in Baltimore:

Dear Wife: Since I last wrote a change has taken place in my wordly prospects, owing to the number of vessels being so small now in our Navy. It became necessary to reduce the number of officers, and unfortunately not having any political influence, I was among the number dropped. Our captain is making strenuous efforts for my reinstation, and should he not succeed, I will go either into "the Maryland Partizan Rangers" or come home and go to sea again. We have been trying to get up a "Partizan Corps"—I and Johnny Welsh and others. But the Government has put a stop to our recruiting. It wants to force us all in the Maryland line, and none of us wish to go, as Bradley Johnson and Major Dorsey are so much disliked. They think that starvation will force us into the Seventh Maryland. Some of us will have to do so, but a lot of us are determined to come home if we don't succeed in getting up our own corps. Go into a Virginia regiment, *we won't*. They are as cowardly as the North Carolinians, and half Yankees at heart. I am very much mortified at being turned out, as I have been in every battle on James River, including the one at "Drury's Bluff" (or as the Yankees call it, Fort Boykin), and I think I deserve better from them. Marylanders are not appreciated here. I think they have made up their minds to abandon our poor old State to its fate. We are beginning to think that the best thing all of us can do is to go home and abandon the war, even if we all rot in jail when we get there. I came into the war to fight for dear old Maryland, but I almost despair of her now. Show this to Ma and Ned. Kiss the children: and believe me, my darling, ever your loving husband, T. W. BENSHALL.

Our Food and Cotton Commerce.

The advices we published yesterday from Stockholm, showing the demand now springing up in Northern Europe for American provisions, is one of the numerous indications which are multiplying every day as to the designs of Providence that this country should be to the European nations of the nineteenth century what the rich fertile fields of Sicily were to the Roman empire under the Cæsars—an exhaustless granary and a perennial source of food of every kind, to be depended on though all supplies besides should fail.

Considering its recent growth, the extent of our trade in breadstuffs and provisions is certainly most gratifying. In this city many of our merchants can well remember the feeling of curiosity with which the product of the first Western packing of provisions was received in New York. A few years ago, three States—New York, Vermont and New Jersey—supplied all the pork and beef sold here. In the Eastern States the trade was in its infancy, the packing was rude, and the product inferior. Now, hereafter, a vast commerce has sprung up, and the beef of Chicago or the pork of Cincinnati are admitted to be almost unrivaled both in quality and excellence of cure.

Of course, the great improvements which have been realized from the amount of capital and skill attracted to this department of our domestic trade, are largely due to the foreign demand. Fifteen years ago the exportation of American provisions was regarded with the same distrust which greeted the project for the exportation of cotton toward the close of the last century. But since of food, as of cotton, there is no practical limit to our production, we may anticipate that any diminished export of the one may be compensated by an increased export of the other. So that whatever happens to our cotton trade as a consequence of the existing war, we may still keep up in the future our extensive foreign commerce, and retain as completely as heretofore the enviable advantage of being the creditor nation of the world.—*New York Times.*

Correspondence Between Gen. Halleck and Lee.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.

A long correspondence is published between Generals Halleck, U. S. A., and Lee, of the Confederate army. The letter inquires into the facts of the hanging of Mumford, at New Orleans, and Owens in Missouri. Also the imprisonment of Confederate citizens refusing to take the oath of allegiance to the United States; also, regarding Hunter's arming the negroes against their masters in South Carolina, and Gen. Phelps at New Orleans, and also Gen. Fitch, who is reported to have murdered two peaceable citizens because one of his men, while invading our country, was killed by an unknown person while defending his home. Lee threatens retaliation, and says he is authorized by President Davis to say that if an answer to the inquiries is not received in fifteen days from the delivery of the letters it will be assumed that the alleged facts are true and are sanctioned by the United States. In such event, on that government will rest the responsibility of the retaliatory measures which shall be adopted to put an end to the merciless atrocities which now characterize the war against the Confederate States. Halleck says the government is not officially informed of the facts regarding Mumford and Owens; that no one has been forced to take the oath of allegiance, but that when parties take and break it they will be dealt with as ordered; that no threats of retaliation will deter this government from what is right and according to rules of modern warfare. Regarding the two last communications of Lee, Halleck says to him: "Your language is so insulting to the government I decline to receive them, and they are herewith returned."

Liability of Foreigners to a Draft.

Inquiry is made as to the liability of foreigners to a draft. The following principles, says the Philadelphia *Ledger*, may serve as a guide to those interested:

First—The foreigner who has thrown off his nationality is, of full right and without any possible dispute, exempt from any and every obligation to perform military duty, no matter how protracted his residence in the United States.

Second—The children of these foreigners, even if born within the United States, necessarily follow the condition of their parents, and cannot be compelled to assume the title and obligations of an American citizen, unless, upon attaining their majority, they shall, by acts of their own, have laid aside the nationality of their family.

Third—The abdication of the original nationality can result only from formal naturalization or the exercise of the rights of the American citizen. Those who, having made declaration of their intention to become American citizens, stopped there, have, in no wise, lost their position as foreigners.

Fourth—The son of a naturalized foreigner is an American of full right, if he be born after such naturalization.

Fifth—But if he be born previous to it, and particularly if born in his father's former country, he retains the right to choose between the two nationalities, at the period of his majority.

How T. F. Meagher Talks.

The gallant Irishman, Captain Thomas Francis Meagher, in a late speech, used these patriotic words:

"But there is also another reason, which I approach with some degree of delicacy. There is treachery or treason here among us. [Applause.] There are men who hold back, refusing their own strong arms, and cripple those who would willingly give them, because it does not suit them to have a party in power with whose political views they do not fully coincide. I do not care what party may be in power, provided it has the Constitutional sanction for being in the White House; I shall support it with all my heart. [Applause.] And I do not hesitate to say that any adopted citizen who at this moment resorts to past antecedents, in order to avoid military obligations, deserves to be execrated by the community. His ingratitude to this country, especially if he be of Irish birth, is of the basest description. Irishmen have found a home here, a shelter from wrong, and a paradise of prosperity; and, after all they have experienced of liberal encouragement to industry and success, they are without excuse if they shirk their military obligations to sustain this Government. Every man who earns his daily bread under the auspices of this Republic, should be prepared to lay down his life for it, when its authority is called in question." [Applause.]

DR. THOMAS W. EVANS, the celebrated American dentist at Paris, who is dentist to all the crowned heads of Europe, has made a lucky strike in the viceroy of Egypt, who is now in England. He will go to Alexandria next year to perform some special services for the viceroy's favorite wife. Dr. Evans visited his Royal Highness on his yacht at Woolwich, and describes him as a magnificently wealthy, liberal and amiable prince. Among his table service are plates worth $3,000 each; a gold pitcher, set with diamonds, worth at least $500,000; and the viceroy's tooth-brush alone, set richly with precious stones, is worth at least $40,000 and the stand upon which it rests half that sum.

JOHN A. STEES,

UNDERTAKER,

CORNER THIRD & MINNESOTA STREETS,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

Sole agent for Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.

Jan5tlxw1y.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT,

One of Lillie's latest improved

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES.

Enquire of L. E. BARNES, or
au9-3t address P. O., Box 233.

THREE OR FOUR BOARDERS

Can get pleasant rooms, with new furniture, and excellent table, by addressing Box 1250, St. Paul Post Office. The house is about one mile from the Winslow House, on the Bluff in Upper Town, and has extensive grounds, shade trees, &c.

jy25-dtf

Army and Navy Intelligence.

The United States Marine Corps has been increased to over 3,000 men within the last fifteen months. It consisted of about 1,000 when the war began, and consequently has been trebled since. It is made up of the best men in the service of the United States. There are usually about three-forths of the rank and file afloat, and the remainder attached to the different navy-yards. The present distribution of the corps at the home stations is as follows:

Station.	Com'd't.	No. of men.
Washington Garrison	Col. Harris	300
Washington Navy-Yard	Major Doughty	350
New York Navy-Yard	Major Garland	200
Boston Navy-Yard		111
Philadelphia Navy-Yard	Major Neuland	90
Portsmouth Navy-Yard		60
Total on shore		810

Besides these, the guards of receiving ships and such vessels as are in commission and anchored off the several stations are frequently seen in the yards. The Marine Corps is under the supervision of one Colonel, who has a brevet rank. The present incumbent is Colonel John Harris, who succeeds Colonel Henderson, of whom Congress made a Brigadier-General, in consideration of distinguished services during the Mexican war. The Marine Guard of the New Ironsides arrived from Washington at Philadelphia on Wendesday evening of last week.

In consequence of fever having been discovered on board the United States steam frigate San Jacinto, which arrived at Boston some days since from blockading duty, the repairs of that vessel must be postponed for a few days. When the Quarantine officers pass the ship, she is to be taken in hand at once, and fitted out for active service. Her officers and crew will be temporarily detached, and the marines transferred to the barracks.

Prenticiana.

From the Louisville Journal:

WHAT right has the Government to call out a million of men to incur the hardships and dangers of camp, the march, and the battle-field, in the cause of the Union, and yet permit others at home to be poisoning the atmosphere against the Union and its defenders?

THE editor of the Indianapolis *Sentinel* is evidently much distressed at the late revelations of the Indiana Grand Jury in relation to the secret organization of traitors in that State. *Why?*

A correspondent thinks that the men of the press should not be drafted. But why should the press be exempt from the press?

AN insulting secessionist was thrown the other day into the Boston Frog Pond. His dirt and secessionism were all washed off, and he joined the Federal army. The experiment might work as well in other localities.

TREASON in Kentucky is more inexcusable in Kentucky than in the Southern Confederacy. Then why should it be borne here while we pursue it there with fire and sword?

WHEN we give the rebels the cold steel they are apt to give us the cold shoulder.

OUR country has stood by us and protected us in all the perils of our lives: and shall we basely desert her in her season of awful danger?

JEFF. DAVIS got his military education at the expense of the United States Government, and he has used it in like manner.

WE have had a few reverses, but we will soon reverse the reverse.

GOTTSCHALK.—A good story is told of Gottschalk during his late professional tour in Canada. At his concert in Montreal loud calls were made for "Dixie" as soon as he took his seat. For a moment the pianoist was confused, but soon collecting himself, he faced his audience and sat in silence for a few moments with folded arms. When the tumult ceased he turned to his piano, and, as one of his companions says, played "Hail Columbia," the "Star Spangled Banner," and "Yankee Doodle," as they were never played on that instrument. The audience were completely shamed, and, acknowledging the rebuke, were liberal in their applause during the rest of the evening. It may not be generally known that Gottschalk is a native of New Orleans, and for this exhibition of his patriotism he should have full credit. After the concert he remarked to a friend that he would have seen the audience in Tophet before he would have complied with their demand.

DEVOTED TO FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

$2,488,138 19.

PHŒNIX,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

DEVOTED TO FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.

ASSETS OF THE

PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

$522,250 96.

CITY FIRE,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE

CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

$325,000.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY

Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OF WISCONSIN.

ESTABLISHED IN SAINT PAUL, 1862, AT THE OFFICE OF

O. CURTIS,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

a1-1y Corner of Third and Minnesota-sts.

HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

(Successors to Horn & Galusha and Sanborn & Lund)

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA,

Practice in all the Courts of the State, and in the Courts of the United States, at Law, in Chancery and in Admiralty.

Collections carefully and promptly attended to

mh29: 1y

BUSINESS LOCALS

24 HOURS TIME SAVED.—By taking the morning boat out of St. Paul, passengers going East arrive at the point of destination 21 hours in advance of those taking the afternoon boat of the same day. Purchase tickets of

C. L. WOOD, Ticket Agent,
a19-tf LaCrosse and Milwaukee R. R.

NOW READY.—The Rules of Practice adopted in general session of the Judges of this State and published by the PRESS PRINTING COMPANY, are now ready for delivery—price fifteen cents per copy, or $1.50 per dozen. These rules go into effect on the first of September, and will have all the authority and force of law. Every lawyer in the State must have a copy. Remittances may be made in bank notes or postage stamps.

LAND FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—1,080 acres in Mower County, well adapted for sheep and stock, low for cash, or for good unencumbered property in St. Paul, or a farm in its vicinity. Address box 1892, St. Paul Post Office. nov3

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.—The St. Paul City Mills, at the Upper Levee, is one of the best MERCHANT MILLS in the State. The proprietor keeps constantly on hand a CHOICE article of FAMILY FLOUR, made from the best Winter and Club Wheat. Also, Meal, Bran, Shorts, Middlings, &c. For sale low at wholesale and retail

a10-tf C. H. H. BAKER.

OUR HOUSE, THIRD STREET, OPPOSITE ARMORY HALL, H. F. E. VITT, PROPRIETOR.—This old established house is in full operation, and is prepared to furnish meals at all hours of the day or night. The bar is supplied with the very best liquors. The larder is always full. Oysters at 25 and 30 cents per dozen. Hot Coffee, Steaks, &c., &c. Give me a call.

feb26-d1y H. F. E. VITT.

NOTICE.—No one is authorized to make bills or otherwise contract debts for the PRESS office xcept the secretary, Mr. Bradley.

AT WHITNEY'S GALLERY. — PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.—The largest, most elegant and CHEAPEST assortment ever brought to St. Paul. a3-tf

CARBON OIL.—Just received, on consignment, and for sale to dealers, FIVE HUNDRED BARRELS best No. 1 Carbon Oil. D. T. WATSON,
a3-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

LAND WARRANTS, Half Breed and Revolutionary Scrip—all sizes—prices.

jy28 THOMPSON BROS.

TWENTY ACRE TRACT.

Twenty acres desirable land, half an hour's drive of the Steamboat Landing in St. Paul.

HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, June 28, 1862. je28-d&w6m

SAILING DAYS OF THE

LAKE SUPERIOR STEAMER

WATER WITCH,

CAPT. B. SWEENEY,

LEAVES CLEVELAND AT 8 P. M.		LEAVES DETROIT AT 10 A. M.	
Wednesday,	May 7	Thursday,	May 8
Tuesday,	May 20	Wednesday,	May 21
Monday,	June 2	Tuesday,	June 3
Friday,	June 13	Saturday,	June 14
Wednesday,	June 25	Thursday,	June 26
Tuesday,	July 8	Wednesday,	July 9
Monday,	July 21	Tuesday,	July 22
Friday,	Aug. 1	Saturday,	Aug. 2
Wednesday,	Aug. 13	Thursday,	Aug. 14
Tuesday,	Aug. 26	Wednesday,	Aug. 27
Monday,	Sept. 8	Tuesday,	Sept. 9
Friday,	Sept. 19	Saturday,	Sept. 20
Wednesday,	Oct. 1	Thursday,	Oct. 2

S. P. BRADY & CO.

CAPT. E. B. WARD, Detroit, owner of boat.

jy25-d1m

FLORENCE SEWING

MACHINE AGENCY,

One door East of Davenport's Bookstore, on Third Street.

The "FLORENCE" SEWING MACHINES make FOUR DIFFERENT stitches on one and the same machine. Thus the LOCK, DOUBLE-LOCK, KNOT AND DOUBLE-KNOT, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric. Either or all can be produced while the Machine is in motion.

They have the REVERSIBLE FEED MOTION, which enables the operator to have the work carry either way, or to change the direction, and fasten the end of seams, which, together with making a long and a short stitch, is done simply by turning a thumb screw.

Their motions are all positive. There are no springs to get out of order. They are so simple that the most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease. They are NOISELESS, and can be used where quiet is necessary.

They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD, making five stitches to each revolution. They oil no dresses. Their stitch is the wonder of all, because of its combined ELASTICITY, STRENGTH and BEAUTY.

Prices No. 1, $47.00, No. 2, $57.00, No. 3, $67.00, No. 4, $72.00, No. 5, $77.00, No. 6, $82.00, No. 7 Cabinet opener, $80.00, No. 7 Cabinet closed, $85.00, Mahogany $92.00, Rosewood $105.00. Hemmers and all necessary tools included in the above prices.

On hand different kinds of lower priced Machines. Call and see the "Florence Machines."

jy15-dtf G. W. BABCOCK.

C. E. WOOLSEY & CO.,

(SUCCESSOR TO L. D. WILSON,)

Commission Merchants,

NO. 21 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO.

CASH ADVANCES ON CONSIGNMENTS.

mar1-d&wly

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF RAMSEY COUNTY BONDS AND SCRIP.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, July 21st, 1862.

Resolved, That the County Scrip and all over due Bonds of this County, (except Fort Street Bonds,) may be exchanged for Bonds running fifteen years, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. premium, payable semi-annually in Cash; and the Board shall levy annually an amount sufficient to meet such interest.

Resolved further, That all Bond holders who are willing to receive such new Bonds may, if they desire so to do apply one tenth of the over due Bonds so to be exchanged upon County Taxes prior to 1860.

T. M. METCALF,
jy25 d3w County Auditor.

ICE! ICE! ICE! ICE!

The undersigned will furnish ICE to CITY CUSTOMERS AND BOATS As usual during the season of 1862.

CHAS. SYMONDS.

apr29-d4m

PURE CIDER VINEGAR!!

Received on consignment per "Canada," a few barrels pure Cider Vinegar, warranted, and for sale cheap, wholesale or retail.

C. W. WOOLLEY,
a7-1w Cor. Sibley and Third Streets.

D. NEWELL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office over Dana's Bank, Third Street, between Jackson and Robert streets, St. Paul Minnesota. my25-dly

JOHN G. MACGREGOR,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.

Bernheimer's Block, Third Street, St. Paul, Minnesota. jy21-dly

FURS. FURS. FURS.

C. J. KOVITZ,

MANUFACTURER OF FINE FURS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND EVERY STYLE,

THIRD ST., Concert Hall Block, SAINT PAUL.

jan17-dly

A SMALL EMIGRATION DOCUMENT.

A circular by the Commissioner of Statistics, entitled "Free Homes in Minnesota," and which condenses a great many leading facts about Minnesota in the compass of a page of letter paper, is in type at this office, and will be printed without charge for any one who will supply the paper. This is one of many forms by which the Commissioner of Statistics is endeavoring to diffuse abroad a knowledge of the advantages which Minnesota offers for settlement under the Homestead, and as it costs no one anything but the trouble of bringing their letter paper to this office, we hope our business men will generally takes a hand in" and push on the good work.

Miscellaneous.

FURNITURE.

JOHN PRIMROSE

Manufacturer and Dealer in

CABINET AND CHAIR

FURNITURE,

OF EVERY VARIETY.

Keeps constantly on hand a complete assortment of

PARLOR,

CHAMBER,

DINING-ROOM.

FURNITURE,

OF ALL STYLES, AND OF SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP.

Most of my Furniture is of my own manufacture, made of thoroughly seasoned material and equal to the best there is made in the U. S. A.

As a nimble sixpence is always better than a slow shilling, I am determined to sell a very light shade above cost. Everybody is respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing.

☞ REMEMBER PLACE: Stone Building—Third Street—above the Bridg. St. Paul Minn. jan2dly

WM. ILLINGWORTH,

Watch Manufacturer.

—AND—

TOWN CLOCK BUILDER!

SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK.

JACKSON-ST., - - - ST. PAUL.

Having had over THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE in the best Watch Factories in England and America, he feels himself competent to do anything in his line

A LITTLE SUPERIOR

to any other establishment in the Northwest.

☞ N. B.—Persons wishing to perfect themselves in the business, will be received under instruction on VERY MODERATE TERMS.

☞ Fine work done and Clock and Watch Wheels cut for the trade at low rates. my9y

DR. WILLIAM HALL'S

PATENT COPPER SCROLL

LIGHTNING ROD.

This Lightning Rod has a greater conducting capacity than any other Lightning Rod ever

OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

Those having buildings to protect, will do well to wait till they see one of these newly invented rods before purchasing.

They are recommended by over

FIVE HUNDRED

OF THE

MOST EMINENTLY SCIENTIFIC MEN OF THE AGE.

AGENTS

WILL CANVASS THE STATE IMMEDIATELY

o11-w3m&d6mw6m

LEMONS

AND

ORANGES

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE BY

UPHAM & HOLMES.

apr23

PALMER'S PURE

VINEGAR.

This is the kind of Vinegar that should be used by all housekeepers for

PICKLES

AND THE

TABLE.

It is warranted pure and wholesome, and to give perfect satisfaction wherever used. Try it,

AND YOU WILL HAVE NO OTHER.

For sale at our works on Sibley street, and by all grocers who have an eye to keeping

CHOICE GOODS FOR SALE.

C. C. LEWIS & CO.

JOSEPH LEWIS

Real Estate Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Commissioner of Deeds for the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Ohio, and Vermont. Collections made—Taxes paid for non residents. House rented.

Office Third Street, Irvine's Block.

Reference, Hon. ALEX. RAMSEY. jy10-d1y

TOBACCO,

Cigars, Pipes, Snuff, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Third Street, next door to Comb's Book Store, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c., is just receiving his fall and winter stock, and is prepared to fill orders to any extent, for

FINE IMPORTED CIGARS,

Missouri, Virginia and Kentucky Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city.

SWEET BRIAR ROOT PIPES,

a large assortment. These pipes are all the go now.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Third street, next door to Comb's Book Store.

St. Paul, Nov. 17. nov17d1y.

MAGNETIC

Tack Hammers.

If you don't want to mash your fingers, buy one for 25 cents, at E. & H. Y. BELL'S.

Coffee is high. Buy a patent Coffee Strainer; it clears the coffee, and saves one third. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Patent Lifters. Will lift everything hot off the stove, without burning your fingers. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Agents wanted to canvass the State for the above articles. A smart man can make big wages. For particulars, address, enclosing stamps,

E. & H. Y. BELL,
St. Paul, July 11th, 1862. Sole Agents for Minnesota. jy11-dtf.

C. W. WOOLEY & CO.,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchants,

DEALERS IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENTS FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLEY & CO., ST. PAUL, For ——

Jan1-dly

Agricultural.

1862. 1862. 1862

Agricultural Warehouse

OF

S. P. & P. F. Hodges,

NEAR LOWER LEVEE, ST. PAUL

CORNER THIRD AND SIBLEY STS.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

PITT'S AGRICULTURAL WORKS, BUFFALO NEW YORK.

PITT'S THRESHING MACHINES & HORSE POWERS, FOR FOUR, SIX, EIGHT OR TEN HORSES. PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES EIGHT TO TWELVE HORSE POWER.

MASSILLON AGRICULTUL WORKS, MASSILLON, OHIO.

McCORMACK'S REAPERS AND MOWERS.

JOHN H. MANNY'S " " "

BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S GRAIN DRILLS

F. H. MANNY'S EXCELSIOR GRAIN FAN.

SCHUTTLER'S CHICAGO WAGONS.

JOHN A. WOODWARD'S IMPROVED SMUT MACHINE AND SEPARATOR COMBINED

MOLINE PLOWS, CULTIVATORS AND HARROWS.

CORN SHELLERS, HAY AND STRAW CUTTERS.

AND DEALERS IN HARVESTING TOOLS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Merchants and dealers throughout the country supplied promptly at prices to suit the times.

Descriptive pamphlets and other information can be had upon application to

S. P. & P. F. HODGES,

my28-d3m&w6m Saint Paul, Minn.

ALFRED D. DAVISON. ALONZO P. CONNELLY

SAINT PAUL CLIPPER

PLOW FACTORY.

The undersigned having formed a partnership for the manufacture and sale of PLOWS, are now prepared to furnish farmers and dealers with

THE BEST PLOWS

Ever offered in the State, and at prices to suit the times. We will always have on hand a large stock of Cast Steel and Common steel Cross Plows, Corn Plows, Breaking and Grub Plows, of all sizes and of the best material.

Having had the material selected for our especial trade, and the Plows being manufactured under the supervision of

ALONZO LEAMING.

(FORMERLY OF ST. ANTHONY.)

WE WARRANT THEM

To be of light draught, clean in any soil, and give good satisfaction generally.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING.

Farmers! save your old plows and we will work them over much to your advantage and satisfaction by leaving them at our Factory, on Robert street, between 4th and 5th, St. Paul, sign of the Plow. DAVISON & CONNELLY.

jan22-d&w1y

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

Corner of Fifth and Pike streets.

This establishment is now in full operation, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS

CASTINGS, FORGING, &c.,

at the lowest Eastern rates, viz, Heavy Mill castings, Columns, Sash weights, Grate Bars, Sleigh shoes, &c., three cents per pound. Brass castings, Babbit metal, 25 to 30 cents per pound. Lathe work $3.00 per day. Particular attention given to Steam Engine and Boiler work. Threshing Machine repairing promptly attended to.

Steam Engines and Boilers, Threshing machines, new and second handed, for sale or exchange very low.

GILMAN & SEAGER.

St. Paul, July 5th, 1862. d1y

KIRBY'S COMBINED

Reaper and Mower.

H. A. PITT & CO'S

THRESHING MACHINES.

We are now soliciting orders for the above celebrated machines.

Persons in want are invited to examine them at our store on Third street, as we feel confident our terms and prices, as well as the machines themselves, will be found satisfactory.

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements on hand.

jy27- NICOLS & DEAN.

FARMERS NOTICE.

We have on hand a large stock of

Harvesting Tools,

SUCH AS

GRAIN CRADLES, FORKS, RAKES, SCYTHES, &c., &c.,

Also made to order, a large lot of

ST. PAUL CLIPPER PLOWS,

All of which we are selling very low for Cash.

IRON, NAILS, STEELE, HARDWARE, PITTSBURG COAL, GRIND STONES, AXLES, SPRINGS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,

Always kept on hand and sold at lowest rates Wholesale and Retail, at our Warehouse, Third Street, St. Paul.

jy25-dtf J. R. BRADEN.

EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS,

PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,

PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,

PATENT STAMP MILLS

FOR

PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR.

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, - - ILLINOIS.

P. W. GATES, President.

N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.

mr7-w1y

REYNOLDS & McCARGAR

STORAGE, FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchants,

OFFER FOR SALE

ONE THOUSAND CORDS HARD WOOD, TWO THOUSAND BUSHELS OATS.

Post Office, St. Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE HOURS.

On week days from 7 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M.
On Sundays, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

HOURS OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

For La Crosse—Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Monday, at 8 P. M.
For Galena—way mail—leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
For Minneapolis—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily—except Sunday, at 4½ P. M.
For Stillwater—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 7 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 6 P. M.
For Hudson—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 7 P. M.
For Mankato—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M.
For Northfield—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 4 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 11 P. M.
For Sunrise City—leaves Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at about 7 P. M.
For Cannon Falls—leaves Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Wednesday, at 7 P. M.
For Cottage Grove—leaves Saturday, at 1 P. M.
Arrives Saturday, at 12 M.
Mails leaving before 7 o'clock A. M. close at 7 P. M.
All others close half an hour before the time of departing.
The postage upon all transient printed matter, foreign and domestic, and upon all letters, foreign and domestic, is now required to be fully prepaid by United States postage stamps, except in cases where prepayment on letters, &c., to foreign countries is optional and the senders do not wish to prepay.
Persons mailing letters, newspapers, &c., whether domestic or to foreign countries, should therefore ascertain at the office of mailing, the exact postage in each case and affix United States postage stamps of sufficient value to prepay the full postage thereon.

CHAS. NICHOLS, Postmaster.
St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

Hotels & Saloons.

LAHR'S HOUSE,

FIRST DOOR EAST OF THE POST OFFICE,

JNO. P. LAHR, PROPRIETOR.

MR. LAHR, formerly of the "Our House," respectfully announces to his old friends and all other men—no boys in—that he is now fairly under way; and proclaims that he will furnish as good an EYE-OPENER as "any other man" in this city.

☞ A variety of reading matter can always be found on Mr. Lahr's tables, also stationery, &c. fe9dy.

CLIFTON HOUSE,

MANKATO, - - - - MINNESOTA.

This House is situated near the steamboat landing, and is among the largest in the Minnesota Valley. Is

NEW AND NEWLY FURNISHED,

And the proprietor, from long experience in the business, flatters himself that he will be able to satisfy the traveling public.

☞ CHARGES MODERATE. ☜

M. T. C. FLOWER, Proprietor.
Mankato, Minn., April 29th, 1862.

UNION PARK HOUSE,

LITTLE CANADA, MINN.,

G. W. FEW, - - PROPRIETOR.

This House is pleasantly located in Little Canada, on the bank of Lake Elizabeth, five miles from Saint Paul. The House and fixtures are entirely new, and has been fitted up more particularly as a home for Invalids, and persons seeking recreation.

The House is provided with boats and all the necessary fixtures for hunting and fishing—and is one mile from Bass Lake, which is considered the best fishing ground in the State—where boats are also provided for the use of guests of the House.

Board by day or week at moderate rates.
je14-d6m

Groceries.

S. K. PUTNAM,

CORNER THIRD AND MARKET STREETS,
Saint Paul, Minnesota,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FAMILY GROCERIES AND

PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of choice goods suited to this market, including Flour, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Fresh Roll, Jar and Firkin Butter, dried fruits of all kinds, including a large quantity of

RASPBERRIES.

Also Wooden Ware, Roasted and Green Coffee. Spices, Pickles, choice Green and Black Teas, Sugar of all grades, and, in short, everything usually found in a well assorted establishment, to which he invites the especial attention of all who want NICE GOODS AT A FAIR PRICE.
nov22-dly

G. E. SCHNABEL,

IN MOFFATT'S CASTLE, CORNER OF 4TH AND JACKSON STREETS.

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN, AND PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full supply of Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.
Nice Leaf Lard and Sugar Cured Hams.
Any quantity of butter and eggs.
He has made arrangements to receive two or three times a week from the country the choicest roll butter.
Also agency for C. H. H. Baker's extra flour, which is pronounced the best in the city.
Goods delivered in all parts of the city free of charge. je1 3m

F. KNAUFT,

(Corner of Seventh and Olive streets,)

HAS IN ADDITION TO HIS NEW & FULL STOCK OF

Groceries & Provisions,

A complete assortment of

QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

NEW PLATFORM SCALES,

Of Fairbanks' best make, always correct and ready for use. Those who have Hay, Grain or Live Stock for sale can save money by getting it weighed. apr16-6d&w3m ly.

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL, Min.

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas.
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,
Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly,

FREE OF CHARGE.

je27-d1y

LESSONS UPON THE PIANO.

MISS HARRIOTT S. DENNETT

Will give instructions upon the Piano in a course of twenty-four lessons for $10—or for two pupils in one family, $9.00 each.

On Monday, June 2d, she will open a private school for general instruction in Mackubin's building, on Fourth street.

Terms, from $4.00 to $7.00.

Best of references given.

Residence at James Davenport's, Fourth street, opposite City Park. my17-d1f

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottowa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 2. P. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 1 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Tuesday's, Thursday's and Saturday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Georgetown, connecting at Georgetown with the steamer International for Pembina. Fort Garry and the Red River Settlement—Monday's and Thursday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Monday's Wednesday's and Friday's, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.,
nov24-d1y Proprietors.

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line,

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.
New York office, 14 Murray street.
Boston office, 69 Washington street.
mar25-d1y

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR

OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East for Goods will please give us a call and obtain FULL PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO
St. Paul, Feb. 25, 1862. feb26-d&w1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN and Amber, a choice article, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIquors and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISkey, for sale at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 1861, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times.
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of
dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by
dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes; also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash.
my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash.
jes J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

50 BARRELS

—OF—

CARBON OIL.

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

CHICAGO CREAM ALE,

For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar6 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

Miscellaneous.

GREAT WESTERN

RAILWAY COMPANY'S

Express Freight Line,

VIA

GREAT WESTERN, N. Y. CENTRAL

AND CONNECTING ROADS,

TO AND FROM

EAST AND WEST,

CONTROLLED AND OPERATED
By the Roads forming the line, to which the attention of Shippers is invited.

FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF LIVE STOCK, THIS ROUTE OFFERS UNEQUALED FACILITIES, AS REGARDS STOCK, CARS, YARDS, TIME, &c., &c., &c.

FREIGHT FORWARDED AT THE LOWEST RATES AND WITH DISPATCH.

IN THE SHIPMENT OF GOODS BY RAIL, ALL INSURANCE IS SAVED.

MARK PACKAGES "G. W. R."

Three Express Passenger Trains leave Chicago and Detroit daily for Buffalo, New York, Boston and Montreal, Quebec, Portland, &c., &c., with Sleeping Cars on all night trains.
Tickets via GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY for sale in all ticket offices.

GENERAL FREIGHT AND TICKET OFFICES.

273 Broadway, New York, E. P. REACH, Agent. | 21 State street, Boston, O. KIMBALL, Agent.
JULIUS MOVIUS, Gen'l Ag't, Buffalo.
C. J. BRIDGES, Managing Director, Hamilton
A. WALLINGFORD, Chicago and Western Agent.
apr20

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

GREAT UNITED STATES MAIL AND

EXPRESS ROUTE.

THE ONLY RELIABLE AND ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE

EAST, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

On and after Wednesday, June 11th, 1862, three trains will leave the depot, corner of Florida and Barclay streets, daily, as follows:

At 7:45 A. M.—Way Passenger, for Chicago and all intermediate stations, and Racine & Mississippi R. R. at Racine Junction, and Kenosha R. R. & R. R. at Kenosha.

At 3:00 P. M.—Express Passenger train for Chicago, making close connection with evening trains East, South and West.

At 6:10 P. M.—Night Accommodation Train for Chicago and intermediate stations, making connections in Chicago with all the morning Lines for the East, South and Southwest.

☞ This train will be furnished with a Sleeping Car, and first class passengers will be provided with berths without extra charge, and

FARE AS LOW AS BY STEAMER ON LAKE.

☞ Passenger trains leave Chicago at 9:15 A. M and 9:00 P. M. for Milwaukee and the Northwest.

☞ Tickets for all points may be obtained of H. O. WILSON, at the Union Ticket Office, "Iron Block," corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, or at the depot.

JOHN F. MOODY,
Master Transportation.
Milwaukee, May 5th, 1862. je21-d1f

MILL FURNISHING.

CHICAGO BRANCH OF JOHN T. NOYE'S OLD BUFFALO MILL FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, ESTABLISHED 1834.

JOHN T. NOYE,

FLOUR PACKER,

MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Mill Machinery

AND

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

IMPROVED CENTRE VENT TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

Fitted with Cast Steel or Boiler Iron Buckets, warranted to produce a high per centage of power.

IMPROVED SMUT MACHINES AND SEPARATORS,

OAT AND GRAIN SEPARATORS.

John T. Noye's Improved Centrifugal, Feeding, Flouring and Grist Mills.

CAST STEEL MILL PICKS.

ALSO, DUFOUR & CO.'S CELEBRATED

ANCHOR BRAND BOLTING CLOTH.

MILL CASTINGS.

The entire machinery of Mills, from the smallest Castings to the whole arrangement for the largest class of Flouring Mills, at much less cost than is usual, will be furnished at my Manufactory, and branch at Chicago, Illinois.

JOHN T. NOYE, Buffalo, N. Y.

WM. F. NOYE, AGENT,
28 Market Street, Lind's Block, Chicago.
JOHN WEBSTER, Milwright.
J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO., Agents at St. Paul. apr11-d6m

DUNDAS MILLS'

CELEBRATED XX FAMILY FLOUR,

For sale in bbls. or sacks by

E. & H. Y. Bell, near the Winslow House; S. K. Putnam, corner 3d and Market Sts.; Beaumont and Gordon, corner 3d and Jackson Sts.; J. B. Silcher, corner of 7th and Jackson Sts.

Warranted the best

XX FAMILY FLOUR

offered in this market. Orders from Hotels Bakers and others shall have prompt attention and immediate delivery.

mar15 J. S. ARCHIBALD.

ANOKA FLOURING MILLS

FOR SALE.

For terms apply to the undersigned at Anoka, Anoka County, Minnesota.

my24-d3m SMILEY & WOODBURY

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

One jig saw, counter shaft, &c.; one turning lathe, counter shaft, bits, &c.; one boring machine, bits, &c.; one small surface planer. The above machinery is nearly new, and made in the best manner. For further particulars apply to Galley & Jansen, Chair Factory, St. Paul, or the subscriber.

BARNARD & BRO.
St. Anthony, June 4, 1862. je4-d3m

CHICAGO BREWERY.

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK,

AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.

WM. CONSTANS,
my24-d1y AGENT, St. Paul.

SALÆRATUS.

One hundred boxes Saleratus in pound papers, manufactured and put up expressly for me, and

WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY MADE.

Just received and for sale at 6½ cents.

jy6-d3m GEO. L. FARWELL.

Dry Goods.

1862. SPRING. 1862.

INGERSOLL'S BLOCK

DRY GOODS FOR CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

SPRING DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

Of every variety of quality, will be sold at prices

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Mottled Morello Cloths, from 10 to 25c per yard!

PLAID POIL DE CHEVRES,

EMBROIDERED POIL DE CHEVRES,

EVERY VARIETY OF CHALLEYS

EMBROIDERED AND GREY GRISAILLES

BLUE, GREEN AND RINK BERRAGE LEXFINA.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN MOUSLINE DE LAINES; PRINTED LAWNS IN GREAT VARIETY.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF GINGHAMS.

ALSO

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR;

BROADCLOTHS, BLACK & FANCY CASSIMERES, SATTINETS, AND SUMMER CLOTHS.

ALSO

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES,

AND

EMBROIDERIES,

PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS, ETC.,

ALSO

A LARGE STOCK OF

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN GOODS,

BY THE PIECE OR PACKAGE FOR THE

COUNTRY TRADE.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Can purchase their Goods of us, and

SAVE TIME AND MONEY.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our new styles of Cloaks and Mantillas.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

WILL BE

SOLD FOR CASH,

AT PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

The public are invited to visit

OUR NEW STORE.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.
apr30-d1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

CLOTHING, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

Having received a splendid assortment of spring and summer clothing equalling in quality and style anything to be found in the large Eastern cities, we would respectfully request an examination of our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Also have received to sell to the trade a large lot of superfine black cloths and doeskins, blue cloth, silk mixed coatings, Harris' silk mixed and fancy cassimeres, satinet, cord, moleskin, black farmer's satin, and farmer's satin, for sleeve lining alapaca, silicia, bro. Holland and good black thread; all of which we will sell from ten to twenty per cent lower than the same goods can be procured for in any establishment in St. Paul. We invite merchant tailors, tailors and others, who deal in the above goods, to call and

EXAMINE FOR THEMSELVES.

Also a fine assortment of hats and caps, white and colored shirts, knit shirts and drawers, neck ties, suspenders, woolen and cotton and half hose, silk and cotton pocket handkerchiefs, shirt collars, and many other goods which we offer to the public at prices to suit the times.

H. H. TEMPLE,
Third st., below Day & Jenks' Drug Store.
my25-1y

SPRING & SUMMER

Millinery Goods for 1862

At the old stand of JAS. SCOTT, on Third-st.

MISS E. WASS

Is now opening at the above store a choice and handsome stock of Millinery Goods, Trimmings, &c., just received from the East, and purchased at low prices for cash, embracing Bonnets, Hats, French and American flowers, and Ruches in large variety, and, in fact, nearly every article usually kept in such a store; all of which are offered at prices to suit the times.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK.
my22-d3m

LADIES,

THERE IS QUITE A START IN

Millinery Goods!

In the Eastern Market, but we have received a large invoice that we can sell, as heretofore: some sixty dozen superior large SHAKER HOODS, three cases BONNETS & HATS, with six cases RICH RIBBON, and lots of other fixings. Our stock in

DRY-GOODS, CLOAKS, & SHAWLS,

Is large, and our MILLINERY ROOMS well supplied with the richest goods.

☞ Come along or send your orders; we want to extend our business by cheap selling. Our new rooms are below DAY & JENKS' DRUG STORE, Third Street, St. Paul, Min., where the wax figure is in the window.—my31

ANOTHER ARRIVAL

OF

Choice Dress Goods

AT

SMITH & TAYLOR'S.

SPLENDID TRAVELING MIXTURES—ONLY FIFTEEN CENTS.

BEAUTIFUL MOZANBIQUES VERY CHEAP.

ELEGANT ORGANDIE MUSLIN

FINE JACONETS.

Also something new in LADIES' BLACK SILK SACQUES manufactured in New York, and of the very latest style.

A large assortment of Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts, some of which are of an

ENTIRELY NEW STYLE AND MAKE.

All of the above named articles, besides a

LARGE STOCK OF DOMESTIC GOODS,

Will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

SMITH & TAYLOR'S
Cheap Cash Store,
Bridge Square, Third street, next the Express Office, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER,
SAINT PAUL, June, 21st, 1862.

Interest coupons upon Minnesota eight per cent. State bonds due July 1st, 1862, will be paid at the banking house of H. W. Palmer, No. Pine street, New York.

CHARLES SCHEFFER,
je22 State Treasurer.

Oils and Lamps.

MARVIN'S

CROCKERY HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED AND

SELLING VERY LOW,

1,000 LOOKING GLASSES AND MIRRORS.

OIL--THE VERY BEST.

1,500 GALLONS AT FROM THIRTY TO FORTY CENTS A GALLON.

NOW IN STORE, A FULL STOCK OF

CHINA, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT PRICES MUCH REDUCED.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF

Table & Pocket Cutlery.

The merchants who purchase in St. Paul will find these goods very desirable, and at

VERY LOW RATES.

JUST RECEIVED,

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Silver Plated

AND

BRITANNIA WARE,

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LAMPS, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

R. MARVIN, THIRD STREET.
je11

OIL! OIL! OIL!

500 barrels No. 1, standard best quality

Carbon Oil,

Just received, and for sale to dealers.

D. T. WATSON,
a3-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

Boots and Shoes.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

A SPLENDID STOCK

OF

LADIES' GAITERS

AND

Children's Fine Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

WM. J. SMITH & CO.

JOHN THORWARTH,

Boot and Shoe

MANUFACTURER,

THIRD STREET, BET. ROBERT & JACKSON,
St. Paul, Minnesota,

Keeps constantly on hand and makes to order

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which are warranted to do as good service, and of as good style and workmanship as if made to order.

STEEL SHANKS FOR SEWED BOOTS,

The first introduced in this city, will be put in when ordered. This makes the boot stronger and more durable, and is lighter and fits neater.

REPAIRING done on the shortest notice, and in a good and neat style.

JOHN THORWARTH.
St. Paul, Dec. 7, 1861. dec7-d1y

THE PLACE TO BUY

Boots and Shoes

CHEAP FOR CASH

IS AT THE

Custom Boot and Shoe House,

SECOND DOOR FROM THE BRIDGE.

We have just received a large stock of the latest styles of Boots and Shoes, which we will sell at Eastern prices.

E. E. HUGHISON, AGENT.

HILL & LINDLEY,

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,

Offer their services to the citizens of Minneapolis, St. Anthony and surrounding country. Having had twenty years experience, they hope to give general satisfaction.

OFFICES.—Mendenhall's old Banking Office, Minneapolis; the Lippincott House, St. Anthony.
a7-tf

D. C. PRICE, DENTIST.

I have removed my office over

McCLOUD'S HARDWARE STORE.

Corner of Third and Cedar streets.

I am now filling teeth with gold for two dollars, and with silver or tin for one dollar each. I extract teeth for fifty cents each, and destroy the nerve of teeth without the least pain for fifty cents.

I will insert whole upper sets of teeth on Vulcanite, in the most approved manner, for twenty-five dollars.

I publish these prices to correct the impression some people have of my charges for best Dental operations.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., strictly.
jy4-d3mos

R. H. WARD, M. D.,

Of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, having removed to Minneapolis, has opened an office for the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully invites the attention of those who may desire his services.

Office and residence on Bridge Street, (west-side,) near the Suspension Bridge. jy22-d1m

TEETH ON VULCANITE.

FOR STRENGTH, BEAUTY,

Comfort and cleanliness, unsurpassed.

Call and see specimens at the office of

DR. SIMONTON,
oct24-d1y Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square.

M. N. KELLOGG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Fruits, Toys, G. Apples,

LEMONS & CONFECTIONERY.

Children's CABS—every variety; Egg, Lemon, Ginger, Boston and Soda CRACKERS; Traveling, School and Work BASKETS; MAPLE SUGAR; Fresh CANDIES from New York—also

☞ THE BEST CIGARS IN THE CITY.

my17 M. N. KELLOGG.

Insurance.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON

Fire and Life Insurance Co.

CAPITAL AND RESERVED FUND OVER $5,000,000.

LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY AT SIGHT,

Without sixty days' notice.

Life Insurance

Effected on liberal terms. Policies assignable by endorsement without permission of the Company. Shareholders personally responsible for engagements of the Company.

Directors & Stockholders, New York,	*References in New York City.*
James Brown, Esq.,	Duncan, Sherman & Co.,
Francis Cottenet, Esq.,	Alex. T. Stewart & Co.,
Henry Grinnell, Esq.,	Grinnell, Minturn & Co.,
Alfred Pell, Esq.,	B. L. & A. Stewart,
Alex. Hamilton, Jr. Esq.,	C. W. & J. T. Moore & Co.
E. M. Archibald, Esq.,	D. Appleton & Co.
And others.	

THOMPSON BROTHERS,
sep29 Agents for St. Paul and vicinity.

P. W. NICHOLS,

General Insurance Agent.

FIRE INSURANCE,

MARINE INSURANCE,

LIFE INSURANCE.

POLICIES

Issued on favorable terms, in the most reliable Companies.

OFFICE AT GEO. LITTLE'S BOOK STORE,
jan15d1y Third street, St. Paul, Min.

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000
NETT SURPLUS..... 138,000

DIVIDENDS ON CAPITAL LIMITED BY ITS CHARTER TO SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM—
—THE ENTIRE PROFITS GO TO THE POLICY HOLDERS.

This Society was organized in the year 1859, with a cash capital of $100,000 deposited irrevocably with the insurance Department of the State of New York, in United States bonds, on which it allows but seven per cent. per annum to the stockholders, and the entire profits of the business is shared by the policy holders. The nett profits in two years amounts to $129,000, which shows an unparalleled success in the history of Life Insurance. Its operations are managed by a Board of Directors composed of the the ablest business men of the country, and its business is conducted entirely on the cash plan. Dividends to the policy holders will be made every five years, and no Company in the country offers equal advantages to its dealers.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.
HENRY B. HYDE, Vice President.
GEO. W. PHILLIPS, Actuary.
H. S. DURAND, Milwaukee, Gen. Agt.
W. W. KING, State Agent for Minnesota.
Dr. WM. CAINE, St. Paul.
mar12-d1y

HOME

INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Extract from Third Annual Report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York. WM. BARNES,
Superintendent.

There are now ninety-five joint stock fire insurance companies incorporated by the State of New York, engaged in the transaction of business; of those companies, fourteen only received premiums during the last year, amounting to over one hundred thousand dollars; four only received premiums above the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, and the premium income of one only exceeded three hundred thousand dollars. The premium receipts of this Company, the HOME, with a capital of $1,000,000, were $824,962.33. The premium income of thirty of the smaller companies was $851,758.55 only, with capitals, however, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of $4,950,000.

The state of things should be improved; the premium income of the mass of our fire insurance companies is by far too small for their capitals, and inadequate to the proper support of a separate and independent corporation. The experience of the HOME, PHOENIX, (of Brooklyn) and some other companies, has demonstrated that, with proper skill, tact and sagacity, business can be increased and managed to an indefinite extent, with entire safety, and even additional security to the company. We have now the machinery and organization in working order for nearly one hundred joint stock fire insurance companies, in the course of a few years their business can be safely doubled, and even quadrupled, without doubling or quadrupling the yearly expenses. Any considerable expansion of business must of course be mainly effected through the instrumentality of reliable, safe, and well managed agencies. The premium income of the HOME amounts to nearly one-eighth part that of the ninety-five companies combined, so that eight corporations like the HOME could conduct the entire business of all these companies. If each company transacted the same amount of business as the HOME the aggregate premium income would reach the enormous amount of over seventy-eight millions of dollars per year. Our companies are not too numerous for the great future of this country, if managed on the progressive seale demanded by the spirit of the American people.

The annual statement of this our foremost local fire and inland company, made up to the first of January last, shows a condition of such positive strength and prosperity as to challenge unqualified admiration. In a circular accompanying the statement, subscribed by Charles J. Martin, President, A. F. Wilmarth, Vice President, and John Meiggs, Secretary, these well accredited officers very justly say: "The well-known reputation of the HOME for fair and honorable dealing, together with its capital of one million dollars, and surplus of over half a million in addition, all well invested, commend it to the special favor of all who desire reliable protection in the way of insurance, either fire or inland."

This is not saying one word too much for their company. The HOME is the crack company of our State, in high credit all over the Union, worked upon a comprehensive plan, and managed with admirable skill and efficiency. The assets of the HOME on the first of January last summed up to $1,521,268.68, against an actual liability of only $55,080.43; and, moreover, it is worth noting that the assets are all of the very first class. The balance in bank in cash was $121,434.14, very nearly enough to set up an ordinary company; bonds and mortgages $910,219.53, secured on real estate worth $1,715,900, and then government and other stocks, equivalent to cash and convertible into cash any day, $320,650. Any one not satisfied with the security of the HOME as an insurance institution, must be hard to please.

In 1861 the HOME wrote $108,715.18, taking $829,962 premium, and paid losses $336,775, including some losses for the year 1860. A dividend of ten per cent. was paid on the million capital; and after reserving an ample reinsurance fund, the company shows a "nett surplus" of $160,641 clear over capital and all claims, actual or possible, practical or theoretical.

The HOME is a good "testimony" in all places to the enterprise, energy and progress of the city of New York.

BORUP & OAKES,
je25-d3m Agents, St. Paul.

G. N. BEMAN & CO.,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,

CORNER OF FIFTH AND ROBERT STREETS, ST PAUL, MINNESOTA.

We are prepared to manufacture to order a kinds of BUGGIES, CUTTERS, LUMBER WAGONS, EXPRESS AND GROCERY WAGONS, CONCORD HACKS and STAGE SLEIGHS, of the best quality, and latest pattern, and of Eastern stock, which enables us to warrant them in every particular. Also all kinds of repairing promptly and faithfully executed on the most reasonable terms.
je1-d6m

JUST RECEIVED.

One hundred half barrels and fifty quarter barrels of Walker's

PRIME CINCINNATI CREAM ALE.

M. DORNIDEN,
nov23-d1y Jackson st., bet. 5th and 6th.

Railroads.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

FOR CHICAGO, DETROIT,

BUFFALO, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PITTSBURG, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, CINCINNATI, ROCK ISLAND, BURLINGTON, QUINCY, ST. LOUIS, AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND SOUTH,

VIA DUNLEITH AND

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after May 11, 1862, trains leave Dunleith on arrival of steamers from St. Paul and Intermediate points.

LEAVE DUNLEITH.

	Day Express, Sundays excepted, 7 A M.	Night Express Saturdays excepted, 6 P M
Freeport	9 50 A. M.	9 55 P. M
Rockford, via G & CURR R	11 10 "	11 45 "
Belvidere " "	11 45 "	12 25 A. M
Chicago " "	3 20 P. M.	5 45 "
Dixon	11 30 A. M.	11 35 P. M.
Fulton, via Air Line RR	4 20 P. M.	6 15 A. M.
Mendota	1 00 "	12 55 "
Burlington, via C B & Q R R	7 35 "	7 05 "
Quincy, " "	11 15 "	9 30 "
La Salle	1 47 "	1 40 "
Peoria, via C & R I R R		6 30 "
Rock Island		7 00 "
Bloomington	4 24 "	4 24 "
Decatur	6 20 "	6 20 "
Springfield, via G W R R	5 20 A. M.	3 45 "
Pana	8 00 P. M.	8 00 "
Terra Haute via T H & A R R	2 10 A. M.	3 20 P. M.
Indianapolis, " "	5 10 "	6 30 "
St. Louis " "	7 30 "	
Sandoval	10 15 P. M.	10 15 A. M
St. Louis, via O & M R R		1 00 P. M
Cairo	4 10 A. M.	

Trains make direct connections at Chicago with all Eastern lines for Buffalo, New York, Boston, and all Eastern Cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains.

Baggage checked to all important points.

Passengers for St. Louis and intermediate points on the river, will find this the quickest and only direct route.

For through tickets and information, apply at the office of the Company, foot of Jackson street, St. Paul.

S. B. FORBES, Ticket Agent.
A. PRATT, Advertising Agent.
J. S. TILDESLEY, Gen'l West'n Agt.
W. F. JOHNSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
W. S. ARTHUR, General Sup't.
my21

1862. 1862.

LA CROSSE AND ST. PAUL

PACKET COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

During the summer of 1862, till the close of navigation, the LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company, having completely equipped their Line and made large additions to their business facilities, will offer to shippers and passengers on the river greater inducements and conveniences, and QUICKER TIME, than was ever offered by any company on the river.

All the boats on the Chippewa, Minnesota, St. Croix and the upper Mississippi rivers, and the different lines of stages north of LaCrosse, will, the coming season run to connect with the Davidson boats and the LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad.

The LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company will run a

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT LINE.

The former will number two first class boats—the nicest and fastest on the river. They will be the McCLELLAN and NORTHERN BELLE.—The first will be the Lightning Line, making the run from La Crosse to St. Paul in EIGHTEEN HOURS, and returning will leave here in the morning, and arrive at La Crosse in twelve hours time to connect with the evening train, by which our passengers will make close connection and reach Milwaukee in time for cars, or boats on the Lake in TW

War News.

THE Queen, in a speech prorouging Parliament, says:

"Civil war, which for some time has been raging in America, has unfortunately continued in unabated intensity, and the evils with which it has been attended have not been confined to the American continent; but her majesty, having from the outset determined to take no part in the contest, *has seen no reason to depart from the neutrality which she has steadily adhered to.*

WE regret to learn of the death of Lieutenant Henry J. Doolittle, son of Senator Doolittle, of the State of Wisconsin. He was attached to the Staff of Gen. Hamilton, and returned home to Racine, recently, ill of typhoid fever. He died on Sunday last. He graduated last year at Harvard University, and was a young man of great promise.

ABOUT 500 of the Tennessee prisoners were discharged from Camp Morton on the 15th, upon taxing the oath of allegiance, and giving bonds for their good behavior. As they were leaving, the Kentuckians gathered round them, hooted and threw clubs and stones at them, and a riot was prevented only by the coolness of Colonel Rose, in ordering a heavy guard.

WE extract the following from an Irish (Catholic) journal, which we believe is characteristic of the Irish sentiment towards us generally:

"THE American Union is the best friend of Ireland in the world. We beg to tell the Irish in America, that the *people* of Ireland are nearly to a man, with the cause of the Union, and against the wicked rebellion of the nigger-worshippers. They do not forget the good deeds of the Republic in their days of distress, and they heortily wish success to the "Stars and Stripes," and a speedy defeat to that audacious faction who have revolted rgainst the freest Government mankind in our day have witnessed."

A correspondent of the Boston *Transcript* writes from Washington: "Mr. Lincoln declared to ex-Governor Dennison, of Ohio, on Saturday, that he wanted those persons who have complained of him to know that he now leaves *everything* of a military nature in the hands of the leading General. 'I found I *must* select one man,' said the President, 'to command *all* the armies of the United States, and though it may be possible that Halleck is not a great General, I firmly believe *he is the best I have got.*' He stated further in the course of his conversation, that Mr. Stanton had no more to do with military movements than a clerk. He is like a Secretary of War in time of peace—he attends to all the duties of his office, but does not *plan* a campaign anywhere."

ADVICES from Washington state that the supply of tent material and blankets is exhausted. Barracks will be built for the men, and they will have to depend upon private contributions for blankets.

THE New Orleans *Delta* of the 3d inst. says:

For three entire months "the flag" has waved over the city of New Orleans. It has secured to the inhabitants peace, and, as compared with their previous condition, plenty. It has offered to them prosperity, resulting from trade, if they were willing to accept it. It has asked in return for these benefits nothing beyond respect, and a cheerful obedience to the orders of those who have the high privilege of carrying and defending it. Considering that this request is made of those who owe all that they have, and all that they are, to that flag, it cannot be looked upon as a very unreasonable demand. Considering that this town has no future of any kind, if that flag cannot protect it, this requirement does not seem an improper one.

HON. DAN S. DICKINSON, the noble old Binghampton patriot, was recently invited to address a meeting at Erie, Pa., but could not be present.

He sent the following dispatch:

"I say a *million* of men, and make the end of the rebellion sure! quick! and terrible!
D. S. DICKINSON."

The letter which he sent is before us, and full of the loftiest patriotism. He says:

My views are to-day what they were when this hell-born rebellion assaulted the glorious flag of our country's pride and hope, in Sumter—that it must be put down, without regard to cost of blood or treasure, by the strong arm of a government sustained by the material power and cheered by the moral energy of a great, free people; put down upon the theatre it selected for the malign ration of its diabolical treason, the field of blood; and put down, too, by severing the head of the loathsome serpent from its body. It is not a mere rebellion or outbreak. It is the result of a dark and malign conspiracy, received and prosecuted by a worse combination of evil spirits than assembled at Milton's Infernal Conference. It will never relax nor yield until it has overthrown the Government or been crushed into the earth beyond hope or prospect of resurrection; and not only to its overthrow, but its annihilation, should we as a people address ourselves.

GOVERNOR ANDREWS, of Massachusetts, at a meeting which recently took place at Martha's Vinyard, made a remarkable speech. The New Bedford *Mercury* gives a part of it. The true theory of government he declared to be that all right government is based upon the "will and teachings of Divine truth," instead of that atheistical dogma that "government derives its authority from the consent of the governed." A great question was to be decided. The rebels had peaceable rights, but they had seen fit to throw them up for those of belligerents. As the executive of the commonwealth, he called on his fellow-citizens to lift up the arms and doctrines of the old Bay State, in the belief that when the rebels' power was overthrown, that of the oppressor would fall with it, and four millions of fellow beings rise up from their enslavement, disenthralled, redeemed. He had never expected this war to close without this object being accomplished. He was not superstitious, but he could not fail to recognize the fact that from the day that the Government turned its back upon the proclamation of Gen. Hunter, the fortunes of war had turned against us. Till that day our standard moved steadily on to victory. Toward the conclusion of his address he made the following remarks:

Some of you may think this is a singular kind of address from me. I don't know as men holding the position with which I have been honored are accustomed to speak thus in such a place as this; but the brethren asked me up, and gave me liberty, and I felt that before God I could not refrain from freeing my mind. I must speak the truth—I must set forth the right. If men choose to oppose Providence, and rush to destruction upon the thick bosses of Jehovah's buckle, I cannot go with them.

If the traitors can have negroes to black their boots, I don't see why loyal men should not have them. The rebels do not put arms in the hands of their negroes because they are afraid of them, and we don't do it because we are too proud. We think we have enough white men to put down the rebellion. If we have armed to use the resources within our reach we can put down the rebellion in six months.

SECRETARY STANTON has issued an order positively refusing to allow officers in the field to receive promotions, or be detailed to officer the new regiments. This will seriously embarrass the Governors in officering the new regiments, and compel them, in many instances, to take resigned officers, when they could be taken from regiments now in the field without any detriment to the service, and will deprive many gallant and meritorious officers of the promotion they have justly earned.

THE news from Kentucky creates the most intense excitement here, says the Indianapolis papers. Troops are being rushed forward with all possible speed.

Gov. Morton has induced Major General Lew. Wallace and Gen. Dumont, who are here on leave of absence, to take command temporarily of the new regiments.

Gen. E. A. Morris, Gen. J. J. Reynolds and Gen. Love also take command of new regiments.

All the energy of the executive department is being put forth to save Kentucky from invasion.

A correspondent of the New York *Times* says:

The main reason this rebellion has not been crushed out long ago is a secret to us, but to the rebels the avowed sympathy of Northern traitors with their cause.

A Captain of a steamer, a pattern of loyalty, told me that the chaplain of a Virginia regiment, a prisoner with fourteen hundred others, told him that the North could conquer them and that they would give up were it not for the assurances of Northern men that they would help them.

News and Miscellany.

—Parson Brownlow has a talent for invective. Speaking of John Slidell in a recent speech, he characterized him as the "butt end of original sin, and the upper crust of nastiness," and said he would not insult the memory of Judas Iscariot by comparing him with the modern traitor.

—Colonel Wilcox in his late war speech carried the crowd with him by declaring that, thus far, this "*had been a brainless war*," that our coast expeditions had been objectless, and had accomplished nothing: that the whole war had been "*mere blind energy*" on the part of the people, and plundering by the contractors.

—The Cincinnati *Gazette* says that the surplus produce of Ohio for this year will exceed the interest on the national debt made by the war, from its commencement.

—At the late destruction of the Rainbow Hotel, in New York, an individual lost his life, who is thus alluded to in the New York papers:

Mr. McKenzie is stated to have been a most extraordinary personage, having in his younger days been an aid-de-camp to the Duke of Wellington. He was a person of great literary attainments, and for a long time contributed to the English Quarterlies. He assisted in the labor of preparing the British Encyclopedia for publication, and was at one time British Consul to Havanna. The last fourteen years of his life had been spent in this country, hardly any of his friends knowing his exact whereabouts.

He was a man of great pride, but his resources were limited, and compelled him to practice the most rigid economy. His habit in making appointments was such as to induce parties with whom he dealt to suppose him wealthy. He invariably met his friends at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and at the conclusion of his business retired to his lodging in the less pretentious Rainbow, of which house he had been for some years an occupant. He is said to have been an excellent linguist, and was as sprightly in conversation as a youth of twenty. His powers of description were excellent, and his anecdotes of Wellington of the most interesting character.

It is supposed that he must have been partially suffocated and rendered powerless to escape before awaking, as he was remarkably active for a man of his years, and could have made his escape had he been awake upon the moment.

The coroner's jury returned a verdict of death from accidental burning.

—In Dr. Sprague's Annuals of the American Pulpit, is a sketch of the life of Dr. David Ely, of Huntington, Ct., in which may be found a very good illustration of a good deal of political preaching now-a-days. The Dr. was a zealous friend of the cause of the American Colonies in the days of the American Revolution, and among his people were a good many tories, who were on the watch for his words. He was charged with preaching politics in a neighboring parish, and it was thought proper to trace the report to its source. The parish was visited, and the inquiry made—"Did Dr. Ely preach politics when here?" "Yes." "What did he say?" "Well, sir, if he did not *preach* politics, he *prayed* politics." "What did he say?" "*Say* he said—*though hand join in hand, the wicked shall not go unpunished.*"

—The British Consul at Baltimore has published a card forewarning all foreigners who have heretofore voted at any election in the United States, that they cannot claim protection of the British Government, and will be subject to draft. This causes quite a fluttering amongst them.

—The President has appointed R. M. Blatchford, of New York, to be Minister resident at Rome, vice Alexander W. Randall, late Governor of Wisconsin, who has been recalled at his own request, with a view to his entering the military service of the United States.

—Some wag observes that the Southern Confederacy is now bounded on the north by McClellan, Burnside, and Pope; on the east by Hunter, Wilkes, and Dupont: on the south by Fort Pickens and Ben. Butler: and on the west by Farragut, Davis, and Halleck.

STATE OF MINNESOTA — DISTRICT COURT — RAMSEY COUNTY — SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

David Lawitz vs. the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company.

The State of Minnesota:

To the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the clerk of said Court, in his office, in Saint Paul, and a copy whereof is herewith served upon you; and to serve a copy of your answer upon us at our office in Saint Paul, of said county and State, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint as aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will have his damages assessed by a jury or the amount he is entitled to recover, ascertained by the court, or under its direction, and take judgment for the amount so assessed or ascertained and his costs and disbursements in this behalf expended.

Dated at Saint Paul, Ramsey County.
BRISBIN & WARNER.
fri aw-5w Plaintiff's Attorneys.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMSEY—DISTRICT COURT, SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT, ss.

Ira S. Town, Pl'ff—against Abagail Williams, Def't.

In the name of the State of Minnesota:

To Abagail Williams, the above named Defendant. You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court above named, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, in St. Paul, in said Ramsey County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Twenty-five Hundred and Forty-three Dollars and Twenty-two cents, and interest thereon from and since the 3d day of August, 1859, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated, St. Paul, May 26th, 1862.
HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,
jy25-6w fri Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Commercial.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 18.

The wheat market was firm yesterday morning, and sales quite limited during the earlier hours. A few car loads were sold on the platforms at 98c for No. 2, and $1.01 for No. 1 in store and $1.02 for No. 1 delivered. Holders offered to sell pretty freely at these figures, but the demand limited, the majority of buyers refusing to go above Saturday's prices.

The condition of the market did not undergo any material change during the remainder of the day. For a short time on 'Change 98c@$1.01 were paid for the standard grades in store, but subsequently 97½c@$1.00½ were the best offers and these only for a small amount. About 15,000 bushels in all changed hands, including 1,000 bushels extra club at $1.03, and a car load of white winter at $1.07 delivered.

The flour market was scarcely so firm as on Saturday, and $4.90, an extreme figure for country spring extra. Sales to the amount of 500 barrels were reported at $4.30@$4.55 for good to choice brands.

Coarse grains were firm, and rye 3@3½c higher. The latter was in good demand at 55@55½c delivered.

Grain freights were dull—nominally 5c on wheat to Buffalo, and other ports relatively the same.—The only engagement we heard of was the schooner N. C. Ford at 7c, payable in Canada currency for wheat to Kingston.

A dispatch from Chicago to the Chamber of Commerce quoted No. 1 wheat at 97½c, No. 2 at 90c, and freights at 5c on wheat to Buffalo.

TUESDAY, 10 A. M.

The wheat market receded about 1c this morning from yesterday's highest prices, and the demand at the depots was chiefly for bagged wheat. For No. 1 in store $1.00 was offered, for No. 2 in store 97c, and for the same qualities delivered 98c @$1.01. There was not much disposition to sell at those figures, and but little was done during the earlier part of the day. Receipts are about 1,800 bushels by railroad.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF STATE, SAINT PAUL, Aug. 4, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 6th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD. Said wood to be paid for in State warrants, and delivered at State Capital, as required.

CHARLES SCHEFFER,
a29-td State Treasurer.

FRESH SUGARS.

Fifteen tons, just received per "Itasca" and "War Eagle" including fair to choice N. O., O. A. and Havana, bought before the recent advance, at low figures, for cash.

a30-f COOLEY, TOWER & CO.

WANTED

A PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE,

With cylinder from 6 to 8 inch bore, and 14 to 20 inch stroke.

Any person having one of the above dimensions and wishing to dispose of it at a low figure, can hear of a purchaser by applying to

CHARLES D. ELFELT,
a16-d3t&w1 St. Paul.

GOT 'EM.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK,

for September.

DAVENPORT'S GOT 'EM.

CHICAGO PAPERS,

NEW YORK PAPERS,

GOT 'EM.

LEDGER FOR THIS WEEK.

GOT 'EM.

In fact DAVENPORT'S got everything, except a few things he hain't got.

CALL AND SEE.

a16-y

ARMY REGULATIONS.

CAMERON'S U. S. TACTICS,

HARDEE'S TACTICS,

BEADLE'S DIME TACTICS,

MARIEES, THIRD PART LES MISEBABLES,

Just received at

COMBS' BOOKSTORE.

jy21-1y

MILITARY GOODS.

ANOTHER NEW LOT.

SWORDS,

SASHES,

BELTS, BUGLES,

SHOULDER STRAPS,

AND LETTERS, &c., &c.,

Just received from the Chicopee manufactory, and for sale cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

L. P. FOSTER,
a19-3t just east of American House.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS,

SADDLERY, HARDWARE AND TOOLS.

LEATHE BELTING.

KESSLER & RIEHL,

TANNERS AND CURRIERS,

Keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete stock of

LEATHER and FINDINGS, SADDLERY HARDWARE and TOOLS,

LEATHER BELTING, ENAMELED CLOTHS AND LEATHER, &c., &c., &c.

All of which they are now offering at prices to suit the times.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS.

☞Cash paid for Hides and Furs..☜

fan18-d1y

BYERS & POLLOCK

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE

OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,

JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.

nov14-d&w1y

H. J. BRAINARD & CO.'S

MILLS,

SITUATED ON PHALON'S CREEK, WHERE THE STILLWATER ROAD CROSSES.

This Mill is just completed, and is in good running order. Our machinery embraces all the latest improvements, and was got up in the East, without regard to expense. It has two run of Burrs, which will be kept running night and day, so that farmers coming from a distance can be accommodated without much delay.

The need of a first class Mill of this kind has long been felt by the citizens of St. Paul and vicinity. We have secured the services of James Craigie, who has made milling the business of his life, and in whom we can place entire confidence.

All kinds of grain will be weighed when brought to the Mill, and also when taken away, if desired. We feel confident in saying to the public that we can make a good Flour and as great a yield to the bushel as any Mill in Minnesota, and respect fully solicit a fair trial.

Also a new Mill for grinding corn in the ear.

☞All work done at this Mill is warranted.

aw30d1w-6w1y

JOHN A. STEES,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Furniture and Cabinet Ware,

Of every variety of style and pattern.

CORNER 3D AND MINNESOTA STS., SAINT PAUL.

All kinds of lumber taken in trade.

jan5d&w1y

Miscellaneous.

REMOVAL.

JOHN GETZ

Has removed his stock of

TOYS, FANCY GOODS AND CONFECTIONARIES,

TO

ROGERS' BLOCK,

Third Street, opposite the Express Office,

Where he will continue to sell all goods in his line cheaper than ever.

Thanking his friends and patrons for past favors, he would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. a12-2w

HO! FOR THE 8TH REGIMENT

Corcoran Relief Guards!

IRISHMEN TO THE RESCUE!

LIEUT. M. J. O'CONNOR,

$165 Bounty!

$50 Public Bounty in Ramsey County!

$5 per month from the city or county!

$40 on being mustered into the United States service.

$75 by United States when discharged.

☞Recruiting office opposite Sheehy's Grocery Store, 3d-st., St. Paul. a14-1

SAINT PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The trains will run until further notice on the following time table:

TIME TABLE NO. ONE.

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5.30 A. M.	8.55 A. M.	7.00 A. M.	7.30 A.M.
10.00 "	12.25 "	10.00 A. M.	10.30 A M.
2.00 P. M.	3.25 P. M.	3.00 P. M.	3.30 P. M.
5.30 P. M.	8.00 P. M.	6.30 "	7.00 "

WILLIAM CROOKS,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.

jy2 dtf

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the Winslow, American International and Merchants, or at our office.

Fare to St. Anthony or Minneapolis, including omnibus tickets at both ends of Railroad, 50 cents.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.

jy3

SALE OF PINE SAW LOGS.

Notice is hereby given, that the Pine Saw-Logs now in the Mississippi river at and above the St. Paul Boom, marked as follows: Letters J. N. T. made in combination | ı (swing girdle, notch); also ı (notch) letters J. N. T. made in combination ı (notch), also | ı ı (swing girdle, two notches), and seized by the undersigned for and on behalf of the United States, in pursuance of instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, the same having been cut on land the property of the U. S., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, *for cash*, in St. Paul, opposite the Post Office, on Thursday, the 21st day of August, 1862, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Surveyor General's Office, St. Paul, August 13th, 1862.

W. D. WASHBURN,
Surveyor General of the U. S. for the
a14-td District of Minnesota.

CARPETS.

CASH TRADES

ARE

ALWAYS BARGAINS.

CALL AT

JOSEPH BUGBEE'S

New Carpet Store,

Facing the River,

THIRD STREET,..... ST. PAUL.

a12-3m

BUGGIES.

We have just received and have now on hand a few

Eastern Made Buggies

AND LIGHT BUSINESS WAGONS,

and expect to receive in the next few weeks

A GOOD ASSORTMENT,

Which we will sell for cash, at extreme low figures and warrant them made of

GOOD MATERIAL.

a12-1m J. & C. M. DAILEY.

NOTICE.

OFFICE ST. PAUL & PACIFIC R. R. CO., SAINT PAUL, August 15th, 1862.

On and after August 15th, the train leaving Saint Paul, at 11.45 A. M., will leave at 2 o'clock P. M., arrive at St. Anthony at 2.25 P. M., and the train leaving Saint Anthony at 2.30 P. M. will leave at 3 o'clock P. M., arriving at Saint Paul at 3.30 P. M.

WILLIAM CROOKS,
a14-2t Superintendent.

CALL AT

D. D. MERRILL'S

For the Best Styles of

PHOTOGRAPH

ALBUMS.

"CARTES DE VISITE"—And views to suit all.

U. S. Army Regulations, U. S. Infantry Tactics, and a fresh supply of

NEW BOOKS.

America Before Europe—*De Gasparin.*
Among the Pines.
Elsie Venner.
Recreations of a Country Parson.
Spare Hours.
Leisure Hours about Town.
Artemus Ward.
Parson Brownlow's Book.
Cecil Dreme, John Brent, and
Edwin Brothertoft. a10tf

MILITARY GOODS.

CAMPBELL,

Has just received a fresh lot of fine goods. The only place in this city where a complete outfit can be found. Officers' uniforms made on short notice.

No. 2 Bernheimer's Block, 3d-st.,
a12-2w St. Paul.

A. F. KNIGHT,

ARCHITECT,

Will furnish designs, Plans, Details, Specifications and Estimates for buildings of every kind, got up in the best style for the reduced price of one per cent on estimated cost, and will, if required, superintend the erection of the same, both in the city and country, at equally low rates. Office in French's Block, Third street, St. Paul, Minnesota. mv8-6m

TAX DEEDS.

THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY

Have now on hand the latest and best form of tax deeds. It is suitable for sales under the several acts of the Legislature, and in conformity with all their requisitions, and is prepared by the State authorities

Price 50 cents per dozen, or $3 per hundred.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

We, the undersigned, have this day dissolved partnership. The business will be carried on in the name of J. H. Byers. All debts and demands will be settled by J. H. Byers.

St. Paul, August 18, 1862.

J. H. BYERS,
a19-1w S. L. POLLOCK.

BALMORALS.

ANOTHER NEW LOT.

GENT'S,

LADIES',

MISSES',

BOYS' AND

CHILDRENS',

Comprising all the Fall Styles.

Just received and for sale cheap.

L. P. FOSTER,
a19-3t just east of American House.

Miscellaneous.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Monday, July 28, 1862, the

Prairie du Chien and Dunleith

LINE OF BOATS

Will leave St. Paul daily, at 7 o'clock P. M. The Steamer Milwaukee will leave Monday morning, as heretofore at 8 o'clock; the Key City will leave the same evening, at 7 o'clock.

This change is made in order to ensure Railroad connections. This is the only line of Boats leaving St. Paul, by which Passengers can rely upon making Railroad connections.

CHAS. THOMPSON, Agent
Prairie du Chien Railway.

S. B. FORBES, Agent Illinois Central Railroad.

jy21-dtf

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

☞Be careful to buy only the genuine jc14-dw1y

PRINCE & CO.'S

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

87 Fulton street.....New York.
43 Lake street.....Chicago.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tolman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Couse.....Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished, and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every Instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake st., Chicago.

Or either of the above wholesale agents.

For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul, Minnesota.

apr29d&wly

RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE, CHICAGO, ILL.

The twentieth annual session will commence October 1st, 1862, and continue sixteen weeks.

FACULTY:

Dan'l Brainard, M. D.....Surgery.
J. V. Z. Blaney, M. D.....Chemistry.
J. W. Freer, M. D.....Institutes.
J. Adams Allen, M. D.....Practice.
R. L. Rea, M. D.....Anatomy.
De Laskie Miller, M. D.....Obstetrics.
Ephraim Ingals, M. D. Therapeutics and Mat. Med.
Edwin Powell, M. D.....Demonstrator.

FEES—$40. Dissecting and Mat. Tickets each $5. Board $2.50 to $3 per week.

For further information or circular, address
a8-d1w&w1m R. L. REA, Sec'y, Box 333.

160 ACRES OF

Timbered Land

Will be sold at such price that the timber at fifty cents per cord wood-leave, will pay for the property.

The soil is of excellent quality, with water and meadow, and is situated within one and a half hours' drive of Saint Paul, and within five miles of the Saint Paul and Pacific Railroad at two different depots. This road is now being constructed and will be finished to Anoka the coming fall.

HENRY McKENTY,
St. Paul, June 28, 1862. Dealer in Real Estate.
jy28-d&w6m

A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE

FOR $750.

A charming residence in Willis' Addition, built by the owner for his own use, with every comfort and convenience—well of pure water, stable and out-buildings, and a yard with shrubbery and gravel walks.

The house is not a mere shell or balloon, but built to resist the cold of our winters and the heat of our summers, and is located in an airy and cheerful neighborhood.

St. Paul, June 28, 1862.
HENRY McKENTY,
jy28 d&w6m Dealer in Real Estate

FARMERS LOOK HERE!

I will sell for the next sixty days, the late improved

Fanning Mills,

(two sizes,) patented Oct. 9, 1860, by F. H. MANNY, of Rockford, Illinois, at $18 to $20 each, cash.

CAUTION.—Any one using or selling the above mills, will be required to pay for the same to the subscriber.

For peculiarity of construction and cut, see Patent Office Report for 1860, vol. 1, page 700 and vol. 2, page 522.

The exclusive right for manufacturing and selling the above Fanning Mills, for the counties of Ramsey and Dakota, is owned by F. A. Leyde.

WM. M. LEYDE, Ag't, Sibley-st.,
a3-1md&w North of Merchants Hotel, St. Paul.

FOR RENT,

THE RESIDENCE OF GEN. DANA,

With or without the

FURNITURE.

Enquire of
jy29-tf H. F. MASTERSON.

ST. PAUL CHAIR FACTORY

GALLEY & JANSON,

Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail dealers in

CHAIRS!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WABASHAW STREET, BET. 5TH & 6TH, ST. PAUL.

☞We are prepared to supply the trade with the very best quality of work, made under our personal supervision, and

WARRANTED SUPERIOR

To any manufactured in the State.

Twelve years' experience in this trade, enables us to do good work in good style.

We refer to the following principal Cabinet dealers of St. Paul, who sell our work in preference to that of other manufacturers, for the reason that they consider ours the best.

J. Primrose, | J. A. Stees,
F. Hildebrand, | J. S. Dennison,
J. Doney, | feb3l: d&w1y.

FIRST CLASS BOARD.

Pleasant rooms, with board, in a delightful locality, lower town, within a few minutes walk of the International Hotel, can be obtained by addressing P. O. Box No. 1570, or applying at Miss C. A. Gill's, corner Eight and College Streets, next to the residence of John S. Prince, Esq.

je25 d3m

COOLEY, TOWER & COMPANY,

Branch of COOLEY & TOWER (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & CO.,) St. Louis,

(ESTABLISHED 1843,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN.

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

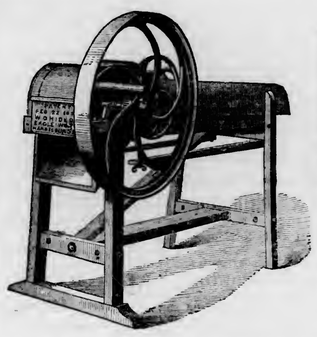
In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers. August 3, 1862.

JONES' AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE,

THIRD STREET, NEAR THE BRIDGE, SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.



HUBS, STOVES, FELLOWS, WHEELS, BOWS, SHAFTS, FOLES, HICKORY PAICS, AXLES, SPRINGS, THIMBLE SKEINS, BOXES, HAY PRESSES, ROAD SCRAPERS AND CORN AND COB MILLS. HYDRAULIC RAMS, LEAD PIPE, &c., &c., &c. BURR STONE MILLS, BOLTING, GUM CLOTHS, AND LEATHER BELTING, SUCTION AND FORCE PUMPS—ALL SIZES.

DEPOT FOR THE SALE OF ALL THE STANDARD MACHINES AND IMPLEMENTS

SOLE AGENCY

OF THE CANTON, OHIO, SWEEPSTAKES THRESHING MACHINES
" " " BUCKEYE REAPER AND MOWER,
OF THE ROCKFORD, ILLS., J. P. MANNY'S REAPER AND MOWER,
OF THE HAINES, ILLS. HARVESTER OR HEADING MACHINES,
OF THE BUCKEYE GRAIN DRILLS,
OF PRINDLE'S AGRICULTURAL STEAMER, FOR STEAMING FOOD FOR STOCK.
OF SECHLER & PORTER'S SUGAR CANE MILLS, ALL SIZES.
OF COOK'S EVAPORATORS AND SYRUP CLARIFIERS.
OF ROE & BLAIR'S WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE VATS AND HOOPS,
OF THE BUFFALO SCALE WORKS COMPANY SCALES, ALL SIZES.

Besides I have a large stock of one, two, four and six horse power threshing machines, fan mills, corn shellers, root cutters, for cutting roots for stock, hay and straw cutters, corn stalk cutters and grinders, cider mills, steel plows all sizes, cultivators, horse hoes, scythes, grain cradles, forks, hoes shovels, spades, potator hooks, hay knives, &c., trace, halter and log chains, axes, well buckets and wheels, scythe stones, grind stones, bent plow handles, &c., &c. A large stock of castings on hand at all times for repairing machines.

Descriptive pamphlets of machinery, with prices and terms, furnished on application to

D. C. JONES,
my23-d3m&w6m At Jones' Agricultural Warehouse, Saint Paul.

DRY GOODS

AT COST.

HOGAN & CAMP

Offer their entire stock of

Summer Dress Goods,

SUMMER SHAWLS,

CLOAKS, PARASOLS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

AND ALL

SUMMER GOODS

AT COST.

a6-y

WALTER W. WEBB.

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines & Liquors,

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.

AND MONTREAL MALT WHISKY.

I find that the impression prevails that pure Foreign Wines and Brandy cannot be obtained in St. Paul. I wish to assure the citizens and others that they can safely rely upon getting pure, unadulterated Wines, Brandies and Gin from me, equal to any imported. W. W. WEBB.

Also, London Porter, Scotch Ale, and Scotch Whisky.

LEONARD & SHEIRE,

BUILDERS,

Shop in old Baptist Church Building, on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter Work done to order.

M. SHEIRE, ARCHITECT,

Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheire's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street, near Jackson. Designs, Plans and Specifications for Buildings of every description, prepared on short notice. feb18-1y

MILL-STONES.

BOLTING CLOTHS,

GRAIN SEPARATORS,

And all kinds of

MILL MACHINERY.

☞Send for a circular by mail.

PALMER & PLAMONDON,

Cor. West Water and Washington Streets (P. O. box, 1525.) CHICAGO, ILL.

W. M. LEYDE, Ag't, St. Paul. my13-d&w6m.

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY,

PLATED WARE,

CARBON OIL AND LAMPS.

LOOKING GLASSES, TIN WARE,

PLAIN, PLANISHED AND JAPANNED. TABLE CUTLERY.

Constantly on hand, the most complete assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS to be found in the city.

ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL, Minn.

sep22-d&w

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke.....New York City
John G. Treadwell.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.....Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moors.....Boston

je11doa&flm&w1y

J. F. BLODGET,

AUDITOR OF ANOKA COUNTY,

Will pay taxes for non-residents, and furnish information in relation to lands in Anoka county.

Any information in relation to delinquent taxes furnished free of charge. mar12:dtf.

THRESHING MACHINES
C. Aultman & Co's Manufact'ry
Canton, Ohio.

For speed, clean work, strength and beauty, C. Aultman & Co.'s world-renowned Canton, Ohio, "Sweepstakes" Threshing Machines are the acknowledged "head and front" of the whole "threshing machine family." Their fame is not only national but world-wide!

Either Geared or Belted Separators, with either eight or ten horse "Cary" or "Compensating" Powers, and with or without Trucks and Straw Stackers, delivered at this place on short notice. Order early. Send and get circular free of charge, or call and see sample machines.

D. C. JONES,
Sole Agent for the Manufacturers, at Jones' Agricultural Warehouse, St. Paul, Minn.
je17-2md&w

REMOVED.

EYE & EAR.

DR. UNDERWOOD

Of Chicago, Ill., the eminent and skilful operator on the Eye and Ear, whose name and fame is so extensively known throughout the United States, for his science, skill and success in performing formidable operations, and in removing difficult and dangerous diseases from those delicate organs, has arrived in St. Paul and may be consulted in INGERSOLL'S BLOCK for a short time only.

Dr. U., who is a regular Physician and Surgeon of the old school, has had an extensive experience in both hospital and private practice of twenty-eight years, and will be found competent to perform any operation necessary to restore lost sight or hearing, or by other mild and gentle means to remove any disease from those delicate organs within the reach of science and human skill.

CHRONIC DISEASES, of every grade and character, whether requiring medical or surgical treatment, POSITIVELY and PERMANENTLY CURED, when not clearly beyond the reach of science and human skill.

Dr. Underwood treats all diseases on regular and scientific principles as recognized by the medical profession both in Europe and America, and hence does not use or deal in those pretended new and never failing remedies—specifics, inhaling vapors, and clairvoyant prescriptions—which are so ostentatiously paraded before the public by those impudent traveling quacks and money-fleecing empirics, nine-tenths of whom never were inside of a medical college. Patients afflicted or laboring under diseases of long standing, can consult Dr. U. with the most confident hope and expectation of being perfectly cured, or receiving with unerring certainty all the relief that the highest skill, the most judicious and scientific treatment can possibly bestow.

AUCTION NOTICE.

We will sell all goods consigned to us, to be sold at auction, for five per cent. commission.

All sums over one hundred dollars three per cent.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

Second hand furniture bought and the highest price paid. R. & J. M. WARNER,
je

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME II. SAINT PAUL, SATURDAY, AUGUST 23, 1862. NUMBER 122.

The Saint Paul Press.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

☞ This paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, SATURDAY, AUGUST 22.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE TO CONGRESS.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY,

of Dakota County.

☞ SEE FOURTH PAGE.

COMPOSITORS WANTED.—We want six or eight first-class compositors immediately. Apply at the office of the DAILY PRESS.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

The Governor has issued another proclamation to the people of Minnesota, respecting the Indian depredations.

The rumors and speculations of the last few days, are giving place to convictions of the sad realities.

By Telegraph—we lean that McClellan, Pope and Burnside, have united their forces.

Fort Donelson has been abandoned by thhe federal troops.

The reception of Gen. Corcoran, in New York was a splendid affair.

A portion of Gen. Curtis' army is in motion.

Harrison's Landing is in possession of the rebels, but Williamsburg is still in our possession.

Two bridges of the Marietta and Cincinnati railroad have been burned by rebel sympathizers.

The cabinet rumors and speculations, if they prove to be true, will electrify the the heart of the nation.

THE EXTRA SESSION.

Everywhere the Extra Session seems to be demanded by the people.

The action of the District Convention for the 1st District is most significant. A convention called without distinction of party *unanimously* demands of the Governor an Extra Session; and we are informed by those who were present that the action was not merely a formal one, but that the convention was *thoroughly in earnest*.

A gentleman just returned from the Valley of the St. Croix, states that the feeling in favor of calling the Legislature is *unanimous* among all the prominent citizens throughout the valley, from the northern line of Chisago county to Point Douglas.

We hear similar statements as to the state of feeling in the Vally of the Minnesota and for the Upper Mississippi.

We hope the Governor will act promptly in this matter.

The terrible condition of our frontier demands such action.

The news from Washington indicates that the General Government at present has its hands full, and that we can count on little assistance at its hands.

We must take steps to thoroughly protect our frontier; we can afterwards call upon the General Government to reimburse any extraordinary outlays the State may be at.

We must also take legislative action by memorial and otherwise, to provide for the permanent removal of the Indian population from our State, and to prevent their possible return at any future day. The exigency is pressing, and we feel confident the action of Governor Ramsey will be correspondingly prompt.

STAFF APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments were made yesterday for the 6th and 7th regiments:

John T. Averill, of Goodhue, Lieutenant Colonel of the Sixth Regiment.

Robert N. McLaren, of Goodhue, Major of the Sixth.

F. E. Snow, of Blue Earth, Adjutant of the Sixth Regment.

Wm. Crooks, of Ramsey, Lieutenant Colonel of the Seventh.

FIELD OFFICERS.

We are glad to notice among the appointments of field officers made yesterday for the Sixth Regiment, the names of John T. Averill, of Lake City, Lieutenant Colonel, and R. N. McLaren, of Red Wing, Major. Both of these appointments are among the happiest yet made; both are gentlemen well known throughout the State for their high character—and by the energy and ability displayed by them in the walks of civil life, bid fair to acquire a solid reputation in the field. Major McLaren has already had some useful military experience, having served in the Indian war in Oregon, and is now putting the lessons learned there to profitable account in our present difficulties.

The La Crosse Battery at Cumberland Gap.

The La Crosse *Republican* publishes the following private letter from a soldier in the battery raised at that place:

CUMBERLAND GAP, Aug. 9.

DEAR PARENTS:—The only news is (and I presume you have or will read the account of, before you receive this letter) that the La Crosse battery has had a fight, although they ran several narrow escapes, they came out all sound, and not a man in the battery is killed or hurt. They have been five days drawing it on, and have finally seen the elephant. We all had a hand in, and the battery cut up the secesh awfully.—It would take me all day to give you a description of every scene. Our boys did some good shooting, as we could see the rebels fall by the dozen at every shot. The loss must be great on their side—ours is small compared to theirs. I don't think our loss will come up to 200.

THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE COUNTRY.

Great anxiety is felt in regard to the financial ability of the Government to maintain a long and expensive war; and politicians and statesmen are accustomed to speak of national bankruptcy as the necessary result, should it be protracted three or four years. It has been generally supposed that Mr. Chase has conducted the affairs of the Treasury with signal ability and success, but there has been an *appreciation* of the value of gold, and a corresponding *depreciation* of the credit of the Government. Even the 7 3-10 Treasury Notes, though quoted at a premium, are not par—gold being the standard of exchange. It may be, as suggested by the New York *Independent*, that the depreciation and panic are the result of a trick of the Wall Street Brokers, aggravated by the failure and retreat of our armies before Richmond. Still the public mind is excited and apprehensive respecting the future.

If, with an army in the field of 600,000, the Government has been straightened to meet its liabilities, what must be its condition when the army is augmented to 1,200,000, with a corresponding increase in the strength and expenditures of the navy?

At such a time and under such circumstances, he is to be regarded as a public benefactor, who says or does any thing to allay anxiety, and to convince the people of the latent strength and ability of the Government to assume and carry the additional burdens about to be laid upon it.

This has been attempted by the New York *World*, in a profound and elaborate article.

The facts of history afford no warrant for the fears of timid friends, or the hopes and anticipations of open or concealed enemies of the Government.

We have not yet *begun* to tax our national strength and vast resources in any degree, proportionate to that which France and Great Britain did in the war from 1793 to 1815:

"In the year 1812, after twenty years' war with with all Europe, France, with a population of 28,700,000, placed in the field an effective military force of 800,000 infantry, 100,000 cavalry, 100,000 artillerymen and engineers, making a total of a million men.

Great Britain, in 1813, with a population, including that of Ireland, of 18,547,720, had a total military and naval force under arms of 1,166,520 men.

The population of the loyal States is about 24,000,000, or 5,000,000 more than that of Great Britain and Ireland in 1813, and about 5,000,000 less than that of France in 1812. Our wealth and natural resources are superior to either of these nations in 1813, and, instead of being twenty years at war, this is only the fifteenth month of our war, whereas France and Great Britain in 1813, were both exhausted by twenty years of war, when they placed these vast armies of a million men in the field, armed and equipped.

The fact is that we are just as well able to keep up this war for twenty-two years as Great Britain and France were from 1793 to 1815. There is not the slightest occasion to doubt our ample power and wealth to put down the rebellion, and to wage this war for twenty-two years, as Great Britain and France have done with less resources."

This conclusion is apparently warranted by the facts adduced, but there are three or four elements in the financial problem, not taken into the account by the New York *World*:

1. Napoleon was accustomed to subsist his armies upon conquered provinces, thus enriching France at the expense of other nations. Thus far, in the present war, we have furnished and paid our troops, and used them as a police force for the protection of rebel property.

2. There is a vast disproportion in the expenses of an American and a European army. We pay higher wages, larger bounties, and lose more by the peculations of contractors, and the extravagances of commanders in the field. Long experience in the maintenance of great armies in Europe has introduced and applied a systematized economy, of which we have scarcely any conception, making the expense for the support of a green body of men, relatively small.

Never has there been in the history of the world, an army so expensive in proportion to its numbers, as that of the United States.

The single item of bounties, for the army of 600,000 now recruiting, at an average of $50 for each recruit, will amount to thirty million of dollars.

3. The cost of money for the prosecution of the war, is greater than in Europe, where it is 3 or 4 per cent., while our Government pays 7 3-10, or 8 or 10 per cent. at the pleasure of the money kings who rule in Wall street.

With a national debt of five hundred or one thousand million of dollars, the rate of interest to be paid, is a matter of immense importance Why should we minister to our national vanity, by essaying to carry on the war, without the aid of European capitalists? Why should we not as borrowers go to the head of the money market, and obtain at the lowest rates, *material aid* for the prosecution of the war?

Had such a policy been adopted at the proper time, it would have made the capitalists of Europe tributary and subservient to the maintenance of the Federal Union.

If so many of our ablest financiers firmly believe Mr. Chase has made a grand mistake on this subject, it is not yet too late to repair the evil.

4. At the rate of expenditure now making, the indebtedness of the United States will be, within the coming year, nearly, if not quite *half* as large as that of Great Britain, which has been accumulating for more than a century.

What then becomes of the inference "that we are just as able to keep up this war for twenty-two years, as Great Britain and France were from 1793 to 1815?"

Besides the cost of the implements of war, is vastly greater than it was half a century ago. The Crimean war was brought to a close in two or three years, and the campaign of Napoleon III. in Italy, in as many months. The day for long wars has passed away to return no more. We commend these considerations to the attention of our New York contemporary.

The truth is, the *World* has attempted to prove too much.

We shall have no occasion to prosecute the war twenty, ten, or even five years. It *may* and *must* be brought to a *successful termination immediately*.

The people have determined it—humanity pleads for it—the voice of God demands it.

We do not doubt for a moment, the ability of the Government to do it. *The man for the hour will yet be found to lead our armies to conflict, and to victory.*

This gigantic conspiracy must be crushed. The people have resolved it at *whatever cost* of blood and treasure.

The price of victory is high—the perils of the conflict are great; the goal may seem distant and difficult to be attained, but the march of the people is *onward*, with no signs of halting or delay.

THE INDIAN DISTURBANCES.

FORT RIDGLEY BELEAGURED!

HORRIBLE MASSACRES!

THE LATEST INTELLIGENCE!

The intelligence from the border is the all-absorbing topic of conversation of the day. The details of these terrible massacre are of the most sickening character.

From despatches from Colonel Sibley, we learn that he arrived at Belle Plain with three companies, after many vexatious delays. He was to leave yesterday morning for St. Peter. It was certain that no communication had been held with the garrison as Fort Ridgely for a couple of drys, although efforts had been made to do so. A special messenger had been sent to Captain Grant, at Glencoe, to order him to rejoin the command as soon as possible, as it was not deemed prudent to run the risk of an attack by an overwhelming force. Judge Flandrau writes from New Ulm, requesting the forces to hurry up there as soon as possible. Alexander Faribault, with a company from Faribault, is said to be at St. Peter, waiting the arrival of the expedition. Colonel Sibley is convinced that the Sioux bands are united in carrying out a concerted and desperate scheme, and he will only be too happy to find that the powerful upper bands of Yanktons and other Missouri Indians are not united with them in the nefarious enterprise.

Much complaint is made of the Austrian rifle with which this force is armed. They are almost worthless.

In a later dispatch at 10 o'clock on Thursday evening, Colonel Sibley says that the evidence accumulates, and of nature which would seem to be unquestionable as to its reliability, that a very large force is necessary to put down the savages. He advises that an additional force of not less than five hundred be sent *at once*—officered by the best men, armed with Springfield rifles, and a supply of fixed ammunition. If they are not wanted, so much the better; the effect will be good and re-assuring to the people.

We give the following letter from Antoine Frenau, U. S. Interpreter, who was sent as a scout from Fort Ridgley to the Upper Agency. Everything was destroyed. He saw many dead bodies lying round. Rev. S. R. Riggs and Dr. Williamson, Indian Missionaries, at Pajutazee, are believed to be among the slain. When he returned to the Fort, he found it surrounded by Indians, and from an eminence could see the outer buildings in flames, and heard the shouts of Indians. This was on Wednesday night. He left the vicinity of the Fort on Thursday morning. Mr. Frenau believes the outer buildings to have been set on fire by the commander of the post, to prevent the skulking of the Indians behind them.

LETTER FROM THE SIOUX INTERPRETER.

HENDERSON, August 21—4 P. M.

Hon. Alexander Ramsey:

I send by bearer, David Caruthers, the following facts: I left Fort Ridgley this morning at five o'clock, and when I left there were 2,000 Indians around the Fort. The wooden dwellings are all burning. The men, women and children are all killed, except Kennedy and Garvie. To-day I found it impossible to get within the Fort. I think the Indians are still collecting—Cutheads, Yankton's, and all other tribes. If they take the Fort they will, in my opinion, come to Henderson, St. Peter, Traverse, &c.

Very respectfully,
A. FRENAU,
United States Interpreter.

AFFAIRS AT GLENCOE.

Col. J. H. Stevens writes that there has been most intense excitement at that place. Every family had left, and but two returned, and now they had 400 women and children gathered there from the surrounding towns. The nearest any Indians had been to that place was within eight miles on Wednesday morning; and these did not seem to be warlike. The Colonel had called out Capt. Rouse's Company of Home Guards, for the protection of the place. Every able-bodied man capable of bearing arms had not been permitted to pass, but compelled to take up arms. In Hutchison they have barricaded a house, and all the people are collected in it.

NORTHERN MINNESOTA.

It will be seen by the following that the Governor has ordered a general renduzvous of the militia at St. Cloud, for the purpose of protecting the Northern frontier, in case of any outbreak in that direction:

To the People of Northern Minnesota:

The Militia of the counties in the Valvey of the Upper Mississippi are hereby directed to rendezvous at once, to the number of one hundred, at St. Cloud, to serve as a Mounted Guard for the protection of the settlements in that portion of the State.

Those only will be accepted who can furnish immediately their own horses, arms and equipments, and subsistence for ten days. The militia so collected will organize by electing a Captain and First and Second Lieutenants.

The Captain will appoint a Quartermaster, who will provide for the subsistence of the force so raised.

Compensation will be hereafter made by the Government.

The militia until so organized will report to and receive orders from Gen. H. Z. Mitchell, of St. Cloud, who will promptly provide ammunition for them.

When organized, the Captain will at at once, by express, notify Adjutant General Malmros, of St. Paul, and await further orders.

ALEX. RAMSEY.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, ST. PAUL. Aug. 22, 1862.

The following proclamation commends itself to the good sense of everybody, unless he is too much frightened to reflect:

To the People of the State:

The great alarm manifested by the people of a large portion of the State, at the outrages committed by the Indians, and the panic which appears to be spreading in every direction, make it necessary that, as the Executive, I should state a few facts, which may serve in a measure to prevent unnecessary apprehension.

The scene of the murders committed at New Ulm and Fort Ridgley is, by the course of the valley of the Minnesota, 210 miles from St. Paul; the scene of the murders committed at Acton, in Meeker county, is at least 80 miles from St. Paul; while the Agency at Crow Wing, where a disturbance has occurred with the Chippewas, is 153 miles from St. Paul. It will thus be perceived that the real danger is far removed from the Capital of the State and from most of the more populous counties.

The entire number of Sioux Indians within the limits of Minnesota is about 7,200, which, making allowance for women and children, would leave but about 1,500 warriors to take the field; and it is not at all probable, or hardly possible, that this number could be collected at any one place, or long held together if so collected. Indian warfare has always been without system, irregular and desultory, and there is no possibility that they will invade the more thickly settled parts of the State.

The force of their violence will fall upon the scattered habitations along the western frontier, and the large force of infantry and cavalry now moving rapidly to the scene of hostilities will soon drive them backward toward the Missouri, and out of the State. While the force already sent is believed to be more than sufficient, yet, if necessary, additional troops to the number of thousands will be forwarded from time to time if needed.

I call upon the people to turn a deaf ear to idle and improbable reports, and to sift closely the evidence of every statement before they give it credence. There are those who, at such a time, upon the merest rumor, are ready to flee from their homes, leaving their harvesting unfinished and their property unprotected. It must be the duty of all sensible men to check the needless panic which such men would create.

While every means will be used to protect the region of country really in danger, I trust that the ordinary avocations of the people, in sections far removed from the scene of hostilities, will not be interfered with.

ALEX. RAMSEY.

St. Paul, Minnesota.

A LIE SQUELCHED.

The following letter from J. C. Burbank & Co., is an effectual disclaimer to the senseless story lately gotten up, that the Superintendent of Indian Affairs has withheld the payment from the Indians for purposes of his own:

ST. PAUL, Aug. 22, 1862.

Editors of the Press.

DEAR SIR:—We understand there is a report on the street to-day that our present Indian difficulties arose partially on account of the Indian Superintendent's withholding their annuity money for the purpose of speculating upon the same. In justice to Col. Thompson, the Superintendent, who is absent, we would say that the annuity moneys arrived by our express, August 16th, and that immediately upon its arrival, Colonel Thompson chartered a stage, and sent Major Hatch and party forward for the purpose of making the payment, and they arrived at Fort Ridgley on Monday, the 18th inst.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.

MARRIED.

In Roseville, on the 21st instant, by Rev. J. D. Pope, Mr. PHILLIP G. SKEATE and Miss MARY JOHNSON, both of Roseville.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, Min., August 22d, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until the 28th day of August, 1862, at 12 o'clock M. of that day, for the manufacture and making up of two thousand six hundred and eighty-one uniform coats, and the same number of pairs of trowsers.

The contract for the manufacture of the above amount of clothing will be let entire, or in lots of not less than one hundred coats or one hundred pairs of trowsers, the whole amount to be finished and delivered within four weeks after receiving the cloth.

The contract whether let entire, or in lots as above specified, will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders; this department reserving the right to reject all unreasonable or irresponsible bids.

All bids must be accompanied by the names of the sureties who will be offered for the performance of the contract, and must state the number of coats or trowsers that the bidders will complete and deliver weekly. All work must be of the best quality, having reference chiefly to durability and strength.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant General and
a23-5t Acting Quarter-Master.

DANIEL ROHRER, lately sutler of the Third Regiment, returned to this city the other day.

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO ST. PAUL.

WINSLOW'S LINE.

From the Army of Virginia.

ON THE RETREAT.

Confederate Army Advancing.

BATTLE EXPECTED.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF VIRGINIA,
CEDAR MOUNTAIN, Va., August 18.

[*Tribune Letter.*]—Again on the march—a retreat. The camp, which only yesterday was situated at the foot of the mountain, now memorable forever, dissolved this afternoon into thin air, and the headquarters are—a camp, but whether only for an hour, or three hours, it matters not which.

The hurried order came to be ready to start at once, and before two hours had passed tents and baggage—all of headquarters but its personel, were moving to the rear.

We understand it is whispered that the whole army of Virginia is in retreat, and presently it is added that the whole army of Richmond is on the advance; that the rebels threaten to turn our left flank, and, in a word, are marching straight for Fredericksburg, for Washington, for the North, perhaps; but before the North, before Washington, before Fredericksburg is reached, the hardest, fiercest, most determined and desperate battles of the war are to be fought.

This army is not running away, nor is General Pope out-generaled yet by Stonewall Jackson.

Threatened on the left flank—threatened by an army that counts its hundreds of thousands of miserable and desperate troops—the army of Virginia retreats indeed; but it retreats to fight. By daylight it must cross the Rappahannock, but when once on the north bank of that river it no longer retreats; it begins to maneuvre. The battles of this war are about to begin, will continue.

Sigel is not expected till noon, and whatever happens, not a regiment leaves till the rear comes up. It is a wonderful retreat, for in spite of delays there is no panic among the trains, and though the troops are moving to the rear, they march as if to battle.

No battle to-day. If any means can avoid it, perhaps none to-morrow, but on the Rappahannock. Before the week closes comes the deadliest struggle of the war.

CULPEPPER, Aug. 19—6 A. M.

It was expected that the army would cross the Rappahannock by 10 o'clock; but passage of the trains was so much delayed that it will not be attempted.

The corps of Banks is here, and McDowell is coming up. Both will wait the arrival of Sigel, who covered the retreat, and will not be hurried.

As I write, these masses of troops are pouring in swift but orderly marches along the narrow roads and over the fields towards the town. They are already listening for the sound of following cannon. All day long they marched from Richmond reached this city yesterday.

FROM NEW YORK.

Junction of McClellan, Pope, and Burnside's Forces.

Dinner in honor of Gen. Wilcox.

Speech of General Mitchell.

Brilliant Ovation in honor of Gen. Corcoran.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.

The *Commercial* says it has information that a junction of McClellan's Pope's and Burnside's forces, has been effected at Acquia Creek. The same paper says that reliable advices from James river state that the rebels occupied Harrison's Landing, and their pickets extend as far as the Chickahominy, a large portion of our gunboat flotilla, with the flag ship, was above Harrison's Landing, and would probably give the rebels a taste of their quality.

A most elegant dinner was given to Gen. Wilcox, last evening at the Athenæum Club, 5th Ave., by our fellow citizens, Wm. T. Blodgett, Esq., in which he was joined by a few personal friends of the General. Among the distinguished guests were Maj. Gen. Mitchell, Mayor Opdyke, Hon. Hiram Barney, Chas H. Marshall, Esq., David Dudley Field, Gen. Asboth, Col. Bayley Myers, Col. F. Howe, Capt. Hodges and others.

Capital speeches, which, as the occasion was not of a public nature, we refrain from publishing.

The speech of Gen. Mitchell was one of the most beautiful and patriotic efforts of the astronomer General.

Gen. Wilcox, in closing a very interesting account of his prison experience, which he modestly requested would not be made public, expressed himself as laying no claims to be considered a martyr, and only hoped for recognition of such services as he may be enabled to render his country in the field, to which he ardently wished he might be assigned.

Gen. Wilcox will return to the west in a few days, where it is expected important duties will be assigned him.

The reception of Gen. Corcoran this P. M., was the most magnificient ovation ever accorded in this city. The formal reception by the city authorities, took place in Castle Garden, Mayor Opdyke making tha speech of welcome, to which Gen. C. replied in fitting terms. The popular meeting was marked with enthusiasm seldom witnessed anywhere. The crowd around Gen. C.'s carriage was such that it was with difficulty dragged up Broadway along the entire route of procession, the jam of the populace was immense. The military display was fine, considering that the greater part of our militia force is at the seat of war. The charitable societies turned out in large numbers, and the firemen looked magnificent, numbering perhaps 5,500. As the procession passed the New England rooms, a salute was fired from a four pounder, on the roof. The ovation continued until the procession reached the General's quarters, at the St. Nicholas, and the scene to-night will be a fitting sequel to the stirring events of the day. Gen. C. may well be proud of his re-advent into his adopted city.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Cabinet on Emancipation.

Gen. McClellan has not Resigned.

WASHINGTON, August 31.

[*Special to the Post.*] In justice to all parties, it seems proper to state the following, which we learn from so many sources that it can no longer be considered a state secret:

Two or three weeks ago the President laid before his Cabinet a proclamation of emancipation, abolishing slavery on the 1st of next December, if the rebellion should not be crushed, and asked the opinion of his ministers touching the propriety of issuing it. All but two—Secretary Smith, we believe, being absent—approved. Secretary Seward and Postmaster General Blair opposed it with all their might, and the result is it did not appear. It is understood that the subject came up at more than one Cabinet meeting, but Seward and Blair remained a resolute, minority.

The well-known literateur, Wm. Hurlbut, whose detention by the rebels caused no little stir nearly a year ago, has escaped.

WASHINGTON, August 22.

[*Special to the Post.*] Washington participates in none of the excitement which has been caused elsewhere by rumors from Virginia. It is believed here that all is going well, although the government gives no official indication of the state of affairs in Pope's army. It is ascertained, on apparently good authority, that the rumor of the intended resignation of Gen. McClellan is without the least foundation in fact. Contradictory rumors are flying about in all directions, in relation to this matter.

Recruiting for the 3d regiment of volunteers from the District of Columbia is progressing favorably.

The enrolment of the Maryland militia is complete.

FROM CAIRO.

Fort Donaldson Abandoned.

The Special Cairo correspondent of the New York *Herald* says that Fort Donaldson had been abandoned by the Federals as a large rebel force was advancing, and the Fort was valueless, there being but 30 inches of water in the Cumberland River.

FROM CINCINNATI.

Railroad Bridge Burned.

Movement of Ohio and Indiana Troops.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 23.

Two bridges on the Marrietta and Cincinnati road east of Loveland were burned yesterday morning. Supposed to be done by rebel sympathizers. A freight train ran through one of the bridges. The engine and three cars were wrecked. No one was hurt. The bridges are being rapidly repaired by reconstruction.

The first installment of rebel prisoners leaves Indianapolis to-day for Vicksburg. Others will leave at the rate of 1,000 per day.

Indiana has sent into the field 4,000 since Sunday. Ohio troops are rapidly following.

FROM MEMPHIS.

A Ferryboat Burned.

The Army of General Curtis.

MEMPHIS, August 29.

A ferryboat plying between Memphis and Mound City, Arkansas, was burned by guerrillas on Saturday.

The stores in the vecinity were mobbed, and many horses stolen.

Gen. Sherman has been petitioned by many citizens to close the liquor shops.

Gen. Hovey's division of Curtis' army left Helena on the 4th for Clarendon, White River, where a large body of rebels are encamped. The rebels, apprised of his approach, fled in the direction of Little Rock. A cavalry force was sent in pursuit.

NEWS FROM MISSOURI.

Col. Wright Attacks and Defeats Guerrilla Troops.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Aug. 22.

Col. Wright, of the Federal forces, passed Carthage yesterday in hot pursuit of the guerillas of Coffee, Hayes and Quantrel. On Wednesday, he captured 31 horses. Of the a number of guns, horses and other property had fallen into his hands.

The Kansas troops, under Gen. Blunt, were only a few miles behind, pushing on rapidly. A number of horses and a quantity of camp equipage, found at the Osage, where rebels crossed.

Death of Admiral Campbell.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 32.

Rear Admiral George Campbell, of the Naval Assylum in this city, died this morning.

FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

Williamsburg Still Held by Our Troops.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 22.

Williamsburg is still in possession of the Union troops.

No fire has occurred there, the rumor to the contrary notwithstanding. All is quiet here.

FOR FORT SNELLING,

The steamer

CLARA HINE

Will make an excursion trip to Fort Snelling, on Sunday, the 24th inst.

Leave St. Paul at 1½ o'clock; returning, leave the Fort at 6 P. M. ☞ Passengers must provide themselves with change. a23-2t

AUCTION OF FIRST CLASS FURNITURE.

Sofas, Hair Seat Chairs, Velvet Carpets, Marble Top Pier and Centre Tables, Gilt Frame Mirrors, Hair Seat Rockers, and a great variety of household goods. Sale at our rooms by the Bridge, this morning, Saturday, August 22, at 9 o'clock.—Remember the hour, NINE o'clock.

FAIRCHILD & PEASE,
a23-1t Auction and Com. Merchants.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, Min., Aug. 13th, 1862.

[SPECIAL ORDERS NO. FIFTEEN.]

Whereas, a dispute has arisen between the Companies known as the McClellan Guards, The Union Guards, and The Hickory Guards, of the 6th Minnesota Volunteers, as to the position which the said companies respectively are entitled to occupy in the said Regiments;

Now, therefore, it is hereby ordered that it be and it hereby is, referred and submitted to Lieut. Hammon, Commanding Post at Fort Snelling, to ascertain and determine the rank to which the said companies are respectively entitled.

It is further ordered, that the officers of the companies aforesaid, be and appear, before the said Lieut. Hammon, at Fort Snelling aforesaid, on Thursday, the 14th day of August, 1862, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, or at such other time or times thereafter as the said Lieut. Hammon shall designate, and then and there present and submit their respective claims of rank, and produce their proofs and testimony in support thereof, in order that the rank of their respective companies may be thereupon determined.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant-General.

Whereas, there has arisen a contest between the McClellan Guards, Union Guards and Hickory Guards Companies in the Sixth Regiment Minnesota Volunteers, as to the position which said companies should respectively occupy in said Regiment, and

Whereas, the Commander-in-Chief did, by order bearing date on the 13th inst., refer the matter to Lieut. Haumon, Commanding Post at Fort Snelling, to be by him decided according to the facts in the case.

Now, therefore, it is hereby mutually agreed by and between the undersigned, that all proofs in the matter be waived and that said Lieut. Hammon assign to each of said companies the proper position in said Regiment, according to the evidence already in his possession, and according to the very right of the matter.

Fort Snelling, August 14th, 1862.

O. C. MERRIMAN,
H. P. GRANT,
H. S. BAILEY.

HEADQUARTERS FORT SNELLING,
Aug. 15th, 1862.

To His Excellency, Governor Ramsey:

Whereas, a dispute has arisen between the companies known as the "Union Guards," the "Hickory Guards," and the "McClellan Guards," of the Sixth (6th) Regiment Minnesota Volunteers, as to the position which the said companies are entitled to occupy in the said Regiment; and

Whereas, your Excellency has ordered me to ascertain and determine the rank which the said companies are respectively entitled to in the said 6th Regiment Minnesota Volunteers;

I therefore have, after carefully examining the claims, the proofs and testimony submitted to me by the said companies respectively, and after mature deliberation, have determined that the rank of the said companies shall be in the following order:

The Union Guards, Lieut. H. P. Grant to be Company "A" of the Sixth (6th) Regiment Minnesota Volunteers, the Hickory Guards, Lieut. William Grant, to be Company "B" of the Sixth (6th) Regiment Minnesota Volunteers, the McClellan Guards, Lieut. H. S. Bailey, to be Company "C" of the Sixth (6th) Regiment Minnesota Volunteers.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

S. L. HAMMON, 1st Lieut.,
a23-1t First Reg. Min. Vols.

New Advertisements.

REMOVAL.

HAYDEN, KAY & CO.,

Have removed to

Nos. 45 and 47 Lake St.,

Where they are prepared to show CASH BUYERS of

SADDLERY HARDWARE

AND

Carriage Trimmings

The largest and best assorted stock to be found in the NORTHWEST, embracing

SPRINGS AND AXLES, HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, &c., &c.,

CARRIAGE BODIES AND SEATS, ENAMELED CLOTH, PATENT LEATHER,

Also a large assortment of

Horse Collars and Blankets, Whips and Lashes, Skirting, Bridle, Collar and

HARNESS LEATHER,

All of which will be offered at

Prices that will not be Undersold.

Agents for

MOWRY'S SPRINGS AND AXLES, CROCKET'S VARNISHES.

Dole's Hub Boxing Machine and Hollow Augers.

P. HAYDEN, New York. W. V. KAY, Chicago. P. WILSON, Cincinnati, O.

a23-3md

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

193 & 195 South Water-St.,

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS,

Importers, manufacturers and dealers in

IRON AND STEEL,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

HORSE SHOES,

Horse Nails,

NUTS, WASHERS, RIVETS, BOLTS,

BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,

WAGON AND CARRIAGE WOOD MATERIALS,

HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, BENT STOCK, ETC,

MANUFACTURERS OF IMPROVED

THIMBLE SKEINS AND BOXES,

BLACKSMITH'S BELLOWS.

☞ Send for Price List. ☜

a23-1y

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE

PRESS PRINTING CO'M'Y.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

TERMS:

DAILY PRESS—To city subscribers, fifteen cents per week, or, if paid in advance, $7.00 per annum; $1.75 for three months. By mail—$6.00 per annum, or fifty cents per month, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$3.50 per annum; $2 for six months; $1 for three months; clubs of five at $3 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2.00; three copies, $4.00; six copies, $7.00; eight copies, $9.00; ten copies, TO ONE ADDRESS, $10.00.

News Items.

—The Oxford (Me.) *Democrat* copies the following inscription from a deed recorded in that county: "Thence northerly four rods, thence as crooked as you can go to the Phillips academy grant."

—In a cemetry in Portland there is a placard notice reading thus: "No passing through the grounds by climbing the fence." It is some like the inscription on a pole in Tipperary, which reads: "Take notice that when the water is over this board the road is impassible."

— Galagni announces the death, at the great age of ninety four, of the Marquis de le Place, widow of the illustrous author of the "Macinique Celeste," formerly lady of honor to the Princess Eliza, Grand Duchess of Tuscany, sister of the Emperor Napoleon.

— Flotlow, the composer of "Alessandro Stradella" and "Martha," is, after a long delay, busy with a new opera, the text of which has been written by Franz Dingolstadt, the well-known poet.

—The steamer Creole, with a cargo of iron ore, collided with the steamer Illinois, on Lake Superior, on the 15th inst., and sunk. Captain McAdam, his wife and mother, with nine of the crew, rere lost. The cook only was saved. Vessel a total loss.

—Miss Emma George, a young lady of eighteen, daughter of Mr. Isaac George of Kenosha, Wisconsin, was so badly burned on the 16th inst., that her recovery is deemed hopeless. The skirt of her dress caught fire from a burning spirit lamp on the floor in her father's office. Finding her clothes in flames, she ran screaming into the street, but before assistance could be had the fire had done its work. The poor girl, writhing in agony, was found on the sidewalk. Her parents were absent from the house at the time. They have the heartfelt sympathies of the community in this their hour of distress and bereavement.

Gen. Grant's Order.

The order of Gen. Grant marks the inauguration of a new era in the conduct of the war.

His instructions emanate from the War Department at Washington:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WEST TENNESSEE. Corinth, Miss., Aug. 11.

GENERAL ORDER, NO. 72.

The recent act of Congress prohibits the army from returning fugitives from labor to their claimants, and authorizes the employment of such persons in the service of the government. The following orders are, therefore, published for the guidance of the army in this matter:

1st. All fugitives thus employed must be registered; the names of the fugitives and claimant given, and must be borne upon the morning report of the command in which they are kept, showing how they are employed.

2d. Fugitives may be employed as laborers in the Quartermaster's, subsistence and engineer's department, and whenever by such employment a soldier may be saved to its ranks, they may be employed as teamsters, and as company cooks, not exceeding four to a company, or as hospital attendants and nurses; officers may employ them as private servants, in which latter case the fugitives will not be paid or rationed by the government. Negroes not thus employed must be treated as unauthorized persons, and will be excluded from the camps.

3d. Officers and soldiers are positively prohibited from enticing slaves to leave their masters. When it becomes necessary to use this kind of labor, the commanding officers of the post or troops must send details, always under the charge of a suitable commissioned officer, to press into service the slaves of disloyal persons to the number required.

4th. Citizens within reach of any military station, known to be disloyal and dangerous, may be ordered away or arrested and their crops and stock taken for the benefit of the government or the use of the army.

5th. All property taken from rebel owners must be duly reported, and used for the benefit of the government, and be issued to the troops through the proper department, and when practicable the act of taking should be accompanied by the written certificate of the officer so taking, to the owner or agent of such property.

It is enjoined on all commanders to see that this order is executed strictly under their own direction. The demoralization of troops consequent upon being left to execute laws in their own way without a proper head, must be avoided. By command of Maj. Gen. GRANT.

JOHN A. RAWLINS, A. A. G.

TAKE CARE OF THE CROPS.—While it is the duty of every man at the West either to enlist himself, or to do what he can to get others to do so, every exertion should be made to save the crops. In some sections we learn such has been the patriotic devotion to the Government that fears are entertained that it will be absolutely impossible to procure the labor to thrash out the wheat and properly secure it or to take it to market. In such cases let neighborhoods be organized as far as possible to assist the families of those who have felt it their duty to go into the army, to save their crops. This is in every respect a patriotic duty which no lover of his country and his kind has any right to neglect. Our armies and our people must have bread: our surplus is needed to feed the starving millions of Europe, and the country needs the money and the goods they will gladly pay us. On every account, therefore, let every effort be made to secure the crops as fast as may be, and in the best possible condition.—*Chicago Tribune.*

Beauty of Words with One Syllable.

[The following specimen of monosyllable verse is too good to be lost. We do not know the author:]

Think not that strength lies in the big round word,
Or that the brief and plain must needs be weak.
To whom can this be true who once has heard
The cry for help the tongue that all men speak,
When want or woe or fear is in the throat,
So that each word gasped out is like a shriek
Pressed from the sore heart, or a strange wild note
Sung by some fay or fiend! There is strength
Which dies if stretched too far or spun too fine,
Which has more height than breadth, more depth than length:
Let but this force of thought and speech be mine,
And he that will may make the sleek, fat phrase,
Which glows and burns not, though it gleam and shine—
Light, but no heat—a flash but not a blaze!

Nor is it mere strength that the short word boasts:
It serves of more than fight or storm to tell,
The roar of waves that clash on rock-bound coasts,
The crash of tall trees when the wild winds swell,
The roar of guns, the groans of men that die
On blood-stained fields. It has a voice as well
For them that far off in their sick beds lie:
For them that weep, for them that mourn the dead;
For them that laugh and dance and clap the hand;
To joy's quick step, as well as grief's slow tread,
The sweet plain words we learned at first keep time,
And though the theme be sad, or gay, or grand,
With each, with all these may be made to chime,
In thought, or speech, or song, or prose, or rhyme.

True and Eloquent Words.

The following remarks of Judge Ranney at a recent meeting in Chillicothe, Ohio, should be read and pondered by every dweller in the valley of the Missippi.

We commend it to such (if any) who propose to resist the draft, and to all who hesitate about enlisting in the service of the Government, for the defence of our altars and our firesides. Judge Ranney said:

"Whether we voted for the present administration or not, we are equally interested in preserving the Government. Administrations are but for a day. Thank God, this country is ours. We had better expend all we have in preserving it, and leave it to our children than to leave them anything else.

We are under obligations as citizens to bear arms in defense of the Government, and to do so voluntarily. Should we wait to be forced into the field, we would not be doing our duty; and the moral effect of popular support would be lost to the Government. This call is addressed to us all, do not look around you for a poor man who may be obliged to go. Let him who is in a situation to enlist step forth and say to others, *come!* It is a great matter with us to know that we are in the right. "Thrice armed is he who hath his quarrel just." Without discussing the past, I say to you that this rebellion was produced by ambitious men in the South without reason or excuse. We do not deny the right of revolution, but those who undertake such movements can be justified only by such reasons as our fathers had, such as are recorded by Jefferson in the Declaration of Independence. But there is no shadow of excuse for this atrocious attempt of the rebels to overthrow our Government.

Remember the toils of our fathers who settled this country, and the heroic struggle of the Revolution.

Advice to Soldiers.

Major Winthrop's advice to volunteers on the subject of proper care of the feet ought to be pondered and remembered by new recruits. It will be found in his article on the New York Seventh Regiment, published by the Atlantic Monthly for June, 1861, which we publish below for the information for those concerned:

"And let me say a word to my fellow volunteers, actual and prospective, in the the armies of all the States.

A soldier needs, besides his soldierly drill:

1. Good feet.
2. A good stomach.
3. And after these, comes the head and a good heart.

But good feet are distinctly the first thing: without them you cannot get to your duty. If a comrade, or a horse, or a locomotive, takes you on its back to the field, you are useless there. And when the field is lost you cannot retire, run away, and save your bacon.

Good shoes and plenty of walking make good feet. A man who pretends to belong to an infantry company, ought always to keep himself in training, so that at any time he can march twenty or thirty miles without feeling a pang or raising a blister. Was this the case with even a decimation of the army who rushed to defend Washington? Were you so trained, my comrades of the Seventh?

A captain of a company who will let his men march with such shoes as I have seen on the feet of some poor fellows in this war ought to be garrotted with shoestrings, or at least compelled to play Pope and wash the feet of the whole army of the Apostles of Liberty.

If you find a foot-soldier lying beat out by the roadside, desperate as a sea-sick man, five to one his heels are too high, or his soles too narrow, or too thin, or his shoe is not made straight on the inside, so that the great toe can spread into its place as he treads.

I am an old walker over Alps across the water, and over Cordilleras, Sierras, deserts, and prairies at home: I have done my near sixty miles a day without discomfort—and, speaking from large experience, and with painful recollections of the sufferings and death I have known for want of good feet on the march, I say to every volunteer: Trust in God; *but keep your shoes easy!*

Negro Stampede.

From the New Orleans Bee, August 5.

About half-past one o'clock yesterday morning the third district was the scene of one of the most desperate negro affairs which this city has yet witnessed. Shortly before that hour the police of that district discovered coming along the levee a large band of negroes, evidently runaways, and determined to carry out their schemes at all hazards and cost. They were armed with all sorts of weapons which plantations afford, from cane bill hooks to clubs.

When they reached about Montegut street, the police ordered them to halt, and proceeded to endeavor to arrest them. Instead of surrendering themselves, however, they immediately attacked the police in a most ferocious manner. The officers immediately called for further assistance, and were speedily reinforced, almost to the whole strength on duty in the district; but so furious were the negroes, that they were in danger of being completely overcome. Their clubs and pistols were freely used, but so numerous was the gang of negroes that they were not equal to the task which had fallen on them. By this time the whole neighborhood was in a state of terrible excitement, and assistance from other quarters being absolutely necessary to save the police, a detachment of militia from adjacent quarters hastened to the spot and lent their aid. It did not take long after this to convince the negroes that they were overpowered, for three of them were soon killed, a number desperately wounded, and the mass of them scattered, some running in one direction, some in another, some jumping into the river and swimming off, and so forth.

The total number of the band, it would seem, was something like one hundred and fifty; but they were not all together at the time of the police accosting them. They had run off last night from plantations down the coast. From one, that of Thomas Morgan, Esq., some thirty have run off, thirteen of whom are now in the parish prison, nine in the Charity hospital, and one killed.

After the mastery had been obtained over the gang, they were taken to the third district police station; but Mr. Hollander, the clerk, seeing the condition of those above mentioned, considerately sent them to the Charity Hospital.

Besides the killed and wounded negroes above noticed, there are others also more or less hurt.

Four of the police officers, we regret to learn, are pretty badly injured.

The affair has created great excitement throughout the city, especially in the lower districts; but this is nothing in comparison to what exists in the country below. Apprehensions of the gravest character are felt on all the plantations, and measures for protection against the dreaded evils are being most anxiously canvassed.

THE INDIAN HEAVEN.—The deceased Indian has a long journey to take towards the West until he comes to a deep, rushing river, which separates him from the happy hunting grounds. The two shores of this river are connected by a long pine trunk, stripped of bark and polished, which must be used as a bridge. The good man passes with a firm and secure step across this slippery bridge, reaches the happy hunting grounds, and enters on the possession of eternal youth and strength. His sky is always clear, a cool breeze is perpetually blowing for him, and he passes his time in sailing, hunting, dancing, and boundless felicity. The bad man, when he steps upon the bridge, sees two overhanging shores totter: he attempts to escape, and falls into the abyss below, where the water is rushing with the sound of thunder over rocks, where the air is poisoned by exhalations from dead fish and other animal bodies, and the water, whirling round, brings him always back to the same point, where all the trees are withered, where it swarms with lizards, snakes and toads, where the dead are hungry and have nothing to eat, where the living lead a diseased life and cannot die. The shores are covered with thousands of unhappy beings who climb up to get a glance into the happy grounds, which they can never enter.—*New-Yorker.*

General Cluseret's Opinion of the American Soldier.

The semi-official paper *Le Pays*, publishes the extract of a letter written by General Cluseret to one of his friends in Paris, in which he gives the following description of the soldiers he has under his command:

"After two months of campaign and suffering such as I have never endured, even the Crimean war, where we never were in want of food, or exhausted by long marches, I can speak to you knowingly of the American soldiers. During all that time we have been marching night and day, oftentimes without bread, with halt of our men shoeless, exposed to a chilly rain, without shelter, tent or village. We have thus walked between 150 and 200 miles.

"But that which, in my estimation, makes the American soldier the first in the world—the equal of the French soldier—is that I never heard him utter a complaint or a grumble. I was never compelled to inflict a punishment upon him. When I ordered a straggler to fall in, he used to show me his naked feet and hurry on as much as he could. I have but a word to express my opinion of the American soldier: *he is an admirable soldier.* He adds to the qualities of the French a patience and resignation which I did not think possible for a soldier to acquire."

Lord Russell on the Blockade.

Her Majesty's Foreign Secretary, from the correspondence published between him and some British ship-owners, takes a very sensible view of the contraband trade between the English port of Nassau and the rebel States. These blockade runners have been losing rather heavily of late, owing to the increased vigilance of our gunboats in the neighborhood of Nassau, and hence the British Government was invoked to do something which would keep the "Yankee" at a respectful distance: but Lord John Russell tells these gentlemen that he can pay no regard to the invocation; that the American cruisers are perfectly justified in looking after contraband trade in that quarter, and that, if Her Majesty's subjects do not like it, they ought to be more heedful of the Queen's proclamation of neutrality, inhibiting all such trade. The feelings of the "secesh," American and European, at Nassau, when they get this bit of news, may be easier imagined than described.

The Canadian Parliament.

A dispatch from Montreal announces that the Canadian Parliament has been summoned to meet on the 28th inst. The object of convening that assembly so suddenly at this season, is not stated; but it is undoubtedly to satisfy the angry demands of John Bull for a military organization in Canada, with a view to that anticipated American invasion which seems to be disturbing the dreams of Sir Francis Head, in London, as well as his successor at Quebec.

JOHN A. STEES,

UNDERTAKER,

CORNER THIRD & MINNESOTA STREETS,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

Sole agent for Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets,
jan5d&wly.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT,

One of Lillie's latest improved

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES.

Enquire of L. E. BARNES, or
a9-3t address P. O., Box 235.

HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

(Successors to Horn & Galusha and Sanborn & Lund)

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA,

Practice in all the Courts of the State, and in the Courts of the United States, at Law, in Chancery and in Admiralty.

Collections carefully and promptly attended to
mh29-1y

DEVOTED TO FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$2,488,138 19,

PHŒNIX,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
DEVOTED TO FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.
ASSETS OF THE
PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$527,250 96.

CITY FIRE,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$325,000.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY
Mutual Life Insurance Company,
OF WISCONSIN,
ESTABLISHED IN SAINT PAUL, 1862, AT THE OFFICE OF
O. CURTIS,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,
a1-1y Corner of Third and Minnesota-sts.

THREE OR FOUR BOARDERS

Can get pleasant rooms, with new furniture, and excellent table, by addressing Box 1250, St. Paul Post Office. The house is about one mile from the Winslow House, on the Bluff in Upper Town, and has extensive grounds, shade trees, &c.
jy27-dtf

Legal Notices.

IN PROBATE COURT, IN THE MATTER OF THOMAS B. WINSTON, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given, that we, the undersigned, were on the 15th day of August, 1862, appointed and commissioned by the Judge of Probate, for the said county of Ramsey, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the said deceased; and six months from and after the date hereof, have been allowed and limited for creditors to present their claims for examination; and that we will on the first and second Wednesdays of each month, for six months following this date, at the office of Joseph Lewis, Irvine's Block, St. Paul, attend to the discharge of our duties as Commissioners aforesaid.

St. Paul, August 16th, 1862.

JOSEPH LEWIS,
H. L. MOSS,
Commissioners.

sat a16-d4w

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMSEY—DISTRICT COURT, SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Mary Magdalena Gable against Jacob Gable, summons.

In the name of the State of Minnesota.

To Jacob Gable, the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, in the city of St. Paul, within thirty days after the service of this Summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated St. Paul, Aug. 16, 1862.

J. N. C. D. GILFILLAN,
sun a17-6w Plaintiff's Attorneys.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and delivered by Lyman Dayton and Maria R. Dayton, his wife of St. Paul, Ramsey county, Minnesota, to William Coombs Thompson, of Worcester, Worcester county, Massachusetts, dated the seventeenth day of December, A. D. 1857, and recorded in the office of Register of Deeds of the county of Ramsey and state of Minnesota, on the twentieth day of December, A. D. 1857, in Book R, of Mortgages, on pages 251, 252 and 253, and conveying in mortgage, the southeast quarter (¼) of section thirty four (34) in township twenty-nine (29) north of range twenty-two (22) west, all in the county of Ramsey and state of Minnesota, which mortgage was given to secure the payment of a certain note for four hundred and eleven dollars ($411) and interest, of even date therewith, and there is now claimed to be due and is due thereon, four hundred and seventy-six and 76-100 dollars ($476.76), and no suit or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, nor any part thereof, and no part of said debt has been paid.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the above described mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction by the Sheriff of said Ramsey county, on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1862, at ten of the clock in the forenoon at the front door of the Court House in St. Paul, in said county, to satisfy said mortgage debt and legal disbursements.

St. Paul, Minn., April 17th, 1862.

WM. COOMBS THOMPSON,
Mortgagee.
WM. CHAS. THOMPSON, Att'y for mortgagee.

The above sale is postponed to the eleventh day of July, 1862, at the same time and place.

W. C. THOMPSON,
Mortgagee.
WM. CHAS. THOMPSON, Att'y for Mortgagee.
St. Paul, Minn., June 4th, 1862.

The above sale is postponed to the eleventh day of September, 1862, at the same hour and place.

W. C. THOMPSON, Mortgagee.
WM. CHAS. THOMPSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.
St. Paul, July 10th, 1862.
Sat

THE STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF GOODHUE.—DISTRICT COURT—FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

In the matter of the application of Isaac Nichols, an Insolvent Debtor, for a discharge from his debts, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 79 of the Compiled Statutes of the State of Minnesota, entitled "Relief of Insolvent Debtors."

To the creditors of said Isaac Nichols, an insolvent debtor:

Please take notice, that upon reading and filing the petition, schedule, inventory and affidavit of Isaac Nichols, a resident of said county and State, praying to be discharged from his debts, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 79 of the Compiled Statutes of the State of Minnesota, entitled "Relief of Insolvent Debtors," an order was made on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1862, by the Hon. S. J. R. McMillan, Judge of the District Court for the First Judicial District of said State, requiring the creditors of said Isaac Nichols to show cause, if any they have, before the said Judge, at the Court House, in the city of Red Wing, in said county on the 2nd day of December, A. D. 1862, at 10 o'clock of that day, why an assignment of the said Insolvent's estate should not be made, and he be discharged from his debts, pursuant to the said Chapter of the Compiled Statutes, and that notice thereof be given by publishing the contents of said order in the newspaper published in the city of St. Paul, Ramsey county, the seat of government of said State, called the "St. Paul Press," and in the "Goodhue Volunteer," a newspaper published in Red Wing in said Goodhue County, and in the "Albany Argus," a newspaper published at the city of Albany, the seat of government of the State of New York, for ten successive weeks, once in each week before such application.

Dated at Red Wing, Goodhue county, Minnesota, this 26th day of May, A. D. 1862.

WM. W. PHELPS,
Jy30-10w wed Att'y for said Insolvent.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMSEY—DISTRICT COURT, SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT, ss.

Ira S. Town, Plff—against Abagail Williams, Def't.

In the name of the State of Minnesota:

To Abagail Williams, the above named Defendant. You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court above named, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, in St. Paul, in said Ramsey County, within twenty days after the service of this Summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Twenty-five Hundred and Forty-three Dollars and Twenty-two cents, and interest thereon from and since the 30 day of August, 1859, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated, St. Paul, May 20th, 1862.

HOHN, LUND & GALUSHA,
jy25-6w fri Plaintiff's Attorneys.

BUSINESS LOCALS

24 HOURS TIME SAVED.—By taking the morning boat out of St. Paul, passengers going East arrive at the point of destination 24 hours in advance of those taking the afternoon boat of the same day. Purchase tickets of

C. L. WOOD, Ticket Agent,
a29-tf LaCrosse and Milwaukee R. R.

NOW READY.—The Rules of Practice adopted in general session of the Judges of this State and published by the PRESS PRINTING COMPANY, are now ready for delivery—price fifteen cents per copy, or $1.50 per dozen. These rules go into effect on the first of September, and will have all the authority and force of law. Every lawyer in the State must have a copy. Remittances may be made in bank notes or postage stamps.

LAND FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—1,080 acres in Mower County, well adapted for sheep and stock, low for cash, or for good unencumbered property in St. Paul, or a farm in its vicinity. Address box 1892, St. Paul Post Office. nov3

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.—The St. Paul City Mills, at the Upper Levee, is one of the best MERCHANT MILLS in the State. The proprietor keeps constantly on hand a CHOICE article of FAMILY FLOUR, made from the best Winter and Club Wheat. Also, Meal, Bran, Shorts, Middlings, &c. For sale low at wholesale and retail
a10-tf C. H. H. BAKER.

OUR HOUSE, THIRD STREET, OPPOSITE ARMORY HALL, H. F. E. VITT, PROPRIETOR.—This old established house is in full operation, and is prepared to furnish meals at all hours of the day or night. The bar is supplied with the very best liquors. The larder is always full. Oysters at 25 and 30 cents per dozen. Hot Coffee, Steaks, &c., &c. Give me a call.
feb26-d1y H. F. E. VITT.

NOTICE.—No one is authorized to make bills or otherwise contract debts for the PRESS office except the secretary, Mr. Bradley.

AT WHITNEY'S GALLERY. — PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.—The largest, most elegant and CHEAPEST assortment ever brought to St. Paul. a3-tf

CARBON OIL.—Just received, on consignment, and for sale to dealers, FIVE HUNDRED BARRELS best No. 1 Carbon Oil. D. T. WATSON,
a3-d1an1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

LAND WARRANTS, Half Breed and Revolutionary Scrip—all sizes—prices.
jy28 THOMPSON BROS.

TWENTY ACRE TRACT.

Twenty acres desirable land, half an hour's drive of the Steamboat Landing in St. Paul.

HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, June 28, 1862. je28-d&w6m

SAILING DAYS OF THE LAKE SUPERIOR STEAMER

WATER WITCH,

CAPT. B. SWEENEY,

LEAVES CLEVELAND AT 8 P. M.	LEAVES DETROIT AT 10 A. M.
Wednesday, May 7	Thursday, May 8
Tuesday, May 20	Wednesday, May 21
Monday, June 2	Tuesday, June 3
Friday, June 13	Saturday, June 14
Wednesday, June 25	Thursday, June 26
Tuesday, July 8	Wednesday, July 9
Monday, July 21	Tuesday, July 22
Friday, Aug. 1	Saturday, Aug. 2
Wednesday, Aug. 13	Thursday, Aug. 14
Tuesday, Aug. 26	Wednesday, Aug. 27
Monday, Sept. 8	Tuesday, Sept. 9
Friday, Sept. 19	Saturday, Sept. 20
Wednesday, Oct. 1	Thursday, Oct. 2

S. P. BRADY & CO.
CAPT. E. B. WARD, Detroit, owner of boat.
Je25-d1tm

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE AGENCY,

One door East of Davenport's Bookstore, on Third Street.

The "FLORENCE" SEWING MACHINES make FOUR DIFFERENT stitches on one and the same machine. Thus the LOCK, DOUBLE-LOCK, KNOT AND DOUBLE-KNOT, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric. Either or all can be produced while the Machine is in motion.

They have the REVERSIBLE FEED MOTION, which enables the operator to have the work carry either way, or to change the direction, and fasten the end of seams, which, together with making a long and a short stitch, is done simply by turning a thumb screw.

Their motions are all positive. There are no springs to get out of order. They are so simple that the most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease. They are NOISELESS, and can be used where quiet is necessary.

They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD, making five stitches to each revolution. They oil no dresses. Their stitch is the wonder of all, because of its combined ELASTICITY, STRENGTH and BEAUTY.

Prices No. 1, $47.00, No. 2, $57.00, No. 3, $67.00, No. 4, $72.00, No. 5, $77.00, No. 6, $82.00, No. 7, Cabinet opener, $90.00, No. 7 Cabinet cased, $95.00, Mahogany $97.00, Rosewood $105.00. Hemmers and all necessary tools included in the above prices.

On hand different kinds of lower priced Machines. Call and see the "Florence Machines."
Jy15-d1tf G. W. BABCOCK.

C. E. WOOLSEY & CO.,
(SUCCESSOR TO L. D. WILSON,)

Commission Merchants,

NO. 211 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO.

CASH ADVANCES ON CONSIGNMENTS.
mar1-d&wly

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF RAMSEY COUNTY BONDS AND SCRIP.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, July 21st, 1862:

Resolved, That the County Scrip and all over due Bonds of this County, (except Fort Street Bonds,) may be exchanged for Bonds running fifteen years, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. premium, payable semi-annually in Cash; and the Board shall levy annually an amount sufficient to meet such interest.

Resolved further, That all Bond holders who are willing to receive such new Bonds may, if they desire so to do apply one tenth of the over due Bonds so to be exchanged upon County Taxes prior to 1860.

T. M. METCALF,
jy25 d3w County Auditor.

ICE! ICE! ICE! ICE!

The undersigned will furnish ICE to
CITY CUSTOMERS AND BOATS
As usual during the season of 1862.
CHAS. SYMONDS.
apr30-d1m

PURE CIDER VINEGAR!!

Received on consignment per "Canada," a few barrels pure Cider Vinegar, warranted, and for sale cheap, wholesale or retail.

C. W. WOOLLEY,
a7-1w Cor. Sibley and Third Streets.

D. NEWELL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

☞ Office over Dana's Bank, Third Street, between Jackson and Robert streets, St. Paul Minnesota. my25-d1y

JOHN G. MACGREGOR,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.

Bernheimer's Block, Third Street, St. Paul, Minnesota. jy21-d1y

FURS. FURS. FURS.

C. J. KOVITZ,

MANUFACTURER OF FINE FURS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND EVERY STYLE,

THIRD ST., Concert Hall Block, SAINT PAUL.
jan17-d1y

A SMALL EMIGRATION DOCUMENT.

A circular by the Commissioner of Statistics, entitled "Free Homes in Minnesota," and which condenses a great many leading facts about Minnesota in the compass of a page of letter paper, is in type at this office, and will be printed without charge for any one who will supply the paper. This is one of many forms by which the Commissioner of Statistics is endeavoring to diffuse abroad a knowledge of the advantages which Minnesota offers for settlement under the Homestead, and as it costs no one anything but the trouble of bringing their letter paper to this office, we hope our business men will generally takes a hand in" and push on the good work.

Miscellaneous.

FURNITURE.

JOHN PRIMROSE
Manufacturer and Dealer in
CABINET AND CHAIR
FURNITURE,
OF EVERY VARIETY.

Keeps constantly on hand a complete assortment of

PARLOR,
CHAMBER,
DINING-ROOM.
FURNITURE,

OF ALL STYLES, AND OF SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP.

Most of my Furniture is of my own manufacture, made of thoroughly seasoned meterial and equal to the best there is made in the U. S. A.

As a nimble sixpence is always better than a slow shilling, I am determined to sell a very light shade above cost. Everybody is respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing.

☞ REMEMBER PLACE: Stone Building—Third Street—above the Bridg. St. Paul Minn. jan24d1y

WM. ILLINGWORTH,

Watch Manufacturer.

—AND—

TOWN CLOCK BUILDER!

SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK.

JACKSON-ST., - - - ST. PAUL.

Having had over THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE in the best Watch Factories in England and America, he feels himself competent to do anything in his line

A LITTLE SUPERIOR

to any other establishment in the Northwest. ☞ N. B.—Persons wishing to perfect themselves in the business, will be received under instruction on VERY MODERATE TERMS.

☞ Fine work done and Clock and Watch Wheels cut for the trade at low rates. mr9y

DR. WILLIAM HALL'S

PATENT COPPER SCROLL

LIGHTNING ROD.

This Lightning Rod has a greater conducting capacity than any other Lightning Rod ever

OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

Those having buildings to protect, will do well to wait till they see one of these newly invented rods before purchasing.

They are recommended by over

FIVE HUNDRED
OF THE
MOST EMINENTLY SCIENTIFIC MEN OF THE AGE.

AGENTS

WILL CANVASS THE STATE IMMEDIATELY
e11-w3m&d6aw5m

LEMONS

AND

ORANGES

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE BY

UPHAM & HOLMES.
apr23

PALMER'S PURE

VINEGAR.

This is the kind of Vinegar that should be used by all housekeepers for

PICKLES
AND THE
TABLE.

It is warranted pure and wholesome, and to give perfect satisfaction wherever used. Try it,

AND YOU WILL HAVE NO OTHER.

For sale at our works on Sibley street, and by all grocers who have an eye to keeping

CHOICE GOODS FOR SALE.

C. C. LEWIS & CO.

JOSEPH LEWIS

Real Estate Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Commissioner of Deeds for the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Ohio and Vermont. Collections made—Taxes paid for non residents. House rented.

Office Third Street, Irvine's Block.
Reference, HON. ALEX. RAMSEY. Jy10-d1y

TOBACCO,

Cigars, Pipes, Snuff, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Third Street, next door to Comb's Book Store, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c., is just receiving his fall and winter stock, and is prepared to fill orders to any extent, for

FINE IMPORTED CIGARS,

Missouri, Virginia and Kentucky Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city.

SWEET BRIAR ROOT PIPES,

a large assortment. These pipes are all the go now.

F. W. TUCHELT,
Third street, next door to Comb's Book Store.
St. Paul, Nov. 17. nov17d1y.

MAGNETIC

Tack Hammers.

If you don't want to mash your fingers, buy one for 25 cents, at E. & H. Y. BELL'S.

Coffee is high. Buy a patent Coffee Strainer; it clears the coffee, and saves one third. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Patent Lifters. Will lift everything hot off the stove, without burning your fingers. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Agents wanted to canvass the State for the above articles. A smart man can make big wages. For particulars, address, enclosing stamps,

E. & H. Y. BELL,
Sole Agents for Minnesota.
St. Paul, July 11th, 1862. jy11-d1f.

C. W. WOOLEY & CO.,
LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING
AND
Commission Merchants,

DEALERS IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENTS FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLEY & CO., ST. PAUL."
jan1-d1y For ——

Agricultural.

1862. 1862. 1862

Agricultural Warehouse

OF

S. P. & P. F. Hodges,

NEAR LOWER LEVEE, ST. PAUL

CORNER THIRD AND SIBLEY STS.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

PITT'S AGRICULTURAL WORKS, BUFFALO NEW YORK.

PITT'S THRESHING MACHINES & HORSE POWERS, FOR FOUR, SIX, EIGHT OR TEN HORSES. PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES EIGHT TO TWELVE HORSE POWER.

MASSILLON AGRICULTU'L WORKS, MASSILLON, OHIO.

McCORMACK'S REAPERS AND MOWERS.

JOHN H. MANNY'S " " "

BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S GRAIN DRILLS

F. H. MANNY'S EXCELSIOR GRAIN FAN.

SCHUTTLER'S CHICAGO WAGONS.

JOHN A. WOODWARD'S IMPROVED SMUT MACHINE AND SEPARATOR COMBINED MOLINE PLOWS, CULTIVATORS AND HARROWS.

CORN SHELLERS, HAY AND STRAW CUTTERS.

AND DEALERS IN HARVESTING TOOLS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Merchants and dealers throughout the country supplied promptly at prices to suit the times.

Descriptive pamphlets and other information can be had upon application to

S. P. & P. F. HODGES,
my28-d3m&w6m Saint Paul, Minn.

ALFRED D. DAVISON. ALONZO P. CONNELLY

SAINT PAUL CLIPPER

PLOW FACTORY.

The undersigned having formed a partnership for the manufacture and sale of PLOWS, are now prepared to furnish farmers and dealers with

THE BEST PLOWS

Ever offered in the State, and at prices to suit the times. We will always have on hand a large stock of Cast Steel and Common Steel Cross Plows, Corn Plows, Breaking and Grub Plows, of all sizes and of the best material.

Having had the material selected for our especial trade, and the Plows being manufactured under the supervision of

ALONZO LEAMING.
(FORMERLY OF ST. ANTHONY.)

WE WARRANT THEM

To be of light draught, clean in any soil, and give good satisfaction generally.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING.

Farmers! save your old plows and we will work them over much to your advantage and satisfaction by leaving them at our Factory, on Robert street, between 4th and 5th, St. Paul, sign of the Plow. DAVISON & CONNELLY.
Jan22-d&wly

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

Corner of Fifth and Pike streets.

This establishment is now in full operation, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS

CASTINGS, FORGING, &c.,

at the lowest Eastern rates, viz, Heavy Mill castings, Columns, sash weights, Grate Bars, Sleigh shoes, &c., three cents per pound. Brass castings, Babbit metal, 25 to 30 cents per pound. Lathe work $2.00 per day. Particular attention given to Steam Engine and Boiler work. Threshing Machine repairing promptly attended to

Post Office. St. Paul. Minnesota.

OFFICE HOURS.

On week days from 7 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M.

On Sundays, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

HOURS OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

For La Crosse—Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Monday, at 8 P. M.
For Galena—way mail—leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
For Minneapolis—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily—except Sunday, at 1½ P. M.
For Stillwater—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 7 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 6 P. M.
For Hudson—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 7 P. M.
For Mankato—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M.
For Northfield—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 1 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 11 P. M.
For Sunrise City—leaves Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at about 7 P. M.
For Cannon Falls—leaves Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Wednesday, at 7 P. M.
For Cottage Grove—leaves Saturday, at 1 P. M.
Arrives Saturday, at 12 M.
Mails leaving before 7 o'clock A. M. close at 7 P. M.
All others close half an hour before the time of departing.

The postage upon all transient printed matter, foreign and domestic, and upon all letters, foreign and domestic, is now required to be fully prepaid by United States postage stamps, except in cases where prepayment on letters, &c., to foreign countries is optional and the senders do not wish to prepay.

Persons mailing letters, newspapers, &c., whether domestic or to foreign countries, should therefore ascertain at the office of mailing, the exact postage in each case and affix United States postage stamps of sufficient value to prepay the full postage thereon.

CHAS. NICHOLS, Postmaster.

St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

Hotels & Saloons.

LAHR'S HOUSE,

FIRST DOOR EAST OF THE POST OFFICE,

JNO. P. LAHR, PROPRIETOR.

MR. LAHR, formerly of the "Our House," respectfully announces to his old friends and all other men—no boys in—that he is now fairly under way; and proclaims that he will furnish as good an EYE-OPENER as "any other man" in this city.

☞ A variety of reading matter can always be found on Mr. Lahr's tables, also stationery, &c. feedy.

CLIFTON HOUSE,

MANKATO, - - - - MINNESOTA.

This House is situated near the steamboat landing, and is among the largest in the Minnesota Valley. Is

NEW AND NEWLY FURNISHED,

And the proprietor, from long experience in the business, flatters himself that he will be able to satisfy the traveling public.

☞ CHARGES MODERATE. ☜

M. T. C. FLOWER, Proprietor.

Mankato, Minn., April 29th, 1862.

UNION PARK HOUSE,

LITTLE CANADA, MINN.,

G. W. FEW, - - PROPRIETOR.

This House is pleasantly located in Little Canada, on the bank of Lake Elizabeth, five miles from Saint Paul. The House and fixtures are entirely new, and has been fitted up more particularly as a home for Invalids, and persons seeking recreation.

The House is provided with boats and all the necessary fixtures for hunting and fishing—and is one mile from Bass Lake, which is considered the best fishing ground in the State—where boats are also provided for the use of guests of the House.

Board by day or week at moderate rates.

je21-d6m

Groceries.

S. K. PUTNAM,

CORNER THIRD AND MARKET STREETS, Saint Paul, Minnesota,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FAMILY GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of choice goods suited to this market, including Flour, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Fresh Roll, Jar and Firkin Butter, dried fruits of all kinds, including a large quantity of

RASPBERRIES.

Also Wooden Ware, Roasted and Green Coffee, Spices, Pickles, choice Green and Black Teas, Sugar of all grades, and, in short, everything usually found in a well assorted establishment, to which he invites the especial attention of all who want NICE GOODS AT A FAIR PRICE.

nov22-d1y

G. E. SCHNABEL,

IN MOFFATT'S CASTLE, CORNER OF 4TH AND JACKSON STREETS.

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN,

AND PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full supply of Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

Nice Leaf Lard and Sugar Cured Hams.

Any quantity of butter and eggs.

He has made arrangements to receive two or three times a week from the country the choicest roll butter.

Also agency for C. H. H. Baker's extra flour, which is pronounced the best in the city.

Goods delivered in all parts of the city free of charge. je1 59n

F. KNAUFT,

(Corner of Seventh and Olive streets,)

HAS IN ADDITION TO HIS NEW & FULL STOCK OF

Groceries & Provisions,

A complete assortment of

QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

NEW PLATFORM SCALES,

Of Fairbanks' best make, always correct and ready for use. Those who have Hay, Grain or Live Stock for sale can save money by getting it weighed. apr10-5m58t 1y.

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas.
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Darkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,
Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly,

FREE OF CHARGE.

je27-d1y

LESSONS UPON THE PIANO.

MISS HARRIOTT S. DENNETT

Will give instructions upon the Piano in a course of twenty-four lessons for $10—or for two pupils in one family, $8.00 each.

On Monday, June 2d, she will open a private school for general instruction in Mackubin's building, on Fourth street.

Terms, from $3.00 to $7.00.

Best of references given.

Residence at James Davenport's, Fourth street, opposite City Park. j.my17-d1f

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottowa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 2. P. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 9 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Tuesday's, Thursday's and Saturday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Georgetown, connecting at Georgetown with the steamer International for Pembina, Fort Garry and the Red River Settlement—Monday's and Thursday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Monday's Wednesday's and Friday's, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.,
Proprietors.

nov21-dly

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line,

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-dly

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR

OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East for Goods will please give us a call and obtain FULL PARTICULARS.

J. C. &. H. C. BURBANK & CO

St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&wly

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, Golden and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE Liquors and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISkey, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 1861, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes; also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. jes J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

50 BARRELS

—OF—

CARBON OIL.

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

CHICAGO CREAM ALE,

For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar6 A. L. LARZENTEUR.

Miscellaneous.

GREAT WESTERN

RAILWAY COMPANY'S

Express Freight Line.

VIA

GREAT WESTERN, N. Y. CENTRAL

AND CONNECTING ROADS,

TO AND FROM

EAST AND WEST,

CONTROLLED AND OPERATED

By the Roads forming the line, to which the attention of Shippers is invited.

FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF LIVE STOCK, THIS ROUTE OFFERS UNEQUALED FACILITIES, AS REGARDS STOCK, CARS, YARDS, TIME, &c., &c., &c.

FREIGHT FORWARDED AT THE LOWEST RATES AND WITH DISPATCH.

IN THE SHIPMENT OF GOODS BY RAIL, ALL INSURANCE IS SAVED.

MARK PACKAGES "G. W. R."

Three Express Passenger Trains leave Chicago and Detroit daily for Buffalo, New York, Boston and Montreal, Quebec, Portland, &c., &c., with Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

Tickets via GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY for sale in all ticket offices.

GENERAL FREIGHT AND TICKET OFFICES.

273 Broadway New York, E. P. REACH, Agent. | 21 State street, Boston, O. KIMBALL, Agent.

JULIUS MOVIUS, Gen'l Ag't, Buffalo.

C. J. BRIDGES, Managing Director, Hamilton

A. WALLINGFORD, Chicago and Western Agent.

apr20

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

GREAT UNITED STATES MAIL

AND

EXPRESS ROUTE.

THE ONLY RELIABLE AND ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE

EAST, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

On and after Wednesday, June 11th, 1862, three trains will leave the depot, corner of Florida and Barclay streets, daily, as follows:

At 7:15 A. M.—Way Passenger, for Chicago and all intermediate stations, and Racine & Mississippi R. R. at Racine Junction, and Kenosha R. R. & R. I. R. R. at Kenosha.

At 3:00 P. M.—Express Passenger train for Chicago, making close connection with evening trains East, South and West.

At 8:10 P. M.—Night Accommodation Train for Chicago and intermediate stations, making connections in Chicago with all the morning Lines for the East, South and Southwest.

☞ This train will be furnished with a Sleeping Car, and first class passengers will be provided with berths without extra charge, and

FARE AS LOW AS BY STEAMER OR LAKE.

☞ Passenger trains leave Chicago at 9:15 A. M and 9:00 P. M. for Milwaukee and the Northwest.

☞ Tickets for all points may be obtained of H. O. WILSON, at the Union Ticket Office, "Iron Block," corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, or at the depot. JOHN T. MOODY, Master Transportation.

Milwaukee, May 5th, 1862. je21-tf

MILL FURNISHING.

CHICAGO BRANCH OF JOHN T. NOYE'S OLD BUFFALO MILL FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, ESTABLISHED 1830.

JOHN T. NOYE,

FLOUR PACKER,

MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Mill Machinery

AND

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

IMPROVED CENTRE VENT TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

Fitted with Cast Steel or Boiler Iron Buckets, warranted to produce a high per centage of power.

IMPROVED SMUT MACHINES AND SEPARATORS,

OAT AND GRAIN SEPARATORS.

John T. Noye's Improved Centrifugal, Feeding, Flouring and Grist Mills.

CAST STEEL MILL PICKS.

ALSO, DUFOUR & CO.'S CELEBRATED

ANCHOR BRAND BOLTING CLOTH.

MILL CASTINGS.

The entire machinery of Mills, from the smallest Castings to the whole arrangement for the largest class of Flouring Mills, at much less cost than is usual, will be furnished at my Manufactory, and branch at Chicago, Illinois.

JOHN T. NOYE, Buffalo, N. Y.

WM. F. NOYE, AGENT,

28 Market Street, Lind's Block, Chicago.

JOHN WEBSTER, Milwright.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO., Agents at St. Paul. apr11-d6m

DUNDAS MILLS'

CELEBRATED XX FAMILY FLOUR,

For sale in bbls. or sacks by

E. & H. Y. Bell, near the Winslow House; S. K. Putnam, corner 3d and Market Sts.; Beaumont and Gordon, corner 3d and Jackson Sts.; J. B. Slichter, corner of 7th and Jackson Sts.

Warranted the best

XX FAMILY FLOUR

offered in this market. Orders from Hotel s Bakers and others shall have prompt attention and immediate delivery.

mar15 J. S. ARCHIBALD.

ANOKA FLOURING MILLS

FOR SALE.

For terms apply to the undersigned at Anoka, Anoka County, Minnesota.

my24 d3m SMILEY & WOODBURY

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

One jig saw, counter shaft, &c.; one turning lathe, counter shaft, bits, &c.; one boring machine, bits, &c.; one small surface planer. The above machinery is nearly new, and made in the best manner. For further particulars apply to Galley & Jansen, Chair Factory, St. Paul, or the subscriber. BARNARD & BRO.

St. Anthony, June 4, 1862. je4-d3m

CHICAGO BREWERY.

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK,

AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.

WM. CONSTANS,

my24-d1y AGENT, St. Paul.

SALÆRATUS.

One hundred boxes Saleratus in pound papers, manufactured and put up expressly for me, and

WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY MADE.

Just received and for sale at 6½ cents.

jy6-d3m GEO. L. FARWELL.

Dry Goods.

1862. SPRING. 1862.

INGERSOLL'S BLOCK

DRY GOODS FOR CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

SPRING DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

Of every variety of quality, will be sold at prices

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Mottled Morello Cloths, from 10 to 25c per yard!

PLAID POIL DE CHEVRES,

EMBROIDERED POIL DE CHEVRES,

EVERY VARIETY OF CHALLEYS

EMBROIDERED AND GREY GRISAILLES

BLUE, GREEN AND RINK BERRAGE LEXIFINA.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN MOUSLINE DE LAINES; PRINTED LAWNS IN GREAT VARIETY.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF GINGHAMS.

ALSO

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR;

BROADCLOTHS, BLACK & FANCY CASSIMERES, SATTINETS, AND SUMMER CLOTHS.

ALSO

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES,

AND

EMBROIDERIES,

PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS, ETC.,

ALSO

A LARGE STOCK OF

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN GOODS,

BY THE PIECE OR PACKAGE FOR THE

COUNTRY TRADE.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Can purchase their Goods of us, and

SAVE TIME AND MONEY.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our new styles of Cloaks and Mantillas.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

WILL BE

SOLD FOR CASH,

AT PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

The public are invited to visit

OUR NEW STORE.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.

apr30-d1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

CLOTHING, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

Having received a splendid assortment of spring and summer clothing equalling in quality and style anything to be found in the large Eastern cities, we would respectfully request an examination of our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Also have received to sell to the trade a large lot of superfine black cloths and doeskins, blue cloth, silk mixed coatings, Harris' silk mixed and fancy cassimeres, satinet, cord, madeskin, black farmer's satin, red farmer's satin, for sleeve lining alapaca, silicia, bro. Holland and good black thread; all of which we will sell from ten to twenty per cent lower than the same goods can be procured for in any establishment in St. Paul. We invite merchant tailors, tailors and others, who deal in the above goods, to call and

EXAMINE FOR THEMSELVES.

Also a fine assortment of hats and caps, white and colored shirts, knit shirts and drawers, neck ties, suspenders, woolen and cotton and half hose, silk and cotton pocket handkerchiefs, shirt collars, and many other goods which we offer to the public at prices to suit the times.

W. H. TEMPLE,

Third st., below Day & Jenks' Drug Store.

my25-1y

SPRING & SUMMER

Millinery Goods for 1862

At the old stand of JAS. SCOTT, on Third-st.

MISS E. WASS

Is now opening at the above store a choice and handsome stock of Millinery Goods, Trimmings, &c., just received from the East, and purchased at low prices for cash, embracing Bonnets, Hats, French and American flowers, and Ruches in large variety, and, in fact, nearly every article usually kept in such a store; all of which are offered at prices to suit the times.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK.

my22 d3m

LADIES,

THERE IS QUITE A START IN

Millinery Goods!

In the Eastern Market, but we have received a large invoice that we can sell, as heretofore: some sixty dozen superior large SHAKER HOODS, three cases BONNETS & HATS, with six cases RICH RIBBON, and lots of other fixings. Our stock in

DRY-GOODS, CLOAKS, & SHAWLS,

Is large, and our MILLINERY ROOMS well supplied with the richest goods.

☞ Come along or send your orders; we want to extend our business by cheap selling. Our new rooms are below DAY & JENKS' DRUG STORE, Third Street, St. Paul, Min., where the wax figure is in the window.—my31

ANOTHER ARRIVAL

OF

Choice Dress Goods

AT

SMITH & TAYLOR'S.

SPLENDID TRAVELING MIXTURES—ONLY FIFTEEN CENTS.

BEAUTIFUL MOZANBIQUES VERY CHEAP.

ELEGANT ORGANDIE MUSLIN

FINE JACONETS.

Also something new in LADIES' BLACK SILK SACQUES manufactured in New York, and of the very latest style.

A large assortment of Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts, some of which are of an

ENTIRELY NEW STYLE AND MAKE.

All of the above named articles, besides a

LARGE STOCK OF DOMESTIC GOODS,

Will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

SMITH & TAYLOR'S

Cheap Cash Store,

Bridge Square, Third street, next the Express Office, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER, SAINT PAUL, June, 21st, 1862.

Interest coupons upon Minnesota eight per cent. State bonds due July 1st, 1862, will be paid at the banking house of H. W. Palmer, No. Pine street, New York.

CHARLES SCHEFFER,

je22 State Treasurer.

Oils and Lamps.

MARVIN'S

CROCKERY HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED AND

SELLING VERY LOW,

1,000 LOOKING GLASSES AND MIRRORS.

OIL--THE VERY BEST.

1,500 GALLONS AT FROM THIRTY TO FORTY CENTS A GALLON.

NOW IN STORE, A FULL STOCK OF

CHINA, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT PRICES MUCH REDUCED.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF

Table & Pocket Cutlery.

The merchants who purchase in St. Paul will find these goods very desirable, and at

VERY LOW RATES.

JUST RECEIVED,

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Silver Plated

AND

BRITANNIA WARE,

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LAMPS, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

R. MARVIN, THIRD STREET.

je11

OIL! OIL! OIL!

500 barrels No. 1, standard best quality

Carbon Oil,

Just received, and for sale to dealers.

D. T. WATSON,

a3-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

Boots and Shoes.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

A SPLENDID STOCK

OF

LADIES' GAITERS

AND

Children's Fine Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

WM. J. SMITH & CO.

JOHN THORWARTH,

Boot and Shoe

MANUFACTURER,

THIRD STREET, BET. ROBERT & JACKSON, ST. PAUL, Minnesota,

Keeps constantly on hand and makes to order

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which are warranted to do as good service, and of as good style and workmanship as if made to order.

STEEL SHANKS FOR SEWED BOOTS,

The first introduced in this city, will be put in when ordered. This makes the boot stronger and more durable, and is lighter and its neater.

REPAIRING done on the shortest notice, and in a good and neat style.

JOHN THORWARTH.

St. Paul, Dec. 7, 1861. dec7-d1y

8TH REGIMENT MINNESOTA IRISH VOLUNTEERS.

Sarsfield Guards.

$120 Bounty!

$70 cash down when sworn in!

$40 cash when the Company is mustered in!

$10 cash to each of the first five married men enlisting in this company.

The family of each married man will receive $3 per month from the city, $5 per month from the County, and whatever may be offered by the citizen's Committee; and the first five married men enlisting in this Company will receive in addition to all of this, $2.50 per month for their families.

Recruiting office No 2 Rogers' Block, 3d st., St. Paul. JOHN GRACE,
M. H. SULLIVAN,
a14-tf THOMAS HOWARD.

HILL & LINDLEY,

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,

Offer their services to the citizens of Minneapolis, St. Anthony and surrounding country. Having had twenty years experience, they hope to give general satisfaction.

OFFICES.—Mendenhall's old Banking Office, Minneapolis; the Lippincott House, St. Anthony.

a7-tf

D. C. PRICE, DENTIST.

I have removed my office over

McCLOUD'S HARDWARE STORE.

Corner of Third and Cedar streets.

I am now filling teeth with gold for two dollars, and with silver or tin for one dollar each. I extract teeth for fifty cents each, and destroy the nerve of teeth without the least pain for fifty cents.

I will insert whole upper sets of teeth on Vulcanite, in the most approved manner, for twenty-five dollars.

I publish these prices to correct the impression some people have of my charges for best Dental operations.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., strictly.

jy1-d3mos

R. H. WARD, M. D.,

Of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, having removed to Minneapolis, has opened an office for the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully invites the attention of those who may desire his services.

Office and residence on Bridge Street, (west-side,) near the Suspension Bridge. jy22-d1m

TEETH ON VULCANITE.

FOR STRENGTH, BEAUTY,

Comfort and cleanliness, unsurpassed.

Call and see specimens at the office of

DR. SIMONTON,

oct24-d1y Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square.

M. N. KELLOGG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Fruits, Toys, G. Apples,

LEMONS & CONFECTIONERY.

Children's CABS—every variety; Egg, Lemon, Ginger, Boston and Soda CRACKERS; Traveling, School and Work BASKETS; MAPLE SUGAR; Fresh CANDIES from New York—also

☞ THE BEST CIGARS IN THE CITY.

my17 M. N. KELLOGG.

Insurance.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON

Fire and Life Insurance Co.

CAPITAL AND RESERVED FUND OVER $6,000,000.

LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY AT SIGHT,

Without sixty days' notice.

Life Insurance

Effected on liberal terms. Policies assignable by endorsement without permission of the Company. Shareholders personally responsible for engagements of the Company.

Directors & Stockholders, New York.	*References in New York City.*
James Brown, Esq.,	Duncan, Sherman & Co.,
Francis Cottenet, Esq.,	Alex. T. Stewart & Co.,
Henry Grinnell, Esq.,	Grinnell, Minturn & Co.,
Alfred Pell, Esq.,	R. L. & A. Stewart,
Alex. Hamilton, jr. Esq.,	C. W. & J. T. Moore & Co.
E. M. Archibald, Esq.,	D. Appleton & Co.
And others.	

THOMPSON BROTHERS,

sep29 Agents for St. Paul and vicinity.

P. W. NICHOLS,

General Insurance Agent.

FIRE INSURANCE,

MARINE INSURANCE,

LIFE INSURANCE.

POLICIES

Issued on favorable terms, in the most reliable Companies.

OFFICE AT GEO. LITTLE'S BOOK STORE,

jun16dly Third street, St. Paul, Min.

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000
NETT SURPLUS..... 138,000

DIVIDENDS ON CAPITAL LIMITED BY ITS CHARTER TO SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM—THE ENTIRE PROFITS GO TO THE POLICY HOLDERS.

This Society was organized in the year 1859, with a cash capital of $100,000 deposited irrevocably with the Insurance Department of the State of New York, in United States bonds, on which it allows but seven per cent. per annum to the stockholders, and the entire profits of the business is shared by the policy holders. The nett profits in two years amounts to $229,000, which shows an unparalleled success in the history of Life Insurance. Its operations are managed by a Board of Directors composed of the the ablest business men of the country, and its business is conducted entirely on the cash plan. Dividends to the policy holders will be made every five years, and no Company in the country offers equal advantages to its dealers.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.
HENRY B. HYDE, Vice President.
GEO. W. PHILLIPS, Actuary.
H. S. DERBY, Milwaukee, Gen. Agt.
W. W. KING, State Agent for Minnesota.
DR. WM. CAINE, St. Paul.

mar12-d1v

HOME

INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Extract from Third Annual Report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York. WM. BARNES, Superintendent.

There are now ninety-five joint stock fire insurance companies incorporated by the State of New York, engaged in the transaction of business; of these companies, fourteen only received premiums during the last year, amounting to over one hundred thousand dollars; four only received premiums above the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, and the premium income of one only exceeded three hundred thousand dollars. The premium receipts of this Company, the HOME, with a capital of $1,000,000, were $823,960.34. The premium income of thirty of the smaller companies was $831,878.65 only, with capitals, however, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of $4,900,-000.

The state of things should be improved; the premium income of the mass of our fire insurance companies is by far too small for their capitals, and inadequate to the proper support of a separate and independent corporation. The experience of the HOME, PHOENIX, (of Brooklyn) and some other companies, has demonstrated that, with proper skill, tact and sagacity, business can be increased and managed to an indefinite extent, with entire safety, and even additional security to the company. We have now the machinery and organization in working order for nearly one hundred joint stock fire insurance companies. In the course of a few years their business can be safely doubled, and even quadrupled, without doubling or quadrupling the yearly expenses. Any considerable expansion of business must of course be mainly effected through the instrumentality of reliable, safe, and well managed agencies. The premium income of the HOME amounts to nearly one-eighth part that of the ninety-five companies combined, so that eight corporations like the HOME could conduct the entire business of all these companies. If each company transacted the same amount of business as the HOME the aggregate premium income would reach the enormous amount of over seventy-eight millions of dollars per year. Our companies are not too numerous for the great future of this country, it manged on the progressive scale demanded by the spirit of the American people.

The annual statement of this our foremost local fire and inland company, made up to the first of January last, shows a condition of such positive strength and prosperity as to challenge unqualified admiration. In a circular accompanying the statement, subscribed by Charles J. Martin, President, A. F. Wilmarth, Vice President, and John McGee, Secretary, those well accredited officers very justly say: "The well-known reputation of the HOME for fair and honorable dealing, together with its capital of one million dollars, and surplus of over half a million in addition, all well invested, commend it to the special favor of all who desire reliable protection in the way of insurance, either fire or inland."

This is not saying one word too much for their company. The HOME is the crack company of our State, in high credit all over the Union, worked upon a comprehensive plan, and managed with admirable skill and efficiency. The assets of the HOME on the first of January last summed up to $1,521,258.08, against an actual liability of only $55,480.43; and, moreover, it is worth nothing that the assets are all of the very first class. The balance in bank in cash was $24,534.14, very nearly enough to set up an ordinary company; bonds and mortgages $910,219.53, secured on real estate worth $1,775,000, and then government and other stocks, equivalent to cash and convertible into cash any day, $320,636. Any one not satisfied with the security of the HOME as an insurance institution, must be hard to please.

In 1861 the HOME wrote $106,715,148, taking $829,993 premium, and paid losses $335,775, including some losses for the year 1860. A dividend of ten per cent. was paid on the million capital; and after reserving an ample reinsurance fund, the company shows a "nett surplus" of $169,644 clear over capital and all claims, actual or possible, practical or theoretical.

The HOME is a good "testimony" in all places to the enterprise, energy and progress of the city of New York.

BORUP & OAKES,

je25-d3m Agents, St. Paul.

G. N. BEMAN & CO.,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,

CORNER OF FIFTH AND ROBERT STREETS, ST PAUL, MINNESOTA.

We are prepared to manufacture to order a kinds of BUGGIES, CUTTERS, LUMBER WAGONS, EXPRESS AND GROCERY WAGONS, CONCORD HACKS and STAGE SLEIGHS, of the best quality, and latest pattern, and of Eastern stock, which enables us to warrant them in every particular. Also all kinds of repairing promptly and faithfully executed on the most reasonable terms.

je4-d6m

JUST RECEIVED.

One hundred half barrels and fifty quarter barrels of Walker's

PRIME CINCINNATI CREAM ALE.

M. DORNIDEN,

nov23-d1y Jackson st., bet. 5th and 6th.

Railroads.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

FOR CHICAGO, DETROIT,

BUFFALO, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PITTSBURG, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, CINCINNATI, ROCK ISLAND, BURLINGTON, QUINCY, ST. LOUIS, AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND SOUTH,

VIA DUNLEITH AND

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after May 11, 1862, trains leave Dunleith on arrival of steamers from St. Paul and intermediate points.

LEAVE DUNLEITH.	Day Express, Sundays excepted, 7 A M.	Night Express Saturdays excepted, 6 P M
Freeport	9 50 A. M.	9 55 P. M
Rockfort, via G & C U R R	11 40 "	11 45 "
Belvidere " "	11 45 "	12 45 A. M
Chicago " "	3 30 P. M.	5 45 "
Dixon	11 30 A. M.	11 35 P. M.
Fulton, via Air Line RR	4 20 P. M.	6 15 A. M
Mendota	1 00 "	12 55 "
Burlingt'n, via C B & Q R R	7 25 "	7 05 "
Quincy " "	11 15 "	9 50 "
La Salle	1 47 "	1 40 "
Peoria, via C & R I R R		6 30 "
Rock Island		7 00 "
Bloomington	4 24 "	4 24 "
Decatur	6 20 "	6 20 "
Springfield, via G W R R	3 20 A. M.	3 45 "
Pana	8 00 P. M.	8 00 "
Terra Haute via T H & A R R	2 10 A. M.	3 20 P. M.
Indianapolis, " "	5 10 "	6 50 "
St. Louis " "	7 50 "	
Sandoval	10 15 P. M.	10 15 A. M
St. Louis, via O & M R R		1 00 P. M
Cairo	4 10 A. M.	

Trains make direct connections at Chicago with all Eastern lines for Buffalo, New York, Boston, and all Eastern Cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains.

Baggage checked to all important points.

Passengers for St. Louis and intermediate points on the river, will find this the quickest and only direct route.

For through tickets and information, apply at the office of the Company, foot of Jackson street, St. Paul.

S. B. FORBES, Ticket Agent.
A. PRATT, Advertising Agent.
J. S. TILDESLEY, Gen'l West'n Agt.
W. P. JOHNSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
W. S. ARTHUR, General Supt.

may21

1862. 1862.

LA CROSSE AND ST. PAUL

PACKET COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

During the summer of 1862, till the close of navigation, the LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company, having completely equipped their Line and made large additions to their business facilities, will offer to shippers and passengers on the river greater inducements and conveniences, and QUICKER TIME, than was ever offered by any company on the river.

All the boats on the Chippewa, Minnesota, St. Croix and the upper Mississippi rivers, and the different lines of stages north of LaCrosse, will, the coming season run to connect with the Davidson boats and the LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad.

The LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company will run a

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT LINE.

The former will number two first class boats—the nicest and fastest on the river. They will be the McCLELLAN and NORTHERN BELLE.—The first will be the Lightning Line, making the run from La Crosse to St. Paul in EIGHTEEN HOURS, and returning will leave here in the morning, and arrive at La Crosse in twelve hours time to connect with the evening train, by which our passengers will make close connection and reach Milwaukee in time for cars, or boats on the Lake in TWENTY HOURS FROM ST

THE CITY.

CAVALRY TACTICS, at Merrill's.

CAPTAIN E. S. GOODRICH has been ordered to report to the commander of the expedition against the Sioux, for military duty, and left the city yesterday for that purpose.

NEWSPAPER CHANGE.—Dr. Massey retires from the St. Paul *Journal* this week, and is to be succeeded by James Mills, Esq. Cause assigned: financial difficulties.

A PRIVATE dispatch received in this city on yesterday, states that Sumner's corps, in which was the First Minnesota Regiment, was at Yorktown.

THE Public Schools in St. Anthony will be closed next Wednesday and Thursday, the 27th and 28th, to permit the teachers to attend the State Teachers' Association.

ANOTHER CHRISTIAN WARRIOR.—Rev. L. D. Brown has enlisted in Mr. Marshall's company. He will preach in the Market Street Methodist Episcopal Church next Sunday morning, at half-past ten o'clock, if not called to military duty before.

HOME GUARDS.—A public meeting will be held this evening, (Saturday) 23rd August, at 7.30 P. M., at Ingersoll's Hall, for the purpose of initiating the organization of Home Guards and a Night Patrole for the city of St. Paul.

JOHN S. PRINCE, Mayor.

GOV. RAMSEY has telegraphed to the War Department to have the Third regiment, which is under parole, to return to this State and guard the frontier. He has also telegraphed to the Governor of Wisconsin for 100,000 catridges.

A COMPANY of soldiers came up on the Northern Belle, from Fillmore county. It is the company recruited by Captain Sam. McLarty—one hundred strong.

THE report of the death of Lieutenant Ogden and Mr. Robinson of the First Wisconsin cavalry, which we gave in yesterday's PRESS, on the authority of the Winona *Republican*, we are happy to say we now have the same authority for contradicting. Lieutenant O. was acting as Provost Marshal at Cape Girardeau, Missouri, with Mr. Robinson as his assistant, at the time the engagement took place, a considerable distance from the town.

CLOTHING TO BE MADE UP.—By notice in another column, it will be seen that sealed proposals are to be received at the office of the Adjutant General, for the manufacture of 2,681 uniform coats and the same number of pants.

J. W. GORMAN, of this city, leaves for the seat of war on Monday morning. The position of Assistant Adjutant General on his father's staff has been conferred on him, with the rank of Captain. Success to you, James.

COMMENDABLE PROMPTNESS.—Capt. T. M. Saunders, United States Quartermaster for the North-West, yesterday informed the Governor that he had made arrangements to have 60,000 complete rations delivered at Fort Ridgley without delay. The supplies will reach the Fort before those in hand can possibly be exhausted.

A SCARE ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THE RIVER.—Yesterday afternoon and last evening teams from the other side of the river came into town loaded down with women and children, who had caught the panic, during the day, about Indians. Every one averred most stoutly that the Indians were within four miles of their respective homes, and they had picked up their clothes and hastened to town as quickly as possible. Of course it is unnecessary to say there are no Indians in the vicinity, and these poor people have been deceived by their own fears.

Resignation of Gov. Magoffin.

(Special Dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette.)

FRANKFORT, Aug. 16.—This morning the Hon. John F. Fisk, Speaker of the Senate, resigned. His reason for taking such a step I will send you in full by mail. The Hon. James F. Robinson, Senator from Scott was unanimously elected Speaker of the Senate.

John B. Temple, President of the Military Board, sent his resignation to the Senate this morning which was accepted.

FRANKFORT, Aug. 18.—This morning, at 11 o'clock, Hon. Jas. F. Robinson was inaugurated Governor of Kentucky, in the Hall of the House of Representatives, the Senate and its officers being present. Mr. Robinson made the best speech for the occasion I ever heard. He possesses the entire confidence of the union party of Kentucky, and he will prove himself equal to the emergency. D. C. Wickliffe of Lexington Observer and Reporter, is to be Secretary of State, and James W. Tate is to be Secretary. These are most admirable appointments, and will meet the approval of all Union men. The Senate by unanimous vote re-elected Hon. John F. Fisk Speaker of that body. This is a high and deserved compliment to Mr. Fisk, and is indicative of the estimation in which he is held by the union men of Kentucky.

Road to Dakota Territory.

We learn that the commissioners appointed by the Legislature, to construct a wagon road from Medalia to Sioux Falls City, Dakota Territory, have returned to the vicinity of Madelia, where they are building a bridge. They will complete this in a few weeks, when the road will possibly be turned over to the State and the 10,000 acres of swamp lands will be claimed. We are informed that the road is a very poor affair—hardly passable—and there are only two bridges on the entire route. We hope the State authorities will not accept this work until the provisions of the law are fully complied with. The whole affair is represented as a swindle not costing over $700 or a $1,000. —*Mankato Record.*

EMIGRATION TO HAYTI.

The laws and arrangements by the President, Fabre Geffrard, by the advice of the Council of the Secretaries of State and the legislative bodies, for the immigration of persons of African and Indian descent, into the country, are of a very liberal character:

Five carreaux of land will be granted, free of all charge to every family of laborers or cultivators, of the African or Indian races, who shall arrive in the Republic. This grant will be reduced two carreaux, when the laborer or cultivator is unmarried.

These grants will be delivered, without expense, and with a provisional title, to every family that shall have made, before the proper magistrate, the declaration prescribed by law with the view of obtaining naturalization, and they will be converted into final grants after a residence of a year and a day in the country.

The final grants will be given in exchange for the provisional grants only when it shall have been ascertained by the Government agent, that cultivation has already commenced on the property granted.

The grantee shall not have power to dispose of his grant before the expiration of seven consecutive years of occupation. Nevertheless, he will be able to obtain the authority to exchange his grant for another property, but only on the conditions, terms, and with the powers above named.

The present law shall be promptly executed by the Secretary of State, of the Interior, and of Agriculture.

Article 14 of the Civil Code is modified as follows: "All those who by virtue of the Constitution are to acquire the rights of Haytian citizens, must, during the first month of their arrival in the country, before the Justice of the Peace of their residence, and in presence of two well-known citizens, make a declaration to the effect that they come with the intention of settling in the Republic. They will, at the same time, before the Justice of the Peace, take oath that they renounce every other country save Hayti.

Provided with the verbal process of the Justice of the Peace, setting forth the declaration that they come to settle in the Republic, and their taking of the oath, they will present themselves at the offices of the President of Hayti, to receive an act from the Chief of the State recognizing them citizens of the Republic.

The present law annuls all laws or measures which are contrary to it, and shall be executed with despatch by the Secretary of State for Justice.

In the name of the Republic:

The President of Hayti ordains that the foregoing law of the Legislative bodies be stamped with the seal of the Republic, published and executed.

Given at the National Palace of Port-au-Prince, the 6th Sept., 1860, year fifty-seven of Independence.

By the President. GEFFRARD.

The Secretary of State of the Interior and of Agriculture. F. JN. JOSEPH.

The Secretary of War and the Marine, T. DEJOIE.

The Keeper of the Seals, Secretary of State of the General Police, JH. LAMOTHE.

The Sec. of State of Justice, etc., F. E. DUBOIS.

The Sec. of State of Finances, Commerce, and Exterior Relations, VN. PRESANCE.

The Grand Army of the Union.

When we get the 600,000 men into the field who are now organizing for the war, thus swelling our grand army to over a million, we can sweep the rebels from the face of the earth in a month or two.

We can then form a solid column of bayonets and cannon reaching almost from the Atlantic to the Mississippi, and, by one determined "forward march," drive all the traitors and rebels down into the Gulf like a drove of frightened swine.

It will be a privilege to belong to that great army of the Union—a glorious thing to think of and talk about after the war, and for your children to be proud over through coming generations.

"I was a soldier in the army of the Union that saved the Republic," will be as proud a title to the respect of your countrymen and of the world as now is the claim of those few remaining veterans who can say, "I was a soldier in the army of the Revolution, and fought under Washington."

Miscellaneous.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Monday, July 28, 1862, the

Prairie du Chien and Dunleith

LINE OF BOATS

Will leave St. Paul daily, at 7 o'clock P. M. The Steamer Milwaukee will leave Monday morning, as heretofore at 8 o'clock; the Key City will leave the same evening, at 7 o'clock.

This change is made in order to ensure Railroad connections. This is the only line of Boats leaving St. Paul, by which Passengers can rely upon making Railroad connections.

CHAS. THOMPSON, Agent Prairie du Chien Railway.

S. B. FORBES, Agent Illinois Central Railroad.

jy21-d1f

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,

172 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

☞ Be careful to buy only the genuine jel4-dw1y

RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE, CHICAGO, ILL.

The twentieth annual session will commence October 1st, 1862, and continue sixteen weeks.

FACULTY:

Dan'l Brainard, M. D.....Surgery.
J. V. Z. Blaney, M. D.....Chemistry.
J. W. Freer, M. D.....Institutes.
J. Adams Allen, M. D.....Practice.
R. L. Rea, M. D.....Anatomy.
De Laskie Miller, M. D.....Obstetrics.
Ephraim Ingals, M. D. Ther. and Mat. Med.
Edwin Powell, M. D.....Demonstrator.

FEES—$40. Dissecting and Mat. Tickets each $5. Board $2.50 to $3 per week.

For further information or circular, address

au9-d1w&w1m R. L. REA, Sec'y, Box 53.

A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE

FOR $750.

A charming residence in Willis' Addition, built by the owner for his own use, with every comfort and convenience—well of pure water, stable and out-buildings, and a yard with shrubbery and gravel walks.

The house is not a mere shell or balloon, but built to resist the cold of our winters and the heat of our summers, and is located in an airy and cheerful neighborhood.

St. Paul, June 28, 1862.

HENRY McKENTY, Dealer in Real Estate

o28 d1&w6m

FOR RENT,

THE RESIDENCE OF GEN. DANA,

With or without the

FURNITURE.

Enquire of

jy29-tf H. F. MASTERSON.

Highly Important from Kentucky.

THE REBEL INVASION BEGAN AT SEVERAL POINTS.

INDIANA AND THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

The following extracts from letters published in the Cincinnati *Gazette* of the 19th, give a succinct and intelligible account of the invasion of Kentucky by the rebels, and of the measures adopted by the War Department, and by Gov. Morton, of Indiana, to meet it.

LOUISVILLE, August 18.—Rumors apparently well founded, indicate the occupation of several new points in Kentucky by rebel guerrillas, who exhibit great activity. Names of plans and numbers of forces are withheld by order of the military. There is considerable excitement in this city from these rumors.

LEXINGTON, Ky., August 18.—We learn by a courier that a force of rebel cavalry, perhaps 3,000, made their appearance to-day at Richmond, twenty miles from here. They are supposed to be the advance of the large force at Jordan and Somerset.

NASHVILLE, August 18.—Eighty guerrillas from Mead county, on their way to join Morgan, were attacked Saturday, near Mammoth Cave, by thirty-four home guards. One captain was killed and all the guerrillas captured.

Gen. Nelson is here.

The trains are running through on the Chattanooga road.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 17.

Reliable and trustworthy intelligence has reached here showing that the long threatened invasion of Kentucky has commenced. The rebels have entered the State at several points. Somerset is captured and in their possession. They are moving on Glasgow, and threaten Bowling Green.

Kirby Smith, with about 15,000 men, 24 pieces of artillery, and an adequate force of cavalry, is moving from East Tennessee, to cut of supplies to our men at Cumberland Gap, and compel its evacuation; and already forces of his command have taken possession of Somerset and Monticello. The former point threatens our communication seriously. Gen. Morgan has retired part of his force to Barbourville, to hold the place, and asks for reinforcements. Morgan is still in the vicinity of Gallatin, and had driven off the hands at work on the tunnel, and broken the hand cars. Forrest and Stearns are expected to join him.

It is learned that they will cut off General Morgan's train for Cumberland Gap, and gain his rear. They are said to have a force of 2,500 in Scott county, Tennessee. Two hundred rebel cavalry are at Monticello, and are supposed to be the advance of the enemy. The crisis is truly alarming, and Governor Morton is putting forth all his energies to meet it.

Two regiments have been sent to-day, and at least seven are expected to leave to-morrow. They will go prepared in all but discipline, for any conflict.

General T. A. Morris, who won the Western Virginia campaign, will command one regiment; General Lew. Wallace will command another. Others will be under the command of Generals Dumont, Reynolds, Love, and Lieutenant Colonel King, of the Nineteenth Regulars.

In the absence of experienced officers to take permanent command of the regiments, Governor Morton has hit upon the happy expedient of putting them temporarily, for this emergency, under the command of these distinguished officers, and the officers willingly and enthusiastically accede to his wishes.

New Advertisements.

K. SPENCER,

Dentist, 23 Years,

MINNEAPOLIS, ... MINNESOTA.

As far as I know, my terms for practice will be the usual fees of Dentists of this State.

I insert ARTIFICIAL PIVOT TEETH, which are healthier, cheaper, more beautiful and durable than teeth set on plate.

PIVOT TEETH DO NOT PREVENT THE TASTING OF FOOD—PLATE TEETH DO.

I so stop decayed places in the crowns of Teeth, (elegantly,) as to last the life of the patient.

☞ Consultations without charge. a21-6m

INFORMATION WANTED.

Any information concerning the whereabouts of Chas. H., or Wm. H. Edwards or Caroline Edwards, who formerly lived in Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minnesota, will be thankfully received by the undersigned, who lives in Newport, Campbell County, Kentucky. J. K. EDWARDS.

☞ St. Anthony papers please copy once. a19

To Destroy—Rats, Roaches, &c.
To Destroy—Mice, Moles and Ants.
To Destroy—Bed-Bugs.
To Destroy—Moths in Furs, Clothes, &c.
To Destroy—Mosquitoes and Fleas.
To Destroy—Insects on Plants and Fowls.
To Destroy—Insects on Animals, &c.
To Destroy—Every form and species of Vermin.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS,

THE

"ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN,"

Destroys Instantly

EVERY FORM AND SPECIES OF

VERMIN.

HOUSEKEEPERS—troubled with vermin need be so no longer, if they use "COSTARS" Exterminators. We have used it to our satisfaction, and if a box cost $5 we would have it. We had tried poisons, but they effected nothing; but "COSTARS" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Bed-Bugs, quicker than we can write it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina [O.] Gazette.*

MORE GRAIN and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin, than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster [Wis.] Herald.*

"COSTAR'S" RAT, ROACH, &c., EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC POWDER, FOR INSECTS, &c., in 25c, 50c and $1,00 boxes, bottles and flasks, $4 and $5 size for plantations, ships, boats, hotels, &c., &c.

☞ SOLD EVERYWHERE—by all Wholesale Druggists in the large cities.

Some of the Wholesale Agents in New York City.—Shieffelin Brothers & Co.; B. A. Fahnestock, Hall & Co.; A. B. & D. Sands & Co.; Wheeler & Hart; James S. Aspinwall; Morgan & Allen; Hall, Rucker & Co.; Thomas & Fuller; P. D. Orvis; Burral, Bixley & Kitchen; Bush, Gale & Robinson; M. Ward, Close & Co.; McKisson & Robbins; D. S. Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Lazelle, Marsh & Gardner; Hall, Dixon & Co.; Conrad Fox, and others.

Also, all Wholesale Druggists at Philadelphia, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; and by Druggists, Grocers, Storekeepers and Retailers generally in all Country Towns and Villages in the United States.

AT ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA,

☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS.

☞ Country Dealers can order as above, or address orders direct—[or if price, terms, &c., is desired, send for (1862) Circular, giving reduced prices] to HENRY R. COSTAR,

Principal Depot—No. 512 Broadway—(Opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel,) New York. a21-d&w3m

FORT SNELLING AND ST. PAUL PACKET,

POMEROY,

CAPTAIN E. BELL,

MAKES THREE TRIPS DAILY.

Leaves St. Paul at 7 A. M., 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Leaves Ft. Snelling at 8 A. M., 11 A. M. and 6 P. M.
Leaving as above and connecting with the morning and evening down-river Packets. a19-d1f

Commercial.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 20.

The wheat market receded about 1c yesterday morning, from Monday's highest prices, and the demand at the depots was chiefly for bagged wheat. For No. 1 in store $1,00 was offered, for No. 2 in store 79c, and for the same qualities delivered 98c@$1,01. There was not much disposition to sell at these figures, and but little was done during the early part of the day.

The market was rather dull on 'Change, but the morning prices, for bagged wheat at least, were maintained. The demand for receipts was confined to No. 2 at 79c. About 20,000 bushels in all changed hands, including a cargo on p. t. No. 1 was offered in large amounts at 92c on board without finding a purchaser. Extra samples sold at $1,03, and winter at $1,05@1,08.

A dispatch from Chicago to the Chamber of Commerce quoted No. 1 wheat at 97c, No. 2 at 90c, and freights at 5c on wheat to Buffalo.

WEDNESDAY, 10 A. M.

The wheat market was dull and unsettled this morning. On the platforms transactions were confined to a few car loads of bagged wheat, at 98c for No. 2 and $1,01 for No. 1 delivered. There was no inquiry for wheat in store. Receipts are larger, and will probably amount to 25,000 bushels or more.

Coarse grains were firm, and rye 3@3½c higher. The latter was in good demand at 59@59½c delivered.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, August 22.

Flour—Market dull and uncertain Sales 8,000 barrels.

Wheat—Market less active and hardly so firm.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF STATE, ST. PAUL, Aug. 4, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 6th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD. Said wood to be paid for in State warrants, and delivered at State Capital, as required.

CHARLES SCHEFFER, State Treasurer.

a29-td

FRESH SUGARS.

Fifteen tons, just received per "Itasca" and "War Eagle" including fair to choice N. O., O. A. and Havana, bought before the recent advance, at low figures, for cash.

a29-tf COOLEY, TOWER & CO.

WANTED

A PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE,

With cylinder from 6 to 8 inch bore, and 24 to 30 inch stroke.

Any person having one of the above dimensions and wishing to dispose of it at a low figure, can hear of a purchaser by applying to

CHARLES D. ELFELT,

a16-d3t&w1 St. Paul.

GOT 'EM.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK,

for September.

DAVENPORT'S GOT 'EM.

CHICAGO PAPERS,

NEW YORK PAPERS,

GOT 'EM.

LEDGER FOR THIS WEEK.

GOT 'EM.

In fact DAVENPORT'S got everything, except a few things he hain't got.

CALL AND SEE.

a16-y

ARMY REGULATIONS.

CAMERON'S U. S. TACTICS,

HARDEE'S TACTICS,

BEADLE'S DIME TACTICS,

MARIEES, THIRD PART LES MISEBABLES,

Just received at

COMBS' BOOKSTORE.

jy31-1y

MILITARY GOODS.

ANOTHER NEW LOT.

SWORDS,

SASHES,

BELTS,

BUGLES,

SHOULDER STRAPS,

AND LETTERS, &c., &c.,

Just received from the Chicopee manufactory, and for sale cheaper than they can be had anywhere else. L. P. FOSTER,

a19-3t Just east of American House.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS,

SADDLERY, HARDWARE AND TOOLS.

LEATHE BELTING.

KESSLER & RIEHL,

TANNERS AND CURRIERS,

Keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete stock of

LEATHER AND FINDINGS, SADDLERY HARDWARE and TOOLS,

LEATHER BELTING, ENAMELED CLOTHS AND LEATHER, &c., &c., &c.

All of which they are now offering at prices to suit the times.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS.

☞ Cash paid for Hides and Furs. ☜

jan18-d1y

BYERS & POLLOCK

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE

OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,

JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.

nov14-dxw1y

H. J. BRAINARD & CO.'S

MILLS,

SITUATED ON PHALON'S CREEK, WHERE THE STILLWATER ROAD CROSSES.

This Mill is just completed, and is in good running order. Our machinery embraces all the latest improvements, and was got up in the East, without regard to expense. It has two run of Burrs, which will be kept running night and day, so that farmers coming from a distance can be accommodated without much delay.

The need of a first class Mill of this kind has long been felt by the citizens of St. Paul and vicinity. We have secured the services of James Craigie, who has made milling the business of his life, and to whom we can place entire confidence.

All kinds of grain will be weighed when brought to the Mill, and also when taken away, if desired. We feel confident in saying to the public that we can make as good Flour and as great a yield to the bushel as any Mill in Minnesota, and respectfully solicit a fair trial.

Also a new Mill for grinding corn in the ear.

☞ All work done at this Mill is warranted.

apr3-d&w1y

JOHN A. STEES,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Furniture and Cabinet Ware,

Of every variety of style and pattern.

CORNER 3D AND MINNESOTA STS., SAINT PAUL,

All kinds of lumber taken in trade.

jan5d&w1y

Miscellaneous.

REMOVAL.

JOHN GETZ

Has removed his stock of

TOYS, FANCY GOODS AND CONFECTIONARIES,

TO

ROGERS' BLOCK,

Third Street, opposite the Express Office,

Where he will continue to sell all goods in his line cheaper than ever.

Thanking his friends and patrons for past favors, he would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. a12-2w

HO! FOR THE 8TH REGIMENT

Corcoran Relief Guards!

IRISHMEN TO THE RESCUE!

LIEUT. M. J. O'CONNOR,

$165 Bounty!
$50 Public Bounty in Ramsey County!
$5 per month from the city or county!
$10 on being mustered into the United States service.
$25 by United States when discharged.

☞ Recruiting office opposite Sheehy's Grocery Store, 3d-st., St. Paul. a14-1

SAINT PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The trains will run, until further notice on the following time table:

TIME TABLE NO. ONE.

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5.30 A. M.	5.55 A. M.	7.00 A. M.	7.30 A.M.
9.00 "	9.25 "	10.00 A. M.	10.30 A. M.
2.00 P. M.	2.25 P. M.	3.00 P. M.	3.30 P. M.
5.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.	6.30 "	7.00 "

WILLIAM CROOKS,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.

jy2 dtf

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the Winslow, American International and Merchants, or at our office.

Fare to St. Anthony or Minneapolis, including omnibus tickets at both ends of Railroad, 60 cents.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

SALE OF PINE SAW LOGS.

Notice is hereby given, that the Pine Saw-Logs now in the Mississippi river at and above the St. Paul Boom, marked as follows: Letters J. N. T. made in combination | (swing girdle, notch), also ı (notch) letters J. N. T. made in combination ı (notch), also | ı | (swing girdle, two notches), and seized by the undersigned for and on behalf of the United States, in pursuance of instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, the same having been cut on land the property of the U. S., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, *for cash*, in St. Paul, opposite the Post Office, on Thursday, the 21st day of August, 1862, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Surveyor General's Office, St. Paul, August 13th, 1862. W. D. WASHBURN,

a14-td Surveyor General of the U. S. for the District of Minnesota.

CARPETS.

CASH TRADES

ARE

ALWAYS BARGAINS.

CALL AT

JOSEPH BUGBEE'S

New Carpet Store,

Facing the River,

THIRD STREET,.....ST. PAUL.

a12-3m

BUGGIES.

We have just received and have now on hand a few

Eastern Made Buggies

AND LIGHT BUSINESS WAGONS,

and expect to receive in the next few weeks

A GOOD ASSORTMENT,

Which we will sell for cash, at extreme low figures and warrant them made of

GOOD MATERIALS

a12-1m J. & C. M. DAILEY.

NOTICE.

OFFICE ST. PAUL & PACIFIC R. R. CO., SAINT PAUL, August 13th, 1862.

On and after August 15th, the train leaving Saint Paul, at 11.45 A. M., will leave at 2 o'clock P. M., arrive at St. Anthony at 2.25 P. M., and the train leaving Saint Anthony at 2.30 P. M. will leave at 3 o'clock P. M., arriving at Saint Paul at 3.30 P. M. WILLIAM CROOKS,

a14-2t Superintendent.

CALL AT

D. D. MERRILL'S

For the Best Styles of

PHOTOGRAPH

ALBUMS.

"CARTES DE VISITE"—And views to suit all.

U. S. Army Regulations, U. S. Infantry Tactics, and a fresh supply of

NEW BOOKS.

America Before Europe—*De Gasparin.*
Among the Pines.
Elsie Venner.
Recreations of a Country Parson.
Spare Hours.
Leisure Hours about Town.
Artemus Ward.
Parson Brownlow's Book.
Cecil Dreme, John Brent, and
Edwin Brothertoft. a10tf

MILITARY GOODS.

CAMPBELL,

Has just received a fresh lot of fine goods. The only place in this city where a complete outfit can be found. Officers' uniforms made on short notice.

No. 2 Bernheimer's Block, 3d-st., St. Paul.

a12-2w

A. F. KNIGHT,

ARCHITECT,

Will furnish designs, Plans, Details, Specifications and Estimates for buildings of every kind, got up in the best style for the reduced price of one per cent on estimated cost, and will, if required, superintend the erection of the same, both in the city and country, at equally low rates. Office in French's Block, Third street, St. Paul, Minnesota. my8-6m

TAX DEEDS.

THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY

Have now on hand the latest and best form of tax deeds. It is suitable for sales under the several acts of the Legislature, and in conformity with all their requisitions, and is prepared by the State authorities

Price 50 cents per dozen, or $3 per hundred.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

We, the undersigned, have this day dissolved partnership. The business will be carried on in the name of J. H. Byers. All debts and demands will be settled by J. H. Byers.

St. Paul, August 18, 1862.

J. H. BYERS,
a19-1w S. L. POLLOCK.

BALMORALS.

ANOTHER NEW LOT.

GENTS,

LADIES',

MISSES',

BOYS' AND

CHILDRENS',

Comprising all the Fall Styles.

Just received and for sale cheap.

L. P. FOSTER,

a19-3t Just east of American House.

COOLEY, TOWER & COMPANY,

Branch of COOLEY & TOWER (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & CO.,) St. Louis,

(ESTABLISHED 1843,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

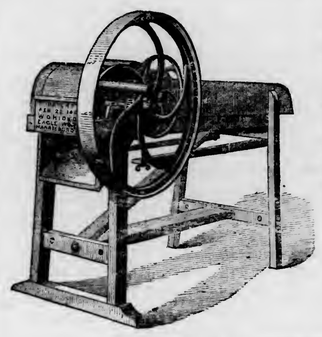
In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers. August 3, 1862.

JONES' AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE,

THIRD STREET, NEAR THE BRIDGE, SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.



HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOWS, WHEELS, ROWS, SHAFTS, POLES, HICKORY PAPES, AXLES, SPRINGS, THIMBLE SKEINS, BOXES, HAY PRESSES, ROAD SCRAPERS AND CORN AND COB MILLS. BUCK STONE MILLS, BOLTING, GUM CLOTHS, AND LEATHER BELTING, SUCTION AND FORCE PUMPS—ALL SIZES. HYDRAULIC RAMS, LEAD PIPE, &c., &c., &c.

DEPOT FOR THE SALE OF ALL THE STANDARD MACHINES AND IMPLEMENTS

SOLE AGENCY

OF THE CANTON, OHIO, SWEEPSTAKES THRESHING MACHINES
" " " BUCKEYE REAPER AND MOWER,
OF THE ROCKFORD, ILLS., J. P. MANNY'S REAPER AND MOWER,
OF THE HAINES, ILLS. HARVESTER OR HEADING MACHINES,
OF THE BUCKEYE GRAIN DRILLS,
OF PRINDLE'S AGRICULTURAL STEAMER, FOR STEAMING FOOD FOR STOCK.
OF SECHLER & PORTER'S SUGAR CANE MILLS, ALL SIZES.
OF COOK'S EVAPORATORS AND SYRUP CLARIFIERS.
OF ROE & BLAIR'S WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE VATS AND HOOPS,
OF THE BUFFALO SCALE WORKS COMPANY SCALES, ALL SIZES,

Besides I have a large stock of one, two, four and six horse power threshing machines, fan mills, corn shellers, root cutters, for cutting roots for stock, hay and straw cutters, corn stalk cutters and grinders, cider mills, steel plows all sizes, cultivators, horse hoes, scythes, grain cradles, forks, hoes shovels, spades, potato hooks, hay knives, &c., trace, halter and log chains, axes, well buckets and wheels, scythe stones, grind stones, bent plow handles, &c., &c. A large stock of castings on hand at all times for repairing machines.

Descriptive pamphlets of machinery, with prices and terms, furnished on application to

D. C. JONES,

my23-d3m&w6m At Jones' Agricultural Warehouse, Saint Paul.

DRY GOODS

AT COST.

HOGAN & CAMP

Offer their entire stock of

Summer Dress Goods,

SUMMER SHAWLS,

CLOAKS, PARASOLS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

AND ALL

SUMMER GOODS

AT COST.

a6-y

WALTER W. WEBB.

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines & Liquors,

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.

AND MONTREAL MALT WHISKY.

I find that the impression prevails that pure Foreign Wines and Brandy cannot be obtained in St. Paul. I wish to assure the citizens and others that they can safely rely upon getting pure, unadulterated Wines, Brandies and Gin from me, equal to any imported. W. W. WEBB.

Also, London Porter, Scotch Ale, and Scotch Whisky.

LEONARD & SHEIRE,

BUILDERS,

Shop in old Baptist Church Building, on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter Work done to order.

M. SHEIRE, ARCHITECT,

Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheire's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street, near Jackson. Designs, Plans and Specifications for Buildings of every description, prepared on short notice. feb1-1y

MILL-STONES.

BOLTING CLOTHS,

GRAIN SEPARATORS,

And all kinds of

MILL MACHINERY.

☞ Send for a circular by mail.

PALMER & PLAMONDON,

Cor. West Water and Washington Streets (P. O. box, 1525.) CHICAGO, ILL.

W. M. LEYDE, Ag't, St. Paul. my13-d&w6m.

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY,

PLATED WARE,

CARBON OIL AND LAMPS.

LOOKING GLASSES, TIN WARE,

PLAIN, PLANISHED AND JAPANNED.

TABLE CUTLERY.

Constantly on hand, the most complete assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS to be found in the city.

ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL, Minn.

sep22-d&w

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke,.....New York City
John G. Treadwell,.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.,....Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law,.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard,.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moors.....Boston

je11d&w1m&w1y

J. F. BLODGET,

AUDITOR OF ANOKA COUNTY,

Will pay taxes for non-residents, and furnish information in relation to lands in Anoka county.

Any information in relation to delinquent taxes furnished free of charge. mar12:d1f.

THRESHING MACHINES

C. Aultman & Co.'s Manufactory, Canton, Ohio.

For speed, clean work, strength and beauty, C. Aultman & Co.'s world-renowned Canton, Ohio, "Sweepstakes" Threshing Machines are the acknowledged "head and front" of the whole "threshing machine family." Their fame is not only national but world-wide!

Either Geared or Belted Separators, with either eight or ten horse "Cary" or "Compensating" Powers, and with or without Trucks and Straw Stackers, delivered at this place on short notice. Order early. Send and get circular free of charge, or call and see sample machines.

D. C. JONES,

Sole Agent for the Manufacturers, at Jones' Agricultural Warehouse, St. Paul, Minn. je17-2and&w

REMOVED.

EYE & EAR.

DR. UNDERWOOD

Of Chicago, Ill., the eminent and skilful operator on the Eye and Ear, whose name and fame is so extensively known throughout the United States, for his science, skill and success in performing formidable operations, and in removing difficult and dangerous diseases from those delicate organs, has arrived in St. Paul and may be consulted in INGERSOLL'S BLOCK for a short time only.

Dr. U., who is a regular Physician and Surgeon of the old school, has had an extensive experience in both hospital and private practice of twenty-eight years, and will be found competent to perform any operation necessary to restore lost sight or hearing, or by other mild and gentle means to remove any disease from these delicate organs within the reach of science and human skill.

CHRONIC DISEASES, of every grade and character, whether requiring medical or surgical treatment, POSITIVELY and PERMANENTLY CURED, when not clearly beyond the reach of science and human skill.

Dr. Underwood treats all diseases on regular and scientific principles as recognized by the medical profession both in Europe and America, and hence does not use or deal in those pretended new and never failing remedies—specifics, inhaling vapors, and clairvoyant prescriptions—which are so ostentatiously paraded before the public by those impudent traveling quacks and money-fleecing empirics, nine-tenths of whom never were inside of a medical college. Patients afflicted or laboring under diseases of long standing, can consult Dr. U. with the most confident hope and expectation of being perfectly cured, or receiving with unerring certainty all the relief that the highest skill, the most judicious and scientific treatment can possibly bestow.

AUCTION NOTICE.

We will sell all goods consigned to us, to be sold at auction, for five per cent. commission.

All sums over one hundred dollars three per cent.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

Second hand furniture bought and the highest price paid. R. & J. M. WARNER,

je19-d3m Cor. Third & Wabashaw sts.

CATAWBA BRANDY.

The undersigned having been appointed sole Agent for the sale of

LYON'S PURE OHIO CATAWBA BRANDY,

For the State of Minnesota, calls the attention of Physicians and the public to its medicinal qualities,

WALTER W. WEBB,

St. Paul, July 26, 1862, jy26-d3m

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME II. SAINT PAUL, SUNDAY, AUGUST 24, 1862. NUMBER 123.

The Saint Paul Press.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

☞ THIS paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, SATURDAY, AUGUST 22.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE TO CONGRESS.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY,

of Dakota County.

☞ SEE FOURTH PAGE.

COMPOSITORS WANTED.—We want six or eight first class compositors immediately. Apply at the office of the DAILY PRESS.

EXTRA SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE CALLED.

Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, it has been represented to me by petitions from different parts of the State, numerously signed, that the disturbed condition of our western frontier,—hundreds of men, women and children having been already slaughtered by the Sioux Indians, and entire counties depopulated by the panic thus created;—with the necessity under which the State now labors to furnish thousands of her militia to the service of the General Government, and, at the same time, to provide promptly for the defense of a line of frontier, several hundred miles in length, against a ruthless and merciless enemy;—together with the fact, that, under our existing laws, the volunteer force already furnished, and now required from the State, and constituting nearly one-third of its entire adult, male population, are deprived of their voice in the conduct of public affairs at this most critical period, constitute such a contingency as demands the immediate assembling of the Legislature of the State.

Now, therefore, I, ALEXANDER RAMSEY, Governor of the State of Minnesota, do issue this, my proclamation, requiring that the members of both Houses of the Legislature of the State shall, on the NINTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 10 o'clock A. M., convene in extra session, at the Capitol, in the city of St. Paul, to take such action, as may be deemed necessary, for the welfare of the State and the protection of its people.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of St. Paul, this twenty-
[L. S.] third day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

ALEXANDER RAMSEY.

By the Governor,
JAMES H. BAKER,
Secretary of State.

Latest from the Indian War!

BATTLES AT THE FORT!

The Red Devils Repulsed!

DISPATCHES FROM COL. SIBLEY, CAPT. FLANDREAU, ETC.

Fort in Imminent Danger!

DISPATCH OF LIEUT SHEEHAN.

Interesting Account of A. J. Van-Vohres, Esq.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED.

The latest news from Fort Ridgley is up to 2 o'clock P. M., on Thursday. At that time the Fort was holding the savage and merciless foe in check. At any other era in this country's history, the recital of the atrocities which have been perpetrated upon the defenceless people of our exposed frontier, would have excited the sympathies of the world.

We give below the latest dispatches received at the Capitol up to last evening. They are from Col. Sibley, commanding the expedition against the Indians, Judge Flandreau, commanding forces at New Ulm: Nathan Myrick, who has been scouting nearly to the Fort; Lieut. Sheehan, commandant at Fort Ridgley, and A. J. VanVorhes, now at the Fort. These later dispatches from the Fort were brought by Antoine Frenier, U. S. Interpreter. He turned back from Henderson, it will be recollected, and by some adroit manouvering, succeeded in eluding the wily savages, and got into and out of the Fort. Mr. Frenier has made many difficult and dangerous journeys during these disturbances, and his bravery and faithfulness cannot be too highly extolled.

Capt. Billings, of Henderson, who was at Red Wood at the time of the commencement, and Henry Bellon, of St. Paul, who was at the Fort on Monday night and Tuesday, have arrived in this City since our last. The narratives of their remarkable hair-breadth escapes from the toils of the savages is most thrilling, but which we have no room to detail.

FROM COL. SIBLEY.

HEADQUARTERS INDIAN EXPEDITION, ST. PETER, Aug. 22, '62.

Governor Ramsey:

SIR: * * * I send a dispatch from Judge Flandrau, giving valuable information from the New Ulm region, where he now is. I arrived with the three companies to-day, after a very fatiguing march through the Big Woods, where the roads are execrable. I sent Lieut. Cox and Buck, with portions of their companies from Nicollet and Sibley counties to Judge Flandrau's aid, very early in the morning. Maj. Fowler is here. [Major F. went across the country from Rice county with mounted infantry.—ED.]

* * * * *

Very respectfully, your obed't serv't,
H. H. SIBLEY, Col. Com'g.

FROM JUDGE FRANDRAU.

New Ulm, August 2, 23 P. M.

Governor Ramsey:

Your dispatch of the 21st—evening—is this moment received. I enclose a dispatch I have this moment received from N. Myrick, whom you have probably seen. It was delayed at the ferry and is useless. I could not have reinforced the Fort had I received it in time, as I learned from a man who left there the morning of the 20th. Nothing had occurred at that time. I sent a dispatch to the Fort on the 20th, and my man was seen within a mile and half of the Fort, going in. I fear the man spoken of by Myrick, is my messenger, as he has not returned. I have no further news from the Fort, and can tell you no more than Myrick will, save the fact of the numbers there which you probably did not know, and Myrick could not inform you. I learn that a company of citizens left for the Fort this morning., 100 strong, from St. Peter. If so, my opinion is, that if you make a junction with your detail to Glencoe, of 150 men, which will give you 375, and with 100 already gone up, will make 475. You had better send about 200 this way, and the other 275 the other side to the Fort.

I have about 200 men here, but very poorly armed. I would like very much to see you, if you have any man you can entrust with the command to the Fort. I don't think the Indians have taken it, but not knowing the extent of the outbreak, can form no idea of the force they have. It must be considerable, or they would not attack the Fort. The men at the Fort were the balance of the soldiers, some citizens, and Major Galbraith, with some 50 or 60 men.

The Indians may not have known of the reinforcements, and have attacked on the supposition that no one was there but those left of the garrison. I have large expeditions out all day from here, which weakens me; but I think I can hold the town until you come, if not attacked by a very large force. I hear of Indians all around me, but see none. I am making some entrenchments. I am sure that all above is lost, and all the people killed. I have found a spear at one of the houses sacked, about 8 miles from here, which is unquestionably Yankton; also, a saddle, the ordinary pads ornamented with beads. This leads me to believe that it is the Indians from the Missouri that attend the payments, that are doing the mischief. There may, however, be a general rising.

If you can come this way, do so, and we can co-operate. We are but 18 miles from the Fort, and can go there, if necessary, as well from here as any other point. I wish you would leave the same evening you get to St. Peter. The roads are good, and you can get here by morning. I have a good ferry to cross you at Red Stone, about three miles below the town.

I am Yours.
CHARLES E. FLANDRAU,
Commanding at New Ulm.

FROM N. MYRICK.

LAFAYETTE, August 20.

To Captain Flandrau, New Ulm:

I have just returned from the Fort. When within six miles I saw two large volumes of smoke and heard firing of guns. When within half a mile of the hill on this side, I saw one man dead, with his throat cut, and could see two distinct fires. One, no doubt, was the government stables, and the other Randall's house or store. I returned from there and will go to St. Peter to-night. If you can spare a force you had better send to their relief, or the Fort may fall into the hands of the enemy.

N. MYRICK.

FROM THE COMMANDANT AT THE FORT.

FORT RIDGLEY, Aug. 21st, 2 P. M.

Gov. Alex. Ramsey:

We can hold this position but a little longer unless reinforced. We are being attacked almost every hour, and unless assistance is rendered, we cannot hold out much longer. Our little band is being decimated. We had hoped to be reinforced to-day, but as yet can hear of none coming.

T. J. SHEEHAN, 1st. Lieut. Co. C.
5th Reg. Minn. Vol., Com't Post.

FROM A. J. VAN VORHES.

FORT RIDGLEY, Aug. 21—A. M.

To the Editors of the Press:

On yesterday I sent you by messenger a full account of affairs at this place and vicinity; but fearing the messenger was cut off, who also bore important dispatches to headquarters, I will briefly recapitulate before proceeding to detail the important events of yesterday afternoon.

I need not detail the horrible butcheries at the Upper and Lower Sioux Agencies, at New Ulm, and throughout this entire region, as you have already been avised of the terrible details.

When the party accompanying Mr. Wycoff to make the annual payment to the Indians, arrived at this place on Monday noon, matters were in much confusion, owing to there being so few soldiers at this post and the great number of men, women and children fleeing here for protection. In many instances a solitary member of large families,—in some instances the father, in others the mother, and in quite a number a little boy or girl, worked their way to these barracks under the most distressing circumstances, fleeing from their persecutors, after witnessing the butchery of those most dear to them on earth.

Captain Marsh had gone with forty-four members of his command, to the vicinity of the Lower Agency, on hearing of the state of affairs there, leaving only some twenty-five soldiers under Lieutenant Gere to protect the Fort. Every citizen, however, took a musket, until the small stock of old and condemned pieces were exhausted, and gave Lieutenant Gere their best efforts in his perilous undertaking. Captain Marsh met a large body of the enemy, was surrounded and cut to pieces. Only twenty-one of them have returned—three of them wounded, two mortally wounded.

During Monday night several alarms were given, but the enemy did not appear in force or make any threatening demonstrations. On Tuesday Lieut. T. J. Sheehan, of Company C, who had left this post on Saturday morning, for his post at Fort Ripley, after making a forced march of forty-two miles in nine hours, arrived, and immediately took command, with his fifty brave and well disciplined soldiers. During the same day Major Galbraith arrived with fifty new men (Renville Rangers), who were on their way to Fort Snelling. Upon hearing of the Indian disturbance, Major Galbraith turned back with his men after having reached St. Peter, where they succeeded in procuring old United States muskets. After receiving the reinforcements, the garrison felt quite secure against the attacks of any number of the enemy likely to appear.

By his energy, Lieut. Sheehan inspired all with hope and confidence that the position could be held until reinforced from Fort Snelling. Everything the hurry and exigencies of the time could suggest seemed to have been done to meet the emergency. Small squads of Indians continued to prowl about in the distance, but were usually shelled away by the accurate shots of Sergeant Jones, the old and experienced artillerist of this post.

At three o'clock yesterday afternoon, the anticipated hour arrived. A small force of Indians appeared about three-fourths of a mile north of the barracks, evidently with the intention of drawing out the entire force, while the main body were to dash upon the barracks from the east, where they were approaching under cover of woods and ravines. In this way, after driving in our pickets, they were enabled to approach to within musket shot still under cover of trees and outbuildings. At this point they opened a volley upon a detachment of Company B, stationed at one of the north entrances, but without serious effect. It was but the work of a moment for Lieut. Sheehan to bring his company to bear upon them from one of the Southern entrances, the smoke of which had hardly cleared away when one of the six pound mountain howitzers, under the direction of Sergeant Jones sent into their midst a shell that must have done glorious execution. The fire of the enemy then became scattered and promiscuous,—all sides of the barracks appearing to be infested, and every secret hiding place having its wily foes. After throwing a few shells, Sergeant Jones took command of a six-pound cannon, and Sergeant Macgew and Whipple, the two Howitzers. The fire on both sides was most spirited and persistent. Lt. Sheehan was everywhere present, cheering on the brave and stout hearted, and encouraging the few wavering. Considering the responsibility of his position, he was perhaps too reckless of his personal safety. Time after time, as he past from post to post giving directions to the men, whole volleys of musketry, were discharged upon him, and the bullets were whizzing over and about him like hail-stones. His coolness inspired all with courage, however, and we thank God that he is yet unharmed.

In this way the fight was continued until dark, with an almost continuous discharge of musketry and artillery. As to the strength and loss of the enemy, all is conjecture. Picket guards and scouts estimate the number lurking about at one thousand. Of the correctness of this estimate I have no means of judging, except that the enemy was in strong force and made the attack with courage and determination. What the effect of our shells may have been, we, of course, cannot know, as the Indian mode of warfare is invariably to carry their dead and wounded from the field when possible, and our strength was not half sufficient to pursue the foe when driven from their various points. Many were seen to fall, however, before the musket shots, and others were seen thrown into the air by bursting shells.

A number of citizens' buildings surrounding the barracks were fired by the enemy, but none of the Government buildings were burned. Here was one of our greatest dangers, but a timely rain which continued during the night, and the vigilance of the guards, prevented. A few old out-buildings, which served as hiding places for the enemy, were burned during the night by order of the commandant.

I am indebted to Surgeon Alfred Muller for a list of the wounded of yesterday's engagement, together with that of the engagement near Red Wood, on last Monday. The wounded of yesterday were

Corporal Dennis Porter, company C, shot in right thigh, ball passing through—also, buckshot in left side—not dangerous; Private John McGill, company B, shot through right thigh, not dangerous; Andrew Rollin, company B, shot from ear to ear, lower jaw shattered—no injury in the throat mortally; Robert Sporuitz, company B, shot through left cheek, upper jaw completely smashed, severe wound; William Good, company B, shot in forehead, mortally wounded; Peter C. Harris, company C, shot through left hip, not dangerous; ——Shartleige, company C, wounded over left eye, not dangerous; James Gorman and Joseph Fourdier, Renville Rangers.

The killed were—

Mark M. Grear, company C; Robert Baker' Renville Rangers; Michael Murnane, Renville Rangers.

The wounded at the Red Wood engagement on Monday, now in hospital, were:

Ole Swenson, company B, not dangerous; Wm. Blodged, company B, mortally; Wm. Southerland, company B, mortally.

The night was passed in comparative quiet, though every man is at his post or sleeping upon his arms. What the day may bring forth, none of us can tell. With a fair and square fight, we would have no fears; but with this lurking, bushwhacking mode of warfare and a sudden dash of legions of savages upon barracks which afford no real security as defended from doors and windows, and liable at any time to be fired, the position of this small force might be exceedingly perilous. It is time for reinforcements from Fort Snelling, but yet they are not here. Oh! for a regiment of effective men to avenge the untold outrages of the past three days.

In haste, A. J. VAN VORHES.

LATEST.

Mrs. Galbraith and those at the Upper Agency Saved.

The Clara Hine arrived at 12 o'clock last night, bringing down Mr. Goodell and family. From him we learn that Mr. Galbraith's family, Mr. Sinks and family, Mr. Goodell and family, Mr. Givens and family, Dr. Wakefield, E. Rider, Mr. Fadden and family, John Jerman, Messrs. Miller, Cramsey, Hawkins, Pierce, Ashley, and others to the number of sixty-two—twenty men and forty-two women and children—have all arrived at Shakopee. They were at the Upper or Yellow Medicine Agency, and on Monday were warned that there was to be an outbreak of a serious character. Geo. Gleason, with Dr. Wakefield's family was sent down to the Fort for the purpose of getting troops sent up, but as they subsequently learned were all murdered on the way. That night the attack was made on the traders. Their stores were broken open, and the traders probably all killed—Andrew Myrick and Geo. Spencer among the number. S. B. Garvie was wounded and died shortly after.

The Agency and warehouse buildings were a little way off from the scene of these murders, and the people taking the advantage of the time occupied by the Indians, in rifling the stores, collected their wagons in the night, and unobserved by the Indians, at daylight the next morning slipped down to the river, and crossing it, were soon out on the prairie and away from the scene of strife.

They do not think the Indians knew of their escape until they were miles away, and there being twenty men in the party well armed, they dare not follow in the open prairie. This party started out in the first place for the Fort, but they afterwards changed their direction and arrived at Glencoe on Friday.

Mr. Goodell thinks that about 40 people living above the Agency, and this side of Lac qui Parle, have all been murdered, including of course, Revs. Mr. Riggs and Williamson.

This party of sixty-two comprises all the persons connected with the Agency, and some others, with the exception of Gleason and Dr. Wakefield's family. They were warned of their danger and materially helped by a friendly Indian named Other-day, who came along with them and is now at Shakopee.

THE SOURCES OF THE SIOUX OUTBREAK.

A careful consideration of the evidence which has accumulated so far, in connection with the Indian massacres, forces upon us the conviction that *white men* are at the bottom of it.

The evidence taken before the coroner's inquest, held at Acton, in Meeker county, shows, upon the testimony of one of the women who escaped, that shortly after the Indians left, a *white man* came along, following in the track of the Indians. The woman called him in and showed him the five dead bodies—men and women—lying upon the floor. *He laughed*, and said, "*they have got the nose-bleed!*" He followed on after the Indians.

Again:—we are informed that Nelson Roberts, well known to many of our readers, has stated that for weeks past, *white men*—Missourians—have been among the Indians. Without doubt they were emissaries, sent among them, to stir them up to vile.

Moreover, it seems to us that the whole character of the present outbreak indicates the presence of some directing intelligence of a higher order than that of the Indian.

The fact that remote tribes, like the Yanktonnais and the Cut Heads are moving in concert, indicates this.

The fact that a large force, said to number two thousand, have attacked a fortified artillery post, like Fort Ridgley, indicates this. Such an attack is without any precedent in Indian history that now occurs to us.

The fact that the Indians are butchering missionaries who have spent their lives among them, and who in ordinary disturbances would possess great influence over them, shows that from some cause they have been excited to a terrible degree of bitterness and ferocity. They are, it seems, even slaughtering the half-breeds of their own tribe.

In addition to these evidences, we have any number of rumors, all pointing in the same direction.

We are forced to the conclusion that this outbreak is part of a deliberately concerted plan:—that its purpose is to embarrass and distract the general government by alarming it for the safety of its north-western frontier, and requiring the retention here of a large number of troops who might otherwise be differently engaged.

If a further development of the facts in the case proves this view to be correct, we trust it will tend to enlighten the public mind as to the character of the foe with whom the nation is now engaged.

A fact of the utmost significance in connection with this subject came to our knowledge some time since, and in view of the efforts made in some directions to throw the blame upon the Indian agents, we deem it a duty to advert to it. It shows that the feeling of the Indians, from whatever source it has originated, has in certain quarters been diligently fostered.

A Senator of this State—a gentleman of unquestioned and unquestionable veracity—travelling on one of the Minnesota river steamboats, two months ago, overheard a person, formerly an Indian official under Buchanan's administration, a near relative of a recent chief functionary in the Indian Department of this State, in a conversation with a Mr. Spencer, an Indian trader on the Sioux Reservation, and others, apparently traders, make use in substance of the following language:

"If I knew the Indian language, and understood the Indian character as well as you fellows, I would make that Reservation so hot that it wouldn't hold Galbraith."

Here, evidently, is one of the germs of a systematic attempt on the part of the ousted office holders under Buchanan, to foster the discontents among the Indians that have at last burst forth in the terrible massacre—the ruin, the desolation, which have overwhelmed our frontier settlements. We have collateral evidence in support of this view of the case; and although, in justice to human nature, we may acquit the author of this infamous suggestion of any intention to bring about the horrible atrocities which have marked its adoption, he and his wicked colloborators must still be responsible in a fearful degree for the black catalogue of murder and crime, which has so shocked and startled the country.

A company from Lake City, composed of ninety men, came up on the War Eagle last night.

THE SIOUX OUTBREAK.

Vindication of Officials Connected with Indian Affairs from Charges of Neglect or Delay of Sioux Payments.

In another article we have presented some things indicating the origin of the Sioux outbreak. We propose now to refer to the utterly false, and most malicious accusations, made against the government officials connected with Indian affairs, charging upon them the responsibility of the awful scenes of human butchery that have occurred along our western border. The charges have been, substantially,

First, that the government had unreasonably delayed the payment of annuities to the Sioux, thereby keeping them at the Agency, awaiting the payment, until they were actually in a starving condition: and,

Secondly, what, indeed, is involved in the *first*, that Superintendent Thompson after receiving the money from Washington, had detained it here for the purpose of speculating by exchanging gold for paper.

In answer to the first charge, it should be known that the treaties of 1851 fix *no time in the year* at which the annuities are to be paid the Indians. The treaties simply provide that payments shall be made *annually*.

It has been usual, when the funds were ready, to send out runners and give notice to the Indians of the time when the payment would be made. No such notice had been given the Sioux, and there was no occasion for them to have assembled at the agency as they did. It was there own act.

When they broke into the warehouse a week before they commenced their massacres, and helped themselves to flour, the disturbance was quieted by Agent Galbraith giving them the provisions that were provided for distribution at the payment, with the positive assurance on the part of the Indians, that they would go away and not return until they were sent for to attend the payment.

Now, as to the delay in remitting the annuity money from Washington, we are able to present the facts in so clear a light that he that runs may read, and the wayfaring man though a scoundrelly Indian trader of the Buchanan ex-official stripe, cannot err therein.

Congress adjourned July 17th, just one month before the beginning of the hellish human slaughter at the Agency. The appropriation bill was one of the last to pass, and, before it became a law, had to be published. The several items in the bill had to be examined in the Treasury Department and passed to the credit of the various objects and purposes for which appropriated: and, in due course of business, warrants to the Indian and other departments made for their specific funds. Bearing these dates and facts in mind, let the following letter to Commissioner Dole, from Acting Commissioner Mix, be read, and certainly nothing further will be wanting to vindicate the promptness and diligence of Commissioner Dole and all connected with him in getting the money forwarded, in *coin*, for the Sioux payments:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
OFFICE INDIAN AFFAIRS, August 13, 1862.

SIR—I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th inst., upon the importance of having the question of paying the Sioux in gold, decided immediately, and, in reply, have to state, that on the 8th inst., a telegraphic message was addressed to you at Beloit, informing you that Secretary Chase had agreed to order Mr. Cisco to pay the $71,000 in coin, and a telegraphic message was sent to you yesterday at St. Paul, stating that Secretary Chase had ordered Mr. Cisco to pay coin.

Immediately upon obtaining the promise of the Hon. Secretary of the Treasury to that effect, a letter was addressed to Mr. Cisco requesting him, on the receipt of the order from the Secretary of the Treasury, authorizing him to pay gold to Superintendent Thompson, to send the same by express at once to St. Paul, and a letter was received from him in reply yesterday, stating that he would comply with the request of this office, immediately after receiving the order from the Treasury, and as Mr. Spinner has informed this office that the draft was sent on Saturday, with the requisite order, there is no doubt but that the gold is at this time on the way to St. Paul by express.

Every effort was made that could be thought of, to get the gold, for the object desired, and the efforts in the end appear from present appearances to have been successful.

I have the honor to be,
Very respectfully, your ob't serv't,
CHAS. E. MIX, Acting Com'r.

HON. WM. P. DOLE, Com'r Indian Affairs.,
ST. PAUL, Minn.

P. S.—Since the foregoing was prepared, I have received information from Mr. Cisco, that he had shipped the coin on the 13th inst. I am hurrying the remittances for Thompson's Superintendency as fast as possible. The treasury warrant for present appropriations reached here yesterday.

C. E. MIX, Acting Com'r.

The above letter is dated the 13th inst., and was in answer to a letter of Commissioner Dole, from Beloit, of the 7th—also telegraphic dispatch from Beloit—urging immediate action in sending the coin for Sioux payments.

Colonel Thompson was importunate in urging the prompt remittance of the fund, and repeatedly wrote and telegraphed to the Commissioner, and to Senators Wilkinson and Rice upon the subject.

The *coin* was, on the 11th inst., actually ordered from New York in advance of the Treasury warrant for the Indian appropriations, which Acting Commissioner Mix says in his post-script, was only received on the 12th, the day before the letter was written. Not only this cutting of red tape to expedite the payment, but instead of pursuing the usual course, and sending to Superintendent Thompson a draft on Mr. Cisco for the money, which would have had to come from Washington to St. Paul, and be endorsed by Mr. Thompson and go back to New York before the money could start West, *it was ordered direct by telegraph, thus saving eleven days* in the time of getting the money out here.

The following letter from Messrs. Burbank & Co., which we republish so that all the facts may be presented together—shows that the money was received here on the 16th, and immediately forwarded to the agency.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 22, 1862.

Editors of the Press.

DEAR SIR:—We understand there is a report on the street to-day that our present Indian difficulties arose partially on account of the Indian Superintendent's withholding their annuity money for the purpose of speculating upon the same. In justice to Col. Thompson, the Superintendent, who is absent, we would say that the annuity moneys arrived by our express, August 16th, and that immediately upon its arrival, Colonel Thompson chartered a stage, and sent Major Hatch and party forward for the purpose of making the payment, and they arrived at Fort Ridgley on Monday, the 18th inst.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.

This letter carries the fullest refutation of the outrageous slander that Sup't. Thompson had had the money for weeks, selling it for paper currency.

The foregoing evidence most clearly, and incontrovertibly disproves the shameless charges that have been made against the government officials, of responsibility in delaying the payment, and exasperating the Indians. It not only disproves such charges, but thoroughly establishes the fact that extraordinary diligence, and promptness characterized their action in the premises.

We may add in further evidence of commissioner Dole's vigilence and caution, that on the arrival of the money, he requested a force of three hundred troops to be ordered to the Agency to attend the payment; but the force of Capt. Marsh's company at Fort Ridgley, and Lieut. Sheehan's detachment of fifty men from Fort Ripley, were thought sufficient for the occasion.

THE EXTRA SESSION.

The public mind, harrassed and distressed by the mass of State and National troubles thrown upon it, will hail with delight the call of Gov. Ramsey, for an extra session of the Legislature, on the 9th of September next. It will be to the people an earnest that such measures will be speedily adopted, as to prevent the possibility of a recurrence of the terrible disasters on our borders, the heart sickening details of which come to us daily with no mitigating features.

Nor, will the call be less welcome to the thousands of volunteers belonging to the State, who will, without doubt, be restored by proper legislation to the exercise of the right of suffrage. The justice of such legislation must be apparent to every one, and we do not think there can be any man found to publicly object to it.

There is but one thing more needed. The session must be made short, effective and economical. Being the first extra session called since the admission of the State into the Union, it should in all these respects furnish an example worthy of future imitation.

LIEUT. COL. SAM. McPHAIL.

Samuel McPhail, of Houston County, was yesterday commissioned Lieut. Colonel, to take command of the cavalry force raised and to be raised to operate against the Sioux.

Col. McPhail has had experience in Indian warfare on the Texas border, and has been in service in Kentucky and Tennessee, in the present war. He is a man of great courage, cool and sagacious judgment.

We know of no one in the State so eminently fitted for the service to which he has been called.

COL. WM. CROOKS.

Lt. Col. Crooks has been appointed Col. of the Sixth Regiment, in place of Nelson, resigned.

Col. Crooks has had a military education, and is regarded by those who know him best, as possessed of high qualifications for military command.

THE CHIPPEWA DISTURBANCE.

The St. Cloud *Democrat* gives the following account of the recent disturbance at Crow Wing:

On Tuesday we were informed that the Indians at Crow Wing were assuming a threatening attitude, but no reliable information was received until Tuesday night at twelve o'clock, when a messenger arrived at camp from the Crow Wing Agency and Fort Ripley, bearing dispatches to Governor Ramsey. He stated that the Indians had forcibly taken and killed three head of cattle at the Agency, and that Agent Walker had sent a requisition to the Fort for troops. The commanding officer responded by sending a Sergeant and sixteen men, who, upon arriving at Crow Wing, by direction of the Agent, arrested several Indians and attempted to arrest their Chief, Hole-in-the-Day, who ran and crossed the Mississippi in the only boat in the vicinity. When the troops arrived on the bank the Indians fired upon them, and three rounds were exchanged, when the Indians retreated. The soldiers could not cross the river, for want of boats, and returned to the Fort. It is thought Hole-in-the-Day was slightly wounded; none others were hurt.

Commissioner Dole came back to town Wednesday morning and sent a messenger to Crow Wing Agency for reliable information. The messenger met Agent Walker on his way down. He arrived here at four o'clock and gave nearly the same statement of affairs. Commissioner Dole immediately sent a requisition to Governor Ramsey for two hundred troops to protect the settlers.

MORE MOUNTED HORSEMEN WANTED.

Our men must not forget that there is still a demand for the services of mounted men on the frontier.

At least *one thousand* horsemen should be set on the track of the Indians, to defeat and follow them up and inflict on them a chastisement never to be forgotten.

Let every man go who can find horse and arms.

Infantry may protect the settlements, but they are of little use in pursuing or punishing Indians. Our chief reliance must be on the mounted men.

It is highly probable an order will be received by Monday, authorizing a cavalry force of one thousand men for three months' service.

THIRD MINNESOTA TO COME HOME.

A dispatch has been received from Gen. Halleck, saying that the Third Minnesota Regiment had been ordered home according to the request of Gov. Ramsey.

THE CITY.

SEVERAL interesting local items are unavoidably crowded out.

SHERIFF ROBERTSON did good work around town on Friday, in getting up a quantity of horses and teams to carry the soldiers to Fort Ripley and the western frontier.

THE Antelope brought down yesterday a full company of recruits from Carver county, to Fort Snelling.

RETURNED.—Hon. Mr. Dole, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Senator Wilkinson, and Colonel Thompson returned to this city Friday evening, having turned back from their treaty-making tour to the Red River, in consequence of special messages having been sent to them, conveying the state of affairs at the Sioux Agency. The project of a treaty, however, has not been abandoned; but the imminent perils to the settlers at the West, has made a delay necessary.

CHRIST CHURCH.—Service as usual, at half-past ten o'clock. Rev. D. D. Chapin officiating. Sunday School at nine o'clock.

THE Clara Hine will make an excursion trip to the Fort to-day, leaving at half past one o'clock, and returning at 6 1-2 P. M. The great Western Band will be along.

COLONEL STEPHENSON, Supervising Inspector of steamboats for the Fifth District is again in town. He was on his way to inspect the steamer on the Red River, but turned back on account of the disturbed state of Indian affairs. He will remain in town for a day or two.

W. H. SHELLEY, Esq., who came down from St. Peter yesterday, with dispatches from Col. Sibley, returns to the expedition this morning with dispatches from the Governor.

THE Pomeroy will make two trips to the Fort to-day, leaving at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.

CARTRIDGES.—The Governor has received a dispatch from the Governor of Wisconsin, stating that 100,000 cartriges have been forwarded from that State for use on our frontier.

DIED.

In this city, on Saturday evening, August 23d, HARRIET ELIZABETH, daughter of W. Sherman and Harriet J. Potts, aged thirteen months.

Commercial.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 21.

The wheat market was dull and unsettled this morning. On the platforms transactions were confined to a few car loads of bagged wheat, at 95c for No. 2 and $1,01 for No. 1 delivered. There was no inquiry for wheat in store. Receipts are larger, and will probably amount to 25,000 bushels or more.

A dispatch from Chicago to the Chamber of Commerce quoted No. 1 wheat at 97c, No. 2 at 90c, and freights at 5c on wheat to Buffalo.

THURSDAY, 10 A. M.

We have to note a continued state of inaction in the wheat market and a downward tendency in prices. The market opened this morning at a further decline of 1c from yesterday's ruling figures on 'Change. The best offers on the platforms were 95@96c for No 2 and No. 1 in store, and 99@99c for the same qualities delivered. sales very trifling. Receipts will not vary much from 25,000 bushels.

Coarse grains were firm, and rye 3@3½c higher. The latter was in good demand at 55@57c delivered.

New Advertisements.

MILITARY GOODS.

T. B. CAMPBELL,

THIRD STREET, - - - - - - ST. PAUL.

This is the only place in the city where a complete outfit can be found.

I Offer to the Trade,

Bronzed Staff, Gilt Mounted, Line, Surgeons, and Fine Presentation

SWORDS;

CRIMSON AND GREEN SASHES;

Belts; Shoulder Straps, 1, 2 and 3 row embroidered; Bugles; Wreaths; Silver, Gilt, and Brass Letters and Figures.

REGULATION AND M'CLELLAN CAPS,

ARMY HATS.

Gold and Gilt Braid, Cord and Lace, all kinds;

DRINKING TUBES,

Sword Knots, Camp Candle-Sticks, Inkstands, Haversacks, Over-Coat Slings, and India Rubber Camp Blanket.

☞ Officers' Uniforms manufactured to order on short notice.

a21-1m T. B. CAMPBELL.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Any information concerning the whereabouts of Chas. H., or Wm. H. Edwards or Caroline Edwards, who formerly lived in Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minnesota, will be thankfully received by the undersigned, who lives in Newport, Campbell County, Kentucky.

J. K. EDWARDS.

☞ St. Anthony papers please copy once. a19

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE

PRESS PRINTING COMPY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

TERMS:

DAILY PRESS—To city subscribers, fifteen cents per week, or, if paid in advance, $7.00 per annum; $1.75 for three months. By mail—$6.00 per annum, or fifty cents per month, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$3.50 per annum; $2 for six months; $1 for three months; clubs of five at $3 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2.00; three copies, $4.00; six copies, $7.00; eight copies, $9.00; ten copies, TO ONE ADDRESS, $10.00.

THE WATCHMAN'S ANSWER TO THE MODERN SEIR.

The Nation's Night, Prospect, and Duty.

A Discourse Preached in the Plymouth Church, St. Paul, Sunday, August 10, 1862, by Rev. Silas Hawley.

PUBLISHED BY REQUEST.

"The burden of Duma. He calleth to me out of Seir, Watchman, what of the night? Watchman, what of the night? The watchman said, The morning cometh, and also the night: If ye will inquire, inquire ye: return, come."—Isaiah 21: 11, 12.

Though obscure, the general sense of these words, perhaps, is not difficult. The two brief verses read to you embrace all on the subject. It is a prophecy of Idumea, or the country of Esau. The scene seems to be laid in the time of the Babylonian captivity. The Jews were in affliction. It was night to that nation, a dark night, a fearful night; a season of calamity, gloom and distress. At this season, in this terrible night, the prophet is represented to us as in the watch-tower amid the desolations of Jerusalem. He is looking for the signs of day—the signs of approaching deliverance and restoration—with a solicitude, with an agony of longing, which a true Christian patriot only feels. His eye is turned toward the east, the quarter whence light first breaks, and whence his captive countrymen would return. And while thus watching, while thus eager to catch some sign of the approaching dawn, a voice breaks on his ear. One calls to him out of Seir; that is, out of Edom, or Idumea. Idumea is the Greek name for Edom. Seir was the name of a mountainous tract or region, stretching along from the southern part of the Dead Sea to the eastern branch of the Red Sea. Mount Hor made a part of this range. This mountainous tract was Seir. It was the country of Esau, the twin brother of Jacob. He was called Edom, that is, *red*, from the color of the pottage for which he bartered his birthright. The country took his name, Edom; or, as the Greeks called it, Idumea. Esau first settled at Mount Seir, having dispossessed the early inhabitants. His descendants, originally, were an independent State. When the Israelites, their brethren, came out of Egypt, they, most unfraternally, refused them passage through their territory; and, in addition, made war upon them. This treatment was always remembered by the Hebrews. The Edomites, however, under the reign of David, became a state or province of his kingdom. In the time of Jehoshaphat they revolted—*seceded*; but they were not successful. Still, in the next reign they made another attempt to get off, and, at a fearful cost of life, regained their independence, which lasted for many years. But in the reign of Amaziah, they were again, after a terrible slaughter, brought under. Yet, at the time of the Babylonian invasion, they made common cause with the invaders, joined the Babylonians in the effort to subdue Jerusalem, and exulted in the destruction of the city. They, too, cut off such of the Jews as tried to escape—imbrued their hands in the blood of those who had been spared by a heathen soldiery; leveled the city with the ground, and made themselves merry over the desolation wrought. Besides, during the Jewish exile, they seized and held a large portion of the territory of Judea. Such is the dark record of that people! Such the terrible crime of their history! They, in addition to their revolt, went over to the enemies of their brethren, helped them, excelled them in cruelty, completed the destruction they began, and then exulted at the wide-spread ruin consummated! How unfraternal! How monstrous! Heaven marked the crime. Heaven, subsequently, fearfully punished it. This is shadowed forth in the Psalms:

> Remember, O Lord, the children Edom
> In the day of Jerusalem; who said,
> Rase it, rase it, even to the foundation thereof.

They *were* remembered, startlingly remembered! We see, then, whence the voice came that broke on the ear of the watching and longing prophet: it came out of Seir, came from the Edomites, the descendants of Esau, the brothers of the suffering Jews. "He calleth to me," says the anxious prophet, "out of Seir:" that is, the people of Esau called to him. And it was a *taunting* call, a call of *derision*; it was a *sneering* cry that came out of Seir. It was meant as an *insult*. It was intended to cut and lacerate the afflicted nation. It was a taunt in their deep calamity. But what *was* the call, what the *language* of these taunting Idumeans? "*Watchman, what of the night? Watchman, what of the night?*" This was it. The repetition was to give edge and intensity to the taunt, to make it the more cutting and stinging. The meaning is plain. "You Jews are having a pretty dark time of it; you have fallen very low, for so proud a people. Where is the once mighty kingdom of David? Where is your boasted Capital? And now how do you get on? How passes the night of your calamity? What is the prospect? Are you ever to be a people again? Are you ever to hold a position among the nations? Tell us, watchman, what of the night?" This is the spirit of the call out of Seir. It is most derisive and bitter.

But how does the watchman, the prophet, answer? How does he reply to the taunting inquiry? He treats it seriously, makes it an earnest matter; he takes advantage of a cruel sneer to announce a truth the most vital to his own people, and to the taunting Idumeans. He would make the deriders at Seir feel that it was a solemn matter, and a matter seriously concerning themselves. As they had mockingly asked after the prospects of the future, he would tell them: tell them what was in store for his own people, and what for the sneering Idumeans. He would turn their fling to this good account. He would apprise them of the good that was to come to his own nation, and the terrible vengeance to be meted out to themselves. This is the way he meets them, the way he answers. "*Watchman*," they say, "*what of the night? The watchman says, The morning cometh, and also the night: if ye will inquire, inquire ye: return, come.*" That is, the morning cometh to my people, the Jews: the day is soon to break upon my afflicted nation. The morning cometh to the people from whom you have revolted, whom you have helped to humiliate, and whom you have derided in their fall and distress. Deliverance is at hand; restoration is soon to take place. A brighter day is about to rise on the nation. Morning cometh to the Jews! But the *night cometh*, too, he says. Night is coming to you, coming to you Idumeans; a heavy night is to settle upon you. God is about to visit you for your terrible crimes against your brethren. He is about to punish you for your unbrotherly act when they came out of Egypt, for your revolt from the house of David, for your siezure of their territory, for your alliance with the wicked Babylonians, for the fratricidal blood you shed, for the part you took in the destruction of Jerusalem, for your cruel exultation over its ruins, for your taunts all through their sad night of affliction. God is about to punish you for these enormities. The night cometh to you! You are about to have your season of trial. When morning breaks upon the Jews, the shadows of a terrible night will settle upon you. When Jerusalem rises, you will fall. When my prostrate nation is restored, yours will be fearfully overthrown. "*Morning cometh, and also the night;*" restoration to my people, and overthrow to yours! He continues: "*If ye will inquire, inquire ye.*" That is, if you wish to know more, know more as to what is in store for the two peoples, pursue the inquiry. Ask on: though you do it tauntingly, you shall know the whole. Then he adds, in conclusion: "*Return, come.*" The idea, as I suppose, is, return to your allegiance, repent, come back to your brethren and to God: and thus you may escape the impending doom. Else look out for such a night as seldom comes upon a people. But they did not return, repent: and the night came. The kingdom of Edom was blotted out, and their name lost from among the nations! So much for the prophecy and its fulfillment.

It is now night to the American people, a period of deep national gloom. We have fallen upon a time of trouble. The stout-hearted among us fear, the wisest are perplexed, the ablest are baffled. There is anxiety upon every face, apprehension in every breast: every one dreads the news of the morrow. There is trembling, everywhere, when the eye is turned toward the future. Many shake the head, and some prophesy only disaster. It is night to the Republic. Our very existence as a nation is threatened, our institutions, interests, hopes, projects, are imperiled. And the danger menacing us springs from ourselves; no foreign arm is lifted up against us. Men from our own midst; men speaking the same language, and professing the same form of religion; men who have been the largest gainers by the national Union; men who have controlled the government from its beginning, and in the interest of human slavery, from which they have derived an immense profit; men who have grown rich and powerful by government money and government patronage; men who owe all they are and have to the Federal Union; and men, too, who have solemnly sworn to support the Constitution and government of their country: these men, and in this last half of the nineteenth century, have risen up with the unnatural, the ungrateful, the mad purpose of destroying this nation! They have risen up to overturn the works of the fathers of the Republic, and the works of the good men of all time. They have torn limb after limb from the body of the Union, and then rushed madly upon its mangled and bleeding form. They have wheeled State after State out of the Republic, and combined the whole in the assassin-endeavor to take the national life! They made war upon the government. They opened fire on our Sumter, and struck down the flag of the Union. They, too, have made several attempts upon the national Capital. They have taken all the government property they could lay their hands upon. They have stolen the arms of the Union and turned them *against* the Union. They have, further, pressed their whole population into the unholy cause. Their warfare, moreover, partakes largely of the barbarous; they have, in many instances, shamefully abused our dead. They have hurled savages upon our troops, and filled the whole Southern territory with guerrillas and murderers. And, besides, they have sought, and are seeking, by chicanery, and fraud, and lying, and the pressure of the cotton market, to array the great powers of Europe against us. Such is their war upon the Union. And it has cost the nation, already, ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PRECIOUS LIVES, to say nothing of the astounding sacrifice of treasure! And the end is not yet. Indeed, the *beginning* is hardly yet. The *great* sacrifice—the sacrifice of life and money, is, I fear, *yet* to be made. The tug of the war, the sacrifice, the suffering of the war, is still future. These men are madly in earnest in their fell purpose.

And why is it all? Why this attempt on the national life? Let the purpose be declared, and let heaven and earth listen to the declaration! Hear, all nations, while it is made known! Why, then, this fiendish attempt on the life of the Republic? BECAUSE, AND ONLY BECAUSE, THESE MEN COULD NO LONGER CONTROL THE GOVERNMENT IN THE INTEREST OF HUMAN SLAVERY! This is their reason, their sole reason! They cast off, and made war upon the American government, because they could no longer use it for the purposes of oppression; they devised, and support a new government, or what they call a government, because they *can* use it for such purposes. This is it. All went well enough with these men so long as the Federal government was in their hands, and in their hands as a slavery instrumentality; but when the people rose up in their majesty and took it out of their hands, and took it out of their hands that it might not be such an instrumentality—took it out of their hands that it might be, as the founders intended, a government for freedom, and not for slavery, then the trouble began. Then the destruction of the government was resolved upon. Then its overthrow was decreed. It is not the mere loss of power that they resent; it is the loss of the government as a *slavery* power. Slavery, with these men, is everything; it is more than governments, more than Unions, more than national ties and duties, more than historic memories, more than religion, more, I fear, than God himself! It is the *supreme* interest with them. And hence they will dash a government, dash a Union, as the vessel of a potter, which they cannot control and use in the service of slavery. I do not misstate, do not too strongly color, this matter. These men have said this, all this, to the world. Look, I beseech, at the words of Alexander H. Stephens, the man who stands second in the insurgent government. The founders of the Republic, he says, made a mistake: THEY THOUGHT THE NEGRO A MAN. They thought so, and shaped the national institutions to this idea. We, he adds, have found out the mistake, and have got up a government upon the opposite idea. What a revelation! The Fathers believed that all men *were* men: they deny it! The Fathers believed that God had made of one blood all nations to dwell on the face of all the earth: they deny it! The Fathers believed that essential humanity, and not birth, or color, or condition, makes manhood: they deny it! The Fathers believed in the oneness of the human species: they deny it! The Fathers believed in the equality of human beings: they deny it! The Fathers believed that the working classes are men; they deny it! The Fathers believed that the end of a just government is freedom, and the blessings of freedom; they deny it, and virtually affirm that government exists for slavery! They have, they substantially say, planted their government on this idea. What a government! What a mission for a government! It stands, as they concede, as an insolent denial of the faith of the founders of our institutions! Here, then, you have the basis, spirit, purpose, character, of this new-born and devil-born Southern government: you have them as uncovered by their great expounder. Let the world look! They, as confessed, strike down the great doctrine of the Fathers—the doctrine of human unity and equality. They renounce, and denounce, this bottom idea of the Revolution, and this bottom principle of the Union that it secured to us. They repudiate, disown, and seek to destroy, all that has been contended for, battled for, and suffered for, on this continent and in all lands. They scout the idea of the unity of the races. They trample under foot the principle of self-government. They plant themselves on the old doctrine of despotism. They swing back to the heresies and abuses of the past. They fly into the face of progress. They thrust themselves into the path of Providence. They seek to arrest human advancement, and to plunge the race back into the Dark Ages. They seek to make the worst errors of the Old World live, breathe, act, blight, and destroy, in American institutions. They seek to darken and curse this whole continent with slavery. They seek to reproduce all that is hateful in the past, and to disappoint all that is desired and struggled for in the future! This is the spirit of the movement; this the underlying purpose. So they openly tell the world. For this they have lifted the knife of excision upon our fair and comely Union! For this they have made, and still make, wicked war upon it! What a work! What a work for this age, and this land! What a reason for pulling down a nation! What a motive for such a diabolical war! Did earth, did heaven, ever see the like?

And we know the satanic ingenuity of these men. They have worked adroitly, untiringly. They have worked while the nation has slept. This thing has not been done in a moment. It is not a matter of hasty concoction. A vigorous, and yet *concealed* preparation, has been going on for years. The leading statesman of South Carolina saw, years ago, that the Federal government was to pass out of the hands of the slaveholding interest; he saw it as a *certain* event. He saw it, and declared it. And he made his State see it, and, seeing it, to shape their measures accordingly. Hence they have been ripe for this horrible action for a score of years. They have, for this whole time, been plotting against the national life. They have, for this whole time, been preaching this new gospel of slavery. They have, for this whole time, been scattering broadcast the devilish seed of disunion. They have, for this whole time, been sowing, all over the soil of the South, the dragon teeth of secession. They have, for this whole time, been leavening the entire lump of the Southern population with the leaven of disloyalty. They attempted nullification, we know, thirty years ago. And they have been at this new mischief almost from that time to the present. It is the work of South Carolina: this Edom of modern times. The dark policy of the South, is the policy of South Carolina. The idea on which they have reared their demon-government, and for which they fight, is a South Carolina idea. It has come from the singular brain of that singular State. Virginia is only a tool of these American Edomites: North Carolina is but a tool, and a very unwilling tool; the other five cotton States are only tools. South Carolina is the master, the other States in revolt are the servants. They obey South Carolina. They rushed out of the Union at the dictation of South Carolina. They fight for South Carolina. They go for universal slavery at the bidding of South Carolina. And they will perish, we believe, on account of South Carolina! This, then, is not a sudden device: active and cunning brains, for nearly a quarter of a century, have been tugging at it. And yet who has known it? Who dreamed what that little State was about? Who dreamed what that State was doing, acting through Mr. Buchanan's administration, when it drained the national treasury, sent the national arms into the South, ordered the navy into remote seas, dispatched the regular army to distant points, and completely tied the hands of the incoming President? Who dreamed what that State was about, when for three years at least, it had converted the whole South into a school for military drill? Who suspected it? Surely, we have not only a madly-earnest enemy to contend with, but we have a most subtle one!

True it is, then, sadly true, that it is night to us as a people. It is the darkest period in our history. Gloom is upon us, and upon our future. We have been arrested in our advancement, been weakened in our power, been disconcerted in our plans of improvement, been smitten in our every interest. We mourn, too, our slain; we deplore our terrible loss of treasure. And war is yet upon our hands, war such as the world has never seen. And, what adds to the gloom of our night, the great powers of the earth give unmistakable evidence of their *willingness*, if not their *intention*, to take advantage of our affliction. It is, indeed, night to us. And in this night every true watchman is in his watch-tower. He is looking out into the face of this darkness. His eye is eastward: he is looking for some sign, some gleam, of day. He is looking for morning. He is looking for this rebellion to be crushed. He is looking for this war to cease. He is looking for peace to return. And he is looking with intense longing. But, while thus eagerly seeking to catch some sign of day, a voice calls to him out of the modern Seir; out of the South, and especially the party that leads the South. It is a taunting call, it is a voice of sneer, a cry of derision. South Carolina tauntingly calls to the American watchman. It is a cry from this Edom. She asks after the night. She wishes to know how we are getting along. She inquires after the prospect. "Watchman," she says, "how progresses the war? Got the South under? How is the grand army of the Potomac? Is Richmond taken? How succeed the invincible Yankees? Watchman, *do* tell us of the night? Tell us the prospect? Tell us how goes the night?" Such is the taunt that breaks on the ear of the watchman. And it is taken up by others. We hear it from London, hear it from Paris, hear it from Madrid, hear it from the Canadas; hear it, I am mortified to say, from cities and towns in the loyal States. It has been heard in *this* city. But it is, wherever heard, an *Edomite* taunt: it has come from the Seir of the South. But it shall be answered, as in the case of the Jewish watchman, *seriously*. We will tell these people of Seir what the prospect is: we will tell them of the night. We will tell them what is in store for us, and what for them. We say to them, then, in reply, "*Morning cometh!* cometh to this nation! This war *is* to cease. This rebellion *is* to be put down. The national unity *is* to be restored. Peace *is* to return. Prosperity *is* again to smile. The nation is to rise up from its prostration, like a giant refreshed with sleep, and go on its way rejoicing. Morning cometh to the nation!" This we say to the taunters of Seir. This we say to the aping deriders at London, and at Paris, and at Madrid, and in the Canadas, and in the loyal States: we say to each, and to all, morning cometh! day is about to break on our stricken nation! And we have another thing to say to these taunters of Seir: there is another part to our answer. There is a *night* side to what is coming. We tell them, then, in addition, *night cometh!* cometh to *you!* Evil is at your door. A fearful doom is impending over you. A signal overthrow is to overtake you. God is about to rise up for your punishment. He has a fearful account to settle with you. He will crush this stupendous iniquity. He will scourge its authors, he will make an example of them such as will startle the nations. And well will it be if the State that has conceived it, does not, like its bad prototype, perish from among the States and communities of men! Night cometh; calamity is to fall on you guilty parties. A dreadful night is coming to you modern Idumeans. This is our reply, bold reply, to these men, and to the mimic mockers of all lands and all localities. Morning cometh to *us*, and night to *you!*

And why do I say—say thus confidently—that morning cometh to us? Why do I say we shall succeed? Why do I say this insurrection will be crushed? Why do I announce that day, to us, is at hand? And why do I announce, on the other hand, that night is coming to our enemies? Let us for a moment look at some of the grounds. I surely do not say it, because we are *so good a people*. I do nor think we are a very good people. God does not think we are very good. There is much among us to offend Heaven. There is profanity among us, there is drunkenness, there is impurity, Sabbath-breaking, fraud in private and public life, earthliness, irreligion; and slavery is yet a national sin and shame. Certainly we are not a very good people! I cannot put our triumph on the ground of the *national goodness*. Nor do I say that morning cometh to us, *because we are a great people, and, as a great people, must succeed*. I take no such position, I make no such boast. The ground is silly, unchristian, *atheistic*: it is an offense to to God. It is not true, though Peter the Great said it, and Napoleon after him, that "Providence goes with the greatest battalions." It is false and atheistic: it is in the face of the world's history. Providence goes with the Right, numbers never determine its course. How was it in the first great battle with the Jewish secession? Abijah, the grandson of Solomon, the lawful ruler of the people, brought into the field against Jercboam, the Jeff. Davis of *that* secession, and of *that* time, four hundred thousand loyal men, and Jereboam confronted him with eight hundred thousand rebel men. Two to one on the rebel side. The largest battalions certainly were on the disloyal side. And from the history it is manifest that the generalship was on that side. But where was Providence? Where did God stand in this first great trial, by arms, of the Jewish rebellion? Let the issue show. The four hundred thousand loyalists go up against the eight hundred thousand rebels: and what a destruction of traitors! Five hundred thousand of these men—half a million—fell on that terrible field! That is God's verdict on secession! And that, too, is an illustration of the power of Right against battalions and a masterly generalship. Mere battalions are nothing to God; mere generalship is nothing; Right is everything! How was it in our colonial struggle? Did Providence go with the great battalions? Every one knows the reverse is true. It is surely time to understand that God goes with the Right. And is this an argument against the rally of a people in a righteous cause? It is nothing of it; the argument runs the other way. If the cause *be* righteous, to rally is to triumph. Besides, God works by means in a *just* cause: he helps those who help themselves. A nation, in a *righteous* struggle, and especially one involving its very life, *must do what it can*; the best it can. God has so ordained. If a great people, it must bring its great numbers and great means to the strife. The whole of its power must be brought to bear. Its entire resources must be embarked. Every thing must be laid on the national altar. Every man must do his duty. Every man must rush to the national standard. And yet this is to be done, not because the power to succeed is really in such formidable instrumentalities, but because it is God's way of helping a people who are battling for the right. God helps a righteous cause in this way. The power is in Right, in the God of Right. Instrumentalities, by themselves, are powerless; Right is omnipotent. Power is not in numbers, success is not in munitions. God can save, we are told, by many or by few; it is all the same, provided the best has been done. God, by the few, overthrew Midian. God, by the few, overthrew the eight hundred thousand rebels, led on by the cunning Jereboam. God, by the few, broke the gigantic power of England, in our colonial struggle. Let us drop, then, the language so common among us—THE MIGHTY NORTH, THE WEALTHY NORTH, THE ALL-POWERFUL NORTH, THE RESISTLESS MIGHT OF TWENTY MILLIONS OF FREEMEN, OUR GRAND ARMY OF THE POTOMAC—oh, let us hear no more of it! It is out of place, it is a childish boast, it is not Christian; it is, as I have said, atheistic. It must be a stench in the nostrils of Heaven. It is turning God out of the war it is casting right out of it. It is making it a mere trial of strength, a mere contest of power and skill. And when it comes to this, my hearers, we may well tremble for the result. Take right out of the contest, dismiss God from the conflict, and I cannot promise you anything but failure. God will save this nation, if it is saved at all; right will make us victorious, if victory shall crown our struggle. Let us feel this; let the whole nation feel it. Let us give God his place in the struggle, give right its place. Rally the nation, the whole nation; hurry into the field the six hundred thousand additional men called for; call out more, if need be, and then trust in the God of Right. Do this, and the issue cannot be doubtful.

I do not say, then, that morning cometh to us, because we are a very good people, or because we are a great people: I say it on more satisfactory grounds. I say it, first, and mainly, *because of what is involved in the contest, and of the resulting connection of God and right with it*. Let us open our eyes and see what is really at stake. What *does* the struggle involve? Do you say our nationality? I say, yes: and more, inexpressibly more. This is a great interest, I grant, I feel: enough to struggle for, enough to sacrifice for, enough to die for. But this is far from being *all* that is involved. Our nationality is only an instrumentality, means to an end: that end is at stake. And what is that end? Tell me what we exist for as a people? What are we doing, under God, in this New World? What do we tell the nations we are doing? What is our profession, our creed? We say to all men that we are working out here the high problem of self-government: that we are proving *that men can govern themselves*. We say, as a starting position, that they have the *right* to do it—a divine right; that God *made* men to govern themselves. And hence we say that no governments are just that do not spring from the people. This is our bottom principle, it underlies our whole national structure. And this we affirm of *all* men. Our creed knows nothing of nativities, nothing of conditions, nothing of colors. What it says it says of MEN, ALL MEN. Our government rests on the doctrine that all men have the right to govern themselves. This is the doctrine that we fling into the face of the tyrants and tyrannies of all lands! We have adopted, too, the kindred doctrine of *religious* freedom. Religion, under our government, is *free*. We have no national church: no state religion. Here, too, we are far in advance of the older nations. In fact, our institutions, as a whole, are the outgrowth and embodiment of the progress of the race in all time. What the race has gained from the beginning, gained in ideas, in principles, in truths, in methods, in advantages, you find embodied and reflected in the institutions of this land. Here is the gain of the ages! Here are garnered the results of human experience! Here are existing, and acting, in the form of institutions, all the great ideas and principles and benefits which have been reached by the thinking, the experimenting, the struggling and the suffering of the entire generations of men. They are here, and operating here. Every such idea is a plant growing in our soil: every such principle is a tree, stretching up and expanding, and loaded with most precious half-grown fruit! And is such a nation to be pulled down? Is such a government to be overthrown? It cannot be! There is a blessing in it—a rich, precious, manifold, comprehensive blessing, in it; and God will say, Destroy it not! He will say this to the spoilers of the South, and to the spoilers of the Old World. Destroy it not! Hands off! It holds too much of good! A blessing, affluent, varied, priceless, is in it! Destroy it not! It bears the blessing of self-government: the blessing of civil freedom: the blessing of religious freedom; the blessing of a pure Gospel; the blessing of a Christian civilization; the blessing of progress: the blessing of all the great ideas and truths which have been wrought out and settled by the ages; the blessing of the germs of the bright and glorious future;—it bears, in short, the blessing of all the gains of the Past, and the hopes of the golden Future! Tell me not that such a government is to fall! Never was ship of State so richly laden; never one bearing such precious commodities. And is she to founder, go under, with all these? Never! never! Though some think her frail, though a terrible storm lays on her, though tempest-tossed, and surge-covered, though shivering and creaking in her every timber and every part, though her officers to some seem hardly equal to the crisis, she will, nevertheless, outride the storm, and reach in safety her destined haven! And then look at that thing, *called* a government, which has been brought into the field against it—the Southern Iniquity: look at its basis, spirit, purpose, bearing, as laid open to the world by its great expounder! Is *such* a thing to succeed; succeed, especially, in this age, and on this continent? Is *it* to prosper? Is there a blessing in *it*? Is there anything in it that God can wish to preserve? Is there anything in it that man can wish to preserve? Does Heaven wish to resurrect the errors and abuses of the Past, and to give them new life and new power of mischief in this land? Does he wish the despotisms of the Old World to be repeated here in the New? Does he wish the race to retreat into the dark ages? Does he wish us to throw away all that has been gained for six thousand years? Does he propose that the shadow on the dial of time shall go back all the degrees over which it has passed? Is Providence itself to go back? Are the struggles and sacrifices, the rivers of blood and fiery sufferings of the ages, to go for nothing? Is every hope of a brighter future to be surrendered—the faith of the race in all time to be renounced as vain and visionary? Is it so? Is it to be believed? No; it is not possible! The thing cannot be! God cannot thus stultify himself. He cannot thus undo the labors of time. He cannot thus tumble the works of ages into ruins. He cannot thus sport with the hard-earned fruits of all generations. He cannot thus trifle with the race. He cannot thus trifle with himself. No; this thing is not to succeed! A curse is in it—a dire curse—a manifold curse. It is *only* a curse! And God says, Destroy it! Lay destructive hands upon it! Make an end of it! He says this to the government; for its assassin hand is lifted against its life. H says it to the man of color; for he is the first to be crushed by it. He says it to every foreigner in our midst: for he is to feel its grinding power. He says it to the struggling masses of the Old World; for it is to crush out all their hopes. He says it to every existing Republic; for it is a fell conspiracy against every free government on earth. He says it to every philanthropist; for it threatens everything for which he toils and hopes. He says it to every Christian; for it is to rob him of all his gains and prospects. He says it to Providence; for it is a mountain obstacle pitched directly into its path. He says it to the Gospel; for it is the most frowning barrier to its success. He says it to the Holy Spirit: for it rears a huge obstruction to his work. He says it to the souls under his altar—the souls of the martyrs of every age and every land; for it threatens to take away all they have suffered and bled for. He says it to the souls of those who fell in Revolution: for it menaces the precious fruits of their struggles and blood. He says it to the spirits of the framers and molders of our institutions—to the spirits of Washington, of Adams, of Franklin, of Jay, of Hamilton, of Jefferson, of Webster, of Clay—says it to them, as, in their seats of bliss, they watch with the intensest interest the progress of this terrible contest: for it lays its worse than vandal hand upon the whole of their fair and glorious work. He says it to the angels: for they are interested in the high issues of the struggles and sacrifices of earth. He says it to every good being, every good agency, in earth and in heaven. He says to each, and all, Destroy it! Pluck it up! Leave neither root, branch, twig, fruit—leave nothing! Let it perish, utterly perish! Make a high example of it, that all nations may fear! Destroy it; for a curse, the concentration of all curses, is in it! This is what God says; what he directs. The thing has gone out of his mouth. The high sentence is pronounced! And there is a mustering of all the good of the Universe, to carry it into execution! It *will* be done! This Southern monstrosity, this upstart tyranny, this demon government, this thing hatched in hell and nursed by the vile on earth, shall be crushed forever! It shall perish from among men; for the mouth of the Lord hath spoken it!

We see, then, the nature of the struggle; what it involes, and what it must draw after it. It is a war of Right against Wrong. It is a war of legitimate authority against wicked treason. It is a war of a just government against anarchy. It is a war of a Constitutional ruler against an ambitious upstart—a modern son of Nebat. It is a war of civilization against barbarism. It is a war of democracy against aristocracy. It is a war of progress against old decrepit conservatism. It is a war of justice against injustice. It is a war of freedom against slavery. It is a war of humanity against inhumanity. It is a war of American ideas against the political heresies of the Old World. It is a war of human equality against human inequality. It is a war of man against the doctrine of accidents. It is a war of self-government against despotism. It is a war of Providence against errors and wrongs that chiefly obstruct its advancement. It is a war of the predicted Millennium against principles and evils that most stoutly hinder its coming and dawn. This is the nature of the war; this is its nature, I believe, as God looks upon it. It has this high significance. It has all this importance and gravity. It presents itself in all this breadth. It makes up these momentous issues. It carries with it all these mighty interests. It has bound up with it all these high destinies. Never since man existed on the earth, was there such a war. Never was there a war so comprehensive. Never was there one where so much was at stake. Never was there one where such high principles were to be settled. Never was there one when such momentous interests were to be adjusted. Never was there one when such formidable elements were brought into collision. It is, in a sense, the CRISIS OF THE RACE! It is not a war for the negro, not a war for the white-man; it is not a war for the New-Englander, the Irishman, the Dutchman, the Norwegian, the Swede, the Dane: it is a war for MAN. It is not a war for the Republican, or the Democrat, or the border-State man, or the loyalist of the Cotton States; it is not a war merely for the American: it is a war for the Race. It is a war for the struggling masses throughout the world. It is not a war for this generation, or the next generation: it is a war for the whole future of Men! It is a war for Mankind, and the entire future of Mankind! It is God's war! It is Humanity's war! It is Freedom's war! It is the World's war! It is the war of Right, Truth, and Destiny! And God, in a sense, has brought it on. Heaven, in a sense, has caused it. I mean to say, that, in the accomplishment of his purposes—that, in the advancement of his providence—that, in the progress of light, truth, and freedom—that, in arraying his great moral forces against old errors, abuses, and wrongs, against slavery, aristocracy, injustice, lust, cruelty, and inhumanity—that, in pressing the race forward, and upward, to a higher, and a promised, destiny—that, in fulfilling the sacred predictions touching The Thousand Years of Purity and Peace yet to pass over the Earth;—I say that, in this sense, and in this way, God has brought on the war. It was inevitable It was a *stern* necessity. Errors and Wrongs, almost as old as time, and deeply and broadly based like the everlasting hills, could not be met and put down in any other way. The matters must come to this stern trial. The questions must have this terrible settlement. War must do what the peaceful forces, though acting for ages, have failed to accomplish. Let us cease, then, to charge this man among us, or that man, this party, or that party, with its causation; it is wrong, unjust. No man in the loyal States, no party, no policy, has done it—done it, except subordinately; it is, in the sense given, the work of a higher power. It is, in *that* sense, the work of God. The sooner we see this, and act upon it, the better for the cause. Such is the contest now going on in this land! Such are its reach and moment! And who can doubt where Right is, where God is, in such a struggle? Who can doubt how such a struggle is to terminate? Not a right thinking man can do it! Morning, then, cometh to the nation. Day is to break: a day of brightness and smiles. As sure as God reigneth, morning is to come to this people. And just as certain is it, that night cometh to the foes of the Union. They are to be put down; they are to fall. They are to be crushed as a righteous retribution, and as a warning to all the generations to come. As sure as God liveth, this shall be the result. Night cometh to these Southern Idumeans. And if they wish to know more, let them *enquire*; they shall have the whole chapter of woes. But let them *return, come*; let them come back to their allegiance, and to God; let them repent of their horrible crimes against the government, and against God, and against the human race. Let them do this, or prepare themselves for an appalling night of disaster and ruin. It cometh!

But a duty is to be done; a mighty sacrifice is to be made. We are to do, and sacrifice and suffer, in a measure commensurate with the interests at stake. God, and posterity, hold us to this responsibility. And how high it is! What good do we not fight for? What valuable interest is not involved in the struggle? What is there concerning ourselves, what is there concerning mankind, that does not enter into the contest? We fight, you know, for all the fruit of the past, and the richer harvest of the future. We fight for down-trodden man everywhere. We fight for ourselves—for our altars, and our homes. We fight for our children. We fight for peace in the future. We fight for the martyrs of Freedom who have fallen in the same great struggle. We fight for the age foretold by prophets. We fight for God and Right. Let us, then, rush to the field! Let every man, woman, and child take some part in the struggle. There is a work, a sacrifice, a duty for every one. Let every one meet his responsibility. Let every one act worthily of this time of times. Let every one preach *confidence* to his neighbor; speak words of cheer. Let the weak say, I am strong. Let the treasure of the people be freely consecrated. And let the government rise to the divine purpose. God is seeking, by delay, to lift up the nation to his own plane and purpose. And when we get up to these; when we stand where God stands; when we come into *full* sympathy with his purpose, providence, and truth; when we treat man as man; when we welcome every loyal man as a helper in this work, the Rebellion shall fall! Then the morning shall break! Then the nation's Jubilee shall come! Up, then, every patriot; and up, the government! Let us to to the struggle!

> We are living, we are dwelling,
> In a grand and awful time,
> In an age on ages telling,
> To be living is sublime.
> Hark! the waking up of nations,
> Gog and Magog to the fray.
> Hark! what soundeth? is creation
> Groaning for its latter day?
>
> Will ye play, then, will ye dally,
> With your music and your wine?
> Up! it is Jehovah's rally!
> God's own arm hath need of thine.
> Hark! the onset! will ye fold
> Your faith-clad arms in lazy lock?
> Up! O up, thou drowsy soldier;
> Worlds are charging to the shock.
>
> Worlds are charging—heaven beholding;
> Thou hast but an hour to fight;
> Now the blazoned cross unfolding,
> On—right onward, for the right.
> On! let all the soul within you
> For the truth's sake go abroad!
> Strike! let every nerve and sinew
> Tell on ages—tell for God!

Miscellaneous.

FURNITURE.

JOHN PRIMROSE

Manufacturer and Dealer in

CABINET AND CHAIR

FURNITURE,

OF EVERY VARIETY,

Keeps constantly on hand a complete assortment of

PARLOR,

CHAMBER,

DINING-ROOM.

FURNITURE,

OF ALL STYLES, AND OF SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP.

Most of my Furniture is of my own manufacture, made of thoroughly seasoned material and equal to the best there is made in the U. S. A.

As a nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling, I am determined to sell a very light shade above cost. Everybody is respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing.

☞ REMEMBER PLACE: Stone Building—Third Street—above the Bridge. St. Paul Minn. jan24d1y

WM. ILLINGWORTH,

Watch Manufacturer.

—AND—

TOWN CLOCK BUILDER!

SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK.

JACKSON-ST., - - - ST. PAUL.

Having had over THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE in the best Watch Factories in England and America, he feels himself competent to do anything in his line

A LITTLE SUPERIOR

to any other establishment in the Northwest. ☞

☞ N. B.—Persons wishing to perfect themselves in the business, will be received under instruction on VERY MODERATE TERMS.

☞ Fine work done and Clock and Watch Wheels cut for the trade at low rates. mr9y

DR. WILLIAM HALL'S

PATENT COPPER SCROLL

LIGHTNING ROD.

This Lightning Rod has a greater conducting capacity than any other Lightning Rod ever

OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

Those having buildings to protect, will do well to wait till they see one of these newly invented rods before purchasing.

They are recommended by over

FIVE HUNDRED

OF THE

MOST EMINENTLY SCIENTIFIC MEN OF THE AGE.

AGENTS

WILL CANVASS THE STATE IMMEDIATELY

e11-w3m&doaw3m

PALMER'S PURE

VINEGAR.

This is the kind of Vinegar that should be used by all housekeepers for

PICKLES

AND THE

TABLE.

It is warranted pure and wholesome, and to give perfect satisfaction wherever used. Try it,

AND YOU WILL HAVE NO OTHER.

For sale at our works on Sibley street, and by all grocers who have an eye to keeping

CHOICE GOODS FOR SALE.

C. C. LEWIS & CO.

Post Office. St. Paul. Minnesota.

OFFICE HOURS.

On week days from 7 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M.
On Sundays, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

HOURS OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

For La Crosse—Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Monday, at 8 P. M.
For Galena—way mail—leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
For Minneapolis—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily—except Sunday, at 4½ P. M.
For Stillwater—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 7 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 6 P. M.
For Hudson—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 7 P. M.
For Mankato—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M.
For Northfield—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 4 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 11 P. M.
For Saurise City—leaves Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at about 7 P. M.
For Cannon Falls—leaves Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Wednesday, at 7 P. M.
For Cottage Grove—leaves Saturday, at 1 P. M.
Arrives Saturday, at 12 M.
Mails leaving before 7 o'clock A. M. close at 7 P. M.
All others close half an hour before the time of departure.

The postage upon all transient printed matter, foreign and domestic, and upon all letters, foreign and domestic, is now required to be fully prepaid by United States postage stamps, except in cases where prepayment on letters, &c., to foreign countries is optional and the senders do not wish to prepay.

Persons mailing letters, newspapers, &c., whether domestic or to foreign countries, should therefore ascertain at the office of mailing, the exact postage in each case and affix United States postage stamps of sufficient value to prepay the full postage thereon.

CHAS. NICHOLS, Postmaster.

St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

Hotels & Saloons.

LAHR'S HOUSE,

FIRST DOOR EAST OF THE POST OFFICE,

JNO. P. LAHR, PROPRIETOR.

MR. LAHR, formerly of the "Our House," respectfully announces to his old friends and all other men—no boys in—that he is now fairly under way; and proclaims that he will furnish as good an EYE-OPENER as "any other man" in this city.

☞ A variety of reading matter can always be found on Mr. Lahr's tables, also stationery, &c. feo6dy.

CLIFTON HOUSE,

MANKATO, - - - MINNESOTA.

This House is situated near the steamboat landing, and is among the largest in the Minnesota Valley. Is

NEW AND NEWLY FURNISHED,

And the proprietor, from long experience in the business, flatters himself that he will be able to satisfy the traveling public.

☞ CHARGES MODERATE. ☜

M. T. C. FLOWER, Proprietor.

Mankato, Minn., April 29th, 1862.

UNION PARK HOUSE,

LITTLE CANADA, MINN.,

G. W. FEW, - - PROPRIETOR.

This House is pleasantly located in Little Canada, on the bank of Lake Elizabeth, five miles from Saint Paul. The House and fixtures are entirely new, and has been fitted up more particularly as a home for Invalids, and persons seeking recreation.

The House is provided with boats and all the necessary fixtures for hunting and fishing—and is one mile from Bass Lake, which is considered the best fishing ground in the State—where boats are also provided for the use of guests of the House. Board by day or week at moderate rates.

je1-tsbm

Groceries.

S. K. PUTNAM,

CORNER THIRD AND MARKET STREETS, Saint Paul, Minnesota,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FAMILY GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of choice goods suited to this market, including Flour, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Fresh Roll, Jar and Pilot Bread, dried fruits of all kinds, including a large quantity of

RASPBERRIES.

Also Wooden Ware, Roasted and Green Coffee, Spices, Pickles, choice Green and Black Teas, Sugar of all grades, and, in short, everything usually found in a well assorted establishment, to which he invites the especial attention of all who want NICE GOODS AT A FAIR PRICE.

nov22-dly

G. E. SCHNABEL,

IN MOFFATT'S CASTLE, CORNER OF 4TH AND JACKSON STREETS.

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN, AND PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full supply of Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.
Nice Leaf Lard and Sugar Cured Hams.
Any quantity of butter and eggs.
He has made arrangements to receive two or three times a week from the country the choicest roll butter.
Also agency for C. H. H. Baker's extra flour, which is pronounced the best in the city.
Goods delivered in all parts of the city free of charge. je1-3m

F. KNAUFT,

(Corner of Seventh and Olive streets,)

HAS IN ADDITION TO HIS NEW & FULL STOCK OF

Groceries & Provisions,

A complete assortment of

QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

NEW PLATFORM SCALES,

Of Fairbanks' best make, always correct and ready for use. Those who have Hay, Grain or Live Stock for sale can save money by getting it weighed. apr19-69eS lv.

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas.
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly,

FREE OF CHARGE.

je27-dly

LESSONS UPON THE PIANO.

MISS HARRIOTT S. DENNETT

Will give instructions upon the Piano in a course of twenty-four lessons for $10—or for two pupils in one family, $8.00 each.

On Monday, June 23d, she will open a private school for general instruction in Mackubin's building, on Fourth street.

Terms, from $3.00 to $7.00.

Best of references given.

Residence at James Davenport's, Fourth street, opposite City Park, my17-dtf

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottowa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 2. P. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Tuesday's, Thursday's and Saturday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Georgetown, connecting at Georgetown with the steamer International for Pembina, Fort Garry and the Red River Settlement—Monday's and Thursday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Monday's Wednesday's and Friday's, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO., Proprietors.

nov24-dly

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line,

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-dly

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR

OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East for Goods will please give us a call and obtain FULL PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO

St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&wly

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIquors and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISkey, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 1861, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes; also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. jes J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

50 BARRELS

—OF—

CARBON OIL.

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

CHICAGO CREAM ALE,

For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar6 A. L. LARZENTEUR.

Miscellaneous.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY'S

Express Freight Line.

VIA

GREAT WESTERN, N. Y. CENTRAL AND CONNECTING ROADS,

TO AND FROM

EAST AND WEST,

CONTROLLED AND OPERATED By the Roads forming the line, to which the attention of Shippers is invited.

FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF LIVE STOCK, THIS ROUTE OFFERS UNEQUALED FACILITIES, AS REGARDS STOCK, CARS, YARDS, TIME, &c., &c., &c.

FREIGHT FORWARDED AT THE LOWEST RATES AND WITH DISPATCH.

IN THE SHIPMENT OF GOODS BY RAIL, ALL INSURANCE IS SAVED.

MARK PACKAGES "G. W. R."

Three Express Passenger Trains leave Chicago and Detroit daily for Buffalo, New York, Boston and Montreal, Quebec, Portland, &c., &c., with Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

Tickets via GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY for sale in all ticket offices.

GENERAL FREIGHT AND TICKET OFFICES.

273 Broadway New York, | 21 State street, Boston,
E. P. REACH, Agent. | O. KIMBALL, Agent.

JULIUS MOVIUS, Gen'l Ag't, Buffalo.
C. J. BRIDGES, Managing Director, Hamilton
A. WALLINGFORD, Chicago and Western Agent.

apr20

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

GREAT UNITED STATES MAIL AND

EXPRESS ROUTE.

THE ONLY RELIABLE AND ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE

EAST, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

On and after Wednesday, June 11th, 1862, three trains will leave the depot, corner of Florida and Barclay streets, daily, as follows:

At 7:45 A. M.—Way Passenger, for Chicago and all intermediate stations, and Racine & Mississippi R. R. at Racine Junction, and Kenosha R. R. & R. I. R. R. at Kenosha.

At 3:00 P. M.—Express Passenger train for Chicago, making close connection with evening trains East, South and West.

At 8:10 P. M.—Night Accommodation Train for Chicago and intermediate stations, making connections in Chicago with all the morning lines for the East, South and Southwest.

☞ This train will be furnished with a Sleeping Car, and first class passengers will be provided with berths without extra charge, and

FARE AS LOW AS BY STEAMER ON LAKE.

☞ Passenger trains leave Chicago at 9:15 A. M and 9:00 P. M. for Milwaukee and the Northwest.

☞ Tickets for all points may be obtained of H. O. WILSON, at the Union Ticket Office, "Iron Block," corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, or at the depot. JOHN T. MOODY, Master Transportation.

Milwaukee, May 5th, 1862. je21-dtf

MILL FURNISHING.

CHICAGO BRANCH OF JOHN T. NOYE'S OLD BUFFALO MILL FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, ESTABLISHED 1834.

JOHN T. NOYE,

FLOUR PACKER,

MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Mill Machinery

AND

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

IMPROVED CENTRE VENT TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

Fitted with Cast Steel or Boiler Iron Buckets, warranted to produce a high per centage of power.

IMPROVED SMUT MACHINES AND SEPARATORS,

OAT AND GRAIN SEPARATORS.

John T. Noye's Improved Centrifugal, Feeding, Flouring and Grist Mills.

CAST STEEL MILL PICKS.

ALSO, DUFOUR & CO.'S CELEBRATED

ANCHOR BRAND BOLTING CLOTH.

MILL CASTINGS.

The entire machinery of Mills, from the smallest Castings to the whole arrangement for the largest class of Flouring Mills, at much less cost than is usual, will be furnished at my Manufactory, and branch at Chicago, Illinois.

JOHN T. NOYE, Buffalo, N. Y.

WM. F. NOYE, AGENT,

28 Market Street, Lind's Block, Chicago.

JOHN WEBSTER, Milwrigh.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO., Agents at St. Paul. apr11-d6m

DUNDAS MILLS'

CELEBRATED XX FAMILY FLOUR,

For sale in bbls. or sacks by

E. & H. Y. Bell, near the Winslow House; S. K. Putnam, corner 3d and Market Sts.; Beaumont and Gordon, corner 3d and Jackson Sts.; J. B. Slichter, corner of 7th and Jackson Sts.

Warranted the best

XX FAMILY FLOUR

offered in this market. Orders from Hotel's Bakers and others shall have prompt attention and immediate delivery.

mar15 J. S. ARCHIBALD.

ANOKA FLOURING MILLS

FOR SALE.

For terms apply to the undersigned at Anoka, Anoka County, Minnesota.

my24-d3m SMILEY & WOODBURY

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

One jig saw, counter shaft, &c.; one turning lathe, counter shaft, bits, &c.; one boring machine, bits, &c.; one small surface planer. The above machinery is nearly new, and made in the best manner. For further particulars apply to Galley & Jansen, Chair Factory, St. Paul, or the subscriber. BARNARD & BRO.

St. Anthony, June 4, 1862. je4-d3m

CHICAGO BREWERY.

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK,

AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.

WM. CONSTANS, AGENT, St. Paul.

my24-d1y

SALÆRATUS.

One hundred boxes Saleratus in pound papers, manufactured and put up expressly for me, and

WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY MADE.

Just received and for sale at 6½ cents.

je6-d3m GEO. L. FARWELL,

Dry Goods.

1862. SPRING. 1862.

INGERSOLL'S BLOCK

DRY GOODS FOR CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

SPRING DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

Of every variety of quality, will be sold at prices

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Mottled Morello Cloths, from 10 to 25c per yard!

PLAID POIL DE CHEVRES,

EMBROIDERED POIL DE CHEVRES,

EVERY VARIETY OF CHALLEYS

EMBROIDERED AND GREY GRISAILLES

BLUE, GREEN AND RINK BERRAGE LENFINA.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN MOUSLINE DE LAINES; PRINTED LAWNS IN GREAT VARIETY.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF GINGHAMS.

ALSO

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR:

BROADCLOTHS, BLACK & FANCY CASSIMERES, SATTINETS, AND SUMMER CLOTHS.

ALSO

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES,

AND

EMBROIDERIES,

PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS, ETC.,

ALSO

A LARGE STOCK OF

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN GOODS,

BY THE PIECE OR PACKAGE FOR THE

COUNTRY TRADE.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Can purchase their Goods of us, and

SAVE TIME AND MONEY.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our new styles of Cloaks and Mantillas.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

WILL BE

SOLD FOR CASH,

AT PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

The public are invited to visit

OUR NEW STORE.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.

apr30-d1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

CLOTHING, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

Having received a splendid assortment of spring and summer clothing equalling in quality and style anything to be found in the large Eastern cities, we would respectfully request an examination of our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Also have received to sell to the trade a large lot of superfine black cloths and doeskins, blue cloth, silk mixed coatings, Harris' silk mixed and fancy cassimeres, sattinet, cord, moleskin, black farmer's satin, red farmer's satin, for sleeve lining alapaca, silicia, bro. Holland and good black thread; all of which we will sell from ten to twenty per cent lower than the same goods can be procured for in any establishment in St. Paul. We invite merchant tailors, tailors and others, who deal in the above goods, to call and

EXAMINE FOR THEMSELVES.

Also a fine assortment of hats and caps, white and colored shirts, knit shirts and drawers, neck ties, suspenders, woolen and cotton and half hose, silk and cotton pocket handkerchiefs, shirt collars, and many other goods which we offer to the public at prices to suit the times.

W. H. TEMPLE.

Third st., below Day & Jenks' Drug Store. my25-1y

SPRING & SUMMER

Millinery Goods for 1862

At the old stand of JAS. SCOTT, on Third-st.

MISS E. WASS

Is now opening at the above store a choice and handsome stock of Millinery Goods, Trimmings, &c., just received from the East, and purchased at low prices for cash, embracing Bonnets, Hats, French and American flowers, and Ruches in large variety, and, in fact, nearly every article usually kept in such a store; all of which are offered at prices to suit the times.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK.

my22-d3m

LADIES,

THERE IS QUITE A START IN

Millinery Goods!

In the Eastern Market, but we have received a large invoice that we can sell, as heretofore; some sixty dozen superior large SHAKER HOODS, three cases BONNETS & HATS, with six cases RICH RIBBON, and lots of other fixings. Our stock in

DRY-GOODS, CLOAKS, & SHAWLS,

Is large, and our MILLINERY ROOMS well supplied with the richest goods.

☞ Come along or send your orders; we want to extend our business by cheap selling. Our new rooms are below DAY & JENKS' DRUG STORE, Third Street, St. Paul, Min., where the wax figure is in the window.—my31

ANOTHER ARRIVAL

OF

Choice Dress Goods

AT

SMITH & TAYLOR'S.

SPLENDID TRAVELING MIXTURES—ONLY FIFTEEN CENTS.

BEAUTIFUL MOZANBIQUES VERY CHEAP.

ELEGANT ORGANDIE MUSLIN

FINE JACONETS.

Also something new in LADIES' BLACK SILK SACQUES manufactured in New York, and of the very latest style.

A large assortment of Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts, some of which are of an

ENTIRELY NEW STYLE AND MAKE.

All of the above named articles, besides a

LARGE STOCK OF DOMESTIC GOODS,

Will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

SMITH & TAYLOR'S

Cheap Cash Store,

Bridge Square, Third street, next the Express Office, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER, SAINT PAUL, June, 21st, 1862.

Interest coupons upon Minnesota eight per cent. State bonds due July 1st, 1862, will be paid at the banking house of H. W. Palmer, No. Pine street, New York.

CHARLES SCHEFFER, State Treasurer.

je23

Oils and Lamps.

MARVIN'S

CROCKERY HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED AND

SELLING VERY LOW,

1,000 LOOKING GLASSES AND MIRRORS.

OIL—THE VERY BEST.

1,500 GALLONS AT FROM THIRTY TO FORTY CENTS A GALLON.

NOW IN STORE, A FULL STOCK OF

CHINA, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT PRICES MUCH REDUCED.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF

Table & Pocket Cutlery.

The merchants who purchase in St. Paul will find these goods very desirable, and at

VERY LOW RATES.

JUST RECEIVED,

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Silver Plated

AND

BRITANNIA WARE,

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LAMPS, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

R. MARVIN, THIRD STREET.

je11

OIL! OIL! OIL!

500 barrels No. 1, standard best quality

Carbon Oil,

Just received, and for sale to dealers.

D. T. WATSON,

a3-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

Boots and Shoes.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

A SPLENDID STOCK

OF

LADIES' GAITERS

AND

Children's Fine Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

WM. J. SMITH & CO.

JOHN THORWARTH,

Boot and Shoe

MANUFACTURER,

THIRD STREET, BET. ROBERT & JACKSON,

St. PAUL, Minnesota,

Keeps constantly on hand and makes to order

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which are warranted to do as good service, and of as good style and workmanship as if made to order.

STEEL SHANKS FOR SEWED BOOTS,

The first introduced in this city, will be put in when ordered. This makes the boot stronger and more durable, and is lighter and fits neater.

REPAIRING done on the shortest notice, and in a good and neat style.

JOHN THORWARTH.

St. Paul, Dec. 7, 1861. dec7-dly

8TH REGIMENT MINNESOTA IRISH VOLUNTEERS.

Sarsfield Guards.

$120 Bounty!

$70 cash down when sworn in!

$40 cash when the Company is mustered in!

$10 cash to each of the first five married men enlisting in this company.

The family of each married man will receive $5 per month from the city, $5 per month from the County, and whatever may be offered by the citizen's Committee; and the first five married men enlisting in this Company will receive in addition to all of this, $2.50 per month for their families.

Recruiting office No 2 Rogers' Block, 3d st., St. Paul. JOHN GRACE,
M. H. SULLIVAN,
THOMAS HOWARD.

a14-tf

HILL & LINDLEY,

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,

Offer their services to the citizens of Minneapolis, St. Anthony and surrounding country. Having had twenty years experience, they hope to give general satisfaction.

OFFICES.—Mendenhall's old Banking Office, Minneapolis; the Lippincott House, St. Anthony.

a7-tf

D. C. PRICE, DENTIST.

I have removed my office over

McCLOUD'S HARDWARE STORE.

Corner of Third and Cedar streets.

I am now filling teeth with gold for two dollars, and with silver or tin for one dollar each. I extract teeth for fifty cents each, and destroy the nerve of teeth without the least pain for fifty cents.

I will insert whole upper sets of teeth on Vulcanite, in the most approved manner, for twenty-five dollars.

I publish these prices to correct the impression some people have of my charges for best Dental operations.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., strictly.

Jy4-d3mos

R. H. WARD, M. D.,

Of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, having removed to Minneapolis, has opened an office for the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully invites the attention of those who may desire his services.

Office and residence on Bridge Street, (west-side,) near the Suspension Bridge. Jy22-d1m

TEETH ON VULCANITE.

FOR STRENGTH, BEAUTY,

Comfort and cleanliness, unsurpassed.

Call and see specimens at the office of

DR. SIMONTON,

oct24-d1y Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square.

M. N. KELLOGG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Fruits, Toys, G. Apples,

LEMONS & CONFECTIONERY.

Children's CABS—every variety; Egg, Lemon, Ginger, Boston and Soda CRACKERS; Traveling, School and Work BASKETS; MAPLE SUGAR; Fresh CANDIES from New York—also

☞ THE BEST CIGARS IN THE CITY.

my17 M. N. KELLOGG.

Insurance.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON

Fire and Life Insurance Co.

CAPITAL AND RESERVED FUND OVER $6,000,000.

LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY AT SIGHT,

Without sixty days' notice.

Life Insurance

Effected on liberal terms. Policies assignable by endorsement without permission of the Company. Shareholders personally responsible for engagements of the Company.

Directors & Stockholders, New York,	*References in New York City.*
James Brown, Esq.,	Duncan, Sherman & Co.,
Francis Cottenet, Esq.,	Alex. T. Stewart & Co.,
Henry Grinnell, Esq.,	Grinnell, Minturn & Co.,
Alfred Pell, Esq.,	B. L. & A. Stewart,
Alex. Hamilton, jr. Esq.,	C. W. & J. T. Moore & Co.
E. M. Archibald, Esq.,	D. Appleton & Co.
And others.	

THOMPSON BROTHERS,

sep29 Agents for St. Paul and vicinity.

P. W. NICHOLS,

General Insurance Agent.

FIRE INSURANCE,

MARINE INSURANCE,

LIFE INSURANCE.

POLICIES

Issued on favorable terms, in the most reliable Companies.

OFFICE AT GEO. LITTLE'S BOOK STORE,

jan15dly Third street, St. Paul, Min.

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000
NETT SURPLUS.....938,000

DIVIDENDS ON CAPITAL LIMITED BY ITS CHARTER TO SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM—THE ENTIRE PROFITS GO TO THE POLICY HOLDERS.

This Society was organized in the year 1859, with a cash capital of $100,000 deposited irrevocably with the Insurance Department of the State of New York, in United States bonds, on which it allows but seven per cent. per annum to the stockholders, and the entire profits of the business is shared by the policy holders. The nett profits in two years amounts to $220,000, which shows an unparalleled success in the history of Life Insurance. Its operations are managed by a Board of Directors composed of the the ablest business men of the country, and its business is conducted entirely on the cash plan. Dividends to the policy holders will be made every five years, and no Company in the country offers equal advantages to its dealers.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.
HENRY B. HYDE, Vice President.
GEO. W. PHILLIPS, Actuary.
H. S. DURAND, Milwaukee, Gen. Agt.
W. W. KING, State Agent for Minnesota.
DR. WM. CAINE, St. Paul.

mar12-dly

HOME

INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Extract from Third Annual Report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York. WM. BARNES, Superintendent.

There are now ninety-five Joint stock fire insurance companies incorporated by the State of New York, engaged in the transaction of business; of these companies, fourteen only received premiums during the last year, amounting to over one hundred thousand dollars; four only received premiums above the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, and the premium income of one only exceeded three hundred thousand dollars. The premium receipts of this Company, the HOME, with a capital of $1,000,000, were $2,200,33. The premium income of thirty of the smaller companies was $851,575.85 only, with capitals, however, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of $4,800,000.

The state of things should be improved; the premium income of the mass of our fire insurance companies is by far too small for their capitals, and inadequate to the proper support of a separate and independent corporation. The experience of the HOME, PHOENIX, (of Brooklyn) and some other companies, has demonstrated that, with proper skill, tact and sagacity, business can be increased and managed to an indefinite extent, with entire safety, and even additional security to the company. We have now the machinery and organization in working order for nearly one hundred joint stock fire insurance companies. In the course of a few years their business can be safely doubled, and even quadrupled, without doubling or quadrupling the yearly expenses. Any considerable expansion of business must of course be mainly effected through the instrumentality of reliable, safe, and well managed agencies. The premium income of the HOME amounts to nearly one-eighth part that of the ninety-five companies combined, so that eight corporations like the HOME could conduct the entire business of all those companies. If each company transacted the same amount of business as the HOME, the aggregate premium income would reach the enormous amount of over seventy-eight millions of dollars per year. Our companies are not too numerous for the great future of this country, if managed on the progressive scale demanded by the spirit of the American people.

The annual statement of this our foremost local fire and inland company, made up to the first of January last, shows a condition of such positive strength and prosperity as to challenge unqualified admiration. In a circular accompanying the statement, subscribed by Charles J. Martin, President, A. F. Wilmarth, Vice President, and John Medlee, Secretary, those well accredited officers very justly say: "The well-known reputation of the HOME for fair and honorable dealing, together with its capital of one million dollars, and surplus of over half a million in addition, all well invested, commend it to the special favor of all who desire reliable protection in the way of insurance, either fire or inland."

This is not saying one word too much for their company. The HOME is the crack company of our state, in high credit all over the Union, worked upon a comprehensive plan, and managed with admirable skill and efficiency. The assets of the HOME on the first of January last amounted to up to $1,521,268.08, against an actual liability of only $55,080.35; and, moreover, it is worth nothing that the assets are all of the very first class. The balance in bank in cash was $24,154.14, very nearly enough to set up an ordinary company; nearly enough to meet $910,229.53, secured on real bonds and mortgages worth $1,715,980, and then government and other stocks, equivalent to cash and convertible into cash any day, $320,656. Any one not satisfied with the security of the HOME as an insurance institution, must be hard to please.

In 1861 the HOME wrote $765,745.48, taking $89,993 premium, and paid losses $55,575, including some losses for the year 1859. A dividend of ten per cent. was paid on the million capital; and after reserving an ample reinsurance fund, the company shows a "nett surplus" of $160,644 clear over capital and all claims, actual or possible, practical or theoretical.

The HOME is a good "testimony" in all places to the enterprise, energy and progress of the city of New York.

BORUP & OAKES, Agents, St. Paul.

je25-d3m

G. N. BEMAN & CO.,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,

CORNER OF FIFTH AND ROBERT STREETS, ST PAUL, MINNESOTA.

We are prepared to manufacture to order a kinds of BUGGIES, CUTTERS, LUMBER WAGONS, EXPRESS AND GROCERY WAGONS, CONCORD HACKS and STAGE SLEIGHS, of the best quality, and latest pattern, and of Eastern stock, which enables us to warrant them in every particular Also all kinds of repairing promptly and faithfully executed on the most reasonable terms.

je4-d6m

JUST RECEIVED.

One hundred half barrels and fifty quarter barrels of Walker's

PRIME CINCINNATI CREAM ALE.

M. DORNIDEN,

nov23-dly Jackson st., bet. 5th and 6th.

Railroads.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

FOR CHICAGO, DETROIT, BUFFALO, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PITTSBURG, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, CINCINNATI, ROCK ISLAND, BURLINGTON, QUINCY, ST. LOUIS, AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND SOUTH,

VIA DUNLEITH AND

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after May 11, 1862, trains leave Dunleith on arrival of steamers from St. Paul and Intermediate points.

LEAVE DUNLEITH.	Day Express, Sundays excepted, 7 A M.	Night Express Saturdays excepted, 6 P M
Freeport	9 50 A. M.	9 55 P. M
Rockfort, via G & C E R R	11 30 "	11 45 "
Belvidere " "	11 45 "	12 45 A. M
Chicago " "	3 30 P. M.	5 45 "
Dixon	11 30 A. M.	11 35 P. M.
Fulton, via Air Line RR	4 20 P. M.	6 15 A. M
Mendota	1 00 "	12 55 "
Burlington, via C B & Q R R	7 35 "	7 05 "
Quincy, " "	11 15 "	9 30 "
La Salle	1 47 "	1 40 "
Peoria, via C & R I R R		6 30 "
Rock Island		7 00 "
Bloomington	4 24 "	4 24 "
Decatur	6 20 "	6 20 "
Springfield, via G W R R	3 20 A. M.	3 45 "
Pana	8 00 P. M.	8 00 "
Terra Haute via T H & A R R	3 20 A. M.	3 20 P. M.
Indianapolis, " "	5 10 "	6 30 "
St. Louis " "	7 50 "	
Sandoval	10 15 P. M.	10 15 A. M
St. Louis, via O & M R R		1 00 P. M
Cairo	4 10 A. M.	

Trains make direct connections at Chicago with all Eastern lines for Buffalo, New York, Boston, and all Eastern Cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains.

Baggage checked to all important points.

Passengers for St. Louis and intermediate points on the river, will find this the quickest and only direct route.

For through tickets and information, apply at the office of the Company, foot of Jackson street, St. Paul. S. E. FORBES, Ticket Agent.

A. PRATT, Advertising Agent. J. S. TILDESLEY, Gen'l West'n Agt.

W. P. JOHNSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt. W. S. ARTHUR, General Sup't.

my23

1862. 1862.

LA CROSSE AND ST. PAUL

PACKET COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

During the summer of 1862, till the close of navigation, the LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company, having completely equipped their Line and made large additions to their business facilities, will offer to shippers and passengers on the river greater inducements and conveniences, and QUICKER TIME, than was ever offered by any company on the river.

All the boats on the Chippewa, Minnesota, St. Croix and the upper Mississippi rivers, and the different lines of stages north of LaCrosse, will, the coming season run to connect with the Davidson boats and the LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad.

The LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company will run a

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT LINE.

The former will number two first class boats—the nicest and fastest on the river. They will be the McCLELLAN and NORTHERN BELLE.—The first will be the Lightning Line, making the run from La Crosse to St. Paul in EIGHTEEN HOURS, and returning will leave here in the morning, and arrive at La Crosse in twelve hours time to connect with the evening train, by which our passengers will make close connection and reach Milwaukee in time for cars, or boats on the Lake in TWENTY HOURS FROM ST. PA

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO ST. PAUL.

WINSLOW'S LINE.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Junction of Armies.

Exodus of Citizens from Maryland

Capt. Porter Made a Commodore.

WASHINGTON, August 22.

[*Special to World.*]—There is little reason to doubt the junction of the army of the Potomac with the army of Virginia, though no official announcement of the fact has been made.

Private letters have been received, which state that the union has been made, and there is now little cause for anxiety in regard to military prospects in Virginia. The junction reflects the highest credit on Gen. Halleck, who planned, and General McClellan, who executed.

[*Tribune's Special.*]—Baltimoreans say that since the order for drafting, over 5,000 citizens of Maryland between the ages of 18 and 45 have left that State for the South and Canada: and that the exodus is still going on at the rate of from 3 to 500 daily.

A number of newspaper correspondents arrived here to-day from the army of Virginia. Their departure thence was involuntary.

Commodore Wm. D. Porter, the destroyer of the Arkansas, has been made a Commodore.

It is not kown by any of Gen. McClellan's friends that he intends as reported to retire from active service in the field.

There is no unusual excitement in Washington. The city is as quiet as it has been at any period within 6 months.

Guerrilla Warfare Near Helena.

One Thousand Bales of Cotton Burned!

Hindman's Army Moving West from Little Rock.

General Bragg at Chattanooga.

Next Move on to Nashville.

MEMPHIS, August 20.

Thirteen hundred guerrillas opposite Helena burned one thousand bales of cotton and committed other depredations within the last few days.

Gen. Hindman's army is reported moving on Little Rock. People along the road are going with the army taking negroes and other moveable property.

While Gen. Hovey's division were returning to Helena from Clarendon, four were killed and several wounded by guerrillas. A large amount of property was captured by him.

A refugee from the South furnishes the following in regard to Southern movements:

Gen. Bragg is at Chattanooga. His next movement will be on Nashville.

The report that Gen. Bragg's forces were at Grand Junction was unfounded. Up to Friday morning there were none there except scouting parties, which come almost daily, take what they want, and then leave. Grand Junction seems to be regarded by them as doubtful ground; hence they make arrangements to stay as short a time as possible.

All Quiet at Newberne.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.

The steamers Haze and Jersey Blue arrived from Newberne to-night. All is quiet there.

War Meetings Called Daily in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, Aug. 23.

The dry goods merchants have inaugurated a movement to aid in the work of enlistments by closing all of their stores at 3 o'clock P. M., to continue daily till the 4th of September. By next week it is thought that the movement will be universal, and that all stores will be closed. War meetings are called daily at 6 o'clock P. M.; and there is a determination that Buffalo shall not be behind her sister cities.

EROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Excitement in Washington Territory.

Custom House Removed.

Ships Chartered for England!

Gold arriving from New Colorado.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 20.

The inhabitants of Port Townsend, Washington Territory, are intensely excited in consequence of removal of Custom House to Port Angelo, the new port created by Congress, opposite Victoria. They threatened resistance, and they gave up the Custom House, records, etc., only when the war ship Shubrick threatened to fire a broadside in case of further demonstrations. Port Townsend, has $34,000 taxable property. Port Angelo has no population or houses, but a good harbor,

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 22.

Trade very quiet.

Ships Sea King, Thatcher and Magoon, are chartered, loaded with breadstuffs for England.

Quantities of gold have arrived at Los Angelos from New Colorado mines, situated southeasterly from Colorado river, 60 miles north of Fort Yuma, and 100 miles south of Mohave, extending indefinitely into an unexplored country, occupied by hostile Indians. About 300 Americans and 700 Mexicans are engaged prospecting with such encouraging indications that emigration will set in that in that direction.

Junction of Our Armies Confirmed

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 22.

Private intelligence received in this city, confirms the news of the junction of our armies. It also announces the death of Col. Coulter, of the 11th Pa. regiment on the battle-field.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Tendency of the Money Market.

Per steamer from Europe: *Times* city articles says if the weather had been unfavorable, the present tendency of the money market would have produced a panic. The market was calmer Tuesday.

Williamsburg Evacuated and Reported Burned.

FORT MONROE, Aug. 21.

Williamsburg was evacuated by the Union troops at four o'clock, P. M. yesterday. The rear guard was under command of Maj. Stetson, and consisted of the 5th Pennsylvania. It is reported that Williamsburg was burned last night, but it needs confirmation.

War News.

GENERAL POPE has issued a special order publishing Halleck's dispatch, and compliments Banks highly for his gallant and intrepid conduct at the late battle.

GOVERNOR MORTON of Indiana, telegraphs to-night that he has nearly thirty thousand men in the field, being enough almost to fill both quotas, and one regiment has left for the seat of war.

THERE are 650 rebel prisoners in the Gratiot street (St. Louis,) place of confinement, including E. W. Johnson, a brother of General Joe Johnson, and his wife.

SEVEN regiments of the new levy have left the State of New York for Washington, within a few days: and sixteen more regiments are under marching orders to go forward before the 1st of September.

THE new regiments from Pennsylvania are going forward at the rate of three a day.

THE new new regiments of Massachusetts and other New England States have also commenced moving, and a number of them are already near Washington.

BEFORE the end of the month at least a hundred thousand of the new levy of three hundred thousand from the Eastern States will be in active service, and some fifty thousand from the West.

A clergyman in Chicago, last Sabbath, preached an excellent war sermon from the following text, which is remarkable for its application to the Southern rebellion. The text is in the 17th chapter of Proverbs, 11th verse:

"An evil man seeketh only rebellion; therefore a cruel messenger shall be sent againts him."

These words are most opportune, both as regards the rebels and the policy the Government should pursue towards them.

EXTRACT from General Orders issued August 14th, 1862, from the War Department:

2. Volunteers to fill up the new regiments now organizing, will be received and paid the bounty and and advanced pay, until the 22d day of this month, and if not completed by that time, will be consolidated, and superfluous officers mustered out.

3 Volunteers to fill the old regiments will be received and paid the bounty and advanced pay until the first day of September.

"The draft for Three Hundred Thousand Militia, called for by the President, will be made on Monday, the 4th day of September, between the hours of nine o'clock A. M., and five o'clock P. M., and continue from day to day, between the same hours, until completed."

PROVOST MARSHAL, General Farrar, at St. Louis, has given free papers to twenty one slaves—twelve of whom belonged to Willis Hoard, and nine to Thomas Gardiner. Hoard resides ten miles from this city, on the Hall's Ferry road. Gardiner lives in the vicinity. Both were arrested for rendering material aid to rebel recruits, and on proof of this fact had their slaves confiscated and made free.

THE Seventh Ward of the city of Milwaukee is chiefly inhabited by the aristocracy, who, to avoid drafting, subscribed many thousands of dollars to induce people a ofother wards to volunteer. As the draft will fall upon towns, cities and wards, the aristocratic Seventh will be nearly depopulated of its male proportion. This is a good joke on the Milwaukee Seventh.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL PAGE, of the Twenty Fourth (Milwaukee) Regiment, we learn, transmitted his resignation to the Governor of Wisconsin

THE telegraph reports the doings of Reverdy Johnson, at New Orleans. It will be seen that he has undone considerable that was done by Butler. Whether this has any connection with the rumored change of Butler for Dix, can only be conjectured. If Butler is taken from New Orleans it will probably be at his own request, and because he desires a more active field of operations.

A LADY of Cincinnati, a graduate of a Female Seminary, says: In this crisis of our distracted coutry, I am anxions to do something patriotic, provided it is genteel and lucrative. I will take the place of any proprietor of a dry goods store who will enlist for the war, and will give him half the profits while he continues in the service, and deliver up the place when he is honorably discharged, or I will do the same for any banker, or lawyer, or officeholder, or gentleman of fixed income. If half the profits should be too large to give to a common soldier, I will, instead, pay a stipend of four dollars a month to his family.

THE Legislature of Kentucky has passed a bill giving the Governor five million dollars, a secret service fund.

A bill providing for drafting was reported by the Committee on Military Affairs in the House of Representatives, and was ordered to be printed. It will speedily become a law. "Old Kaintuck" is in earnest at last.

THE military authorities, under the direction of Adjutant-General John W. Finnell, are wide awake, and will be equal to the emergency.

KENTUCKY has now mustered into service six regiments of cavalry. Five thousand are equipped and ready to march. The infantry regiments are fast filling up, and the war spirit seems to have just begun.

THE city of Washington is still disgraced by slave hunters, and alleged fugitives are arrested on the steps of the Capitol, caught in private houses and in public places and carried back to slavery. False warrants are presented and false and summary legal proceedings are gone through with, and then the victims are hurried into a close carriage and hurried back to perpetual bondage. Instances of the most heroic daring have been manifested by unfortunate fugitives, which evince their love of liberty, and purpose to possess it at any price.

COL. H. E. PAINE, of the 4th Wisconsin, has been released from military arrest, by General Butler since the death of Gen. Williams.

Cavalry for the Frontier.

SHAKOPEE, Aug. 22d, 1862.

To the Editors of the Press:

The members of the Cavalry Company on their way to the frontier met at the Court House at Shakopee.

Meeting was called to order by I. V. D. Heard, Esq., and Col. Girart Hewitt was elected Chairman.

On motion M. H. Mills was chosen Secretary.

On motion Maj. Wm. J. Cullen was nominated as Captain of the Company and elected unanimously.

The further election of officers was postponed until to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock.

On motion the Company was designated as the "Cullen Frontier Guards."

On motion Col. G. Hewitt was nominated as First Lieutenant temporarily. Carried unanimously.

On motion I. V. D. Heard was nominated as Second Lieutenant temporarily. Carried unanimously.

The members then came forward and signed the roll.

It was finally resolved that the citizens of Carver, Scott, Sibley, LeSueur, Nicollet, Blue Earth and other counties, are cordially invited to join the "Cullen Frontier Guards," in their patriotic endeavor to suppress this atrocious Indian raid.

It was also resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the St. Paul papers and in the papers of the State generally.

While the meeting progressed, reinforcements were constantly arriving, and were received with boisterous cheers.

GIRART HEWITT, President.
M. H. MILLS, Secretary.

The Late Gen. Williams and the Western Troops.

Speak no evil of the dead is a rule always to be followed, save where it contravenes justice to the living. The late Gen. Thomas Williams, at Baton Rouge, is an instance of this class. His censure yet remains on gallent Western men and officers imprisoned by his tyrannical orders. There are evidences that in his death the service has lost nothing. The New Orleans correspondent of the N. Y. *Times* writing under date of the 5th, says of this officer:

The associate general in the division is Gen. Thomas Williams, whose headquarters is at Baton Rouge. I am sorry to say that I have never heard a warm or even kindly word said of this commander. It is represented that he is a martinet of the severest kind—that he has no apparent knowledge of human nature abstractly—which is certainly true, if he drills his men according to the endurance of human nature in milder or less enervating climates than prevails in this sickly country of Louisiana. I am told that on one occasion, after a heavy drill, putting his men through exercise for hours, under a hot sun, with knapsacks and all the accoutrements, that several men eventually died from the over-exertion, and in one instance a man died ere he could reach the hospital. The consequence is that there is a great want of available men in Gen. Williams' brigade. This conduct remins me of the English officer in the Indian rebellion, who on a march lost nearly a whole company by apoplexy, because he would not let his soldiers take off their glazed leather stocks they had been accustomed to wear in the snows of Canada.

I profess to be too good a disciplinarian myself to write current rumors one hears from subordinates about camps, of officers, but I feel justified in saying what I do, from the fact that there are now in this city, under arrest, some of the officers of Gen. Williams' brigade. Among them are Col. H. E. Paine, of the 4th Wisconsin, Lieut. Col. Clarke (acting colonel), Major Bacon, Capt. Griffin and Capt. Wheeler, all of the 6th Michigan. Col. Paine's offense is refusing to turn negroes out of his camp. The Michigan officers are under arrest for refusing to give up their quarters to another regiment, before other quarters were prepared for the removed regiment.

The causes given for these arrests are of course merely the crystalizing of complaints and irritations that comanenced at Ship Island. There appears to be an "irrepressible conflict" between the officers and men and Gen. Williams. I do not say why, but it exists, and is, in my opinion, fast destroying the efficiency of the brigade, a misfortune that, these times, cannot be too much regretted.

Important from New Orleans—Gen. Butler Assessing Rich Rebels to Support the Poor.

NEW YORK, August 15.—The steamer Saxon, from New Orleans the 5th, has arrived. Gen. Butler issued an order setting forth that the need of relief to the destitute requires more extended treasures and greater outlay than have yet been made, and that, as a question of justice, the burden should fall on those who brought this great calamity on their fellow-citizens, namely:

Those individuals and corporations who have aided the rebellion with their means, and those who have endeavored to destroy the commercial prosperity of the city.

A subscription of $1,250,000 was made by corporate bodies, buisness firms, and persons whose names are given, to defend the city against the Government of the United States, whilst the cotton brokers, names also given, issued a manifesto in October, advising planters not to bring their produce to the city.

These parties are all assessed by Butler's orders for the purposes above named to the amount of $312,000, of which over $312,000 is on subscription to the $1,250,000 loan.

Eastern Kentucky.

The following extract we clip from the Cincinnati *Commercial* of the 20th:

"There is considerable solicitude for the safety of Eastern Kentucky. A letter which we publish from that quarter this morning, though furnishing no additional important news, indicates the character of the invasion into the Big Sandy Valley. Piketon is in the hands of Humphrey Marshall's advance. Humphrey is himself moving with a heavy force to the scene of his former defeats. There is no doubt but the rebels are intending to take possession of the Big Sandy region, drive the Federal force out, and bring the war to the Ohio border. We do not know what preparations are being made for the emergency, but hope the Government will not overlook that portion of the State, where the Union men are strong in feeling and opinion. The situation is such as deserves immediate attention from our authorities.

Miscellaneous.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF STATE, SAINT PAUL, Aug. 4, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 6th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD. Said wood to be paid for in State warrants, and delivered at State Capital, as required.

CHARLES SCHEFFER, State Treasurer.

a20-td

FRESH SUGARS.

Fifteen tons, just received per "Itasca" and "War Eagle" including fair to choice N. O., O. A. and Havana, bought before the recent advance, at low figures, for cash.

a20-tf COOLEY, TOWER & CO.

WANTED

A PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE,

With cylinder from 6 to 8 inch bore, and 14 to 20 inch stroke.

Any person having one of the above dimensions and wishing to dispose of it at a low figure, can hear of a purchaser by applying to

CHARLES D. ELFELT,

a16-d3t&w1 St. Paul.

GOT 'EM.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK,

for September.

DAVENPORT'S GOT 'EM.

CHICAGO PAPERS,

NEW YORK PAPERS,

GOT 'EM.

LEDGER FOR THIS WEEK,

GOT 'EM.

In fact DAVENPORT'S got everything, except a few things he hain't got.

CALL AND SEE.

a16-y

ARMY REGULATIONS.

CAMERON'S U. S. TACTICS,

HARDEE'S TACTICS,

BEADLE'S DIME TACTICS,

MARIEES, THIRD PART LES MISEBABLES,

Just received at

COMBS' BOOKSTORE.

jy31-1y

MILITARY GOODS.

ANOTHER NEW LOT.

SWORDS,

SASHES,

BELTS,

BUGLES,

SHOULDER STRAPS,

AND LETTERS, &c., &c.,

Just received from the Chicopee manufactory, and for sale cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

L. P. FOSTER,

a19-3t Just east of American House.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS,

SADDLERY, HARDWARE AND TOOLS.

LEATHE BELTING.

KESSLER & RIEHL,

TANNERS AND CURRIERS,

Keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete stock of

LEATHER and FINDINGS, SADDLERY HARDWARE and TOOLS,

LEATHER BELTING, ENAMELED CLOTHS AND LEATHER, &c., &c., &c.

All of which they are now offering at prices to suit the times.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS.

☞Cash paid for Hides and Furs.☜

jun18-d1y

BYERS & POLLOCK

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE

OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,

JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.

nov14-1&w1y

To Destroy—Rats, Roaches, &c.
To Destroy—Mice, Moles and Ants.
To Destroy—Bed-Bugs.
To Destroy—Moths in Furs, Clothes, &c.
To Destroy—Mosquitoes and Flies.
To Destroy—Insects on Plants and Fowls.
To Destroy—Insects on Animals, &c.
To Destroy—Every form and species of Vermin.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS,

THE

"ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN,"

Destroys Instantly

EVERY FORM AND SPECIES OF

VERMIN.

HOUSEKEEPERS—troubled with vermin need be so no longer, if they use "COSTAR'S" Exterminators. We have used it to our satisfaction, and if a box cost $5 we would have it. We had tried poisons, but they effected nothing; but "COSTAR'S" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Bed-bugs, quicker than we can write it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina [O.] Gazette.*

MORE GRAIN and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin, than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster [Wis.] Herald.*

"COSTAR'S" RAT, ROACH, &c., EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC POWDER, FOR INSECTS, &c., in 25c, 50c and $1.00 boxes, bottles and flasks, $3 and $5 size for plantations, ships, boats, hotels, &c., &c.

☞SOLD EVERYWHERE—by all Wholesale Druggists in the large cities.

Some of the Wholesale Agents in New York City.—Shieffelin Brothers & Co.; R. A. Fahnestock, Hull & Co.; A. B. & D. Sands & Co.; Wheeler & Hart; James S. Aspinwall; Morgan & Allen; Hall, Rucket & Co.; Thomas & Fuller; P. D. Orvis; Horral, Ridley & Ketcheon; Bush, Gale & Robinson; M. Ward, Close & Co.; McKisson & Robbins; D. S. Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Lazelle, Marsh & Gardner; Hall, Dixon & Co.; Conrad Fox, and others.

Also, all Wholesale Druggists at Philadelphia, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; and by Druggists, Grocers, Storekeepers and Retailers generally in all Country Towns and Villages in the United States.

AT ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA,

☞Sold by DAY & JENKS.

☞Country Dealers can order as above, or address orders direct—for if price, terms, &c., is desired, send for (1862) Circular, giving reduced prices) to HENRY R. COSTAR,

Principal Depot—No. 512 Broadway—(Opposite the St. Nickolas Hotel,) New York. a21-d&w3m

FORT SNELLING AND ST. PAUL PACKET,

POMEROY,

CAPTAIN E. BELL,

MAKES THREE TRIPS DAILY.

Leaves St. Paul at 7 A. M., 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Leaves Ft. Snelling at 8 A. M., 11 A. M. and 6 P. M.
Leaving as above and connecting with the morning and evening down-river Packets.

a19-d1f

Miscellaneous.

REMOVAL.

JOHN GETZ

Has removed his stock of

TOYS, FANCY GOODS AND CONFECTIONARIES,

TO

ROGERS' BLOCK,

Third Street, opposite the Express Office,

Where he will continue to sell all goods in his line cheaper than ever.

Thanking his friends and patrons for past favors, he would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. a12-2w

HO! FOR THE 8TH REGIMENT

Corcoran Relief Guards!

IRISHMEN TO THE RESCUE!

LIEUT. M. J. O'CONNOR,

$165 Bounty!

$50 Public Bounty in Ramsey County!

$5 per month from the city or county!

$40 on being mustered into the United States service.

$75 by United States when discharged.

☞Recruiting office opposite Sheehy's Grocery Store, 3d-st., St. Paul. a14-1

SAINT PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The trains will run until further notice on the following time table:

TIME TABLE NO. ONE.

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5.30 A. M.	5.55 A. M.	7.00 A. M.	7.30 A.M.
9.00 "	9.25 "	10.00 A. M.	10.30 A M.
2.00 P. M.	2.25 P. M.	3.00 P. M.	3.30 P. M.
5.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.	6.30 "	7.00 "

WILLIAM CROOKS,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.

jy2 dtf

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the Winslow, American International and Merchants, or at our office.

Fare to St. Anthony or Minneapolis, including omnibus tickets at both ends of Railroad, 60 cents.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

SALE OF PINE SAW LOGS.

Notice is hereby given, that the Pine Saw-Logs now in the Mississippi river at and above the St. Paul Boom, marked as follows: Letters J. N. T. made in combination [(swing girdle, notch), also ((notch) letters J. N. T. made in combination ((notch), also)) ((swing girdle, two notches), and seized by the undersigned for and on behalf of the United States, in pursuance of instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, the same having been cut on land the property of the U. S., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, *for cash*, in St. Paul, opposite the Post Office, on Thursday, the 21st day of August, 1862, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Surveyor General's Office, St. Paul, August 13th, 1862. W. D. WASHBURN,

Surveyor General of the U. S. for the

a14-td District of Minnesota.

CARPETS.

CASH TRADES

ARE

ALWAYS BARGAINS.

CALL AT

JOSEPH BUGBEE'S

New Carpet Store,

Facing the River,

THIRD STREET,.....ST. PAUL.

a12-3m

BUGGIES.

We have just received and have now on hand a few

Eastern Made Buggies

AND LIGHT BUSINESS WAGONS,

and expect to receive in the next few weeks

A GOOD ASSORTMENT,

Which we will sell for cash, at extreme low figures and warrant them made of

GOOD MATERIALS

a12-1m J. & C. M. DAILEY.

NOTICE.

OFFICE ST. PAUL & PACIFIC R. R. Co., SAINT PAUL, August 13th, 1862.

On and after August 15th, the train leaving Saint Paul, at 11.45 A. M., will leave at 2 o'clock P. M., arrive at St. Anthony at 2.25 P. M., and the train leaving Saint Anthony at 2.30 P. M. will leave at 5 o'clock P. M., arriving at Saint Paul at 3.30 P. M.

WILLIAM CROOKS,

a14-2t Superintendent.

CALL AT

D. D. MERRILL'S

For the Best Styles of

PHOTOGRAPH

ALBUMS.

"*CARTES DE VISITE*"—And views to suit all.

U. S. Army Regulations, U. S. Infantry Tactics, and a fresh supply of

NEW BOOKS.

America Before Europe—*De Gasparin.*
Among the Pines.
Elsie Venner.
Recreations of a Country Parson.
Spare Hours.
Leisure Hours about Town.
Artemus Ward.
Parson Brownlow's Book.
Cecil Dreme, John Brent, and
Edwin Brotherton. a10tf

MILITARY GOODS.

CAMPBELL,

Has just received a fresh lot of fine goods. The only place in this city where a complete outfit can be found. Officers' uniforms made on short notice.

No. 2 Bernheimer's Block, 3d-st.,

a12-2w St. Paul.

A. F. KNIGHT,

ARCHITECT,

Will furnish designs, Plans, Details, Specifications and Estimates for buildings of every kind, got up in the best style for the reduced price of one per cent on estimated cost, and will, if required, superintend the erection of the same, both in the city and country, at equally low rates. Office in French's Block, Third street, St. Paul, Minnesota. myz8-6m

TAX DEEDS.

THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY

Have now on hand the latest and best form of tax deeds. It is suitable for sales under the several acts of the Legislature, and in conformity with all their requisitions, and is prepared by the State authorities

Price 50 cents per dozen, or $3 per hundred.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

We, the undersigned, have this day dissolved partnership. The business will be carried on in the name of J. H. Byers. All debts and demands will be settled by J. H. Byers.

St. Paul, August 18, 1862.

a19-1w J. H. BYERS, S. L. POLLOCK.

BALMORALS.

ANOTHER NEW LOT.

GENT'S,

LADIES',

MISSES',

BOYS' AND

CHILDRENS',

Comprising all the Fall Styles.

Just received and for sale cheap.

L. P. FOSTER,

a19-3t Just east of American House.

COOLEY, TOWER & COMPANY,

Branch of COOLEY & TOWER (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & Co.,) St. Louis,

(ESTABLISHED 1843,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers. August 3, 1862.

DRY GOODS

AT COST.

HOGAN & CAMP

Offer their entire stock of

Summer Dress Goods,

SUMMER SHAWLS,

CLOAKS, PARASOLS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

AND ALL

SUMMER GOODS

AT COST.

a6-y

WALTER W. WEBB.

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines & Liquors,

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.

AND MONTREAL MALT WHISKY.

I find that the impression prevails that pure Foreign Wines and Brandy cannot be obtained in St. Paul. I wish to assure the citizens and others that they can safely rely upon getting pure, unadulterated Wines, Brandies and Gin from me, equal to any imported. W. W. WEBB.

Also, London Porter, Scotch Ale, and Scotch Whisky.

LEONARD & SHEIRE,

BUILDERS,

Shop in old Baptist Church Building, on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter Work done to order.

M. SHEIRE, ARCHITECT,

Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheire's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street, near Jackson. Designs, Plans and Specifications for buildings of every description, prepared on short notice. feb18-1y

MILL-STONES.

BOLTING CLOTHS,

GRAIN SEPARATORS,

And all kinds of

MILL MACHINERY.

☞Send for a circular by mail.

PALMER & PLAMONDON,

Cor. West Water and Washington Streets (P. O. box, 1525.) CHICAGO, ILL.

W. M. LEYDE, Ag't, St. Paul. my13-d&w6m.

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY,

PLATED WARE,

CARBON OIL AND LAMPS.

LOOKING GLASSES, TIN WARE, PLAIN, PLANISHED AND JAPANNED. TABLE CUTLERY.

Constantly on hand, the most complete assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS to be found in the city.

ROBERT STREET, St. Paul, Minn.

sep22-d&w

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke,.....New York City
John G. Treadwell,.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.,....Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law,.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard,.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moore.....Boston

je13dom&wlm&wly

J. F. BLODGET,

AUDITOR OF ANOKA COUNTY,

Will pay taxes for non-residents, and furnish information in relation to lands in Anoka county.

Any information in relation to delinquent taxes furnished free of charge. mar12-d1f.

EMOVED.

EYE & EAR.

DR. UNDERWOOD

Of Chicago, Ill., the eminent and skilful operator on the Eye and Ear, whose name and fame is so extensively known throughout the United States, for his science, skill and success in performing formidable operations, and in removing difficult and dangerous diseases from those delicate organs, has arrived in St. Paul and may be consulted in INGERSOLL'S BLOCK for a short time only.

Dr. U., who is a regular Physician and Surgeon of the old school, has had an extensive experience in both hospital and private practice of twenty-eight years, and will be found competent to perform any operation necessary to restore lost sight or hearing, or by other mild and gentle means to remove any disease from those delicate organs within the reach of science and human skill.

CHRONIC DISEASES, of every grade and character, whether requiring medical or surgical treatment, POSITIVELY and PERMANENTLY CURED, when not clearly beyond the reach of science and human skill.

Dr. Underwood treats all diseases on regular and scientific principles as recognized by the medical profession both in Europe and America, and hence does not use or deal in those pretended new and never failing remedies—specifics, inhaling vapors, and clairvoyant prescriptions—which are so ostentatiously paraded before the public by those impudent traveling quacks and money-fleecing empirics, nine-tenths of whom never were inside of a medical college. Patients afflicted or laboring under diseases of long standing, can consult Dr. U. with the most confident hope and expectation of being perfectly cured, or receiving with unerring certainty all the relief that the highest skill, the most judicious and scientific treatment can possibly bestow.

AUCTION NOTICE.

We will sell all goods consigned to us, to be sold at auction, for five per cent. commission.

All sums over one hundred dollars three per cent.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

Second hand furniture bought and the highest price paid. R. & J. M. WARNER,

Je19-d3m Cor. Third & Wabashaw sts.

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,

172 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

☞Be careful to buy only the genuine je14-dw1y

ST. PAUL CHAIR FACTORY

GALLEY & JANSON,

Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail dealers in

CHAIRS!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WABASHAW STREET, BET. 5TH & 6TH, ST. PAUL.

☞We are prepared to supply the trade with the very best quality of work, made under our personal supervision, and

WARRANTED SUPERIOR

To any manufactured in the State.

Twelve years' experience in this trade, enables us to do good work in good style.

We refer to the following principal Cabinet dealers of St. Paul, who sell our work in preference to that of other manufacturers, for the reason that they consider ours the best.

J. Primrose, J. A. Stees,
F. Hildebrand, J. S. Donnison,
J. Doney, feb11: d&w1y.

FIRST CLASS BOARD.

Pleasant rooms, with board, in a delightful locality, lower town, within a few minutes walk of the International Hotel, can be obtained by addressing P. O. Box No. 1570, or applying at Miss C. A. Gill's, corner Eight and College Streets, next to the residence of John S. Prince, Esq.

je25 d3m

160 ACRES OF

Timbered Land

Will be sold at such price that the timber at fifty cents per cord wood-leave, will pay for the property.

The soil is of excellent quality, with water and meadow, and is situated within one and a half hours' drive of Saint Paul, and within five miles of the Saint Paul and Pacific Railroad at two different depots. This road is now being constructed and will be finished to Anoka the coming fall. HENRY MCENTY.

St. Paul, June 28, 1862. Dealer in Real Estate.

je28-d&w6m

FARMERS LOOK HERE!

I will sell for the next sixty days, the late improved

Fanning Mills,

(two sizes,) patented Oct. 9, 1860, by F. H. JANNY, of Rockford, Illinois, at $18 to $20 each, cash.

CAUTION.—Any one using or selling the above mills, will be required to pay for the same to the subscriber.

For peculiarity of construction and cut, see Patent Office Report for 1860, vol. 1, page 700 and vol. 2, page 322.

The exclusive right for manufacturing and selling the above Fanning Mills, for the counties of Ramsey and Dakota, is owned by F. A. Leydo.

WM. M. LEYDE, Ag't, Sibley-st.

a3-1md&w North of Merchants Hotel, St. Paul.

PRINCE & CO.'S

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

87 Fulton street.....New York.
43 Lake street.....Chicago.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tolman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Conse.....Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake st., Chicago.

Or either of the above wholesale agents.

For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul, Minnesota. apr29d&wly

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Monday, July 28, 1862, the

Prairie du Chien and Dunleith

LINE OF BOATS

Will leave St. Paul daily, at 7 o'clock P. M. The Steamer Milwaukee will leave Monday morning, as heretofore at 8 o'clock; the Key City will leave the same evening, at 7 o'clock.

This change is made in order to ensure Railroad connections. This is the only line of Boats leaving St. Paul, by which Passengers can rely upon making Railroad connections.

CHAS. THOMPSON, Agent
Prairie du Chien Railway.

S. B. FORBES, Agent Illinois Central Railroad.

jy24-d1f

RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE,

CHICAGO, ILL.

The twentieth annual session will commence October 1st, 1862, and continue sixteen weeks.

FACULTY:

Dan'l Brainard, M. D.....Surgery.
J. V. Z. Blaney, M. D.....Chemistry.
J. W. Freer, M. D.....Institutes.
J. Adams Allen, M. D.....Practice.
R. L. Rea, M. D.....Anatomy.
De Laski Miller, M. D.....Obstetrics.
Ephraim Ingals, M. D. Ther. and Mat. Med.
Edwin Powell, M. D.....Demonstrator.

FEES—$40. Dissecting and Mat. Tickets each $5. Board $2.50 to $3 per week.

For further information or circular, address

ap9-d1w&w1m R. L. REA, Sec'y, Box 533.

CATAWBA BRANDY.

The undersigned having been appointed sole Agent for the sale of

LYON'S PURE OHIO CATAWBA BRANDY,

For the State of Minnesota, calls the attention of Physicians and the public to its medicinal qualities.

WALTER W. WEBB,

St. Paul, July 28, 1862. 1y26-d&m

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME II. SAINT PAUL, TUESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1862. NUMBER 124.

The Saint Paul Press.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

☞ This paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, TUESDAY, AUGUST 26.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE TO CONGRESS.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY,
of Dakota County.

☞ SEE FOURTH PAGE.

EXTRA SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE CALLED.

Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, It has been represented to me by petitions from different parts of the State, numerously signed, that the disturbed condition of our western frontier,—hundreds of men, women and children having been already slaughtered by the Sioux Indians, and entire counties depopulated by the panic thus created;—with the necessity under which the State now labors to furnish thousands of her militia to the service of the General Government, and, at the same time, to provide promptly for the defense of a line of frontier, several hundred miles in length, against a ruthless and merciless enemy;—together with the fact, that, under our existing laws, the volunteer force already furnished, and now required from the State, and constituting nearly one-third of its entire adult, male population, are deprived of their voice in the conduct of public affairs at this most critical period, constitute such a contingency as demands the immediate assembling of the Legislature of the State.

Now, therefore, I, ALEXANDER RAMSEY, Governor of the State of Minnesota, do issue this, my proclamation, requiring that the members of both Houses of the Legislature of the State shall, on the NINTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 10 o'clock A. M., convene in extra session, at the Capitol, in the city of St. Paul, to take such action, as may be deemed necessary, for the welfare of the State and the protection of its people.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of St. Paul, this twenty-
[L. S.] third day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

ALEXANDER RAMSEY.

By the Governor,
JAMES H. BAKER,
Secretary of State.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

We present the history of the Indian war to the latest date.

The town of New Ulm is destroyed.

From the latest accounts, Col. Sibley had not left St. Peter, Sunday morning, deeming his forces insufficient.

The Governor yesterday ordered the 7th Regiment, or companies enough that are full to make a regiment, to be sent forward immediately to reinforce Col. Sibley, at St. Peter. These, with the number of mounted volunteers on the march, must make an available force under Col. Sibley of near twenty-five hundred men.

Gen Dole, Senator Wilkinson and Col. Thompson, leave to-day for Fort Ripley to hold a council with the Chippewa chief. Gov. Ramsey has detailed two companies to report to Gen. Dole in addition to the company which left for Fort Ripley a day or two ago. It is hoped that with this force at command the Commissioner will be able to preserve peace with the Chippewas, and thus prevent an outbreak on our northern borders.

By telegraph, we learn of the continued retreat of the army of Virginia, and occasional skirmishes with the enemy.

The public will be surprised to learn there is a scarcity of arms for the new regiments.

The State Department publishes a letter respecting the subjects of the draft.

Robert Slidell's property has been confiscated, and it is reported that the New Jersey First has been captured.

Hon. Charles J. Ingersoll has been arrested for uttering disunion sentiments.

New York has had another mob.

HIGHLY INTERESTING FACTS.

We have the notes of a most interesting and important narrative made last night to Governor Ramsey by *Other-Day*, the noble and heroic Indian who risked his life to save the white people at the Upper Sioux Agency, and succeded in saving about 60 of them from a horrible death. This was received too late for publication to-day, but will be given to-morrow. The facts given show there was no preconcerted rising—that only a part of the Indians are in the affair—that the murders at Acton, Meeker Co., committed by four of Little Six's band, was the beginning of the mischief. The outbreak at the Lower Sioux Agency on Monday was got up to shield these murderers from punishment by involving the whole tribe in the same guilt—that when the facts were known at the Upper Agency, the Wakpetons opposed the Sissetons, who advised the killing of the whites—that Jo. Brown's family escaped in canoes to the Fort—and many other highly important facts, which will be published to-morrow. Other-Day was last night a guest of Gov. Ramsey.

NO ARMS.

Nearly every town in the State is forming Home Guards, and sending to the capital for arms. To such, we would say that there are no arms in the city to furnish them with. All the arms at the disposal of the State authorities have been given out. There is plenty of ammunition here, which will be dealt out freely, but they must continue to rely on their shot guns and rifles at present.

Latest from the Indian War!

COL. SIBLEY AT ST. PETER.

New Ulm Again Attacked.

Most of the Town Burned Up.

MURDERS NEAR ST. PETER.

More Murders near Meeker County.

NO NEWS FROM THE FORT.

LIST OF KILLED, ETC.

Chippewas Said to be in League.

There is no later news from Fort Ridgely than what was published Sunday morning. Col. Sibley has not yet collected force enough to risk marching to their relief, and the post is completely cut off from all communication. The last heard from it was the dispatch from Lieutenant Sheehan on Thursday last.

From dispatches received at the Adjutant General's Office from Colonel Sibley, dated at St. Peter on Sunday last, we learn that he arrived there with the three companies under his command on Friday night. He has since been actively engaged in affording such aid to the beleaguered villages as his limited means would permit.

Major Fowler, with a command of fifty mounted men, left for a reconnoisance on the Fort Ridgely road Saturday morning, and returned about 2 o'clock on Sunday morning, bringing with him the bodies of an old man and two women, who were killed within two miles of St. Peter. Major Fowler reports that the destruction of property by fire along the route for miles on both sides of the road in the direction of the Agency, was beyond calculation—showing that small bodies of the enemy, supported by heavy forces in their flank and rear, were engaged in carrying out the same systematic plan of murder and devastation which has marked the brief progress of hostilities hitherto.

The mounted force under Major Cullen reached Henderson late Saturday evening, and the infantry under Col. Crooks were supposed to have reached the same point at a later hour.

New Ulm was attacked Saturday, and the fight continued till late in the evening, and great apprehensions were entertained that the force of Judge Flandrau has been cut off. The reinforcement sent by Col. Sibley of 120 men on Saturday failed to reach him in season, owing to the ferry communication having been destroyed by the enemy. Judge Flandrau had sent out 70 of his most efficient men on a reconnoitering expedition on this side of the river, who were thus prevented from returning to aid in the defense of New Ulm.

Jack Frazer, an old Indian scout, escaped from Fort Ridgley, on Wednesday night. He reports that the garrison is well supplied and able to hold out, the only fear is that the enemy may attempt to fire the roof of the stone building. All the houses and stables out side have been destroyed by the savages, which they accomplished at a sacrifice of some four or five of their number, killed or wounded. Frazer was to leave St. Peter on Sunday afternoon, and would endeavor to reach the Fort in the night, with dispatches for Maj. Galbraith, assuring him of the advance to his relief at the earliest moment practicable.

Col. Sibley ask that the 7th regiment, or companies to the number of a full regiment, be at once sent forward, fully armed and equipped. They will all be wanted and more, before the rising is subdued. He trusts that not a single man will be permitted to leave the State until the war it so far ended as to render a smaller force necessary. We have probably 4,000 or 5,000 warriors to meet sooner or later, and as it is a life and death struggle on their part, we may as well face the facts at once, as the season in which military operations can be conducted on the plains is very brief, and should be improved to the uttermost.

A later dispatch says that New Ulm, up to nine o'clock Saturday evening, was mostly burned by the savages, but the occupied portion was safe, and the probability is that the garrison would be able to hold out until relief could reach them.

MORE MURDERS NEAR MEEKER COUNTY.

L. A. Evans, Esq., Mayor of St. Cloud, writes to the Governor on Sunday last, that a committee of the most reliable citizens of that place, who had been appointed to visit the scene of the recently reported murders, and ascertain *facts*, had just returned. They went as far as Paynesville, where they found some 200 persons, from that place and Norwegian Lake; had seen and conversed with persons there that had made their escape from the Indians, who had witnessed the massacre of their friends and relations. The names of those murdered are Louis Linburg, Andrew Linburg, August Linburg, A. B. Brobeck, and their children, Daniel Brobeck, wife and two children, and John Everson. They were killed on Wednesday the 20th, at Norway Lake. The family of Mr. Foote and others were murdered at Green Lake.

Mrs. Lena Linburg, who had escaped to Paynesville from Norwegian Lake, stated on oath that she was attending a meeting held by Rev. Andrew Jackson, on Wednesday last, and while there, Audrew and Peter Brobeck came to them and said some twenty Indians were at their houses, about two miles off, when six of Linburg's family and four of the Brobecks started for home, and while going saw two Indians shoot Mrs. Brobeck and daughter; that Mr. Linburg told her that their son was shot by them, and that he did not know what had become of the rest of the boys; that she hid herself in the grass and thus made her escape.

Lewis Everson writes from Paynesville in Stearns county, that he saw the bodies of Christine Brobeck and daughter lying in the road; that the Indians had taken forty head of cattle and six wagons, and that they were loading them down with the goods stripped from the houses.

A meeting was held at Paynesville, on the 22nd, at which they united in a petition to the Governor to have a military company immediately sent there to protect the lives and property of the citizens of Stearns, Meeker and Monongalia counties for the following reasons: 1. More than seventy persons are now with us who have been driven from their homes by Indians, leaving their crops but partially harvested; 2nd. Five pursons, Mr. Jones and family, of Acton, 17 miles south of this place, have been killed Indians; 3rd. Eight persons near Norway Lake, have been murdered, and others wounded, and some still missing. 4th—Indians have been seen in our midst, within the past ten days. 5th—We have reason to believe that those who have committed these depredations were Sioux, but being on the line between them and the Chippewas, we fear from both nations. 6th—Many of our citizens have volunteered, and gone, leaving but few able bodied men in our midst, with many women and children without means of protection. 7th—We make the foregoing statements after sending out scouting parties in different directions, and ascertaining the truth of them.

The foregoing is signed by forty-one citizens.

CHIPHEWAS TO TAKE A HAND IN.

T. C. McClure, Esq., of St. Cloud, writes the Governor that Mr. Gardner, from Leech Lake, had just arrived where he had been imprisoned by the Chippewas. The Indians released him, as he states, because he was a good friend of theirs, and conducted him to Gull Lake. They told him that they were no longer at enmity with the Sioux, but that they had combined and would fight the whites. They had sent messages to the Red Lake Indians to join them at once. Mr. Gardner has been a teacher at Leech Lake, and those who have known him, say his statements can be relied on.

LIST OF THE MURDERED IN BROWN CO.

We are indebted to a slip from the *Mankato Record* for the following list of the killed in Brown County, at New Ulm and vicinity, as far as heard from, up to last Thursday evening:

Leavenworth—John Bleum; 2 Misses Bleum; Master Bleum; Mrs. Harrington; Master Harrington; Joe Emrich; Wm. Carroll; Henshaw; Jackson; May and family—2 dead, others wounded.

Milford—Mrs. Mesmer; Miss and Master Henle; Mr. Shilling; Mr. Keck; Mr. and Mrs. Pelsel; Mr. Reiner, wife and child; Mr. Haag; Mr. and Mrs. Hartman; Massapust family—4; Mr. Tuttle and 4 children; Mr. Teller; Mr. Fink, wife and son; Mr. B. Bresler; Mr. Stoeker; Mr. Messmer; John Thompson; 3 Olesons.

New Ulm—John Schneidler; E. Deitrich; Julius Fenske; Mr. Reimann; Miss Pauli; Boy Baeulme; Master Baeulme; Master Fettle; 1 man, 1 woman; Casper Hermann.

Sigel Town—A. Loomis: J. Loomis; Dewit Lemon; Wm. Tuttle; M. Loomis.

Cottonwood—Charles Lane.

EXCITEMENT ON THE ST. CROIX.

A gentleman from Hudson, Wisconsin, informs us that they have got up an Indian disturbance or an Indian scare on the western borders of that State. The people along the river on the St. Croix are coming into the towns in the wildest terror in consequence of reports regarding the Chippewas up in the woods of Wisconsin. The H. S. Allen brought down a load of women and children from Osceola on Saturday, and the people of Hudson have united in sending a petition to the Governor of Wisconsin for arms, &c., for the protection of the border. The excitement has since extended to Sunrise, above Taylor's Falls. Several Indians had been seen in the neighborhood, who were acting very strangely and very impudently, and the women and children were fleeing in consternation. Even so near St. Paul as Rice Lake and Little Canada, the settlers were skedaddling and coming to town, with the wildest of stories about the doings of the Chippewas; but as we could learn of no outrage they had committed, we think the people were far more seared than hurt.

THE EXCITEMENT OF THE LAST WEEK.

The anxiety and alarm prevading the public mind during the last week, transcends anything of the kind in the experience of the inhabitants of Minnesota. The reports received (at first not fully credited) have, alas! proved but too true. From the most reliable intelligence, it is ascertained that the upper country has been ravaged for miles, and the people either massacred, or carried into captivity. A few persons have escaped to report the sad intelligence.

Of some personal friends residing on the borders, or on the Indian reservations, we have heard nothing, but a refugee who saw three of his employees shot, and who was fired at twice himself, in answer to our inquiry respecting them, replied, "that he supposed they had shared the common fate.

The alarm has been very great and widespread, and multitudes who certainly were in no danger, and had but little cause (if any) for serious apprehension, have fled, leaving their houses, locked up, and the grain standing in the fields. Our streets have been crowded with refugees, men, women, and children—in wagons, on horseback, and on foot—fleeing as they supposed from burning dwellings, and from the Indian scalping-knife. It has been a regular *panic* and flight.

Never before had we any realization of the scenes described in the school-books of our early years—the horrors of savage warfare experienced by our fathers in the colonization and settlement of some of our older States.

Since the era of the Black Hawk war, (1832) there has been no general uprising of the Indians in the Northwest; and the actual amount of devastation and carnage at that period, were *comparatively* insignificant.

The violence of the storm is over, and such measures have been adopted as will prevent the possibility of any thing of the kind in future.

EXAGGERATED RUMORS AND REPORTS.

The whole number of Indians in this State—men, women and children—is 14,000, of which about 5,000 are Chippewas, 2,500 are Winnebagoes, and 7,200 are Sioux. The latter only are concerned in the recent rising. The whole number of warriors—that is, of adult, able-bodied males—which the Sioux Indians of western Minnesota can raise is certainly not more than 800. Supposing them to be reinforced by the Missouri Sioux. Yanktonnais and Cutheads, the whole number of warriors which they can raise this side of the Missouri is not over 800 more. So that there cannot be more than 1,600 actually in arms. If the Sioux, Chippepewa and Winnebago nations should unite in an attack upon our settlements they could not, together, raise a force of more than 3,000. But any concert between these tribes is improbable, and if such a concert were attempted they could not in any event put into the combination a force of more than 3,000 warriors.

From this it will be seen that the real danger from the Indians does not arise from their numbers, but from their subtle and skulking mode of warfare. But we have thousands of men in the State, old hunters and trappers, who are more than a match for them in all the arts of Indian warfare. Our citizens may rest assured that the irregular forces now in the field are ample for the present emergency, while the preparations which are being made for a permanent organization of our frontier defenses are more than sufficient to provide for all the contingencies of the future. We are especially happy to announce, in this connection, that Gen. Halleck, in response to Gov. Ramsey's request, has ordered the 3d Minnesota regiment to report here immediately.

This well-disciplined force will be a great addition to our means of military defense.

THE MAN AT THE JAIL.—There is a great deal of unnecessary excitement about a poor creature brought to our county jail from Wright county. It is reported in the streets that he has been living with the Sioux Indians; helped or incited them in the late massacres, was in Indian costume, painted, etc., which is all mere street rumor, without any foundation whatever. The man's name is Michael Cox. He is deranged in mind, and has been committed to our county jail for safe keeping.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, Min., August 25th, 1862.

[GENERAL ORDERS NO. THIRTY-EIGHT.]

I. Colonel Benj. Smith, Commandant of the place of General Rendezvous, at Fort Snelling, will proceed forthwith to organize one thousand men to be composed of detachments from the Seventh, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh Regiments Minnesota Volunteers, now organizing, and detail such force as soon as organized, to report without delay, to Col. H. H. Sibley, commanding expedition against the Indians.

II. The forces heretofore sent against the Sioux Indians shall be designated as the first detachment of the Indian Expedition.

III. The above-mentioned force of one thousand men shall be designated as the second detachment of the Indian Expedition.

IV. In order to expedite the transportation of the second detachment, the officer commanding the same will impress, if necessary for that purpose, horses, teams and other means of transportation, giving proper receipts and vouchers for the same.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.
OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant General.

a26-1t

A. L. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE ON THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MINNESOTA AND CEDAR STREETS,
ST. PAUL, - - - - - - - MINNESOTA,

Being a discharged soldier has learned the manner of obtaining arrears of pay, bounty and pensions due soldiers, or their representatives, and will pay particular attention to that business.

a26-2w

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

Representations having been made in this city and elsewhere that passengers by this route, and through Canada were liable to detention at Detroit. I am authorized to say that all Government passes good over any line to points beyond Canada, as New York, &c., are not questioned at Detroit, holders being allowed to proceed without delay.

Passes for all persons liable to military duty are furnished in this city by

C. P. BRADLEY, ESQ.,
Superintendent Police Department, also by
J. R. Jones, Esq., U. S. Marshal,

Persons residing out of the city, and unknown to either of the gentlemen named, will require the endorsemeat of responsible and well-known parties here or elsewhere before being able to obtain passes over any line.

No passes required for persons exempt from military duty.

H. E. SARGENT,
Chicago, Aug. 26. General Agent.

OFFERS OF AID.

The Executive Department is deluged with dispatches from all the towns within reach of the telegraph, with offers of aid to put down the Indian raid. To show the interest and excitement created all along the river, we subjoin a few of them:

DUBUQUE, August 25.

What about the Indian war? Do you want help?

THOS. J. TOWNSEND,
Surveyor General.

REED'S LANDING, August 23.

I will proceed from here on Tuesday noon, with all the force I can raise.

C. R. REED.

RED WING, August 22.

Twelve mounted men from here will report at Fort Snelling to-morrow, with arms and ammunition fit for the Indian service.

WM. W. SWEENY.

LA CROSSE, August 23.

La Crosse will send from fifty to one hundred good, solid men, armed and mounted, to aid you in Indian troubles, if you wish them, and will pay their expenses.

BRICK POMEROY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.

If Gen. Schopfuld can spare the Third Minnesota Volunteers, they will be sent to you. They either have been, or soon will be exchanged.

H. W. HALLECK.

WINONA, Aug. 25.

We think we can raise a company of mounted men in this county to suppress the Indian outbreak, to go immediately. Shall we go?

THOS. WILSON,
THOS. SIMPSON, &c.

HASTINGS, Aug. 22.

C. E. Leonard, Pt. Douglas, will furnish men and horses, if ordered directly from Washington county.

F. M. CROSBY.

ST. ANTHONY, Aug. 22.

We have a company of horse guard. Where shall we report—St. Paul, or Fort Snelling?

J. S. PILLSBURY.

LA CROSSE, Aug. 23.

Will an independent company of mounted riflemen from La Crosse, be of any service to you, to aid in subjugating Indians?

BRICK POMEROY.

RED WING, Aug. 25.

Dodge County Cavalry, for the Indian country, number one hundred men and horses.

PETER MANTOR.

LAKE CITY, Aug, 23.

I start this afternoon with about forty men well mounted and equipped, and plenty of ammunition. Will be at Saint Peter on Tuesday.

J. T. AVERILL.

OWATONNA, Aug. 24.

One hundred men passed through here to-day for St. Peter via Mankato, from Dodge county; also twenty men left our town for the Agency.

PRESCOTT, Aug. 24.

We organized a company of from sixty to seventy-five men here last night of Home Guards, who are willing to march to the assistance of the citizens of our sister States when needed and called for.

SUICIDE OF MAJOR WALKER

We were astounded to learn, last evening, that Major L. C. Walker, Chippewa Agent, committed suicide, it is supposed, on Saturday last, near Monticello. He was last seen alive crossing the ferry at that place, in a deranged state of mind, caused by the recent disturbances at the Agency. His body was found within three miles of Monticello, some sixty rods from the road, lying on the ground, with a pistol in his hand, under him. Major Walker has been a prominent citizen of this State for a number of years, was a member of the Constitutional Convention, and of the first Legislature, and several years Postmaster of St. Anthony. He was about forty years of age, and leaves a very interesting family.

New Advertisements.

CALL AT
D. D. MERRILL'S
For the Best Styles of
PHOTOGRAPH
ALBUMS.
"CARTES DE VISITE"—And views to suit all.
U. S. Army Regulations, U. S. Infantry Tactics, and a fresh supply of
NEW BOOKS.
America Before Europe—*DeGasparin.*
Among the Pines.
Elsie Venner.
Recreations of a Country Parson.
Spare Hours.
Leisure Hours about Town.
Artemus Ward.
Parson Brownlow's Book.
Cecil Dreme, John Brent, and
Edwin Brothertoft. a10tf

MILITARY GOODS.
T. B. CAMPBELL,
THIRD STREET, - - - - - - ST. PAUL.
This is the only place in the city where a complete outfit can be found.

I Offer to the Trade,
Bronzed Staff, Gilt Mounted, Line, Surgeons, and Fine Presentation
SWORDS;
CRIMSON AND GREEN SASHES;
Belts; Shoulder Straps, 1, 2 and 3 row embroidered; Bugles; Wreaths; Silver, Gilt, and Brass Letters and Figures.
REGULATION AND M'CLELLAN CAPS,
ARMY HATS.
Gold and Gilt Braid, Cord and Lace, all kinds;
DRINKING TUBES,
Sword Knots, Camp Candle-Sticks, Inkstands, Haversacks, Over-Coat Slings, and India Rubber Camp Blanket.
☞ Officers' Unifors manufactured to order on short notice.
a24-1m T. B. CAMPBELL,

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO ST. PAUL.
WINSLOW'S LINE.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Colonel Mason to be Cashiered.

News from the Army of Virginia.

Important Letter from the Secretary of State.

Tribulations of the Newspaper Correspondents.

WASHINGTON, August 24.

[*Times Dispatch.*] It is stated that Col. Rodney Mason either has been or is to be speedily cashiered for his surrender of Clarksville, Tenn. This officer commanded the 2d Ohio at Bull Run, and some charges against him found place in the papers. Shortly after the battle of Pittsburg Landing he was again accused of bad conduct, though not by Gen. Sherman, as recently stated. An elaborate defense of his conduct wss presented during the debates in the last session of Congress, by the Representative from his district.

The *Times* has the following:

BEALLON'S STATION, FOUR MILES NORTH OF RAPPAHANNOCK STATION, Aug. 22—8 A. M.

There is a lull in the firing at the river. An officer attached to Gen. Pope's headquarter has this moment arrived here, and says a general engagement is not really expected to-day, although our forces are in readiness.

NINE O'CLOCK A. M.

The cannonading is now frequent, and is interspersed with musketry vollies further to the right, up the river, where Sigel's command is at work. The main baggage train commenced passing this station at six o'clock this morning, and has taken the road to Warrenton Junction. Sigel's baggage is now passing up the Same road. This is only a necessary precaution against disaster, and must not be taken as an evidence that our army expects to get whipped.

The following is a recent letter from the Secretary of State to British Charge d'affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.

SIR:—Having informally understood from you that British subjects who had merely declared their intention to become citizens of the United States, had expressed apprehensions that they might be drafted into the malitia under the late requisitions of the War Department, I have the honor to acquaint you for their information, that none but citizens are liable to military duty in this country, and that this department has never regarded an alien who has merely declared his intention to become a citizen, as entitled to a passport, and, consequently, has always withheld from persons of that character, any such certificate of citizenship.

I have the honor to be, with high consideration, your most ob't serv't,

WM. H. SEWARD.

TO HON. WM. STUART, ETC.

1st Lieut. Ulysess Westbrook, 32d regiment Ohio Volunteers, having, while in command of a picket, allowed three men to pass beyond the lines where they were ambuscaded, and one reported killed. The President has directed his name to be stricken from the rolls.

WASHINGTON, August 25.

The recent expulsion of newspaper correspondents from the army of Virginia, and the order of the Government, forbidding transmission of intelligence from that quarter over the telegraph, has rendered the collection of reliable news extremely difficult and almost useless.

Skirmishing has been going on to a greater or less extent during the past three days, during which several attempts were made by the rebels to cross the river, but they were each time successfully repulsed, and in one instance quite a number of prisoners were captured. The troops are in good spirits.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Important News from the Potomac Army.

THE ARMY RETREATING

Reported Victory of Sigel not Confirmed.

Hon. Charles Ingersoll Arrested.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug 22.

The *Press* of this city has a letter from Pope's army, dated 22d inst., which says that Gen Sigel had captured 2,000 rebels who had crossed the Rappahannock on a bridge which was destroyed by fire, a field battery cutting off their retreat and forcing a surrender after a loss of 400 killed and wounded.

The *Bulletin* has information from a gentleman who left the Rappahannock yesterday morning, that our troops have had frequent skirmishes with the rebels while falling back from the Rapidan.

Losses on either side not serious.

Gen Pope holds the Railroad bridge as well as two commanding positions on the opposite side, which the rebels have assailed several times.

Our troops are distributed along the river, and have resisted all assaults. They will be able to maintain their position until a junction with their army corps enables them to resume the offensive.

The rebels are endeavoring to turn our right and get in the rear by the way of Warrenton.

The reported capture of 2,000 rebels by Gen Segil, is not confirmed.

The *Bulletin*, also, has a report that Hon. Chas. J. Ingersoll has been arrested for language used at a democratic meeting in Independence Square on Saturday night. Mr. Ingersoll was arrested by U. S. Marshall Schuyler, and put under bonds to answer.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, August 25.

Flour—Market dull and drooping Sales 7,000 barrels.

Wheat—Market heavy and declining.

NEWS FROM NEW YORK

Arms Wanting for the New Regiments.

A Riot in New York Quelled by Police.

Slidell's Property at New Orleans Confiscated.

First New Jersey Regiment Captured.

teamer Sunk Below Memphis.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.

The *Times'* Washington dispatch has the following important paragraphs relative to scarcity of arms for the new quota. Not long ago it was discovered that the Secretary of War, with his vigorous way of doing things, had stopped enlistments for our volunteer service just at the time when enlistments were beginning to be most needed. If it should turn out that the blunder in breaking off all the gun contracts was of equal magnitude, it will not be because the Secretary of War is not actually attempting to rectify it. Arms in abundance might have been ready now, of our own manufacture. As it is we are dependent on captured cargoes, and on going into foreign markets.

NEW YORK, August 24.

Owing to some disaffection among the troops of the empire brigade at East New York, a riot occurred Saturday afternoon their barracks were torn down and a hotel gutted; several officers were beaten, and many soldiers badly hurt. A militia company and one hundred marines were sent to aid the police in quelling the riot. One of the militia fired into the crowd, killing a Sergeant-Major of one of the regiments, a police inspector, and Folk, of Brooklyn, was very badly cut in the head with stones, and many policemen also were injured. The troops generally stampeded to Brooklyn and New York city, and in the evening only about 100 out of 2,000 were in camp. Many have been arrested since and returned by the police. The whole affair is said to have grown out of a non-reception of bounties.

Arrivals from New Orleans state that John Slidell's property is all confiscated by Gen. Butler.

All was quiet on the Rappahannock on the 21st.

Large earthworks have been thrown up, and bridges are constructed to enable our batteries to cross, if necessary.

The 1st New Jersey regiment was surrounded and had been reported captured by the enemy.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.

The steamer St. Marys from New Orleans arrived this afternoon. The health of New Orleans is good. The weather is very hot. Among the passengers is Count de Mejan, French Consul.

A Rappahannock correspondent of a Philadelphia paper states that on the morning of the 21st the rebels opened a battery on our center and continued vigorously to throw shot and shell for several hours. A little higher up it was discovered that the enemy had during the night erected a bridge over the river at this point. The most brilliant and successful affair of the day is reported to have occurred.

Federal Troops Defeated by Morgan!

LOUISVILLE, August 23.

Yesterday, near Gallatin, Gen. R. W. Johnson, of Kentucky, with 800 men, comprising part of the 2d Indiana, Wyncoops Pennsylvania, and the 5th Kentucky cavalry, under Col. Haggard, attacked 1,700 cavalry, under Morgan, and were defeated with the loss of 300 prisoners, including Gen. Johnson. The remaining 500 escaped and went to Nashville.

CAIRO, August 24.

The steamer Acacia ran on a snag 60 miles below Memphis, at one o'clock this morning, and sunk in five minutes. She had 150 passengers, six of whom were ladies. She had also a cargo of 75 tons of sutler's goods. In five minutes after sinking, she capsized, the upper deck floating off, and many passengers who clung to it were saved; but fully half were in berths asleep, and were lost. Most of the passengers were soldiers who were returning to their regiments. A number of survivors have arrived at Helena. Not less than 75 or 80 persons perished. The Captain and most of the crew were saved. The list of lost has not been received.

FOREIGN.

CAPE RACE, August 23.

The Hibernia, from Liverpool on the 14th, via Londonderry on the 15th, passed here early this morning.

Breadstuffs have a slight downward tendency.

The Tuscarora left Kingston at 1:30 A. M. of the 13th, by order of the Collector of Customs.

The conference between the representatives of cotton growing countries and a deputation of the cotton supply association had been held in London, where favorable representations of future supply were made.

Gen. Concha had presented his credentials to the French Emperor as the new Ambassador from Spain.

Moderate journals in Italy condemn Garibaldi's course.

It is generally believed that the 15th of August is fixed on for a demonstration throughout Italy, against Francis II.

Bombay dates of July 14th, report an intense excitement in the cotton market, with an advance in some instances of 50 per cent.

There was also great excitement in the Calcutta market.

LIVERPOOL, August 13.—Per Kangaroo: Flour is quiet but steady at 25a28. Wheat is quiet but steady. Red western and southern 9 and 9a11s 5d; white western and southern 11s 6da12s.

LONDON, August 12.—Breadstuffs quiet but steady.

And Echo Answers Where?

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 23.

The Richmond *Enquirer* of the 19th wants to know where their friends and reporters are that used to give them reliable information concerning the movements of Gen. McClellan's army. Where are they? We have heard nothing from them of late.

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE

PRESS PRINTING COMPY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

TERMS:

DAILY PRESS—To city subscribers, fifteen cents per week, or, if paid in advance, $7.00 per annum; $1.75 for three months. By mail—$6.00 per annum, or fifty cents per month, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$3.50 per annum; $2 for six months; $1 for three months; clubs of five at $3 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2.00; three copies, $4.00; six copies, $7.00; eight copies, $9.00; ten copies, TO ONE ADDRESS, $10.00.

War News.

THE new commander of the Department of the Ohio, Major-General Horatio G. Wright, is Major of Engineers in the regular army. He is a native of Connecticut; a graduate of West Point: has been in service since 1841, and was made Brigadier-General in the third great batch of Brigadiers in September, 1861. After his promotion he served at Hilton Head. He was senior brigadier under Port Royal Sherman in the South Carolina expedition, and is said to have been very popular with his command. Western men will be glad to learn that he is reported to have very little red tape about him and to have common sense as well as science.

THE New York *Herald* of the 20th says editorially, we are inclined to expect that General Butler's next field of operations will be South Carolina, and with the restoration of the old flag over the Custom House, Charleston will before long, be under the wholesome discipline of Gen. Butler.

NEW YORK has sent nine regiments of infantry to Washington since the first of August, and will have twenty-two regiments in the field under the call of July 2d, by the 28th inst.

PARSON BROWNLOW was, a short time since, at Utica, New York., where he wrote a letter to the Nashville *Union*, of which the following is a paragraph:

"I have nothing to disguise, Mr. Editor, in regard to this infernal rebellion. I am for crushing it out—no matter at what cost. I am for subjugation, coercion, and *extermination*, if these measures are necessary to put down the rebellion and sustain the Government of the United States. I know the origin of the rebellion, and I know the originators; and nothing short of an old-fashioned orthodox hell, that burns with fire and brimstone, will reward them adequately for their services."

THE Fredericksburg correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, in noticing the departure of Gen. Burnside's army for Culpepper, speaks of its forty regiments of infantry, besides a large force of artillery and cavalry. He also mentions large and daily accessions of artillery, cavalry and infantry.

A LETTER from Se De Kay, a participant in the battle of Baton Rouge, to the Grenada *Appeal*, says:

"Capt. Alex. A. Todd, (a brother of Mrs. Lincoln) of Gen. Helm's st ff, was instantly killed, and Capt. Willis S. Roberts, commanding the 4th Kentucky, dangerously wounded. Capt. Todd was a young gentleman of fine accomplishments, great personal daring, exceeding amiability, and the warmest home affections. But the evening before he wrote to his mother, and just before the accident he was conversing with Lieut. L. E. Payne, ordnance officer of the brigade, communicating the messages he wished conveyed home in case of his fall. Brave boy! he met his end serenely, and his body was interred by tender and loving hands."

COL. F. H. PAINE, of the Fourth Wisconsin, is now in command of the Federal forces at Baton Rouge.

IT is openly asserted by the emancipationists that the long political struggle is drawing to a close, and that the President, overborne by the pressure brought upon him, will issue a decree giving freedom to all slaves, and this before the 15th of September.

A LETTER from a Cincinnati merchant, now in New Orleans, dated August 9th, says:

"Secessionists, who sit with me at table, and who, I believe, aside from the political gulf that separates us, are my friends, assure me that New Orleans will soon be attacked by the Confederates—not with any hope of holding it against our fleet, but to procure the destruction of the city. Though the report is almost too infernal to believe, they assert positively that the Confederate authorities would rather see this city in ruins, though many of their friends and much of their property are carefully protected by the Federal authorities, than allow it to remain under the peaceful control of the United States Government."

CASSIUS M. CLAY arrived at Pittsburg on the 20th inst., and was serenaded at the Monongahela House. He made a long speech to a large audience. His remarks were principally denunciatory of England.

—Advices per steamer Champion state that affairs on the Isthmus of Panama are likely to continue unsettled for a long time, and to result in its separation from the general government and in independence. The presence of the United States frigate Saranac at Panama, it is said, has alone prevented the negroes from attacking the city.

—A movement is on foot in Wisconsin to organize a "Methodist Regiment." It promises to be successful.

—The drafted men of 1814 received no bounty, but, on the contrary, had to furnish their own equipments, including gun, knapsack, canteen, cartridge-box, and twenty-four rounds of ammunition. Their pay from the government was $8 per month. Offers of substitutes were numerous, but few were accepted.

REBEL DEBTS.—Figures are given in the rebel newspapers showing the present indebtedness of the Confederate Government to be $410,000,000. Of this amount, $45,000,000 is due to soldiers; $50,000,000 to Banks; $65,000,000 for property seized: $45,000'000 for State aid; to be reimbursed; $1,000,000 on Treasury notes; War loans $65,000,000.

A CAMP of instruction for 50,000 men has been arranged near Clouds' Mills, some four miles from Alexandria. Thither, as fast as they arrive, the new regiments are sent, and commence at once the drill necessary to fit them for the field and the suppression of Confederates. Brig. Gen. Casey, of Pennsylvania, who has distinguished himself in several battles in Virginia, will have charge of the whole affair, and will doubtless well and speedily perform this most important duty. By the time the extreme hot weather is over, the men will be fitted for active service; and then woe unto the now rejoicing chivalry. The entire number will reach here in ten days, it being the intention to forward them at the rate of 5,000 per day.

THE Richmond *Dispatch* urges upon the rebel Congress, now in session, the absolute necessity of extending the conscription act to all persons within the ages of sixteen and fifty-seven years—the material between eighteen and thirty-five being now exhausted. By this means it is believed the rebels will be able to raise a force equal to the 600,000.

MANY years ago Henry Clay predicted that if the South should ever provoke a war with the North, the inevitable result would be the extinction of slavery.

THE intelligence received by the Europa of the movements of Garibaldi represent the excitement as still increasing. The news brought by the Europa is only two days later than that by the Anglo Saxon, but during these two days the 800 adventurers which he had collected according to the London *Times*, have grown into an army of 50,000 volunteers. The enthusiasm of the people for him, we now learn, is tremendous. He has held a council of war, and it has been determined to march forthwith upon Rome.

News from Paris.

"Malakoff," of the New York *Times*, writes as follows respecting American affairs in Europe:

M. de Persigny declared, a few days ago, that France, England and Russia had come to terms on the subject of mediation, and that such an offer would soon be made at Washington. He even went so far as to indicate the mode of procedure. The offer was to be made simultaneously, but separately, and in the most amicable way. They were to recommend a cessation of hostilities, and the appointment of commissioners from either side to meet and agree upon the terms of separation. If the government of Washington should reject the offer, then France, taking the lead as she had done in Syria, Mexico and elsewhere, was to become the war party, and she would commence by recognizing the South. But both while offering mediation and recognizing the South, she was to protest to the United States that these were only peaceable acts, which need not necessarily bring a rupture. At the same time, however, she would make such a dispiay of force in the American waters as would prove to the United States that she was prepared for any emergency.

It is creeping out, little by little, that the presence of the Orleans Princes in the army of the United States was really a cause of estrangement to the French government, and that the subject was regarded here in a still more serious light than in the United States or in England. In that view of the case it was well, therefore, that other causes intervened to call the Princes home, for there was no need of creating ill feeling on extraneous and collateral questions. The statement has just been made here, in the *Presse*, that since the date of the conversion of the ministerial journals to secessionism corresponds to that of the entry of the Orleans Princes into the staff of General McClellan, that it was therefore legitimate to infer that this entry had something to do with that conversion; but the sympathy of the Minister of the Interior with the rebellion, and his control over the press, is a much better explanation.

The Mexican expedition is getting off as rapidly as possible. There is nothing new in regard to the designs of the French after they have taken the capital. It would still not be surprising if the party of moderation and of limited measures should prevail.

A subscription has been started here, and liberally signed, in aid of the Sanitary Commission on the Peninsula.

The Emperor is going to make a speech, on the 15th of August, to the diplomatic corps, on which occasion he is expected to refer to American, Mexican and Italian affairs. The announcement has caused great excitement.

Latest from Kansas.

From the Leavenworth Conservative, 20th.

Reports were rife yesterday that Col. Cloud had met the rebels in large force at Montevallo, on Saturday—that our men had been defeated and Col. Cloud killed. It is known that Col. Cloud left Fort Scott on Wednesday night with about 1,000 men; that he was followed on Thursday night by Gen. Blunt, who marched in great haste, pressing wagons to carry the infantry. Montevallo is about thirty miles from Fort Scott in a south-easterly direction.

John Ross, the Cherokee Chief, arrived here yesterday with his family. He regrets exceedingly the return of the Indian Expedition. It arrived there at a favorable moment to take possession of the country. Gen. Pike was dispirited and deficient in troops and supplies. Col. Cooper took fright, abandoned Fort Gibson, and began a hasty retreat.

The Indians everywhere were well disposed, and thousands came to our standard. At such a time it was most unfortunate that we were unable to pursue our victory and accomplish substantial results. Chief Ross will leave here for Washington, where his counsels will be of great advantage to the Government.

We have advices from Kansas City by telegraph up to 8 o'clock last evening. There had been no attack upon that post although the danger hardly seemed less than on Sunday. Gen. Blunt was reported to be at Harrisonville with a large force, and Gen. Fitz Henry Warren at Lone Jake with the 1st Iowa cavalry and other troops.

Every able bodied man in Kansas City is under arms. Col. Barris and Major Ransom are well supplied with artillery and cavalry, and an additional force will be sent them from Fort Leavenworth this morning. Every preparation that could be made has been made to protect the city in case of attack.

It is reported that a part of the rebel force in Jackson county has gone to Lexington, and that a fight is expected there. Gen. Totten had already reached that place, and the forces from Warrensburg and Sedalia have been concentrated.

On the whole the news is more favorable, but there is still much uncertainty about the immediate future.

Shall the Government be Saved?

From the Cincinnati Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.

"If Folly can destroy this Government," wrote a clear thinker, some weeks ago, "it will be destroyed." "If Men can save this Government," he may be answered, "the Government will be saved."

If *men* can save this Government, the Government will be saved. Give us now a generalship that attacks, instead of waiting for an inferior force to attack us; give us a virile policy, and an honestly earnest wielding of our powers, and these swarms from the North will need but the autumn to pour down to the Gulf.

THE OLD CONTINENTALS.

Let us awaken the memories of that glorious struggle, and re-animate our patriotism with the "drum and trumpet" lines of Guy Humphrey McMaster, wherein the battle of Bunker Hill is celebrated in verse that sounds like the roll of drums and the rattle of musketry:

In their ragged regimentals
Stood the old Continentals,
Yielding not,
When the Grenadiers were lunging,
And like hail fell the plunging
Cannon shot;
When the files
Of the Isles,
From the smoky night encampment,
Bore the banner of the rampant
Unicorn,
And grummer, grummer, grummer,
Rolled the roll of the drummer,
Through the morn!

Then with eyes to the front all,
And with guns horizontal,
Stood our sires;
And the balls whistled deadly,
And in streams flashed redly
Blazed the fires:
As the roar
On the shore
Swept the strong battle breakers
O'er the green sodded acres
Of the plain;
And louder, louder, louder,
Cracked the black gun-powder
Cracking amain!

Now like smiths at their forges
Worked the red St. George's
Cannoniers;
And the "villainous salt-petre"
Rung a fierce discordant metre
Round our ears;
As the swift
Storm drift,
With hot sweeping anger,
Came the horse guards clangor
On our flanks.
Then higher, higher, higher,
Burned the old fashioned fire
Through the ranks!

Then the old fashioned Colonel
Galloped through the white infernal
Powder cloud;
And his broad sword was swinging,
And his brazen throat was ringing
Trumpet loud.
Then the blue
Bullets flew
And the trooper jackets reddon
At the touch of the leaden
Rifle breath.
And rounder, rounder, rounder,
Roared the iron six pounder
Hurling death.

Commodore Porter.

Captain W. D. Porter, of the gunboat Essex, who has just made himself so deservedly famous by the destruction of the rebel iron-clad ram Arkansas, is the son of the late Commodore Porter, whose exploits in the last war are remembered. One of our contemporaries has confounded him with Com. Porter, the commander of the mortar fleet, who recently left Washington on leave of absence for his home.

Captain Porter is the commander of the Essex, which vessel he has had constructed under his especial supervision. He is the same who made so gallant a fight at Fort Henry in February last, where he was wounded by the splinters from a shot and afterwards so severely scalded that he lay at St. Louis for several weeks at the point of death. The flesh was completely stripped from the greater part of his body, and at a very late date his eyes were weak in consequence of injuries there received. It will be recollected that nearly fifty lives were lost by the explosion of the boilers of the Essex.

So soon as he was able to attend to his duties he asked the permission of the government to reconstruct the Essex according to his own plan. So soon as his boat was finished he started down to Vicksburg, and reached there in time to exchange shots with the Arkansas, though unable to move from his position on account of a burnt boiler. His next operation was to co-operate with the ram Lancaster in destroying the Arkansas, which failed for want of concert of action by Commodores Davis and Farragut. Since then it appears he has again engaged her single handed, and in his own expressive words "blew her up."

Better Late Than Never.

The order of the War Department announcing that Major and Brigadier Generals' commissions are hereafter to be bestowed only upon meritorious subordinate officers of the regular and volunteer armies should have been issued in the first instead of the eighteenth month of the war; but still it comes better "late than never." It is simply monstrous that adroit politicians and impudent lawyers should have secured positions in the army that properly belonged to men who were perilling their lives upon the field. Two more general orders from the War Department are required; one providing that incompetent and drunken officers shall be dismissed from the service, and the other providing for the promotion of brave and capable men from the ranks, where it is deserved. Not another officer of any grade should be appointed from civil life. —*N. Y. World.*

BUSINESS LOCALS

24 HOURS TIME SAVED.—By taking the morning boat out of St. Paul, passengers going East arrive at the point of destination 24 hours in advance of those taking the afternoon boat of the same day. Purchase tickets of

C. L. WOOD, Ticket Agent,
a19-tf LaCrosse and Milwaukee R. R.

NOW READY.—The Rules of Practice adopted in general session of the Judges of this State and published by the PRESS PRINTING COMPANY, are now ready for delivery—price fifteen cents per copy, or $1.50 per dozen. These rules go into effect on the first of September, and will have all the authority and force of law. Every lawyer in the State must have a copy. Remittances may be made in bank notes or postage stamps.

LAND FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—1,080 acres in Mower County, well adapted for sheep and stock, low for cash, or for good unencumbered property in St. Paul, or a farm in its vicinity. Address box 1892, St. Paul Post Office. nov3

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.—The St. Paul City Mills, at the Upper Levee, is one of the best MERCHANT MILLS in the State. The proprietor keeps constantly on hand a CHOICE article of FAMILY FLOUR, made from the best Winter and Club Wheat. Also, Meal, Bran, Shorts, Middlings, &c. For sale low at wholesale and retail
a10-tf C. H. H. BAKER.

OUR HOUSE, THIRD STREET, OPPOSITE ARMORY HALL, H. F. E. VITT, PROPRIETOR.—This old established house is in full operation, and is prepared to furnish meals at all hours of the day or night. The bar is supplied with the very best liquors. The larder is always full. Oysters at 25 and 30 cents per dozen. Hot Coffee, Steaks, &c., &c. Give me a call.
feb26-d1y H. F. E. VITT.

NOTICE.—No one is authorized to make bills or otherwise contract debts for the PRESS office except the secretary, Mr. Bradley.

AT WHITNEY'S GALLERY. — PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.—The largest, most elegant and CHEAPEST assortment ever brought to St. Paul. a2-tf

CARBON OIL.—Just received, on consignment, and for sale to dealers, FIVE HUNDRED BARRELS best No. 1 Carbon Oil. D. T. WATSON,
a3-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

LAND WARRANTS, Half Breed and Revolutionary Scrip—all sizes—prices.
jy28 THOMPSON BROS.

FRESH SUGARS.

Fifteen tons, just received per "Itasca" and "War Eagle" including fair to choice N. O., O. A. and Havana, bought before the recent advance, at low figures, for cash.
a20-tf COOLEY, TOWER & CO.

DEVOTED TO FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$2,488,138 19,

PHŒNIX,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
DEVOTED TO FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.

ASSETS OF THE
PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$527,250 96.

CITY FIRE,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
$325,000.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY
Mutual Life Insurance Company,
OF WISCONSIN.
ESTABLISHED IN SAINT PAUL, 1862, AT THE OFFICE OF

O. CURTIS,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,
a1-1y Corner of Third and Minnesota-sts.

H. J. BRAINARD & CO.'S MILLS,

SITUATED ON PHALON'S CREEK, WHERE THE STILLWATER ROAD CROSSES.

This Mill is just completed, and is in good running order. Our machinery embraces all the latest improvements, and was got up in the East, without regard to expense. It has two run of Burrs, which will be kept running night and day, so that farmers coming from a distance can be accommodated without much delay.

The need of a first class Mill of this kind has long been felt by the citizens of St. Paul and vicinity. We have secured the services of James Craigie, who has made milling the business of his life, and in whom we can place entire confidence.

All kinds of grain will be weighed when brought to the Mill, and also when taken away, if desired. We feel confident in saying to the public that we can make as good Flour and as great a yield to the bushel as any Mill in Minnesota, and respectfully solicit a fair trial.

Also a new Mill for grinding corn in the ear.

☞ All work done at this Mill is warranted.
ap30d&w1y.

A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE
FOR $750.

A charming residence in Willis' Addition, built by the owner for his own use, with every comfort and convenience—well of pure water, stable and out-buildings, and a yard with shrubbery and gravel walks.

The house is not a mere shell or balloon, but built to resist the cold of our winters and the heat of our summers, and is located in an airy and cheerful neighborhood.

St. Paul, June 28, 1862.
HENRY MCKENTY,
e28 d&w6m Dealer in Real Estate.

FURNITURE.

JOHN PRIMROSE
Manufacturer and Dealer in
CABINET AND CHAIR
FURNITURE,
OF EVERY VARIETY.

Keeps constantly on hand a complete assortment of
PARLOR,
CHAMBER,
DINING-ROOM,
FURNITURE,
OF ALL STYLES, AND OF SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP.

Most of my Furniture is of my own manufacture, made of thoroughly seasoned material and equal to the best there is made in the U. S. A.

As a nimble sixpence is always better than a slow shilling, I am determined to sell a very light shade above cost. Everybody is respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing.

☞ REMEMBER PLACE: Stone Building—Third Street—above the Bridg. St. Paul Minn. je24d1y

WM. ILLINGWORTH,
Watch Manufacturer.
—AND—
TOWN CLOCK BUILDER!
SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK.
JACKSON-ST., - - - ST. PAUL.

Having had over THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE in the best Watch Factories in England and America, he feels himself competent to do anything in his line

A LITTLE SUPERIOR

to any other establishment in the Northwest.

☞ N. B.—Persons wishing to perfect themselves in the business, will be received under instruction on VERY MODERATE TERMS.

☞ Fine work done and Clock and Watch Wheels cut for the trade at low rates. mr1y

PALMER'S PURE
VINEGAR.

This is the kind of Vinegar that should be used by all housekeepers for

PICKLES
AND THE
TABLE.

It is warranted pure and wholesome, and to give perfect satisfaction wherever used. Try it,

AND YOU WILL HAVE NO OTHER.

For sale at our works on Sibley street, and by all grocers who have an eye to keeping

CHOICE GOODS FOR SALE.

C. C. LEWIS & CO.

D. NEWELL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

☞ Office over Dana's Bank, Third Street, between Jackson and Robert streets, St. Paul Minnesota. my25 d1y

THREE OR FOUR BOARDERS

Can get pleasant rooms, with new furniture, and excellent table, by addressing Box 1250, St. Paul Post Office. The house is about one mile from the Winslow House, on the Bluff in Upper Town, and has extensive grounds, shade trees, &c.
jy25-dtf

JOHN A. STEES,
UNDERTAKER,
CORNER THIRD & MINNESOTA STREETS,
ST. PAUL, MIN.
Sole agent for Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.
jan5d&w1y.

FOR RENT,
THE RESIDENCE OF GEN. DANA,
With or without the
FURNITURE.
Enquire of
jy29-tf H. F. MASTERSON.

Miscellaneous.

REMOVAL.

HAYDEN, KAY & CO.,

Have removed to

Nos. 45 and 47 Lake St.,

Where they are prepared to show CASH BUYERS of

SADDLERY HARDWARE
AND
Carriage Trimmings

The largest and best assorted stock to be found in the NORTHWEST, embracing

SPRINGS AND AXLES, HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, &c., &c.,

CARRIAGE BODIES AND SEATS, ENAMELED CLOTH, PATENT LEATHER,

Also a large assortment of

Horse Collars and Blankets, Whips and Lashes, Skirting, Bridle, Collar and

HARNESS LEATHER,

All of which will be offered at

Prices that will not be Undersold.

Agents for

MOWRY'S SPRINGS AND AXLES, CROCKET'S VARNISHES.

Dole's Hub Boxing Machine and Hollow Augers.

P. HAYDEN, New York. W. V. KAY, Chicago. P. WILSON, Cincinnati, O.
a23-3md

SAILING DAYS OF THE
LAKE SUPERIOR STEAMER
WATER WITCH,
CAPT. B. SWEENEY,

LEAVES CLEVELAND AT 8 P.M.		LEAVES DETROIT AT 10 A.M.	
Wednesday,	May 7	Thursday,	May 8
Tuesday,	May 20	Wednesday,	May 21
Monday,	June 2	Tuesday,	June 3
Friday,	June 13	Saturday,	June 14
Wednesday,	June 25	Thursday,	June 26
Tuesday,	July 8	Wednesday,	July 9
Monday,	July 21	Tuesday,	July 22
Friday,	Aug. 1	Saturday,	Aug. 2
Wednesday,	Aug. 13	Thursday,	Aug. 14
Tuesday,	Aug. 26	Wednesday,	Aug. 27
Monday,	Sept. 8	Tuesday,	Sept. 9
Friday,	Sept. 19	Saturday,	Sept. 20
Wednesday,	Oct. 1	Thursday,	Oct. 2

S. P. BRADY & CO.
CAPT. E. B. WARD, Detroit, owner of boat.
je25-d3m

FLORENCE SEWING
MACHINE AGENCY,

One door East of Davenport's Bookstore, on Third Street.

The "FLORENCE" SEWING MACHINES make FOUR DIFFERENT stitches on one and the same machine. Thus the LOCK, DOUBLE-LOCK, KNOT AND DOUBLE-KNOT, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric. Either or all can be produced while the Machine is in motion.

They have the REVERSIBLE FEED MOTION, which enables the operator to have the work carry either way, or to change the direction, and fasten the end of seams, welch, together with making a long and a short stitch, is done simply by turning a thumb screw.

Their motions are all positive. There are no springs to get out of order. They are so simple that the most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease. They are NOISELESS, and can be used where quiet is necessary.

They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD, making five stitches to each revolution. They oil no dresses. Their stitch is the wonder of all, because of its combined ELASTICITY, STRENGTH and BEAUTY.

Prices No. 1, $47.00, No. 2, $57.00, No. 3, $67.00, No. 4, $72.00, No. 5, $77,00, No. 6, $82,00, No. 7 Cabinet opener, $90,00, No. 7 Cabinet cased, $95.00, Mahogany $97.00, Rosewood $105.00. Hemmers and all necessary tools included in the above prices.

On hand different kinds of lower priced Machines. Call and see the "Florence Machines."
jy15-dtf G. W. BABCOCK.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF RAMSEY COUNTY BONDS AND SCRIP.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, July 21st, 1862.

Resolved, That the County Scrip and all over due Bonds of this County, (except Fort Street Bonds,) may be exchanged for Bonds running fifteen years, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. premium, payable semi-annually in Cash; and the Board shall levy annually an amount sufficient to meet such interest.

Resolved further, That all Bond holders who are willing to receive such new Bonds may, if they desire so to do apply one tenth of the over due Bonds so to be exchanged upon County Taxes prior to 1860.

T. M. METCALF,
jy25 d3w County Auditor.

ICE! ICE! ICE! ICE!

The undersigned will furnish ICE to CITY CUSTOMERS AND BOATS As usual during the season of 1862.
CHAS. SYMONDS.
ap29-d1m

PURE CIDER VINEGAR!!

Received on consignment per "Canada," a few barrels pure Cider Vinegar, warranted, and for sale cheap, wholesale or retail.
C. W. WOOLLEY,
a7-1w Cor. Sibley and Third Streets.

A SMALL EMIGRATION DOCUMENT.

A circular by the Commissioner of Statistics, entitled "Free Homes in Minnesota," and which condenses a great many leading facts about Minnesota in the compass of a page of letter paper, is in type at this office, and will be printed without charge for any one who will supply the paper. This is one of many forms by which the Commissioner of Statistics is endeavoring to diffuse abroad a knowledge of the advantages which Minnesota offers for settlement under the Homestead, and as it costs no one anything but the trouble of bringing their letter paper to this office, we hope our business men will generally takes a hand in" and push on the good work.

LEMONS
AND
ORANGES

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE BY

UPHAM & HOLMES.
apr23

FOR SALE OR TO RENT,

One of Lillie's latest improved FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES.
Enquire of L. E. BARNES, or
a9-3t address P. O., Box 233.

HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
(Successors to Horn & Galusha and Sanborn & Lund)
SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA,

Practice in all the Courts of the State, and in the Courts of the United States, at Law, in Chancery and in Admiralty.
Collections carefully and promptly attended to
mh29-1y

JOHN A. STEES,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Furniture and Cabinet Ware,
Of every variety of style and pattern.
CORNER 3D AND MINNESOTA STS., SAINT PAUL.
All kinds of lumber taken in trade.
jan5d&w1y

Legal Notices.

MORTGAGE SALE!!—DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage executed and delivered June 3rd, 1857, by Frank Welzel and Margaret Welzel, his wife, of the county of Ramsey, then Territory, now State, of Minnesota, to Ira Bidwell, of the city of Adrian, in the State of Michigan, and duly recorded in the Registry of Deeds of said county of Ramsey, June 4th, A. D. 1857, at 2¾ o'clock P. M. in Book "K" of Mortgages, on page 402, &c., and also duly recorded in said Registry of Deeds of said county of Ramsey, May 11th, A. D. 1858, at 3½ o'clock P. M. in Book "N" of Mortgages, on pages 90 and 91, conveying to said Ira Bidwell, the west half of section twenty-one (21), the west half of the northeast quarter and the north half of the southeast quarter of said section twenty-one (21), and the north half of the southwest quarter of section number twenty-two (22), in township number thirty (30) north of range number twenty-three (23) west of the fourth principal meridian, containing according to government survey, five hundred and sixty acres, more or less, situated in said county of Ramsey, and State of Minnesota, and upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of $6,571.43, as per note signed by F. Weizel & Co., to said Bidwell of the same date of, and secured by said mortgage, and no suit or proceedings at law or otherwise have been had to recover any part thereof:

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to statute, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises therein described sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Saint Paul, in said county of Ramsey, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of September, 1862, at 10 o'clock A. M. to satisfy the amount then due on said note and mortgage, so far as the proceeds of said sale will pay the same, with the costs of sale.

Dated Saint Paul, August 1st, 1862.
IRA BIDWELL, Mortgagee.
DAVID SANFORD, Attorney for Mortgagee, St. Paul, Minnesota. tu a5-6w

MORTGAGE SALE.—WHEREAS, default has been made in the condition of the mortgage executed by Eugenia L. Ingraham and George H. Ingraham, Jr., her husband, the mortgagors, to Orlo Bartholomew, the mortgagee, dated the twelfth day of April, 1861, recorded in the office of Register of Deeds of Ramsey County, in the State of Minnesota, on the thirteenth day of April, 1861, at 10½ o'clock in the forenoon, in Book R of Mortgages, pages 500, 501, 502, 503, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, and interest according to the condition of the note of said mortgagors of even date therewith, held by the said mortgagee, payable one year after the date thereof, with interest at the rate of eighteen per cent. per annum, of and upon certain real estate, in said Ramsey County, described in said mortgage, as follows, to wit: "Lot number twelve (12) in block number four (4) of Dayton's Addition to the city of Saint Paul, according to the recorded plat thereof, together with the improvements thereon erected, being the same parcel of land conveyed by Lyman Dayton and wife to William Spencer, and by William Spencer and wife to William Burk, and by William Burk and wife to George H. Ingraham, Jr.," (to which said mortgage there is attached a writing, of even date with said mortgage and therewith recorded, executed by the said mortgagors, whereby the said mortgagors waive and surrender to the said mortgagee, their right and benefit of redemption in the premises, as by reference to the same will more fully appear:)

And, whereas, the said mortgage debt has not been paid, or any part thereof, and no proceedings have been instituted at law to recover the said debt, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due, and is due, at the date of this notice, upon the said note and mortgage, the sum of six hundred and eighty four 83-100 dollars:

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction or vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Saint Paul, in said Ramsey County, on the seventeenth day of September, A. D. 1862, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the said mortgage debt and expenses and costs allowed by law.

ORLO BARTHOLOMEW, Mortgagee.
HORN, LUND & GALUSHA, Attorneys of Mortgagee.
Dated Saint Paul, August 26, 1862. tus a6-6w

NOTICE OF GUARDIAN'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given, that pursuant to the order or license of the Probate Court in and for the county of Ramsey, in the State of Minnesota, duly made the 5th day of September, A. D. 1861; I, the undersigned Guardian of Anthony Frenier, and Francis Charlon, minors, will offer for sale and will sell at auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the Post Office at Forest City, in the county of Meeker, and State of Minnesota, on the 30th day of August, 1862, at the hour of nine o'clock A. M. of that day, all of the following described real estate, situated and being in said county of Meeker, and particularly described as follows: The northwest quarter of section eight (8) and the southeast quarter of section six (6), in town one hundred and twenty (120) north, of range twenty-nine west; also the east half of the northeast quarter of section ten (10) in township one hundred and twenty (120) north of range thirty (30) west; the foregoing being the property of said minor, Anthony Frenier; also the northeast quarter of section twenty (20), the northwest quarter of section thirty, and east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty, all in town one hundred and twenty-one (121) north of range twenty-nine (29) west, the same being the property of said minor, Francis Charlon. Said parcels of land will be sold separately, and in the order above designated.

ANTOINE FRENIER,
Guardian of said minors, Anthony Frenier and Francis Charlon.
Dated July 30th, A. D. 1862. tu a5-3w

JOSEPH LEWIS

Real Estate Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Commissioner of Deeds for the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Ohio, and Vermont. Collections made—Taxes paid for non residents. House rented.
Office Third Street, Irvine's Block.
Reference, HON. ALEX. RAMSEY. jy10-d1y

TOBACCO,
Cigars, Pipes, Snuff, &c.
F. W. TUCHELT,

Third Street, next door to Comb's Book Store, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c., is just receiving his fall and wiuter stock, and is prepared to fill orders to any extent, for

FINE IMPORTED CIGARS,

Missouri, Virginia and Kentucky Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city.

SWEET BRIAR ROOT PIPES,

a large assortment. These pipes are all the go now.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Third street, next door to Comb's Book Store.
St. Paul, Nov. 17. nov17d1y.

MAGNETIC
Tack Hammers.

If you don't want to mash your fingers, buy one for 25 cents, at
E. & H. Y. BELL'S.

Coffee is high. Buy a patent Coffee Strainer; it clears the coffee, and saves one third. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Patent Lifters. Will lift everything hot off the stove, without burning your fingers. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Agents wanted to canvass the State for the above articles. A smart man can make big wages. For particulars, address, enclosing stamps,
E. & H. Y. BELL,
Sole Agents for Minnesota.
St. Paul, July 11th, 1862. jy11-dtf.

C. W. WOOLEY & CO.,
LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,
FORWARDING
AND
Commission Merchants,
DEALERS IN GROCERIES
GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.
AND
AGENTS FOR THE
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.
Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLEY & CO., ST. PAUL, For ——
jan1-d1y

JOHN G. MACGREGOR,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.
Berneheimer's Block, Third Street, St. Paul, Minnesota. jy21-d1y

FURS. FURS. FURS.
C. J. KOVITZ,
MANUFACTURER OF FINE FURS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND EVERY STYLE,
THIRD ST., Concert Hall Block, SAINT PAUL.
jan17-d1y

Agricultural.

1862. 1862. 1862

Agricultural Warehouse
OF
S. P. & P. F. Hodges,
NEAR LOWER LEVEE, ST. PAUL
CORNER THIRD AND SIBLEY STS.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

PITT'S AGRICULTURAL WORKS, BUFFALO NEW YORK.
PITT'S THRESHING MACHINES & HORSE POWERS, FOR FOUR, SIX, EIGHT OR TEN HORSES. PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES EIGHT TO TWELVE HORSE POWER.
MASSILLON AGRICULTUL WORKS, MASSILLON, OHIO.
MCCORMACK'S REAPERS AND MOWERS.
JOHN H. MANNY'S " " "
BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S GRAIN DRILLS
F. H. MANNY'S EXCELSIOR GRAIN FAN.
SCHUTTLER'S CHICAGO WAGONS.
JOHN A. WOODWARD'S IMPROVED SMUT MACHINE AND SEPARATOR COMBINED MOLINE PLOWS, CULTIVATORS AND HARROWS.
CORN SHELLERS, HAY AND STRAW CUTTERS.

AND DEALERS IN HARVESTING TOOLS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Merchants and dealers throughout the country supplied promptly at prices to suit the times.

Descriptive pamphlets and other information can be had upon application to

S. P. & P. F. HODGES,
my28-d3m&w6m Saint Paul, Minn.

ALFRED D. DAVISON. ALONZO P. CONNELLY
SAINT PAUL CLIPPER
PLOW FACTORY.

DR. WILLIAM HALL'S
PATENT COPPER SCROLL
LIGHTNING ROD.

This Lightning Rod has a greater conducting capacity than any other Lightning Rod ever

OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

Those having buildings to protect, will do well to wait till they see one of these newly invented rods before purchasing.

They are recommended by over
FIVE HUNDRED
OF THE
MOST EMINENTLY SCIENTIFIC MEN OF THE AGE.

AGENTS

WILL CANVASS THE STATE IMMEDIATELY
e11-w3m&d6m&w3m

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,
193 & 195 South Water-St.,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Post Office. St. Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE HOURS.

On week days from 7 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M.
On Sundays, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

HOURS OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

For La Crosse—Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Monday, at 8 P. M.
For Galena—way mail—leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
For Minneapolis—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily—except Sunday, at 4½ P. M.
For Stillwater—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 7 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 6 P. M.
For Hudson—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 7 P. M.
For Mankato—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M.
For Northfield—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 4 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 11 P. M.
For Sunrise City—leaves Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at about 7 P. M.
For Cannon Falls—leaves Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Wednesday, at 7 P. M.
For Cottage Grove—leaves Saturday, at 1 P. M.
Arrives Saturday, at 12 M.
Mails leaving before 7 o'clock A. M. close at 7 P. M.
All others close half an hour before the time of departing.

The postage upon all transient printed matter, foreign and domestic, and upon all letters, foreign and domestic, is now required to be fully prepaid by United States postage stamps, except in cases where prepayment on letters, &c., to foreign countries is optional and the senders do not wish to prepay.

Persons mailing letters, newspapers, &c., whether domestic or to foreign countries, should therefore ascertain at the office of mailing, the exact postage in each case and affix United States postage stamps of sufficient value to prepay the full postage thereon.

CHAS. NICHOLS, Postmaster.

St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

Hotels & Saloons.

LAHR'S HOUSE,

FIRST DOOR EAST OF THE POST OFFICE,

JNO. P. LAHR, PROPRIETOR.

MR. LAHR, formerly of the "Our House," respectfully announces to his old friends and all other men—no boys in—that he is now fairly under way; and proclaims that he will furnish as good an EYE-OPENER as "any other man" in this city.

☞ A variety of reading matter can always be found on Mr. Lahr's tables, also stationery, &c. feedly.

CLIFTON HOUSE,

MANKATO, - - - - MINNESOTA.

This House is situated near the steamboat landing, and is among the largest in the Minnesota Valley. Is

NEW AND NEWLY FURNISHED,

And the proprietor, from long experience in the business, flatters himself that he will be able to satisfy the traveling public.

☞ CHARGES MODERATE. ☜

M. T. C. FLOWER, Proprietor.

Mankato, Minn., April 29th, 1862.

UNION PARK HOUSE,

LITTLE CANADA, MINN.,

G. W. FEW, - - PROPRIETOR.

This House is pleasantly located in Little Canada, on the bank of Lake Elizabeth, five miles from Saint Paul. The House and fixtures are entirely new, and has been fitted up more particularly as a home for invalids, and persons seeking recreation.

The House is provided with boats and all the necessary fixtures for hunting and fishing—and is one mile from Bass Lake, which is considered the best fishing ground in the State—where boats are also provided for the use of guests of the House.

Board by day or week at moderate rates.

je14-d&w

Groceries.

S. K. PUTNAM,

CORNER THIRD AND MARKET STREETS,

Saint Paul, Minnesota,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FAMILY GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of choice goods suited to this market, including Flour, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Fresh Roll, Jar and Firkin Butter, dried fruits of all kinds, including a large quantity of

RASPBERRIES.

Also Wooden Ware, Roasted and Green Coffee. Spices, Pickles, choice Green and Black Teas, Sugar of all grades, and, in short, everything usually found in a well assorted establishment, to which he invites the especial attention of all who want NICE GOODS AT A FAIR PRICE.

nov22-dly

G. E. SCHNABEL,

IN MOFFATT'S CASTLE, CORNER OF 4TH AND JACKSON STREETS.

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN,

AND PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full supply of Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.
Nice Leaf Lard and Sugar Cured Hams.
Any quantity of butter and eggs.
He has made arrangements to receive two or three times a week from the country the choicest roll butter.
Also agency for C. H. H. Baker's extra flour, which is pronounced the best in the city.
Goods delivered in all parts of the city free of charge. jel 26m

MILL-STONES.

BOLTING CLOTHS,

GRAIN SEPARATORS,

And all kinds of

MILL MACHINERY.

☞ Send for a circular by mail.

PALMER & PLAMONDON,

Cor. West Water and Washington Streets (P. O. box, 1525.) CHICAGO, ILL.

W. M. LEYDE, Ag't, St. Paul. my13-d&w6m.

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas.
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,
Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly,

FREE OF CHARGE.

je27-dly

LESSONS UPON THE PIANO.

MISS HARRIOTT S. DENNETT

Will give Instructions upon the Piano in a course of twenty-four lessons for $10—or for two pupils in one family, $8.00 each.

On Monday, June 2d, she will open a private school for general instruction in Mackubin's building, on Fourth street.

Terms, from $3.00 to $7.00.

Best of references given.

Residence at James Davenport's, Fourth street, opposite City Park, my17-dtf

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottowa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 2. P. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Tuesday's, Thursday's and Saturday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Georgetown, connecting at Georgetown with the steamer International for Pembina, Fort Garry and the Red River Settlement—Monday's and Thursday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Monday's Wednesday's and Friday's, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO., Proprietors.

nov21-dly

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line,

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 13½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-dly

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR

OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East for Goods will please give us a call and obtain FULL PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO

St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&wly

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIquors and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISkey, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 1861, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co. dec 19

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO. dec12

420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

50 BARRELS

—OF—

CARBON OIL.

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

CHICAGO CREAM ALE,

For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar8 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

Miscellaneous.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY'S

Express Freight Line.

VIA

GREAT WESTERN, N. Y. CENTRAL AND CONNECTING ROADS,

TO AND FROM

EAST AND WEST,

CONTROLLED AND OPERATED By the Roads forming the line, to which the attention of Shippers is invited.

FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF LIVE STOCK, THIS ROUTE OFFERS UNEQUALED FACILITIES, AS REGARDS STOCK, CARS, YARDS, TIME, &c., &c., &c.

FREIGHT FORWARDED AT THE LOWEST RATES AND WITH DISPATCH.

IN THE SHIPMENT OF GOODS BY RAIL, ALL INSURANCE IS SAVED.

MARK PACKAGES "G. W. R."

Three Express Passenger Trains leave Chicago and Detroit daily for Buffalo, New York, Boston and Montreal, Quebec, Portland, &c., &c., with Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

Tickets via GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY for sale in all ticket offices.

GENERAL FREIGHT AND TICKET OFFICES.

273 Broadway, New York, E. P. REACH, Agent. | 21 State street, Boston, O. KIMBALL, Agent.

JULIUS MOVIUS, Gen'l Ag't, Buffalo.

C. J. BRIDGES, Managing Director, Hamilton

A. WALLINGFORD, apr20 Chicago and Western Agent.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

GREAT UNITED STATES MAIL AND EXPRESS ROUTE.

THE ONLY RELIABLE AND ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE EAST, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

On and after Wednesday, June 11th, 1862, three trains will leave the depot, corner of Florida and Barclay streets, daily, as follows:

At 7:45 A. M.—Way Passenger, for Chicago and all intermediate stations, and Racine & Mississippi R. R. at Racine Junction, and Kenosha R. R. & R. R. R. at Kenosha.

At 3:00 P. M.—Express Passenger train for Chicago, making close connection with evening trains East, South and West.

At 8:10 P. M.—Night Accommodation Train for Chicago and intermediate stations, making connections in Chicago with all the morning Lines for the East, South and Southwest.

☞ This train will be furnished with a Sleeping Car, and first class passengers will be provided with berths without extra charge, and FARE AS LOW AS BY STEAMER ON LAKE.

☞ Passenger trains leave Chicago at 9:15 A. M and 9:30 P. M. for Milwaukee and the Northwest.

☞ Tickets for all points may be obtained of H. O. WILSON, at the Union Ticket Office, "Iron Block," corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, or at the depot.

JOHN T. MOODY, Master Transportation.

Milwaukee, May 5th, 1862. je21-dtf

MILL FURNISHING.

CHICAGO BRANCH OF JOHN T. NOYE'S OLD BUFFALO MILL FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, ESTABLISHED 1839.

JOHN T. NOYE,

FLOUR PACKER,

MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Mill Machinery

AND

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

IMPROVED CENTRE VENT TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

Fitted with Cast Steel or Boller Iron Buckets, warranted to produce a high per centage of power.

IMPROVED SMUT MACHINES AND SEPARATORS,

OAT AND GRAIN SEPARATORS.

John T. Noye's Improved Centrifugal, Feeding, Flouring and Grist Mills.

CAST STEEL MILL PICKS.

ALSO, DUFOUR & CO.'S CELEBRATED

ANCHOR BRAND BOLTING CLOTH.

MILL CASTINGS.

The entire machinery of Mills, from the smallest Castings to the whole arrangement for the largest class of Flouring Mills, at much less cost than is usual, will be furnished at my Manufactory, and branch at Chicago, Illinois.

JOHN T. NOYE, Buffalo, N. Y.

WM. F. NOYE, AGENT,

28 Market Street, Lind's Block, Chicago.

JOHN WEBSTER, Milwright.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO., Agents at St. Paul. apr11-d6m

DUNDAS MILLS' CELEBRATED XX FAMILY FLOUR,

For sale in bbls. or sacks by

E. & H. Y. Bell, near the Winslow House; S. K. Putnam, corner 3d and Market Sts.; Beaumont and Gordon, corner 3d and Jackson Sts.; J. B. Slichter, corner of 7th and Jackson Sts.

Warranted the best

XX FAMILY FLOUR

offered in this market. Orders from Hotels Bakers and others shall have prompt attention and immediate delivery.

mar15 J. S. ARCHIBALD.

ANOKA FLOURING MILLS FOR SALE.

For terms apply to the undersigned at Anoka, Anoka County, Minnesota.

my24-d3m SMILEY & WOODBURY

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

One jig saw, counter shaft, &c.; one turning lathe, counter shaft, bits, &c.; one boring machine, bits, &c.; one small surface planer. The above machinery is nearly new, and made in the best manner. For further particulars apply to Galley & Jansen, Chair Factory, St. Paul, or the subscriber. BARNARD & BRO.

St. Anthony, June 4, 1862. je4-d3m

CHICAGO BREWERY.

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK,

AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.

WM. CONSTANS, my24-dly AGENT, St. Paul.

SALÆRATUS.

One hundred boxes Saleratus in pound papers, manufactured and put up expressly for me, and

WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY MADE.

Just received and for sale at 6½ cents.

jy6-d3m GEO. L. FARWELL,

Dry Goods.

1862. SPRING. 1862.

INGERSOLL'S BLOCK

DRY GOODS FOR CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

SPRING DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

Of every variety of quality, will be sold at prices

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Mottled Morello Cloths, from 10 to 25c per yard!

PLAID POIL DE CHEVRES,

EMBROIDERED POIL DE CHEVRES,

EVERY VARIETY OF CHALLEYS

EMBROIDERED AND GREY GRISAILLES

BLUE, GREEN AND PINK BERRAGE LEXFINA.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN MOUSLINE DE LAINES; PRINTED LAWNS IN

GREAT VARIETY.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF GINGHAMS.

ALSO

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR;

BROADCLOTHS, BLACK & FANCY CASSIMERES, SATTINETS, AND SUMMER CLOTHS.

ALSO

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES,

AND

EMBROIDERIES,

PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS, ETC.,

ALSO

A LARGE STOCK OF

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN GOODS,

BY THE PIECE OR PACKAGE FOR THE

COUNTRY TRADE.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Can purchase their Goods of us, and

SAVE TIME AND MONEY.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our new styles of Cloaks and Mantillas.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

WILL BE

SOLD FOR CASH,

AT PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

The public are invited to visit

OUR NEW STORE.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.

apr30-dly St. Paul, Minnesota.

CLOTHING, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

Having received a splendid assortment of spring and summer clothing equalling in quality and style anything to be found in the large Eastern cities, we would respectfully request an examination of our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Also have received to sell to the trade a large lot of superfine black cloths and doeskins, blue cloth, silk mixed coatings, Harris' silk mixed and fancy cassmeres, satinet, cord, moleskin, black farmer's satin, red farmer's satin, for sleeve lining alapaca, silicia, bro. Holland and good black thread; all of which we will sell from ten to twenty per cent lower than the same goods can be procured for in any establishment in St. Paul. We invite merchant tailors, tailors and others, who deal in the above goods, to call and

EXAMINE FOR THEMSELVES.

Also a fine assortment of hats and caps, white and colored shirts, knit shirts and drawers, neck ties, suspenders, woolen and cotton and half hose, silk and cotton pocket handkerchiefs, shirt collars, and many other goods which we offer to the public at prices to suit the times.

W. H. TEMPLE, Third st., below Day & Jenks' Drug Store. my25-1y

SPRING & SUMMER

Millinery Goods for 1862

At the old stand of JAS. SCOTT, on Third-st.

MISS E. WASS

Is now opening at the above store a choice and handsome stock of Millinery Goods, Trimmings, &c., just received from the East, and purchased at low prices for cash, embracing Bonnets, Hats, French and American flowers, and Ruches in large variety, and, in fact, nearly every article usually kept in such a store; all of which are offered at prices to suit the times.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK. my22-d3m

LADIES,

THERE IS QUITE A START IN

Millinery Goods!

In the Eastern Market, but we have received a large invoice that we can sell, as heretofore: some sixty dozen superior large SHAKER HOODS, three cases BONNETS & HATS, with six cases IRISH RIBBON, and lots of other fixtings. Our stock in

DRY-GOODS, CLOAKS, & SHAWLS,

Is large, and our MILLINERY ROOMS well supplied with the richest goods.

☞ Come along or send your orders; we want to extend our business by cheap selling. Our new rooms are below DAY & JENKS' DRUG STORE, Third Street, St. Paul, Min., where the wax figure is in the window.—my31

ANOTHER ARRIVAL

OF

Choice Dress Goods

AT

SMITH & TAYLOR'S.

SPLENDID TRAVELING MIXTURES—ONLY FIFTEEN CENTS.

BEAUTIFUL MOZANBIQUES VERY CHEAP.

ELEGANT ORGANDIE MUSLIN

FINE JACONETS.

Also something new in LADIES' BLACK SILK SACQUES manufactured in New York, and of the very latest style.

A large assortment of Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts, some of which are of an

ENTIRELY NEW STYLE AND MAKE.

All of the above named articles, besides a

LARGE STOCK OF DOMESTIC GOODS,

Will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

SMITH & TAYLOR'S

Cheap Cash Store,

Bridge Square, Third street, next the Express Office, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER, SAINT PAUL, June, 21st, 1862.

Interest coupons upon Minnesota eight per cent. State bonds due July 1st, 1862, will be paid at the banking house of H. W. Palmer, No. Pine street, New York.

CHARLES SCHEFFER, je22 State Treasurer.

Oils and Lamps.

MARVIN'S

CROCKERY HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED AND

SELLING VERY LOW,

1,000 LOOKING GLASSES AND MIRRORS.

OIL--THE VERY BEST.

1,500 GALLONS AT FROM THIRTY TO FORTY CENTS A GALLON.

NOW IN STORE, A FULL STOCK OF

CHINA, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT PRICES MUCH REDUCED.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF

Table & Pocket Cutlery.

The merchants who purchase in St. Paul will find these goods very desirable, and at

VERY LOW RATES.

JUST RECEIVED,

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Silver Plated

AND

BRITANNIA WARE,

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LAMPS, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

R. MARVIN, THIRD STREET. je11

OIL! OIL! OIL!

500 barrels No. 1, standard best quality

Carbon Oil,

Just received, and for sale to dealers.

D. T. WATSON, a3-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

Boots and Shoes.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

A SPLENDID STOCK

OF

LADIES' GAITERS

AND

Children's Fine Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

WM. J. SMITH & CO.

JOHN THORWARTH,

Boot and Shoe

MANUFACTURER,

THIRD STREET, BET. ROBERT & JACKSON,

ST. PAUL, Minnesota,

Keeps constantly on hand and makes to order

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which are warranted to do as good service, and of as good style and workmanship as if made to order.

STEEL SHANKS FOR SEWED BOOTS,

The first introduced in this city, will be put in when ordered. This makes the boot stronger and more durable, and is lighter and fits neater.

REPAIRING done on the shortest notice, and in a good and neat style.

JOHN THORWARTH.

St. Paul, Dec. 7, 1861. dec7-dly

8TH REGIMENT MINNESOTA IRISH VOLUNTEERS.

Sarsfield Guards.

$120 Bounty!

$70 cash down when sworn in!

$40 cash when the Company is mustered in!

$10 cash to each of the first five married men enlisting in this company.

The family of each married man will receive $5 per month from the city, $5 per month from the County, and whatever may be offered by the citizens Committee; and the first five married men enlisting in this Company will receive in addition to all of this, $2.50 per month for their families.

Recruiting office No 2 Rogers' Block, 3d st., St. Paul. JOHN GRACE,

M. H. SULLIVAN, a14-tf THOMAS HOWARD.

HILL & LINDLEY,

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,

Offer their services to the citizens of Minneapolis, St. Anthony and surrounding country. Having had twenty years experience, they hope to give general satisfaction.

OFFICES.—Mendenhall's old Banking Office, Minneapolis; the Lippincott House, St. Anthony. a7-tf

D. C. PRICE, DENTIST.

I have removed my office over

McCLOUD'S HARDWARE STORE.

Corner of Third and Cedar streets.

I am now filling teeth with gold for two dollars, and with silver or tin for one dollar each. I extract teeth for fifty cents each, and destroy the nerve of teeth without the least pain for fifty cents.

I will insert whole upper sets of teeth on Vulcanite, in the most approved manner, for twenty-five dollars.

I publish these prices to correct the impression some people have of my charges for best Dental operations.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., strictly. jy4-d3mos

R. H. WARD, M. D.,

Of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, having removed to Minneapolis, has opened an office for the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully invites the attention of those who may desire his services.

Office and residence on Bridge Street, (west-side,) near the Suspension Bridge. jy22-d1m

TEETH ON VULCANITE.

FOR STRENGTH, BEAUTY, Comfort and cleanliness, unsurpassed. Call and see specimens at the office of DR. SIMONTON, oct24-dly Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square.

M. N. KELLOGG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Fruits, Toys, G. Apples,

LEMONS & CONFECTIONERY.

Children's CABS—every variety; Egg, Lemon, Ginger, Boston and Soda CRACKERS; Traveling, School and Work BASKETS; MAPLE SUGAR; Fresh CANDIES from New York—also

☞ THE BEST CIGARS IN THE CITY.

my17 M. N. KELLOGG.

Insurance.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON

Fire and Life Insurance Co.

CAPITAL AND RESERVED FUND OVER $6,000,000.

LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY AT SIGHT,

Without sixty days' notice.

Life Insurance

Effected on liberal terms. Policies assignable by endorsement without permission of the Company. Shareholders personally responsible for engagements of the Company.

Directors & Stockholders, New York,	*References in New York City.*
James Brown, Esq.,	Duncan, Sherman & Co.,
Francis Cottenet, Esq.,	Alex. T. Stewart & Co.,
Henry Grinnell, Esq.,	Grinnell, Minturn & Co.,
Alfred Pell, Esq.,	R. L. & A. Stewart,
Alex. Hamilton, jr. Esq.,	C. W. & J. T. Moore & Co.
E. M. Archibald, Esq.,	D. Appleton & Co.
And others.	

THOMPSON BROTHERS, sep29 Agents for St. Paul and vicinity.

P. W. NICHOLS,

General Insurance Agent.

FIRE INSURANCE,

MARINE INSURANCE,

LIFE INSURANCE.

POLICIES

Issued on favorable terms, in the most reliable Companies.

OFFICE AT GEO. LITTLE'S BOOK STORE, jan15dly Third street, St. Paul, Min.

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000
NETT SURPLUS.....138,000

DIVIDENDS ON CAPITAL LIMITED BY ITS CHARTER TO SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM—THE ENTIRE PROFITS GO TO THE POLICY HOLDERS.

This Society was organized in the year 1859, with a cash capital of $100,000 deposited irrevocably with the Insurance Department of the State of New York, in United States bonds, on which it allows but seven per cent, per annum to the stockholders, and the entire profits of the business is shared by the policy holders. The nett profits in two years amounts to $120,000, which shows an unparalleled success in the history of Life Insurance. Its operations are managed by a Board of Directors composed of the the ablest business men of the country, and its business is conducted entirely on the cash plan. Dividends to the policy holders will be made every five years, and no Company in the country offers equal advantages to dealers.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.
HENRY B. HYDE, Vice President.
GEO. W. PHILLIPS, Actuary.
H. S. DURAND, Milwaukee, Gen. Agt.
W. W. KING, State Agent for Minnesota.
DR. WM. CAINE, St. Paul.

mar12-d1y

HOME

INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Extract from Third Annual Report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York. WM. BARNES, Superintendent.

There are now ninety-five joint stock fire insurance companies incorporated by the State of New York, engaged in the transaction of business; of these companies, fourteen only received premiums during the last year, amounting to over one hundred thousand dollars; four only received premiums above the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, and the premium income of one only exceeded three hundred thousand dollars. The premium receipts of this Company, the HOME, with a capital of $1,000,000, were $829,993.33. The premium income of thirty of the smaller companies was $831,765.65 only, with capitals, however, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of $4,900,000.

The state of things should be improved; the premium income of the mass of our fire insurance companies is by far too small for their capitals, and inadequate to the proper support of a separate and independent corporation. The experience of the HOME, PHOENIX, (of Brooklyn) and some other companies, has demonstrated that, with proper skill, tact and sagacity, business can be increased and managed to an indefinite extent, with entire safety, and even additional security to the company. We have now the machinery and organization in working order for nearly one hundred joint stock fire insurance companies. In the course of a few years their business can be safely doubled, and even quadrupled, without doubling or quadrupling the yearly expenses. Any considerable expansion of business must of course be mainly effected through the instrumentality of reliable, safe, and well managed agencies. The premium income of the HOME amounts to nearly one-eighth part that of the ninety-five companies combined, so that eight corporations like the HOME could conduct the entire business of all these companies. If each company transacted the same amount of business as the HOME the aggregate premium income would reach the enormous amount of seventy-eight millions of dollars per year. Our companies are not too numerous for the great future of this country, if managed on the progressive sense demanded by the spirit of the American people.

The annual statement of this our foremost local fire and inland company, made up to the first of January last, shows a condition of such positive strength and prosperity as to challenge unqualified admiration. In a circular accompanying the statement, subscribed by Charles J. Martin, President, A. F. Wilmarth, Vice President, and John McGee, Secretary, those well accredited officers very justly say: "The well-known reputation of the HOME for fair and honorable dealing, together with its capital of one million dollars and surplus of over half a million in addition, all well invested, commend it to the special favor of all who desire reliable protection in the way of insurance, either fire or inland."

This is not saying one word too much for their company. The HOME is the crack company of our State, in high credit all over the Union, worked upon a comprehensive plan, and managed with admirable skill and efficiency. The assets of the HOME on the first of January last summed up to $1,521,288.08, against an actual liability of only $55,980.33; and, moreover, it is worth noting that the assets are all of the very first class. The balance in bank in cash was $124,434.14, very nearly enough to set up an ordinary company: bonds and mortgages $910,219.53, secured on real estate worth $1,715,900, and then government and other stocks, equivalent to cash and convertible into cash any day, $220,936. Any one not satisfied with the security of the HOME as an insurance institution, must be hard to please.

In 1861 the HOME wrote $106,715,148, taking $829,993 premium, and paid losses $535,775, including some losses for the year 1860. A dividend of ten per cent. was paid on the million capital; and after reserving an ample reinsurance fund, the company shows a "nett surplus" of $160,944 clear over capital and all claims, actual or possible, practical or theoretical.

The HOME is a good "testimony" in all places to the enterprise, energy and progress of the city of New York.

BORUP & OAKES, je25-d3m Agents, St. Paul.

G. N. BEMAN & CO.,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,

CORNER OF FIFTH AND ROBERT STREETS, ST PAUL, MINNESOTA.

We are prepared to manufacture to order a kinds of BUGGIES, CUTTERS, LUMBER WAGONS, EXPRESS AND GROCERY WAGONS, CONCORD HACKS and STAGE SLEIGHS, of the best quality, and latest pattern, and of Eastern stock, which enables us to warrant them in every particular. Also all kinds of repairing promptly and faithfully executed on the most reasonable terms. je4-d6m

JUST RECEIVED.

One hundred half barrels and fifty quarter barrels of Walker's

PRIME CINCINNATI CREAM ALE.

M. DORNIDEN, nov23-dly Jackson st., bet. 5th and 6th.

Railroads.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

FOR CHICAGO, DETROIT, BUFFALO, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PITTBURG, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, CINCINNATI, ROCK ISLAND, BURLINGTON, QUINCY, ST. LOUIS, AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND SOUTH,

VIA DUNLEITH AND

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after May 11, 1862, trains leave Dunleith on arrival of steamers from St. Paul and intermediate points.

LEAVE DUNLEITH.	Day Express, Sundays excepted, 7 A M.	Night Express Saturdays excepted, 6 P M
Freeport	9 50 A. M.	9 55 P. M
Rockfort, via G & CU RR	11 10 "	11 45 "
Belvidere " "	11 45 "	12 45 A. M
Chicago " "	3 30 P. M.	5 45 "
Dixon	11 30 A. M.	11 35 P. M.
Fulton, via Air Line RR	4 20 P. M.	6 15 A. M
Mendota	1 00 "	12 55 "
Burlington, via C B & QRR	7 55 "	7 05 "
Quincy, " "	11 15 "	9 30 "
La Salle	1 47 "	1 40 "
Peoria, via C & R I RR		6 30 "
Rock Island		7 00 "
Bloomington	4 24 "	4 24 "
Decatur	6 20 "	6 20 "
Springfield, via G W RR	3 20 A. M.	3 45 "
Pana	8 00 P. M.	8 00 "
Terra Haute via T H & A RR	2 10 A. M.	3 20 P. M.
Indianapolis, " "	5 10 "	6 30 "
St. Louis " "	7 50 "	
Sandoval	10 15 P. M.	10 15 A. M
St. Louis, via O & M R R		1 00 P. M
Cairo	4 10 A. M.	

Trains make direct connections at Chicago with all Eastern lines for Buffalo, New York, Boston, and all Eastern Cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains.

Baggage checked to all important points.

Passengers for St. Louis and intermediate points on the river, will find this the quickest and only direct route.

For through tickets and information, apply at the office of the Company, foot of Jackson street, St. Paul. S. E. FORBES, Ticket Agent.

A. PRATT, Advertising Agent. J. S. TILDESLEY, Gen'l West'n Agt.

W. P. JOHNSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt. W. S. ARTHUR, General Supt.

my21

1862. 1862.

LA CROSSE AND ST. PAUL

PACKET COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

During the summer of 1862, till the close of navigation, the LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company, having completely equipped their Line and made large additions to their business facilities, will offer to shippers and passengers on the river greater inducements and conveniences, and QUICKER TIME, than was ever offered by any company on the river.

All the boats on the Chippewa, Minnesota, St. Croix and the upper Mississippi rivers, and the different lines of stages north of LaCrosse, will, the coming season run to connect with the Davidson boats and the LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad.

The LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company will run a

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT LINE.

The former will number two first class boats—the nicest and fastest on the river. They will be the McCLELLAN and NORTHERN BELLE.—The first will be the Lightning Line, making the run from La Crosse to St. Paul in EIGHTEEN HOURS, and returning will leave here in the morning, and arrive at La Crosse in twelve hours time to connect with the evening train, by which our passengers will make close connection and reach Milwaukee in time for cars, or boats on the Lake in TWENTY HOURS FROM ST. PAUL, and reach Chicago next morning, by Minnesota Junction or Milwaukee, in just TWENTY-FOUR HOURS FROM LEAVING ST. PAUL, and in time for close connection East! This will be by twelve hours the quickest time between these three cities ever made! Nothing but passengers, the mails, express matter, and express goods will be carried on these boats, which will be furnished in the best of style. Passengers will thus have daylight to view the grand beauties of the river, and good sleeping cars from La Cr

THE CITY.

The cannon belonging the State, at Winona, and also the one at the Capitol, were sent up the river on Sunday.

Major George L. Fiberger, Paymaster of the army, has arrived in town co-operate with Major Smith in paying the new regiments when they are mustered into service.

Merrill has a new supply of Hardee's Tactics, compiled; Army Regulations, McClellan's Bayonet Exercise, Halleck's Military Science, Jermini's Art of War, Cavalry Tactics, and Harper's, Atlantic, and Godey's Monthly, for September. Merrill's is the place to supply yourselves.

The Teachers' Association will meet at Ingersoll's Hall to-morrow (the 27th inst.), at ten o'clock A. M. Teachers from abroad, wishing entertainment. will report themselves at the Hall on their arrival, where a committee will be in attendance to assign stopping places.

The Wright County Company organized on Saturday, by the election of Edward Hartley, Captain, and M. S. Croswell, First Lieutenant. The company numbers 86 men, and will go into the Ninth Regiment.

The State Board of Medical Examiners, consisting of Drs. Willey, Reiner and Hawley, for the examination of candidates for surgeons of the new regiments, were in session at the Capitol on Saturday.

The officers of the Hennepin Light Guards have received their commissions —Richard Strout, Capt.; W. A. Clark, 1st Lieut.; Andrew Kenney, 2d Lieut. This company was raised in about one week.

The citizens of St. Paul are requested to meet at Ingersoll's Hall, on this (Tuesday) evening, August 26th, at half-past seven o'clock, to hear the report of the committee appointed on Saturday evening last, on the organization of a Home Guard and night patrol for the protection of the city, and to take immediate action thereon. Let every one attend.

Rev. Mr. Tunstall requests us to say to the people of Hastings and Prescott, that being obliged to return to his family at Mankato, on account of the Indian difficulties, he must defer filling his engagements there; but he will yet address them, and also the towns on the river as far down as La Crosse.

Irish Companies.—The Corcoran Guards now number sixty men, and they believe they will fill up in two or three days. The energy of Lieut O'Conner in enlisting men is worthy of commendation.

Twelve men were added to the Sarsfield Guard on Saturday last, brought in by Mr. John Grace. James Wyllie, Esq., with his usual liberality, has given $50 for the benefit of this company.

Mr. G. F. Hastings, of Madison, Wisconsin, the General Agent of the Madison Mutual Insurance Company, is in town, stopping at the International. We understand that he visits our State for the purpose of bringing the claims of the institution which he represents more prominently before the public, and especially for the purpose of paying some losses, by fires and other causes, *recently* incurred in the St. Croix valley, both in Minnesota and in Wisconsin. The promptness of the Mutual is worthy of all praise.

Watertown Fortified.—The people of Watertown, Carver county, have organized for mutual prorection, and are fortifying their town by building a stockade of timber eight inches thick, around several dwellings, as a rendezvous for the women and children from the west, while the men go back to secure their crops. Mr. Francis Morrison started up his mill and is running it night and day without compensation, to complete the fortification. Mr. James Campbell was despatched to this city to procure ammunition, which he has obtained. They have plenty of arms, which they know how to use.

The Sixth Regiment is now full, and is composed of three companies from Ramsey county, two from Hennepin county, and one from each of the counties of Goodhue, Washington, Olmsted and Houston, and one recruited from the State at large by Captain Bailey and Lieutenant Dana White. Wm. Crooks, of Ramsey, is Colonel; John T. Averill, of Wabashaw, Lieutenant Colonel; R. N. McLaren, of Goodhue, Major; H. L. Carver, of Ramsey, Quartermaster; F. E. Snow, Adjutant.

Indian Barbarity.—Mr. Antoine Helmle, of Milton township, near New Ulm, arrived in this city yesterday, with two of his children, who were maimed in the most inhuman manner by the Indians on Monday week. One of the children, an infant, was cut across the forehead with a hatchet and left for dead. It will probably get well. The other is a boy eleven years of age, whose head is all mangled up. Great gashes are in the forehead and on the cheeks, and the limbs are maimed. He has now the best medical attendance, but his recovery is doubtful. The father of these children was in New Ulm, and the mother was not at home, and thus escaped death; but the mother's father and mother, a hired girl, and two others of the children, were murdered at the time these children were so maimed. The party of Indians who did this work numbered about thirty.

From the Far North.

INTERESTING DETAILS OF POLAR EXPLORATION.

St. Johns, N. F., August 22.—The bark George Henry, from New London, Capt Budington, from Frobisher's Bay has arrived here short of provisions and with Mr. Hall, of the new Sir John Franklin expedition on board. The expedition lost one man the first winter out. He froze to death.

Mr. Hall reports that in consequence of the loss of some of his craft he was unable to prosecute his mission to the extent of its purpose. The expedition had probably determined the fate of two boats' crews of Sir John Franklin's expedition, who perished in endeavoring to return.

Mr. Hall learned the fate of five men captured from Frobisher on his voyage, and identified the exact place of their landing.

Mr. Hall explored near 1,000 miles of the coast, including the so-called Frobisher's Straits, which proves to be a deep bay, terminating in latitude 63 degrees 48 minutes, longitude, 70 degrees west.

He also discovered a great glazier and mountain of fossils between Hudson's Straits and Frobisher's Bay. The George Henry was about to start for the States in October, 1861, but was prevented doing so by ice until the 7th inst. The ship's company subsisted through last winter by the hospitality of the Esquimaux.

Fights at Forts Gibson and Scott.

The Leavenworth Times, of the 19th, learns that Col. Phillips' Indian regiment has had a severe skirmish near Fort Gibson. The command was accompanied by Allen's battery, and the fight resulted in the defeat of the rebels with a heavy loss. The Cherokees, who had joined Phillips' regiment in the Territory, are said to have turned traitors during the engagement, and fired upon the Union forces, killing seven of Allen's battery. The Osages, upon discovering the treachery of the Cherokees, turned upon the miscreants with terrible fury, and slaughtered them like sheep, giving them no quarter. The battery was also turned upon them.

The same paper states that arrivals from below state positively that the 2d Kansas had a very severe fight southeast of Fort Scott about forty miles. The fight was continued during two days, when Gen. Blunt reinforced Col. Cloud's brigade, but with what result it is impossible to ascertain. The most painful part, however, is that Col. Cloud was killed during the fight. The *Times*, however, trusts that the report of Col. Cloud's death is unfounded, and says "Kansas could illy afford to lose a man."

Later from Europe.

The steamship Teutonia, from Southampton on the evening of the 13th, passed Cape Race August 22d, *en route* for New York.

The Italian squadron had been ordered at Aucona to watch the Adriatic coast.

Garibaldi, with 500 volunteers, was marching in the direction of San Cataldo. The object appears to be to reach Messina.

Palermo was tranquil. Garibaldi manifestations had taken place at Sascalla. At the theater shouts were raised, "Rome or death!" The Garibaldi volunteers number 3,000. One slight encounter took place between the volunteers and the royal troops. Garibaldi occupied Racca and Palmito, and spoke as follows:

"The present state of affairs cannot continue. I go against the government because it will not let me go to Rome. I go against France because she defends the Pope. I will have Rome at any price. Rome or death! If I succeed, so much the better; if not, I will destroy the Italy which I made myself."

The departure of volunteers from Palermo had ceased.

A More Vigorous War Policy Announced by Gov. Gamble.

St. Louis, Aug. 22.—A very large and enthusiastic war meeting was held last night at the mercantile Library Hall, at which Governor Gamble made the principal speech, announcing the most vigorous war policy in this State. He deprecated the disposition of the people to find fault with the policy of the federal government, and recommended the extermination of the guerillas. He would make the secessionists pay for the protection they receive from the government, and drive South all non-combatants who denounce the government. He said the military authorities hold bonds from the rebels to the amount of over a million dollars, and advised that all broken bonds be collected at one.

His speech was received with tremendous applause, and if this policy is carried out by military authorities, peace will soon be restored to the State.

The New Stamp Currency.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The first payments of the new postage stamp currency were made by the Treasury Department to-day. The currency was delivered in sheets, which are perforated like those of postage stamps. The stamps are printed on bank note paper, and are, therefore, more difficult of separation than the old stamps. The public must therefore be cautious, when separating this currency, and not mutilate the notes, as their redemption by the Treasury Department is subject to the same regulations as are now in force for United States notes, namely; If any part of the note is missing, a proportionate amount is deducted from its nominal value. For some days paymasters will absorb a large share of this currency.

The first delivery of the United States notes of the denomination of one and two dollars, was made to day. These, as well as the postage currency, are delivered and distributed by the treasurer, in the same manner as United States notes.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

Adjutant General's Office, St. Paul, Min., August 22d, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until the 28th day of August, 1862, at 12 o'clock M of that day, for the manufacture and making up of two thousand six hundred and eighty-one uniform coats, and the same number of pairs of trowsers.

The contract for the manufacture of the above amount of clothing will be let entire, or in lots of not less than one hundred coats or one hundred pairs of trowsers, the whole amount to be finished and delivered within four weeks after receiving the cloth.

The contract whether let entire, or in lots as above specified, will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders; this department reserving the right to reject all unreasonable or irresponsible bids.

All bids must be accompanied by the names of the sureties who will be offered for the performance of the contract, and must state the number of coats or trowsers that the bidders will complete and deliver weekly. All work must be of the best quality, having reference chiefly to durability and strength.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant General and
a23-5t Acting Quarter-Master.

Enrollment of Colored Men in Massachusetts.

The attorney general of Massachusetts in a letter on the subject of the enrollment of colored citzens says in conclusion:—"The authorities of Massachusetts have no more right to diminish its quota of troops by refusing to enroll black men, than they would have to reduce the age at which the obligation of military service terminates, from forty-five to forty years. The only possible question now open is whether colored men are citizens of Massachusetts, which no one, I presume, will have the hardihood to deny, inasmuch as they are tax payers, voters, jurors and eligible to office, and there is no inequality founded upon distinction of races known to our laws,"

MARRIED.

At St. Paul, Aug. 23d, by Rev. John Mattocks, Arthur A. Harper, of Lebanon, Dakota County and Frances A. Hall, of Hemmingsford, Canada East.

DIED.

In this city, yesterday morning, the 25th inst., Fred E., only son of E. C. and H. E. Belote, aged 1 year 2 months and 13 days.

The funeral services will take place at the International Hotel, this Tuesday, at 3 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

Monetary & Commercial.

Monetary.

CURRENCY AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF THOMPSON BRO.'S BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, LAND WARRANTS, ETC.
St. Paul, August, 25 1862.

BANKABLE FUNDS.

New York, New England,
Ohio, Michigan,
Iowa, Philadelphia,
Indiana, New Jersey,
Winona County Bank, Pittsburg,
Ramsey Co. endorsed scrip, Wisconsin,
U. S. Demand Notes, Canada,
United States 6 per cent. two years notes,
Darling & Scheffer's endorsed scrip.

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.
Bankable Funds	½ per ct. prem.
American Gold	10 per ct. disc't.

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.
State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

New York Money Market.

New York, August 21.

The event in the Money market to-day is the sale of $3,000,000 of United States Treasury 7.30 @ cent. Bonds at 101½ @ cent. Whether this is the exact *net* price realized by the Government or not, we are unable to say, as hints were indulged on the street that a fractional abatement or some other indirect advantage had been allowed to the takers after the Stock Exchange price was made at 101 @ cent.

P. S.—Since the foregoing was written we learn that the *net* is made to the takers 101 per cent., and accumulated interest to the day of paying in the money to the Sub-Treasury. If the Secretary needed further experience, after his previous negotiations of a private nature, in Wall Street, to satisfy him of the impolicy of partial sales of his securities, without public notice, he surely has it to-day.

Money in the open market continues easy at 4@5 per cent.

The Deposits at Bank are up to $141,000,000. The Specie line is $35,000,000. Gold opens this morning at 115¾@115¾.

There was nothing done at the Second Board. The price left off 115¾@115¾. Exchange is a fraction higher on the asking price with the Bankers. Not much done since the Boston steamer mail.

Commercial.

Milwaukee Market.

Milwaukee, Aug. 23.

During the early part of the day yesterday, the wheat market was unchanged, but there was less disposition to sell than on Thursday, and scarcely anything done at the depots. Buyers offered 95c for No. 2 and 98c for No. 1 in store, and 95@98c for the same grades delivered.

Flour was entirely neglected, and to effect sales a reduction from the late ruling prices would probably have to be conceded.

A dispatch from Chicago to the Chamber of Commerce indicated a decline of 3c in wheat there since yesterday. No. 1 was quoted at 92c and neglected; No. 2 unsalable.

Saturday, 10 A. M.

There was no change in the wheat market during the earlier hours of the day. About 8,000 were sold on the platforms, at 91c for No. 2 in store, and 95@98c for No. 2 and No. 1 respectively delivered. The demand was chiefly for bagged wheat.

Receipts were larger, and will not be less than 32,000 bushels.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the Adjutant General's or Quarter-Master General's Department of the State of Minnesota, will immediately present the same for adjustment and settlement.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant-General.

☞ Pioneer and Democrat copy. a26-1w

TWENTY ACRE TRACT.

Twenty acres desirable land, half an hour's drive of the Steamboat Landing in St. Paul.

HENRY MCKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, June 28, 1862. je28-d&w6m

C. E. WOOLSEY & CO.,
(SUCCESSOR TO L. D. WILSON,)
Commission Merchants,
NO. 211 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO.
CASH ADVANCES ON CONSIGNMENTS.
mar1-d&wly

ST. PAUL FEMALE SEMINARY.

The School Year commences September 1st, and closes July 1st; with a recess of a week between Christmas and New Year, and a week in April. The long vacation occupies the warm months of July and August.

CHARGES.

Board, with furnished room,.....$30 per quarter
Tuition in Primary Department... 8 "
" in all other classes,..... 10 "

EXTRA STUDIES.

Music, with use of Piano,.....$14 "
Drawing,..... 5 "
Crayoning,..... 8 "
Oil Painting,..... 10 "
Modern Languages at Professors' charges.
Washing, 50 cents per dozen.
Fire in room for the winter, $10.

J. G. RHIELDAFFRE,
Superintendent.
Corner of Summit Avenue and St. Peter St.

A CARD.

The undersigned, having for a long time had pupils in the St. Paul Female Seminary, under the care of Rev. J. G. Rhieldaffer, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, beg leave to recommend this institution to parents who have daughters to be educated.

The course of study is as extended and comprehensive as in similar institutions in other parts of the country.

Thoroughness in all the branches taught, is a marked characteristic of the institution. The teachers are experienced and abundantly competent in their several departments.

Young Ladies boarding in the Seminary have a comfortable home and all the advantages that need be desired for them while at school.

The terms for board and tuition are as reasonable as such facilities can be afforded.

Mr. R. is making laudable efforts for the permanent establishment of a Female Seminary of a high order at the Capital of the State, and we rejoice in the prospect of its success. The school is now in the fourth year of its existence, and the intelligent can begin to judge of it by its fruits.

We would, therefore, after having made thorough trial of the St. Paul Female Seminary, recommend to all with whom we may have influence, to aid with their patronage in the support of an institution for the education of our daughters, in our own healthful and invigorating climate.

John Nicols, St Paul.
William Holcombe, Stillwater.
Geo. S. Winslow, Hastings.
C. M. Goodsell, Northfield.
William Sherberri, Shakopee.
D. W. Ingersoll, St. Paul.
G. W. Nicols, "
F. McCormick, "
Dr. T. R. Potts, "
Isaac Staples, Stillwater.
jy22-w6w

Miscellaneous.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

Office of the Treasurer of State, Saint Paul, Aug. 4, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 6th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD. Said wood to be paid for in State warrants, and delivered at State Capital, as required.

CHARLES SCHEFFER,
a20-td State Treasurer.

GOT 'EM.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK,
for September.

DAVENPORT'S GOT 'EM.

CHICAGO PAPERS,
NEW YORK PAPERS,
GOT 'EM.
LEDGER FOR THIS WEEK,
GOT 'EM.

In fact DAVENPORT'S got everything, except a few things he hain't got.

CALL AND SEE.
a16-y

ARMY REGULATIONS.

CAMERON'S U. S. TACTICS,
HARDEE'S TACTICS,
BEADLE'S DIME TACTICS,
MARIEES, THIRD PART LES MISEBABLES,
Just received at
COMBS' BOOKSTORE.
jy31-1y

MILITARY GOODS.

ANOTHER NEW LOT.

SWORDS,
SASHES,
BELTS,
BUGLES,
SHOULDER STRAPS,
AND LETTERS, &c., &c.,

Just received from the Chicopee manufactory, and for sale cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

L. P. FOSTER,
a19-3t Just east of American House.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS,

SADDLERY, HARDWARE AND TOOLS.
LEATHE BELTING.

KESSLER & RIEHL,

TANNERS AND CURRIERS,

Keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete stock of
LEATHER and FINDINGS, SADDLERY HARDWARE and TOOLS,
LEATHER BELTING, ENAMELED CLOTHS AND LEATHER, &c., &c., &c.

All of which they are now offering at prices to suit the times.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS.

☞ Cash paid for Hides and Furs. ☜
fan18-d1y

FORT SNELLING AND ST. PAUL PACKET,
POMEROY,
CAPTAIN E. BELL,
MAKES THREE TRIPS DAILY.

Leaves St. Paul at 7 A. M., 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Leaves Ft. Snelling at 8 A. M., 11 A. M. and 6 P. M.
Leaving as above and connecting with the morning and evening down-river Packets.
a19-dtf

REYNOLDS & McCARGA

STORAGE, FORWARDING
AND
Commission Merchants,
OFFER FOR SALE
ONE THOUSAND CORDS HARD WOOD,
TWO THOUSAND BUSHELS OATS.

The highest market price paid in cash for Pork, Wheat, Corn, Barley, Rye and other produce.
CASH advanced on consignments.
Office in the Irvine Warehouse, Upper Levee Saint Paul. je19-d1y

WANTED

A PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE,

With cylinder from 6 to 8 inch bore, and 14 to 20 inch stroke.

Any person having one of the above dimensions and wishing to dispose of it at a low figure, can hear of a purchaser by applying to

CHARLES D. ELFELT,
a16-d3t&w1 St. Paul.

BYERS & POLLOCK

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE
OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,
JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.
nov14-d&wly

RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE,
CHICAGO, ILL.

The twentieth annual session will commence October 1st, 1862, and continue sixteen weeks.

FACULTY:

Dan'l Brainard, M. D.....Surgery.
J. V. Z. Blaney, M. D.....Chemistry.
J. W. Freer, M. D.....Institutes.
J. Adams Allen, M. D.....Practice.
R. L. Rea, M. D.....Anatomy.
De Laskie Miller, M. D.....Obstetrics.
Ephraim Ingals, M. D. Ther. and Mat. Med.
Edwin Powell, M. D.....Demonstrator.

FEES—$40. Dissecting and Mat. Tickets each $5. Board $2.50 to $3 per week.

For further information or circular, address
a9-d1w&w1m R. L. REA, Sec'y, Box 533.

A LARGE DWELLING,

Near the residence of Gov. Ramsey, on the banks of the Mississippi, in a locality at once central and retired.

HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
je28 d&w6m

FOR SALE,
On Long Time.

One span of Black Mares, with foal, one double wagon, and double harness, both new last spring—on improved real estate, security of sufficient value to be a sure guarantee for principal and interest.

E. J. WAY,
jy21-w1m Robert-st., St. Paul.

F. KNAUFT,

(Corner of Seventh and Olive streets,)

HAS IN ADDITION TO HIS NEW & FULL STOCK OF
Groceries & Provisions,
A complete assortment of
QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

NEW PLATFORM SCALES,

Of Fairbanks' best make, always correct and ready for use. Those who have Hay, Grain or Live Stock for sale can save money by getting it weighed. apr19-1ub28 1y.

Miscellaneous.

REMOVAL.
JOHN GETZ
Has removed his stock of
TOYS, FANCY GOODS AND CONFECTIONARIES,
TO
ROGERS' BLOCK,
Third Street, opposite the Express Office,
Where he will continue to sell all goods in his line cheaper than ever.
Thanking his friends and patrons for past favors, he would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. a12-2w

HO! FOR THE 8TH REGIMENT
Corcoran Relief Guards!
IRISHMEN TO THE RESCUE!
LIEUT. M. J. O'CONNOR,

$165 Bounty!
$50 Public Bounty in Ramsey County!
$5 per month from the city or county!
$40 on being mustered into the United States service.
$75 by United States when discharged.
☞ Recruiting office opposite Sheehy's Groc Store, 3d-st., St. Paul. a14-1

SAINT PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The trains will run until further notice on the following time table:

TIME TABLE NO. ONE.

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5.30 A. M.	5.55 A. M.	7.00 A. M.	7.30 A.M.
9.00 "	9.25 "	10.00 A. M.	10.30 A. M.
2.00 P. M.	2.25 P. M.	3.00 P. M.	3.30 P. M.
5.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.	6.30 "	7.00 "

WILLIAM CROOKS,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.
jy2 dtf

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the
ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.
Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the Winslow, American International and Merchants, or at our office.
Fare to St. Anthony or Minneapolis, including omnibus tickets at both ends of Railroad, 60 cents.
J. C. BURBANK & CO.
jy3

CARPETS.
CASH TRADES
ARE
ALWAYS BARGAINS.
CALL AT
JOSEPH BUGBEE'S
New Carpet Store,
Facing the River,
THIRD STREET,.....ST. PAUL.
a12-3m

BUGGIES.

We have just received and have now on hand a few
Eastern Made Buggies
AND LIGHT BUSINESS WAGONS,
and expect to receive in the next few weeks
A GOOD ASSORTMENT,
Which we will sell for cash, at extreme low figures and warrant them made of
GOOD MATERIALS
a12-1m J. & C. M. DAILEY.

NOTICE.

Office St. Paul & Pacific R. R. Co., Saint Paul, August 13th, 1862.

On and after August 15th, the train leaving Saint Paul, at 11.45 A. M., will leave at 2 o'clock P. M., arrive at St. Anthony at 2.25 P. M., and the train leaving Saint Anthony at 2.30 P. M. will leave at 3 o'clock P. M., arriving at Saint Paul at 3.30 P. M. WILLIAM CROOKS,
a14-2t Superintendent.

MILITARY GOODS.

CAMPBELL,

Has just received a fresh lot of fine goods. The only place in this city where a complete outfit can be found. Officers' uniforms made on short notice.
No. 2 Bernheimer's Block, 3d-st.,
a12-2w St. Paul.

ST. PAUL CHAIR FACTORY

GALLEY & JANSON,

Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail dealers in
CHAIRS!
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WABASHAW STREET, BET. 5TH & 6TH, ST. PAUL.

☞ We are prepared to supply the trade with the very best quality of work, made under our personal supervision, and
WARRANTED SUPERIOR
To any manufactured in the State.
Twelve years' experience in this trade, enables us to do good work in good style.
We refer to the following principal Cabinet dealers of St. Paul, who sell our work in preference to that of other manufacturers, for the reason that they consider ours the best.

J. Primrose,	J. A. Stees,
F. Hildebrand,	J. S. Jenuison,
J. Doney,	feb31-d&wly.

BALMORALS.

ANOTHER NEW LOT.

GENT'S,
LADIES',
MISSES',
BOYS' AND
CHILDRENS',

Comprising all the Fall Styles.
Just received and for sale cheap.
L. P. FOSTER,
a19-3t just east of American House.

K. SPENCER,
Dentist, 23 Years,
MINNEAPOLIS, - - - - - MINNESOTA

As far as I know, my terms for practice will be the usual fees of Dentists of this State.
I insert ARTIFICIAL PIVOT TEETH, which are healthier, cheaper, more beautiful and durable than teeth set on plate.
PIVOT TEETH DO NOT PREVENT THE TASTING OF FOOD—PLATE TEETH DO.
I so stop decayed places in the crowns of Teeth, (elegantly,) as to last the life of the patient.
☞ Consultations without charge.
a21-6m

WILLIAM D. STOREY
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.
REFFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke,.....New York City
John G. Treadwell,.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.,...Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law,.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard,.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moors.....Boston
jel1dom&w1y

FAIRBANK'S
STANDARD
SCALES
OF ALL KINDS.
Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago.
For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.
☞ Be careful to buy only the genuine je14-dw1y

COOLEY, TOWER & COMPANY,
Branch of Cooley & Tower (formerly Livermore, Cooley & Co.,) St. Louis,
(ESTABLISHED 1843,)
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Commission Merchants,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS
FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,
JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN
Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of
LIQUORS AND SEGARS
Our Stock will be found large and complete at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers. August 3, 1862.

DRY GOODS
AT COST.
HOGAN & CAMP
Offer their entire stock of
Summer Dress Goods,
SUMMER SHAWLS,
CLOAKS, PARASOLS,
SUN UMBRELLAS,
AND ALL
SUMMER GOODS
AT COST.
a6-y

WALTER W. WEBB,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Foreign Wines & Liquors,
OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.
AND MONTREAL MALT WHISKY.

I find that the impression prevails that pure Foreign Wines and Brandy cannot be obtained in St. Paul. I wish to assure the citizens and others that they can safely rely upon getting pure, unadulterated Wines, Brandies and Gin from me, equal to any imported. W. W. WEBB.

Also, Loadon Porter, Scotch Ale, and Scotch Whiskey.

LEONARD & SHEIRE,
BUILDERS,
Shop in old Baptist Church Building, on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter Work done to order.

M. SHEIRE, ARCHITECT,
Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheire's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street, near Jackson. Designs, Plans and Specifications for Buildings of every description, prepared on short notice. fe18-1y

FIRST CLASS BOARD.

Pleasant rooms, with board, in a delightful locality, lower town, within a few minutes walk of the International Hotel, can be obtained by addressing P. O. Box No. 1570, or applying at Miss C. A. Gill's, corner Eight and College Streets, next to the residence of John S. Prince, Esq. je25 d3m

CHANGE OF TIME.

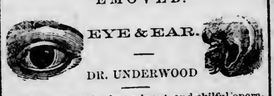
On and after Monday, July 28, 1862, the
Prairie du Chien and Dunleith
LINE OF BOATS
Will leave St. Paul daily, at 7 o'clock P. M. The Steamer Milwaukee will leave Monday morning, as heretofore at 8 o'clock; the Key City will leave the same evening, at 7 o'clock.
This change is made in order to ensure Railroad connections. This is the only line of Boats leaving St. Paul, by which Passengers can rely upon making Railroad connections.
CHAS. THOMPSON, Agent
Prairie du Chien Railway.
S. B. FORNES, Agent Illinois Central Railroad.
jy21-dtf

CATAWBA BRANDY.

The undersigned having been appointed sole Agent for the sale of
LYON'S PURE OHIO CATAWBA BRANDY,
For the State of Minnesota, calls the attention of Physicians and the public to its medicinal qualities.
WALTER W. WEBB.
St. Paul, July 26, 1862. jy21-3tm

J. F. BLODGET,
AUDITOR OF ANOKA COUNTY,
Will pay taxes for non-residents, and furnish information in relation to lands in Anoka county.
Any information in relation to delinquent taxes furnished free of charge. mar12-dtf.

EMOVED.



EYE & EAR.
DR. UNDERWOOD

Of Chicago, Ill., the eminent and skilful operator on the Eye and Ear, whose name and fame is so extensively known throughout the United States, for his science, skill and success in performing formidable operations, and in removing difficult and dangerous diseases from those delicate organs, has arrived in St. Paul and may be consulted in INGERSOLL'S BLOCK for a short time only.
Dr. U., who is a regular Physician and Surgeon of the old school, has had an extensive experience in both hospital and private practice of twenty-eight years, and will be found competent to perform any operation necessary to restore lost sight or hearing, or by other mild and gentle means to remove any disease from those delicate organs within the reach of science and human skill.
CHRONIC DISEASES, of every grade and character, whether requiring medical or surgical treatment, POSITIVELY and PERMANENTLY CURED, when not clearly beyond the reach of science and human skill.
Dr. Underwood treats all diseases on regular and scientific principles as recognized by the medical profession both in Europe and America, and hence does not use or deal in those pretended new and never failing remedies—specifics, inhaling vapors, and clairvoyant prescriptions—which are so ostentatiously paraded before the public by those impudent traveling quacks and money-decoying empirics, nine-tenths of whom never were inside of a medical college. Patients afflicted or laboring under diseases of long standing, can consult Dr. U. with the most confident hope and expectation of being perfectly cured, or receiving with unerring certainty all the relief that the highest skill, the most judicious and scientific treatment can possibly bestow.

AUCTION NOTICE.

We will sell all goods consigned to us, to be sold at auction, for five per cent. commission.
All sums over one hundred dollars three per cent.
Liberal advances made on consignments.
Second hand furniture bought and the highest price paid. R. & J. M. WARNER,
je19-d3m Cor. Third & Wabashaw sts.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

We, the undersigned, have this day dissolved partnership. The business will be carried on in the name of J. H. Byers. All debts and demands will be settled by J. H. Byers.
St. Paul, August 18, 1862.
a19-1w J. H. BYERS,
S. L. POLLOCK.

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,
DEALERS IN
CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY,
PLATED WARE,
CARBON OIL AND LAMPS.
LOOKING GLASSES, TIN WARE,
PLAIN, PLANISHED AND JAPANNED.
TABLE CUTLERY.

Constantly on hand, the most complete assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS to be found in the city.
ROBERT STREET, St. Paul, Minn.
sep22-d&w

To Destroy—Rats, Roaches, &c.
To Destroy—Mice, Moles and Ants.
To Destroy—Bed-Bugs.
To Destroy—Moths in Furs, Clothes, &c.
To Destroy—Mosquitoes and Fleas.
To Destroy—Insects on Plants and Fowls.
To Destroy—Insects on Animals, &c.
To Destroy—Every form and species of Vermin.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS,
THE
'ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN,'
Destroys Instantly
EVERY FORM AND SPECIES OF
VERMIN.

HOUSEKEEPERS—troubled with vermin need be so no longer, if they use "COSTAR'S" Exterminators. We have used it to our satisfaction, and if a box cost $5 we would have it. We had tried poisons, but they effected nothing; but "COSTAR'S" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Bed-Bugs, quicker than we can write it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina [O.] Gazette.*

MORE GRAIN and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin, than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect killer.—*Lancaster [Wis.] Herald.*

"COSTAR'S" RAT, ROACH, &c., EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC POWDER, FOR INSECTS, &c., in 25c, 50c and $1.00 boxes, bottles and tins, $3 and $5 size for plantations, ships, boats, hotels, &c., &c.

☞ SOLD EVERYWHERE—by all Wholesale Druggists in the large cities.

Some of the Wholesale Agents in New York City.—Shieldin Brothers & Co.; R. A. Fahnestock, Hull & Co.; A. B. & D. Sands & Co.; Wheeler & Hart; James S. Aspinwall; Morgan & Allen; Hall, Rucker & Co.; Thomas & Fuller; P. D. Orvis; Harral, Risley & Kitchen; Bush, Gale & Robinson; M. Ward, Close & Co.; McKisson & Robbins; D. S. Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Lazello, Marsh & Gardner; Hall, Dixon & Co.; Conrad Fox, and others.

Also, all Wholesale Druggists at Philadelphia, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; and by Druggists, Grocers, Storekeepers and Retailers generally in all Country Towns and Villages in the United States.

AT ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA,
☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS.
☞ Country Dealers can order as above, or address orders direct—for if price, terms, &c., is desired, send for (1862) Circular, giving reduced prices] to HENRY R. COSTAR,
Principal Depot—No. 512 Broadway—(Opposite the St. Nickolas Hotel,) New York. a21-d&w3m

PRINCE & CO.'S
IMPROVED
MELODEONS!
WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.
MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

87 Fulton street.....New York.
43 Lake street.....Chicago.
WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tollman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Couse.....Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake st., Chicago.

Or either of the above wholesale agents.

For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul, Minnesota. apr29d&wly

160 ACRES OF
Timbered Land

Will be sold at such price that the timber at fifty cents per cord wood-leave, will pay for the property.

The soil is of excellent quality, with water and meadow, and is situated within one and a half hours' drive of Saint Paul, and within five miles of the Saint Paul and Pacific Railroad at two different depots. This road is now being constructed and will be finished to Anoka the coming fall. HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, June 28, 1862. je28-d&w6m

FARMERS LOOK HERE!

I will sell for the next sixty days, the late improved
Fanning Mills,
(two sizes,) patented Oct. 9, 1860, by
F. H. MANNY, of Rockford, Illinois,
at $18

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME II. SAINT PAUL, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1862. NUMBER 125.

The Saint Paul Press.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

☞ THIS paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 26.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE TO CONGRESS.

IGNATIUS DONNELLY,

of Dakota County.

☞ SEE FOURTH PAGE.

EXTRA SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE CALLED.

Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, it has been represented to me by petitions from different parts of the State, numerously signed, that the disturbed condition of our western frontier,—hundreds of men, women and children having been already slaughtered by the Sioux Indians, and entire counties depopulated by the panic thus created;—with the necessity under which the State now labors to furnish thousands of her militia to the service of the General Government, and, at the same time, to provide promptly for the defense of a line of frontier, several hundred miles in length, against a ruthless and merciless enemy;—together with the fact, that, under our existing laws, the volunteer force already furnished, and now required from the State, and constituting nearly one-third of its entire adult, male population, are deprived of their voice in the conduct of public affairs at this most critical period, constitute such a contingency as demands the immediate assembling of the Legislature of the State.

Now, therefore, I, ALEXANDER RAMSEY, Governor of the State of Minnesota, do issue this, my proclamation, requiring that the members of both Houses of the Legislature of the State shall, on the NINTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER NEXT, at 10 o'clock A. M., convene in extra session, at the Capitol, in the city of St. Paul, to take such action, as may be deemed necessary, for the welfare of the State and the protection of its people.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the city of St. Paul, this twenty-
[L. S.] third day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two.

ALEXANDER RAMSEY.

By the Governor,
JAMES H. BAKER,
Secretary of State.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

The news by telegraph is of great interest and variety, but no important and decided movement has yet been made by the army. Preparation is making for the coming struggle.

The latest authentic intelligence from the Indian war is fully reported in our columns.

SPECIAL ELECTIONS.

Proclamations have been issued by the Governor for holding a special election for Senator in the St. Cloud District, in the place of Sylvanus B. Lowry, resigned, and for the election of a Representative in Winona county, in place of E. B. Weld, who has removed from the State. Both elections are to be held on the sixth of September.

DEATH OF REV. DR. THORNWELL.

The death of the distinguished Theologian and Secessionist, is announced in the Richmond *Examiner*, as quoted by the Pittsbugh *Presbyterian Banner*.

Dr. Thornwell was acknowledged as one of the leading minds of the age; and next to the prime-arch-rebel, Mr. Calhoun, has probably done more to effect the dissolution of the Union than any other man. He was the principal conductor of a leading Quarterly Journal, a Professor in the Theological Seminary at Columbia, and has spoken and written with great ability in favor of secession. The celebrated pulpit orator, and platform speaker, Dr. Palmer, of New Orleans, was a pupil and protege of Dr. Thornwell.

The *Banner* says:

"He died at Charlotte, S. C., on Friday, (the 8th of August probably,) after a brief illness, of typhoid pneumonia.

Dr. Thornwell has filled a large place in the eyes of the Church and the country. There have been, probably, but very few men who have had a greater influence than he, in the bringing on of the sad calamities which afflict the land. A division of the country and a disruption of the Church he labored for long, and with great power and intense industry. He was mighty in intellect and fascinating in manner. None could be present when he spoke without having his attention rivcted, and but few could resist a momentary conviction. But bitter fruits, oh how bitter! are the result. He saw a part of those fruits and tasted them with disappointment and sorrow, but, we fear, not with regret and repentance. His mental exercises, after that death had become manifest, are not narrated in our exchanges.

OTHER-DAY'S NARRATIVE.

We have partially in type the highly interesting narrative of the outbreak of Indian hostilities, by Other-Day, the hero Indian, who saved the lives of the white settlers at Yellow Medicine—which we are obliged to leave over to another day.

—The second son of the Emperor of Russia is to visit the United States at an early day, by invitation of Minister Cameron. He will be enthusiastically received. The young grand duke is named Alexander Alexandrowitch. He was born on the 26th of March, 1845, and is therefore seventeen years of age. He holds the military rank of Colonel of the Perciaslaff dragoons.

Latest from Indian War!

COL. SIBLEY ON THE MARCH FROM ST. PETER.

Infantry move via New Ulm!

Gov. Donnelly's Letter.

THE CHIPPEWA IMBROGLIO.

Letters from Commandant at Fort Ripley.

THERE is no reliable news from Fort Ridgley yet. Passengers by the Clara Hine last night, report that news had been received at Henderson from the Fort up to Saturday, saying that that post was still holding its own, though no dispatches had been received.

New Ulm, at the latest accounts, was still cut off from communication, and the general belief was that nearly, if not quite the whole town was destroyed.

Col. Sibley moved in the direction of the Fort on Monday, with a force of 500 mounted men. His infantry, of a like number, also marched by way of New Ulm, so that before this time the beleagured and weary garrison is undoubtedly reinforced.

The excitement up the valley was beginning to subside. The feeling of confidence has been restored by the marching of such large bodies of soldiers to the frontier, for the relief of the settlers and the chastisement and extermination of the Indians.

We give below all the news received at the Governor's office yesterday. The following is a letter from Lieutenant Governor Donnelly, who has been sent with dispatches to Col. Sibley:

BELLE PLAINE, August 25—4 P. M.

Governor Ramsey:

SIR—I reached here a few moments since, and propose to drive through to St. Peter to-night. Along the road we met fifteen teams with refugees from the scene of the disturbances.

In this town there are 600 people crowded into stores, houses and hotels, living upon the bounty of the people. The people are themselve poor, and I am informed the supply of provisions in town is short. I would suggest that some steps be at once taken to send here ample means for their support, until the alarm is past and they are able to return to their homes. I fear if this is not done they will suffer.

I have conversed here with a boy named John Wilson, from the Norwegian Grove, fifteen miles southwest of Henderson. He is shot through the wrist. He was out about noon on Saturday, hunting for cattle; saw a number of Indians sitting along a fence—couldn't say how many; one pursued him, shot at him, the ball passing through his wrist. He hastened home, but found his father, mother, three brothers and a niece, all gone; no signs of any murders. It is supposed they escaped to St. Peter.

I learn that the mounted men under Major Cullen, to the number of, probably, 300, reported yesterday (Sunday) morning to Col. Sibley, at St. Peter. Col. Crooks' command spent last night in Henderson, and are probably, by this time, with Col. Sibley. His force being thus united, Col. Sibley will probably move to-morrow morning to the relief of the Fort.

The country is, of course, in a high state of excitement, although there is less *panic* here than there is nearer St. Paul. The people here have more accurate ideas of distances and localities, and do not, therefore, so readily believe everything told them * * * * *

Truly and respectfully yours,
IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

Affairs at the North.

HEALQUARTERS FORT RIPLEY,
August 23, 9 P.M.

Governor Ramsey:

SIR—I traveled all night, and arrived at the Fort at 7 A. M., and found Indian matters as follows:

Indians are assembling in large numbers at Gull Lake, twenty miles north of here. Six families from Leech Lake were taken prisoners by the band known as Leech Lake Pillagers. The Indian preacher Johnson, who is friendly, was at this council, and says it is a preconcerted movement, and that Hole-in-the-Day says the same in council, and it was arranged with the Sioux and Chippewas to strike at this time. The arrangement was for the Chippewas to first kill agent Walker, then attack and take the Fort, and overrun the Mississippi valley.

Hole-in-the-Day stated in council that we had all we could manage with our brethren in the South, and that with the Sioux and Chippewas together we would not be able successfully to resist.

Lieut. J. B. Forbes, by his promptness, saved the Fort. He received news of the movement at two o'clock P. M., 19th inst. He immediately took 26 men and started for the Agency, and met the agent on his retreat to the Fort. He got a sight at Hole-in-the-Day and gave chase, who only escaped by taking a boat and crossing the river. The boys had a bush fight with some 50 of his warriors, and Hole-in-the-Day was seen to fall, and his warriors carried him from the field. We hear to-day he is confined to his bed by sickness. He will not own he was hurt.

Lieut. Forbes declared martial law, and ordered all citizens of this vicinity to report at the Fort. To this promptness in obeying the call can be credited the safety of the Fort and valley.

Immediately on my arrival I sent Lieut. Beaulieu with a message to Hole-in-the-Day to immediately release all whites which he held as prisoners, and informed him that if he failed to do this it would be considered as commencing hostilities, and we should act accordingly. At the same time I informed Hole-in-the-Day that if he remained quiet and did not permit his men to do damage to citizens, that his matter of difficulty with Agent Walker would be investigated by the Indian Commissioner. I informed Hole-in-the-Day that the whites had always looked on him as a friend, and that I hoped he would not now disappoint them. I at the same time informed him that if he persisted in hostilities we should make it a war of extermination. Hole-in-the-Day answered that he would immediately release the prisoners, and wait four days for Commissioner Dole.

The Indian preacher, Johnson, is here claiming our protection, and says Hole-in-the-Day threatened to kill him unless he would join him against the whites. He also says that Hole-in-the-Day is afraid to attack us until he receives reinforcements from Leech Lake, which he has sent for. The company I ordered here from St. Cloud, went the other way after I left. Tattersall's company had not reached St. Cloud at 11 A. M. to-day. We have about thirty soldiers and fifty citizens to defend the Fort and settlers, and are poorly armed. We want ammunition and guns for citizens who volunteer to help us.

The Sioux are working up this war. They are murdering settlers at or near Forest City. We detail to-night for guard 24—do not intd to en be caught asleep. Our men do not undress, but sleep with their guns by their sides.

LATER.—An express from Crow Wing just arrived, and says the wives of the Chippewas are all leaving the country, and none but warriors remain. It may mean fun, but they will get plenty of it. The citizens of Crow Wing and Little Falls are organized, and all the women and children gather together at night, and the men mount guard like soldiers. You may hear of the citizens of this valley being killed, but you will not hear of them running from their houses. They are determined to stand by them to the last. If you should send any men here to operate against Indians, Lieut. Beaulieu's company would be a good one, as they know the ways of the Indians. I have citizens near the Indians who report movements made by them.

In haste,

CAPT. F. HALL, Com'dg Post.

HEADQUARTERS, August 24—10 A. M.

Governor Rsmsey:

SIR:—Men, women and children poured into the Fort all night for protection. They are all from the vecinity of the Indians, and feel certain that the Indians will attack soon. They say the Indians are determined to take the Fort so as to get guns and ammunition. The Indians are reinforced from Leech Lake, and now number about 300 warriors. Their squaws have all left for the north, which shows that they are preparing for a fight. Should they commence, we will need 400 men here and 200 horse to clear them out entirely. They cannot take the Fort, but we have not sufficient force to successfully attack them in the woods. The only way is to take half cavalry and half infantry, and drive them from the country. They expect 200 more in one or two days. I think they will wait until these arrive. They had a war meeting last night, and one of their chiefs—Bad-Boy—was in favor of peace, when they threatened to kill him, and he made his escape and is here. He says they are for war unless the Government will give them all they ask—which is a general overhauling of everything for several years back. He (Bad-Boy) is sure there will be war. He succeeded in getting three only of his band to join him for peace. We use them for advance guards. He says they only gave up their prisoners to get time to get their men together. If I had men enough, I would order them to disperse, and if they refused, I would clear them out, and not give them a chance to attack the settlers. Lieutenant Beaulieu will give you particulars. He knows the Indians and their plans. We can get 100 good men here to volunteer to fight them, but they have no guns but shot-guns. The settlers here wish to make it a war of extermination, if the Indians commence. If they do commence, it would be a good time to pay them all we owe them, and get a clear title to their lands. They are a treacherous and thieving set, and if they give up this time, it will only be because they are afraid they cannot succeed.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,
CAPT. J. HALL,
Commanding Post.

FORT RIPLEY Minn. Aug. 23d—7, A. M.

To the Editors of the Press:

Affairs connected with the Indian outbreak in this vicinity, are growing more serious every hour. All the white population have left Crow Wing. Between three and four hundred Indians have taken possession of it, but up to this morning, they had only broken into one trading house.

All day yesterday, citizens with their families, friendly Indians, and half-breeds were moving into the Fort. Up to the present time, 21 families have arrived, and unless assistance soon reaches here, the probability is that the Indians will make sad havoc.

The commanding officer has proclaimed martial law, and ordered all white persons to report to this post. There are but twenty-five soldiers here, and no arms for the citizens. I am not inclined to exaggerate matters, but I am forced to believe that there will be a sad state of things unless we have help. H.D.B.

—A large comet is visible to the naked eye at nine o'clock P. M., in the northern heavens, at about twenty degrees west from the polar star. A common opera glass affords a splendid view of the celestial visitor.

—The Emperor of the French was fifty-four years old on the 15th inst. He has now worn the imperial purple very nearly eleven years, although it was generally considered ten years ago, that he would not remain on the throne over a year. His son was six years old in March last. The last birth-day of the Emperor was duly celebrated by the firing of three salutes of twenty-one guns each from the French war frigate Gassendi, now in harbor.

—The Brazilian government is now discussing the question of opening the Brazilian ports to the navies of the world, and of declaring free trade in all parts of its vast empire. According to private letters from Rio Janeiro, the measure would extend to the inland trade all along the course of the Amazon and other great courses of water. The Brazilian government is solicited to establish free trade from the fact that naval construction and freight is twice more costly in Brazil than in any part of Europe, and that the lingering of navigation along its coast naturally paralyzes the trade and industry of their vast empires.

Union District Convention.

In response to the call of the Republican Central Committee for the First Congressional District of Minnesota, the delegates elect to the Union District Convention assembled at Owatonna, on Wednesday, the 20th of August inst., and at the appointed hour were called to order by D. Blakeley, Esq, Chairman of the District Committee.

On motion of H. C. Rogers, of Mower, Hon. M. W. Sargent, of Winona, was called to the chair, and F. Driscoll, Esq. of Scott, appointed Secretary.

The call for the Convention was then read by the Secretary.

On motion of Mr. Sherwood, of Fillmore, a committee of five was appointed by the chair on the subject of credentials, consisting of Messrs. Sherwood of Fillmore, Reynolds of Olmsted, Stone of Scott, Rogers of Mower, and Bonwell of Faribault.

On motion of Mr. Mott, of Rice, a committee of five was appointed by the chair to draft a platform for the adoption of the Convention, consisting of Messrs. Mott of Rice, Yale of Winona, Reynolds of Olmsted, Donaldson of Steele, and See of Houston.

Mr. Potter of Houston moved the appointment of a committee of five to report officers for the permanent organization of the Convention.

Pending which—

Mr. Harding of Olmsted moved as an amendment that the temporary officers be confirmed as the permanent officers of the Convention—

Which amendment was accepted, and the motion, as amended, was adopted by acclamation.

And then, on motion of Mr. Potter, the Convention adjourned until one o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention having been called to order by the President at the appointed hour, Mr. Sherwood, on behalf of the Committee on Credentials, reported the following delegates as entitled to seats in the Convention, to wit:

Blue Earth—Thomas Pugh, B. McCracken, N. Powell, I. Williams.

Dodge—J. E. Bancroft, E. Doud, G. Leavitt.

Faribault—A. Bonwell, G. H. Goodnow.

Fillmore—R. A. Brown, R. W. Twitchell, C. D. Sherwood, N. P. Colburn, D. Dayton, W. W. Snell, L. O. Bliss, S. B. Murrell, J. C. Easton.

Freeborn—Wm. Morin A. B. Webber, E. P. Skinner.

Houston—Charles H. See, D. L. Clements, Wm. H. Bunce, Geo. F. Potter, B. F. Pidge.

Jackson—A. Clendening.

LeSueur—C. A. Williams, Thomas Turritlin, Asa Cheadle, Charles Needham.

Mower—H. C. Rogers, S. Snow, S. Bostwick.

Martin—L. F. True.

Murray—John Wright.

Nicollet—Wm. Worden, Horace Austin.

Olmsted—Geo. W. Baker, Charles H. Morrill, Semeon Harding, R. Reynolds, O. P. Whitcomb, W. D. Hurlbut.

Rice—O. Brown, R. A. Mott, Charles Wood, B. F. Haviland, G. E. Cole.

Renville—James Caruthers.

Scott—S. B. Strait, H. H. Williams, F. Driscoll, H. W. Stone.

Sibley—C. Stoever, F. A. Renz, Andrew McIlench.

Steele—N. M. Donaldson, E. J. Crandall.

Winona—M. W. Sargeant, C. H. Blanchard, E. Gertzen, J. I. Ehle, Chas. Eaton, W. H. Yale.

Waseca—Warren Smith, Philo Woodruff.

Watonwan—C. G. Mullen.

The report of the Committee was adopted by the Convention.

Mr. Reynolds, on behalf of a majority of the committee on resolutions, submitted the following

PLATFORM.

The Congressional Convention of the First Congressional District of Minnesota, to the people of said District hereby declare—

1. We recognize no issue as before the country but that of *Loyalty* and *Disloyalty*: and we know no test of Loyalty but a hearty and undivided support of the Government by contributions of men and money to the full extent of its needs, in its efforts to suppress rebellion and punish treason.

2. There can be no neutrality on the question of sustaining the Government, when its life is in peril by armed traitors; and indifference and inactivity become criminal complicity with those who plot against the nation's life.

3. That in this dark hour, our only hope of the preservation of this Union lies in our trust that the Administration of this Government will use all means that God has placed in its power, to utterly subdue the present most causeless rebellion: and we hereby cordially extend the fraternal hand to all who are willing to support the President in his eminently patriotic efforts to preserve the heritage of freedom and constitutional liberty for an undivided country.

[The report was signed by all the members of the committee except Mr. Mott.]

Mr. Mott then submitted the following

MINORITY REPORT:

Resolved, 1st, That we confide implicitly in the integrity and patriotism of President Lincoln, and we pledge him the assistance of all we have and are, in all vigorous efforts to crush the present infamous rebellion.

Resolved, That the passage by Congress at its late session of the acts abolishing Slavery in the District of Columbia—prohibiting it in new Territories, confiscating the property of rebels, securing free homesteads to free men and providing for the construction of the Pacific Railroad, gives cheering evidence that the Republican Party is true to its mission, and we here to-day renew our fealty to its principles.

Resolved, That in this dark hour our only hope of the preservation of this Union lies in our trust the Administration of this Government will use *all* the means God has placed in its power to utterly subdue the present most causeless rebellion—and that all those in bonds who may join the Grand Army of the Union are to be rewarded with the priceless boon of liberty.

Resolved, That the grand surging of our citizen soldiery toward the scene of conflict under the President's late call gives evidence to the world that earth exhibits no such lofty patriotism as is shown by a free people in their efforts to sustain the endangered institutions of their choice.

Resolved, That our watchword henceforth shall be the soul-inspiring sentiments of the immortal Jackson—"Our Federal Union—it must and shall be preserved."

Mr. Yale moved the adoption of the majority report.

Mr. Cole moved to substitute the minority for the majority report—

Which motion did not prevail.

The question recurring on the adoption of the majority report, the motion was agreed to, and the resolutions of the majority of the Committee were declared to be the platform of the Convention.

Mr. Reynolds then submitted the following supplementary resolutions, which were read and agreed to, viz:

Resolved, That we regard the acts of Congress, at its late session, abolishing slavery in the District of Columbia—prohibiting its extension into the Territories of the United States—providing Free Homes for Free Laborers—authorizing the construction under Government patronage and protection of the Pacific Railroad—confiscating the property and emancipation of the slaves of rebels, and in making ample provision for the suppression of the slaveholders rebellion—with a measure of pride and gratification inspired by the acts of no previous Congress since the formation of the Government.

Resolved, That the spontaneous uprising of the people of the loyal States in response to the late calls of the President for six hundred thousand men, is a cheering prophecy of the speedy end of the rebellion and of the return of peace and union to our distracted country.

On motion of Mr. Potter, Hon. Wm. Windom, of Winona, was then re-nominated by acclamation, and amid enthusiastic cheers, for Member of Congress for the First District of Minnesota, for the ensuing year.

On motion of Mr. Webber, a committee of three was appointed by the chair to wait upon Mr. Windom, and inform him of his nomination, consisting of Messrs. Webber, Williams, and ——.

On motion of Mr. Rogers, the present Central Committee for the First Congressional District, consisting of Messrs. D. Blakely, H. A. Swift, Fred. Driscoll, Abner Lewis, and A. B. Webber, were re-elected for the ensuing term of two years.

On motion of Mr. Yale, it was

Resolved, That the course taken by our worthy Representatives in Congress, Messrs. Windom and Aldrich, During the past session of Congress, meets with the hearty approval of the citizens of Minnesota, and the loyal and patriotic citizens of the First Congressional District, inviting full faith and confidence in Hon. William Windom, demand his re-election to the office, the duties of which he has so well and faithfully performed for the last two years.

On motion of Mr. Potter, it was

Resolved, That the exigencies of the times, and the necessity which exists of supporting the Government by the united voice of the whole people of the North, as well its soldiers as its citizens, demand the inauguration of such measures as will insure the co-operation of our soldiers, in sustaining the civil alike with the military branch of our Government; and we hereby recommend to the Governor to call an immediate extra session of the Legislature to adopt such measures as will secure the desired end.

The committee appointed to wait upon the nominee and inform him of his nomination here appeared in charge of Mr. Windom, who, being introduced to the Convention, made some stirring and eloquent remarks upon the duty of citizens and soldiers in the present trying emergency of the country.

After which, amid enthusiastic cheers, for the nominee of the Convention, and for the glorious old "Union" of the States, the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

M. W. SARGENT, President.
F. DRISCOLL, Secretary.

—Joseph Ballet, Esq., of New York city, has made a donation of $5,000 to Yale College to promote the study of sacred music in that institution.

—The American Baptist Almanac, for 1863, shows that the regular Baptists in North America have 12,648 churches, 8,018 ordained ministers, 1,035 licentiates, 1,037,576 members, of whom 69,073 were baptized since the Almanac of the previous year was published. The net gain of the denomination, as reported, is 31,497 for the year.

—The Dundald (Ireland) *Democrat* says: "The American Union is the best friend of Ireland in the world. We beg to tell the Irish in America that the people of Ireland are nearly, to a man, with the cause of the Union, and against the wicked rebellion. They do not forget the good deeds of the Republic in their day of distress, and they heartily wish success to the Stars and Stripes and a speedy defeat to that audacious faction who have revolted against the freest government mankind has ever witnessed."

—Six hundred thousand of our country's noblest and bravest sons are now rushing to arms to save that country from impending ruin, in addition to nearly half a million already in the field. On the first day of October, should no unforeseen disaster intervene, there will be one million men in arms for the preservation of the Union—the best raw material for soldiers, and half of them the best soleiers, that the sun ever shone upon.

—Twenty-seven deaths occurred in New York city and vicinity on Saturday, August 9th, from *coup de soleil*.

—In our spirit of forbearance we have been playing an unequal game with the rebels. While we have been bowing politely to their masts and rigging, they have been pouring their shot into our hull

—The annual Diocesan Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church assembled at Buffalo August 20th. The attendance was large and the services interesting. One hundred and twenty clergymen answered to their names. The sermon was preached by Rev. Wm. A. Matson, of Lockport. In the afternoon Bishop Delancy delivered his annual address.

—The rebel General Jackson, in his late retreat, made pretty quick time for a Stonewall.

—The first class at the West Point Military Academy has now but twenty-six members, the second, thirty-three, and the third eighty-eight. The academic and military staff combined, including professors, officers and cadets serving as instructors, number thirty-nine—all of which we learn from the register of the institution just published. The standard of discipline is brought up, the school made national, and good little West Pointers are no longer taught they will go South when they die. A very desirable change from some years ago.

New Advertisements.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

Representations having been made in this city and elsewhere that passengers by this route, and through Canada were liable to detention at Detroit. I am authorized to say that all Government passes good over any line to points beyond Canada, as New York, &c., are not questioned at Detroit, holders being allowed to proceed without delay.

Passes for all persons liable to military duty are furnished in this city by

C. P. BRADLEY, ESQ.,

Superintendent Police Department, also by

J. R. Jones, Esq., U. S. Marshal,

Persons residing out of the city, and unknown to either of the gentlemen named, will require the endorsement of responsible and well-known parties here or elsewhere before being able to obtain passes over any line.

No passes required for persons exempt from military duty.

H. E. SARGENT,
Chicago, Aug. 26. General Agent.

LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH TO ST. PAUL.

WINSLOW'S LINE.

Latest from Washington!

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.

Messengers from Virginia, to-day represent there was an engagement at Warrenton, Virginia yesterday, in which our forces were successful, having driven the enemy out of the town.

We were still holding it at the latest advices.

Rebels force which had been engaged in the recent fights are mostly cavalry.

IMPORTANT FROM NEW YORK

Part of McClellan's Army at Alexander.

Adj't. Murdock Commits Suicide.

REBEL ARMY WITHIN THIRTY MILES OF MANASSAS.

New Levies Needed Now!

The Crisis is past and the Nation is safe.

The Great Battle to be Fought within Thirty Days.

Guerrilla Raid on Cattlet's Station

General Pope's Baggage, Money and Official Papers Captured.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.

Times' correspondent states that a portion of McClellan's army, which embarked at Yorktown has arrived at Alexandria. The corps under command of Gen Franklin, which embarked at Fort Monroe Friday, arrived at Alexandria to-day; also, reported that another corps will come to the same place to-morrow. In fact, appearances indicate that the entire army of the Potomac, excepting Gen. Porter's corps, which went to Fredericksburg last week, will make camp California the old camping ground, situated about 2 1-2 miles from Alexandria, a temporary ren dezvous. It's the opinion here that the troops now at Alexandria, will, in the course of a day or two, proceed to join Pope's army.

I am informed that Kearney's division, which arrived at Alexandria about the middle of last week, took part in an engagement which occurred near Warrenton yesterday.

The new regiments are daily pouring into Alexandria, and every day they are sent forward to join the army.

[*Times Washington dispatch.*] Acting Adjutant Murdock, of the 66th Ohio, committed suicide, last night, at Alexandria, by blowing his brains out with a pistol. He was ill with fever, but was not thought to be delirious till the fatal deed was committed.

The *Herald's* Washington dispatch says: "Military critics profess to believe our forced advances to the Rapidan were prematurely made. Jackson disturbed our figures somewhat at Cedar Mountain, and possibly damaged our calculations, and, as a consequence, he and his coadjutors assail us now within thirty miles of Manassas, with the largest army the rebels have ever rallied, east or west. We all look hopefully for the coming of McClellan. Burnside's troops are here. If the new levies were ever needed it is at this time. Gen. Pope is still held to be equal to any emergency. The crippled but indomitable Banks is still with his command, and McDowell has an opportunity to wipe away a bloody recollection within cannon shot of Bull Run, for he is active and everywhere present."

The Rappahannock correspondent of the *Tribune* says the greatest crisis of this war must pass between Thursday morning and Saturday night. It is passed, and we are safe. Washington is safe; our army is safe; the nation is safe; for Pope's artillery is now guarding the line of the Rappahannock, and Fitzjohn Porter, with a very heavy force, joined Pope on Friday evening, and a host of regiments have joined and are joining him now by way of Alexandria. And now look for the grand movements of the war within thirty days. Do not forget that Burnside has massed a large army at Fredericksburg, and Pope is nearly and quite as strong as Lee and Jackson, and McClellan is freed from the net which held him in its meshes on the Peninsula.

Some stir was caused in camp, and a thousand times more in Washington, I find, by a sudden raid of 250 guerillas upon Cattlet's Station. Under cover of the night they dashed in upon our small collection of men and wagons, and stampeding a lot of sutlers, and servants, and teamsters, burned seven wagons, ran off a number of horses and took about 100 prisoners. The most serious part of the business is they took Gen. Pope's personal baggage and moneys, and all his official papers, correspondence, etc., which happened to be in one of the wagons which had been sent to the rear. In the attack twenty supply trains were destroyed, or their contents injured by the rebels. Many wagons were too wet to burn.

Railroad Train Destroyed by Guerrillas.

BALTIMORE, August 25.

The passenger train on the Winchester Railroad, which left there on Saturday afternoon for Harper's Ferry, was fired into about half way between those points, by a party of about 50 guerrillas, and Edward Lucas, the express messenger, was severely wounded. The conductor of the train foolishly stopped it in compliance with the order of the gang. Four soldiers of the 1st Michigan regiment were taken prisoners. The train, with its contents, was then destroyed, and the guerrillas made off with their prisoners.

BOSTON, August 25.

Workmen to-day commenced to razee the frigate Niagara at the navy-yard.

[By Telegraph.]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, August 25.

Flour—Market unchanged.

Wheat—Market le better. Fair business doing, chiefly for good sound parcels.

FROM MEMPHIS.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 23.

No list of passengers of the Acacia is received.

Mrs. Robert Dale Owen, Mrs. Richardson, wife of Captain Richardson, 53d Ohio, are lost. It is ascertained that not more than thirty persons perished.

Breckinridge is reported moving his entire army to Santa Nobia.

Gen. Grant has ordered non-residents here enrolled. In case of a draft in their respective States, a proportionate draft will be made among them. Persons thus drawn will be assigned to regiments from their own States.

Saunders Bearing Rebel Despatches, Sailed from Quebec.

CLIFTON HOUSE, C. W., Aug. 26.

The gentleman, supposed to be Yancey, who arrived the other day in a dirty disguise, was not Yancey, but George N. Saunders, supposed to have been bearer of despatches from the rebel government. He sailed by Saturday's steamer from Quebec. Saunders left Richmond on the 11th inst.

FROM CINCINNATI.

Rebels Repulsed at Fort Donelson.

No Occasion for Alarm About Morgan's Position.

Cassius M. Clay at the Head of a Brigade.

Col. C. S. Anderson in Command at Lexington.

A NEGRO BRIGADE.

Cheering News from Gen. Morgan.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 26.

[*Special to Commercial.*]—From the Chaplain of the 71st Ohio Regiment, dated Fort Donelson, 25th, says the rebels, under Woodward, the same that took Clarksville, made an attack on the Fort, but were repulsed with a loss of 30 killed and wounded. Col. Woodward's horse was killed under him. His saddle and pistols are now in our possession.

The rebels sent a flag of truce previous to the attack demanding the surrender.

The question having been put to the officers, every man voted no.

The enemy's force consisted of 450 infantry, 335 cavalry, and 2 field pieces.

The fort was under command of Hart, of Col. Rodney Mason's 71st Ohio Regiment.

The *Commercial's* Lexington dispatch says there is no occasion for alarm about Gen. Morgan's position. A courier, just arrived, reports a state of starvation. The rebels are 15,000 in front and 30,000 in the rear, commanded by Bragg, Floyd and Kirby Smith.

Cassius M. Clay left to-day, with his brigade.

Gen. Nelson has relieved Lew Wallace, and will take the field.

Col. C. S. Anderson, of the 93d Pennsylvania, is appointed commander of this post.

A negro brigade, to repair roads, leaves to-morrow.

Gen. James S. Jackson, late Congressman from the Second District, takes the field immediately.

The *Gazette's* Frankfort dispatch says an arrival from the mountains brings more cheering news.

Gen. Morgan has repulsed a large force of rebels on the other side of the Gap, and has provisions and forage enough for thirty days. He is in no danger.

Col. Garrard had several skirmishes with the enemy, repulsing them every time.

State of Minnesota—Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, a vacancy exists in the office of State Senator for the Third Senatorial District by reason of the formal resignation of Hon. Sylvanus B. Lowry, who was elected at the last general election to represent said district in the Senate of said State;

Therefore, Proclamation is hereby made that agreeably to the provisions of an act entitled "an act to regulate elections in this State, and to reduce the several acts relating to the same to one act," approved March 2d, 1861, the said vacancy so occurring will be filled by the qualified voters of the counties of Stearns, Todd, Cass, Wadena, Otter Tail, Andy Johnson, Clay, Douglas, Becker, Polk, Pembina, Morrison, Crow Wiug, Aiken, Itaska, Buchanan, Carlton, St. Louis and Lake, the same constituting the Third Senatorial District aforesaid, at a special election to be held therein on Saturday, the sixth day of September, A. D. 1862; said election to be conducted and the returns made in the manner prescribed by the law regulating general elections in this State.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at the Capitol, in the city of Saint
[L. S.] Paul, this twenty-fifth day of August, A. D. 1862. ALEX. RAMSEY.

By the Governor,
JAMES H. BAKER,
Secretary of State.

State of Minnesota—Proclamation by the Governor.

Whereas, it has been represented to me that a vacancy exists in the office of Representative in the State Legislature, in the Eleventh Representative District consisting of the county of Winona, by reason of the removal from the State of E. B. Weld, Esq., who was elected to said office at the last general election.

Now, therefore, proclamation is hereby made that such vacancy will be filled by the electiors of said county of Winona, at a special electon to be held in said county on the sixth day of September, A. D. 1862; said election to be held and conducted and the returns thereof made and canvassed in the same manner as general elections are held and conducted, and the returns thereof made and conducted.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at the Capitol, in Saint Paul, this
[L. S.] twenty-sixth day of August, A. D. 1862.
ALEX. RAMSEY.

By the Governor,
JAMES H. BAKER,
Secretary of State.

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.

E. J. WAY,

Agent for the North Star Mills, has just received a choice article of FLOUR, manufactured from new club Wheat, to which he invites the attention of purchasers.

Robert Street, between Fourth and Fifth. aug7-1w

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE

PRESS PRINTING COMPY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

TERMS:

DAILY PRESS—To city subscribers, fifteen cents per week, or, if paid in advance, $7.00 per annum; $1.75 for three months. By mail—$6.00 per annum, or fifty cents per month, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$3.50 per annum; $2 for six months; $1 for three months; clubs of five at $3 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2.00; three copies, $4.00; six copies, $7.00; eight copies, $9.00; ten copies, TO ONE ADDRESS, $10.00.

IMPORTANT TO SOLDIERS.

The strength of our army, to say nothing of the comfort of its members, is greatly dependent upon the *means* used for the preservation of health. Much depends upon the wisdom of commanders and surgeons—more upon the personal habits of the soldiers themselves. No care in the selection of encampments, or the rapidity of the march, can obviate the bad effects of careless or imprudent dietetic habits. Food may be provided in great abundance, and of the best quality, but unless it is properly prepared, it will be neither palatable or wholesome. One of the first duties of the soldier is to learn to cook, or failing in this to secure in some way the proper preparation of his rations for use. We have sometimes know a company to contribute weekly a sufficient amount to employ an experienced cook—thus escaping the drudgery of menial service, and at the same time securing a more palatable and healthful diet.

No word of caution is needed respecting the habitual use of intoxicating liquors. The universal experience of mankind and the testimony of scientific men condemn it.

There is another subject of some practical importance to the soldier—we allude to the preservation and proper use of the extra army ration.

The regular army ration is liberal—more, indeed, than can be used, the surplus amounting to nearly, if not quite, one-fifth of the whole. It is estimated that the rations of a regiment for twenty-five days, supplied by the commissary, are as much as can be consumed in thirty days, leaving five days' rations to the credit of the regiment, for which an equivalent may be received in money. The following statements on this subject in the Milwaukee *Sentinel*, by a writer who has had large personal experience in such matters, are of vast importance, and commend themselves to those who are now forming our new regiments:

The rations are drawn from the Division or Post Commissary by the Regimental Commissary Sergeant, who gives his receipts for the same. It is the duty of the latter to make monthly settlements with the former, and take a receipt for the number of surplus rations due the regiment. This surplus is taken by the government at the price paid for the different articles, and the amount is credited to the regiment in money; and the receipts taken by the Regimental Commissary Sergeant, constitute orders on the proper officers for the payment of the same in cash.

Now, if the Regimental Commissary Sergeant fails to make these settlements monthly, and to preserve his receipts for surplus rations and have their money value credited to the regiment, the whole amount is lost to the regiment and forfeited to the government. The settlements *must be made* at the specified time; they cannot be delayed; once passed by, the value of the surplus rations cannot be recovered. Are the privates and non-commissioned officers aware of the value of their extra rations, and do they look after their interests in this matter? I believe in three-fourths of all the regiments in the field the men know nothing about it, and never give the subject a moment's attention. The Commissary Sergeants neglect their duty in the matter, the settlements are not made and the men lose hundreds of dollars which might be used to make them far more comfortable than they are.

The writer of this article was connected with one of our regiments for nearly a year, and he knows that more than five hundred dollars was lost to the men of the regiment during that time by the ignorance and inattention of those who had charge of the matter. The men have no one to look after their rights, and protect them. The money belongs to themselves, and they ought to watch it closely, and use it for their benefit while in the field. There are a hundred little things which may be obtained with this extra ration fund; to make them more comfortable and improve their health and efficiency. Would it not be well for the men of our new regiments at the first opportunity after their organization, to choose from among themselves an intelligent and honest man, as Treasurer of the Extra Ration Fund, whose duty it shall be to see that the extra rations are daily credited to the regiments, and to receive and deposit the money for the benefit of the same, and also let them appoint a committee to determine what shall be done with it—how it may be used to preserve the health of the men, and give them the largest possible amount of comfort.

From the Philadelphia Press.

The True History of the War.

If any distinguished literary man should ever determine to risk his reputation in writing a history of this war, we would advise him to go to the army correspondents for its true and as yet secret historical character. These men can tell him privately *how* this has been a *brainless* war thus far. They can show him how men—traitors—have received the best contracts, and, while imperfectly filling them, have been communicating our plans such as we had to the enemy. They will tell him how Southern officers commanded some of our outposts, in constant communication with the enemy, and how men, known to be traitors, were filling high positions in our army. They can tell him, too, (though they dare not publish the fact,) of how certain major generals have been surprised by the enemy in the East and West, while they lay drunk in their tents, and how these men were complimented, instead of being cashiered, by the commanding Generals, for fear that their valuable services would be lost to the army in the future. In fact, they will tell the historian how, with abundance of men and means to have crushed the rebellion right out, these means have nearly all been wasted in the face of the foe, while the enemy, according to Wilcox, Corcoran, Bowman and Vogdes, is stronger to-day than ever before, because he has collected and concentrated his men and means, and has a settled system of prosecuting the war.

Butternut Indignation Meeting.

LANCASTER, OHIO, August 21.—The meeting is quite large. Samuel Medary was expected, but not present. Speeches were made by Hon. Charles D. Martin, Ex-Congressman; Ex-Governor Medill, and Col. Van Trump. The usual number of copperhead lies were told by orators; among the rest, one that white men were being put out of employment in Cincinnati workshops, and emancipated negroes put in their places. Very little enthusiasm was manifested. People evidently expected more indignation than the speakers felt disposed to express. As an indignation meeting, it was a fizzle.

Particulars of the Indian Murders at New Ulm—Prompt Action of the People of St. Peter.

From the Minnesota Statesman.

The first knowledge of the presence of the hostile Indians was obtained early on Tuesday afternoon, six or seven miles back of town, as a party of citizens of New Ulm were going to Leavenworth, sixteen miles from New Ulm, to obtain volunteers. Along the road they discovered dead bodies of white citizens in various houses. As they were returning to New Ulm, within a few miles of the town, a party of mounted Indians fired upon them from an ambush, and killed a number of the party. Two horses, attached to one of the wagons, were also killed. Those who were not killed, fled to town as rapidly as possible; and then it was that the citizens of New Ulm realized their danger, and a panic too frighful to describe, took possession of the people of that hitherto quiet, enterprising German town. Their perilous condition was immediately communicated to the surrounding country, where the people soon became equally panic-stricken, and fled as fast as they could for their lives—a few to New Ulm, some to Fort Ridgley, and the great mass of them to this place. News, however, had come down from the Lower Sioux Agency on Monday evening of impending danger, and many of the surrounding citizens fled that night.

The first approach of Indians in New Ulm was about four o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, when a party of mounted warriors dismounted in the rear of the first table land, running parallel with the river, in the outskirts of the town, about three squares from the Dakota House, on Maine street. They instantly advanced to the top of the first table land, and commenced firing with long range guns. The people of the town were huddled together in houses, inside of about two squares, fronting on Main street, in such utter confusion that they were entirely helpless. Fortunately a party of eighteen men from St. Peter had arrived in New Ulm about one o'clock. Vainly endeavoring to rally the citizens of New Ulm in defensive organization, the men from this county finally organized themselves by selecting A. M. Bean Captain, and Samuel Coffin First Lieutenant. This brave little body of eighteen men advanced on the Indians, who were behind a couple of houses, sending their murderous volleys into the town. Our men soon reached a house on the edge of the table land, from which they threw an effective fire into the Indians, holding them in check, until four or five of our party advanced still further into another house, within a very few rods of the Indians; but the fire was so very hot in this advanced position that our men were compelled to fall back on the position first taken. Here is where T. B. Thompson, James Hughes, Charles Wetherell, A. Friend, C. A. Stein and Thomas Williams—the only men of our party who had good guns—made their fire tell on the Indians.

After several of their number fell dead upon the ground, the Indians began a retreat. Just at this time L. M. Boardman, J. B. Trogdon, J. K. Moore, Horace Austin, P. M. Bean, James Horner, Jacob and Philip Stelzer, Wm. Wilkinson, Lewis Patch, S. A. Buel, and Henry Snider—all mounted, from this town, and a few from the country—were seen riding into town. Feeling the determined fire of our gallant little body of men, and seeing reinforcements of cavalry coming in, the Indians continued their flight, and have not appeared there since.

The firing lasted between two and three hours, during which time several of the German inhabitants were shot dead. None of the men from this county were killed or wounded. At least 25 Indians were engaged in the fight.

We have the most reliable authority for saying that nowhere did men show more courage and self-possession than did the eighteen noble heroes from this county. Those who participated in the fight say that Captain A. M. Bean, and Lieut. Sam. Coffin—both over fifty years old, and from the gallant State of Indiana—were never so brave, so calm and so determined as while in battle. They had the most perfect control of themselves and their men, undisciplined as they were, and dashed forward with the intrepidity that would have done credit to the bravest of disciplined generals.

Since the fight above referred to, no Indians have been seen in and around New Ulm, except one, reported shot by Capt Dodd, of this place, on Wednesday evening, in the river about a mile above town; and the place, except now and then a false alarm of the pickets, has been apparently quiet and secure. Several accidents have occurred between the pickets. On Tuesday night one was shot in the jaw, and on Wednesday night one was shot in the foot, while a third had a gun broken over his head.

There were on Thursday morning, when we left, from 450 to 500 armed men in the town. One hundred and twenty-five of these arrived on Tuesday evening, a few hours after the fight. They were from this place and a few heroes from the town of Le Sueur. About 35 from this county arrived on Wednesday afternoon, and 35 or 40, mostly from Le Sueur county, arrived the same night. The same day 125 arrived from South Bend and Mankato, Blue Earth county. Another party of about 25 from Le Sueur county arrived on Thursday.

Yesterday forenoon a company of 75 men started on a reconnoitering expedition to Leavenworth, 16 miles from New Ulm, as it is supposed nearly all the inhabitants in that direction have been butchered. Nothing is known of the condition of things on the New Ulm side of the river, more than two miles from the town, except as now and then a man, woman or child have arrived with intelligence of the remainder of their families having been killed.

The following list comprises all who had been brought into town or definitely heard from up to Thursday morning, and whose names Dr. A. W. Daniels, of this place, and Dr. S. Mayo and Ayres, of LeSueur, have upon their memorandum books. The list contains about 80 killed and wounded:

Wm. Tuttle, Almond and Uriah Loomis, Wm. Carroll, Dewitt Lemon, Mr. Lamb, Mr. Powell, Mr. Richmond, A. Keeman, Terry Olson and brother, wife and two children of Edw. Primley, all killed. Mr. Shilling and daughters stabbed, and will live. Otto Sweke wounded in breast; Mr. Piser shot in throat, will probably live; L. C. Crank, wounded in both legs; Chas. Pellon shot in arm; Catherine Lother, wounded in bowels; Peter Barsheist shot in back; Mr. Stemler shot in jaw; child of Mr. Peimler, two hatchet wounds in forhead; Julius Fenske killed; Mr. Grosse, wife and two children killed, and four children badly wounded; Mr. May, wife and two children killed, and three children wounded; in another house, father, mother and two children killed, while a small child was found on the door alive; eight killed in Mr. Settle's family, and old lady wounded; family of Mr. Plem, all killed but small boy, 12 years old, who escaped; family of Mr. Henley at "Traveler's House," seven miles above New Ulm, all killed but Mrs. Henley, who fell down in the garden through fear, and escaped; all children of Mr. Henley's brother killed; family of Mr. Massibus, one girl 22 years and another 28 years and son 24 years old killed, while Mr. Massibas and boy eight years old escaped and came to town; Mrs. Stoker, sick in bed, a child two years old and old lady killed, while Mr. Stoker with one child got in the cellar and escaped; all but one of Mr. Drexler's family killed.

We would do injustice to the good citizens of New Ulm, did we not say something in explanation, in reference to their condition. They are very nearly all Germans, and many of them have been in this country but a few months or years, and totally unacenstomed with the true character of Indians or their mode of warfare. Had they been Americans, familiar with the Indian nature, they could have rallied and held the enemy at bay.

Martial law was proclaimed in New Ulm, on the arrival of our first 125 men, on Tuesday evening. Judge Flandrau was placed in chief command by a unanimous voice, and A. S. Buel, Esq., was appointed Provost Marshal. The Judge has the entire confidence of those there, and has been untiring in working order out of chaos.

From the appearance of things there Brown county will be almost a barren waste. Even if security is established soon, the few remaining inhabitants will hardly recover from their terror in time to save what crops and other personal property is left. Nine-tenths of the town, to person, passing through, resembles a deserted village, more than the prosperous place it was a week ago.

In one house we saw three small children, between the ages of six and seven, whose faces had been bruised and cut by Indians, and who seemed to be balancing in the scales of life and death. In another house, on the floor, were the dead bodies of eight men and a boy, horribly cut and shot from their heads to their feet! God grant we may never see such a ghastly spectacle again.

The only intelligence from the Sioux Agency received here is, that Duncan R. Kennedy, who had been trading at the Upper or Yellow Medicine Agency, and Mr. Reynolds and family, from seven miles above the Lower Agency had escaped to Fort Ridgley. They think all others were brutally butchered. We also learn that the oldest son of Dr. P. P. Humphrey, physician at the Lower Agency, and formerly of this place, escaped to the Fort, after seeing the remainder of the family killed. The doctor and family had started for the Fort, but before traveling more than two miles, were murdered.

Firing at Fort Ridgley was going on Wednesday afternoon. Communication via New Ulm, to this place, from the Fort, was open up to Wednesday evening. A message also left the Fort at one P. M. of that day, via the Fort road, for St. Paul. A report that fire and smoke were seen at the Fort on Wednesday evening, and that one dead man was seen on the Fort road within two miles of the Fort, was brought to this place by Nathan Myrick and Charles A. Mix, on Thursday.

Ex-Governor Sibley, in command of 250 infantry, arrived here this evening, from Fort Snelling. Another force of of 300 cavalry and 400 or 500 infantry are on the way. About 40 cavalry from Faribault arrived this afternoon, and about 50 infantry from Henderson also arrived this evening. A company of about 125 infantry, organized and under command of Lieutenant F. St. Julien Cox, will leave here early to-morrow. The great need is good arms, as two-thirds of the arms now in use by our men in New Ulm and in possession of a portion of those leaving here are very nearly useless.

LATER—7 P. M.—L. M. Boardman, of this place, has just returned from New Ulm. Captain Dodd started yesterday with 125 picked men toward Leavenworth, but when they had gone eight miles from New Ulm a party of mounted Indians came out of the timber, shaking their blankets and inviting a fight. Our men, supposing that a large force were concealed in the bush near by, retreated to New Ulm. They heard of over 100 dead bodies along the road in that short distance. Mr. Boardman also says that Indian pickets have been discovered within a mile of our pickets in the rear of New Ulm.

Communication was open to the Fort yesterday evening. A messenger arrived from there at New Ulm with news that the Fort was safe and could be held "against the devil;" that all available forces should go to New Ulm. Randall's store and other out-buildings had been burned.

The New Regiments.

The Eastern papers are full of notices of the movement of new regiments to the seat of war. The troops are already pouring into Washington at the rate of about a good Brigade per day. They march up Pennsylvania avenue, and past the White House, immense columns shining with steel, singing, "We are coming Father Abraham—three hundred thousand more"—and the hills south of the Potomac are whitening with the tents of a camp of instruction where in a few weeks more than one hundred thousand men will be assembled, composing a magnificent army of reserves. In the west there are similar scenes. Fourteen thousand Indiana troops raised under the new levy have already crossed the Ohio, and next week, Ohio, Michigan, and Illinois will pour fourth their legions. It is a moderate estimate that there will be fifty thousand fresh troops in Kentucky by the first of September; and fifty thousand more in such a state of forwardness that they will be immediately available.

These will be ample to put an end to all manner of rebel depredations in Kentucky, and to pour into Tennessee, East West and Middle, in masses absolutely overwhelming. Given another week of preparation in the loyal states, and of the safety of our armies away down in Dixie, and our machinery for crushing rebellion will move with force that cannot be resisted, and before the winter holidays, the foremost columns of the army of the Ohio will greet the Monitors riding securely in mastery of the harbors of the Gulf.—*Cincinnati Com.*

DESTRUCTION OF AN ISLAND.—The *Friend of India* says:

The Island of Makian, formerly so fertile, has been completely laid waste by volcanic eruption. Not one of its 4,000 inhabitants remain upon it, and there is not a blade of grass to be seen. The twelve villages which were to be found upon the island have been more or less destroyed. Some of them have been buried to the depth of 30 or 40 feet under sand, stones and ashes. How many of the inhabitants have found their graves by this calamity has not been fully ascertained, but it is reported that out of Bohawa alone (a village of about 1,000 souls) only about half made their escape. The bodies of 63 persons have been found under the ruins of the mosque in the principal village, while about 60 persons were found suffocated in a cave.

—A physician speaking of the full constitution of the women of the present day, says we ought to take great care of our grandmothers, for we shall never get any more.

Literary Notices.

The Atlantic Monthly for September is received. An unusual proportion of solid instructive articles is contained in this number, agreeably blended with a tempting variety of fiction and poetry. The paper on "Cerebral Dynamics" illustrates the modern doctrine of insanity as a deterioration of the quality of the brain. "Rille Clubs," is a well written essay, maintaining the importance of general and immediate organization for target practice, both as a measure of national interest and a means of physical culture. "Life in the Open Air" is valuable. "Mr. Axtell" is continued. "Methods of Study in Natural History," by Agassiz, is alone worth the price of the Monthly. The Atlantic well sustains its high reputation. Ticknor & Fields, publishers.

The Continental Monthly for September opens with a notice of Henry Thomas Buckle, and forms an appreciative and discriminating tribute to the memory of that brilliant writer. Without attempting to gloss over the errors of an original and adventurous mind, it presents a lucid analysis of its peculiar merits, and makes a judicious estimate of its achievements. "American Student Life" is a pleasant record of some personal memories of Yale College. "The Soldier and the Civilian" will suit the times. "Shoulder Straps" promises fun ahead. Horace Greeley has an article on "National Unity." There are twenty-four articles in the September number of the Continental. J. R. Gilmore, publisher.

Life Among the Pines—is the book of the season, representing the social life of the South in secession times. It is commended by the N. Y. Tribune, N. Y. Independent, Home Journal, Buffalo Express, Boston Recorder, Chicago Prairie Farmer, Providence Journal, N. Y. Mercury, and by the press generally. It is said to be the most graphic sketch of Southern life ever printed in America, not excepting even Uncle Tom's Cabin. J. R. Gilmore, publisher.

From Nebraska.

OMAHA, Nebraska, August. 22.—The Democratic Convention for the nomination of a candidate for Congress assembled on Wednesday. Several delegations withdrew, and the balance nominated Jno F. Kinney, of Otter county. Adjourned *sine die* on the same evenng.

The Republican Convention is now in session.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE AGENCY,

One door East of Davenport's Bookstore, on Third Street.

The "FLORENCE" SEWING MACHINES make FOUR DIFFERENT stitches on one and the same machine. Thus the LOCK, DOUBLE-LOCK, KNOT AND DOUBLE-KNOT, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric. Either or all can be produced while the Machine is in motion.

They have the REVERSIBLE FEED MOTION, which enables the operator to have the work carry either way, or to change the direction, and fasten the end of seams, welch, together with making a long and a short stitch, is done simply by turning a Gummi screw.

Their motions are all positive. There are no springs to get out of order. They are so simple that the most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease. They are NOISELESS, and can be used where quiet is necessary.

They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD, making five stitches to each revolution. They oil no dresses. Their stitch is the wonder of all, because of its combined ELASTICITY, STRENGTH and BEAUTY.

Prices No. 1, $47.00, No. 2, $57.00, No. 3, $67.00, No. 4, $72.00. No. 5, $77,00, No. 6, $82,00, No. 7 Cabinet opener, $90.00, No. 7 Cabinet cased, $95.00, Mahogany $97.00, Rosewood $105.00. Cabinet frames and all necessary tools included in the above prices.

On hand different kinds of lower priced Machines. Call and see the "Florence Machines."

Jy15-dtf G. W. BABCOCK.

REMOVAL.

HAYDEN, KAY & CO.,

Have removed to

Nos. 45 and 47 Lake St.,

Where they are prepared to show CASH BUYERS of

SADDLERY HARDWARE

AND

Carriage Trimmings

The largest and best assorted stock to be found in the NORTHWEST, embracing

SPRINGS AND AXLES, HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, &c., &c.,

CARRIAGE BODIES AND SEATS, ENAMELED CLOTH, PATENT LEATHER,

Also a large assortment of

Horse Collars and Blankets, Whips and Lashes, Skirting, Bridle, Collar and

HARNESS LEATHER,

All of which will be offered at

Prices that will not be Undersold.

Agents for

MOWRY'S SPRINGS AND AXLES, CROCKET'S VARNISHES.

Dole's Hub Boxing Machine and Hollow Augers.

P. HAYDEN, New York. W. V. KAY, Chicago. P. WILSON, Cincinnati, O.

a23-3md

HORN, LUND & GALUSHA,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

(Successors to Horn & Galusha and Sanborn & Lund)

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA,

Practice in all the Courts of the State, and in the Courts of the United States, at Law, in Chancery and in Admiralty.

Collections carefully and promptly attended to

mh29 1y

ICE! ICE! ICE! ICE!

The undersigned will furnish ICE to CITY CUSTOMERS AND BOATS As usual during the season of 1862.

CHAS. SYMONDS.

apr29-d4m

KIRBY'S COMBINED

Reaper and Mower.

H. A. PITT & CO'S

THRESHING MACHINES.

We are now soliciting orders for the above celebrated machines.

Persons in want are invited to examine them at our store on Third street, as we feel confident our terms and prices, as well as the machines themselves, will be found satisfactory.

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements on hand.

Je27- NICOLS & DEAN.

DEVOTED TO FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

$2,488,138 19,

PHŒNIX,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

DEVOTED TO FIRE INSURANCE EXCLUSIVELY.

ASSETS OF THE

PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

$527,250 96.

CITY FIRE,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

$325,000.

NORTHWESTERN AGENCY

Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OF WISCONSIN.

ESTABLISHED IN SAINT PAUL, 1862, AT THE OFFICE OF

O. CURTIS,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

a1-1y Corner of Third and Minnesota-sts.

H. J. BRAINARD & CO.'S

MILLS,

SITUATED ON PHALON'S CREEK, WHERE THE STILLWATER ROAD CROSSES.

This Mill is just completed, and is in good running order. Our machinery embraces all the latest improvements, and was got up in the East, without regard to expense. It has two run of Burrs, which will be kept running night and day, so that farmers coming from a distance can be accommodated without much delay.

The need of a first class Mill of this kind has long been felt by the citizens of St. Paul and vicinity. We have secured the services of James Craigie, who has made milling the business of his life, and in whom we can place entire confidence.

All kinds of grain will be weighed when brought to the Mill, and also when taken away, if desired. We feel confident in saying to the public that we can make as good Flour and as great a yield to the bushel as any Mill in Minnesota, and respectfully solicit a fair trial.

Also a new Mill for grinding corn in the ear.

☞ All work done at this Mill is warranted.

ap20d&w1y.

A BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE

FOR $750.

A charming residence in Willis' Addition, built by the owner for his own use, with every comfort and convenience—well of pure water, stable and out-buildings, and a yard with shrubbery and gravel walks.

The house is not a mere shell or balloon, but built to resist the cold of our winters and the heat of our summers, and is located in an airy and cheerful neighborhood.

St. Paul, June 28, 1862.

HENRY McKENTY,

e28 d&w6m Dealer in Real Estate.

FURNITURE.

JOHN PRIMROSE

Manufacturer and Dealer in

CABINET AND CHAIR

FURNITURE,

OF EVERY VARIETY.

Keeps constantly on hand a complete assortment of

PARLOR,

CHAMBER,

DINING-ROOM.

FURNITURE,

OF ALL STYLES, AND OF SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP.

Most of my Furniture is of my own manufacture, made of thoroughly seasoned material and equal to the best there is made in the U. S. A.

As a nimble sixpence is always better than a slow shilling, I am determined to sell a very light shade above cost. Everybody is respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing.

☞ REMEMBER PLACE: Stone Building—Third Street—above the Bridg. St. Paul Minn. Jan24d1y

WM. ILLINGWORTH,

Watch Manufacturer.

—AND—

TOWN CLOCK BUILDER!

SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK.

JACKSON-ST., - - - ST. PAUL.

Having had over THIRTY YEARS EXPERIENCE in the best Watch Factories in England and America, he feels himself competent to do anything in his line

A LITTLE SUPERIOR

to any other establishment in the Northwest.

☞ N. B.—Persons wishing to perfect themselves in the business, will be received under instruction on VERY MODERATE TERMS.

☞ Fine work done and Clock and Watch Wheels cut for the trade at low rates. my1y

PALMER'S PURE

VINEGAR.

This is the kind of Vinegar that should be used by all housekeepers for

PICKLES

AND THE

TABLE.

It is warranted pure and wholesome, and to give perfect satisfaction wherever used. Try it,

AND YOU WILL HAVE NO OTHER.

For sale at our works on Sibley street, and by all grocers who have an eye to keeping

CHOICE GOODS FOR SALE.

C. C. LEWIS & CO.

D. NEWELL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

☞ Office over Dana's Bank, Third Street, between Jackson and Robert streets, St. Paul Minnesota. my25 d1y

THREE OR FOUR BOARDERS

Can get pleasant rooms, with new furniture, and excellent table, by addressing Box 1250, St. Paul Post Office. The house is about one mile from the Winslow House, on the Bluff in Upper Town, and has extensive grounds, shade trees, &c.

jy25-dtf

JOHN A. STEES,

UNDERTAKER,

CORNER THIRD & MINNESOTA STREETS,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

Sole agent for Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.

jan5d&w1y.

FOR RENT,

THE RESIDENCE OF GEN. DANA,

With or without the

FURNITURE.

Enquire of

jy29-tf H. F. MASTERSON.

Legal Notices.

THE STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF GOODHUE — DISTRICT COURT—FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

In the matter of the application of Isaac Nichols, an Insolvent Debtor, for a discharge from his debts, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 79 of the Compiled Statutes of the State of Minnesota, entitled "Relief of Insolvent Debtors."

To the creditors of said Isaac Nichols, an insolvent debtor:

Please take notice, that upon reading and filing the petition, schedule, inventory and affidavit of Isaac Nichols, a resident of said county and State, praying to be discharged from his debts, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 79 of the Compiled Statutes of the State of Minnesota, entitled "Relief of Insolvent Debtors," an order was made on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1862, by the Hon. S. J. R. McMillan, Judge of the District Court for the First Judicial District of said State, requiring the creditors of said Isaac Nichols to show cause, if any they have, before the said Judge, at the Court House, in the city of Red Wing, in said county on the 2nd day of December, A. D. 1862, at 10 o'clock of that day, why an assignment of the said Insolvent's estate should not be made, and he be discharged from his debts, pursuant to the said Chapter of the Compiled Statutes, and that notice thereof be given by publishing the contents of said order in the newspaper published in the city of St. Paul, Ramsey county, the seat of government of said State, called the "St. Paul Press," and in the "Goodhue Volunteer," a newspaper published in Red Wing in said Goodhue County, and in the "Albany Argus," a newspaper published at the city of Albany, the seat of government of the State of New York, for ten successive weeks, once in each week before such application.

Dated at Red Wing, Goodhue county, Minnesota, this 26th day of May, A. D. 1862.

WM. W. PHELPS,

jy30-10w wed Att'y for said Insolvent.

SAILING DAYS OF THE

LAKE SUPERIOR STEAMER

WATER WITCH,

CAPT. B. SWEENEY,

LEAVES CLEVELAND AT 5 P. M.		LEAVES DETROIT AT 10 A. M.	
Wednesday,	May 7	Thursday,	May 8
Tuesday,	May 20	Wednesday,	May 21
Monday,	June 2	Tuesday,	June 3
Friday,	June 13	Saturday,	June 14
Wednesday,	June 25	Thursday,	June 26
Tuesday,	July 8	Wednesday,	July 9
Monday,	July 21	Tuesday,	July 22
Friday,	Aug. 1	Saturday,	Aug. 2
Wednesday,	Aug. 13	Thursday,	Aug. 14
Tuesday,	Aug. 26	Wednesday,	Aug. 27
Monday,	Sept. 8	Tuesday,	Sept. 9
Friday,	Sept. 19	Saturday,	Sept. 20
Wednesday,	Oct. 1	Thursday,	Oct. 2

S. P. BRADY & CO.

CAPT. E. B. WARD, Detroit, owner of boat.

je25-d1m

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF RAMSEY COUNTY BONDS AND SCRIP.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Board of County Commissioners, July 21st, 1862.

Resolved, That the County Scrip and all over due Bonds of this County, (except Fort Street Bonds,) may de exchanged for Bonds running fifteen years, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. premium, payable semi-annually in Cash; and the Board shall levy annually an amount sufficient to meet such interest.

Resolved further, That all Bond holders who are willing to receive such new Bonds may, if they desire so to do apply one tenth of the over due Bonds so to be exchanged upon County Taxes prior to 1860.

T. M. METCALF,

Jy25 d3w County Auditor.

DR. WILLIAM HALL'S

PATENT COPPER SCROLL

LIGHTNING ROD.

This Lightning Rod has a greater conducting capacity than any other Lightning Rod ever

OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

Those having buildings to protect, will do well to wait till they see one of these newly invented rods before purchasing.

They are recommended by over

FIVE HUNDRED

OF THE

MOST EMINENTLY SCIENTIFIC MEN OF THE AGE.

AGENTS

WILL CANVASS THE STATE IMMEDIATELY

e11-w3m&doawf3m

JOHN A. STEES,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Furniture and Cabinet Ware,

Of every variety of style and pattern.

CORNER 3D AND MINNESOTA STS., SAINT PAUL.

All kinds of lumber taken in trade.

jan5d&w1y

JOSEPH LEWIS

Real Estate Agent, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Commissioner of Deeds for the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Ohio, and Vermont. Collections made—Taxes paid for non residents. House rented.

Office Third Street, Irvine's Block.

Reference, HON. ALEX. RAMSEY. jy10-d1y

TOBACCO,

Cigars, Pipes, Snuff, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Third Street, next door to Comb's Book Store, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c., is just receiving his fall and winter stock, and is prepared to fill orders to any extent, for

FINE IMPORTED CIGARS,

Missouri, Virginia and Kentucky Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city.

SWEET BRIAR ROOT PIPES,

a large assortment. These pipes are all the go now.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Third street, next door to Comb's Book Store.

St. Paul, Nov. 17. nov17d1y.

MAGNETIC

Tack Hammers.

If you don't want to mash your fingers, buy one for 25 cents, at E. & H. Y. BELL'S.

Coffee is high. Buy a patent Coffee Strainer; it clears the coffee, and saves one third. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Patent Lifters. Will lift everything hot off the stove, without burning your fingers. Only 25 cents. E. & H. Y. BELL.

Agents wanted to canvass the State for the above articles. A smart man can make big wages. For particulars, address, enclosing stamps,

E. & H. Y. BELL,

Sole Agents for Minnesota.

St. Paul, July 11th, 1862. jy11-dtf.

C. W. WOOLEY & CO.,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchants,

DEALERS IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENTS FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND

CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLEY & CO., ST. PAUL, For ——

Jan1-d1y

JOHN G. MACGREGOR,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.

Bernheimer's Block, Third Street, St. Paul, Minnesota. jy21-d1y

FURS. FURS. FURS.

C. J. KOVITZ,

MANUFACTURER OF FINE FURS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND EVERY STYLE,

THIRD ST., Concert Hall Block, SAINT PAUL.

Jan17-d1y

Agricultural.

1862. 1862. 1862

Agricultural Warehouse

OF

S. P. & P. F. Hodges,

NEAR LOWER LEVEE, ST. PAUL

CORNER THIRD AND SIBLEY STS.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

PITT'S AGRICULTURAL WORKS, BUFFALO NEW YORK.

PITT'S THRESHING MACHINES & HORSE POWERS, FOR FOUR, SIX, EIGHT OR TEN HORSES. PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES EIGHT TO TWELVE HORSE POWER.

MASSILLON AGRICULTUL WORKS, MASSILLON, OHIO.

MCCORMACK'S REAPERS AND MOWERS.

JOHN H. MANNY'S " " "

BICKFORD & HUFFMAN'S GRAIN DRILLS

F. H. MANNY'S EXCELSIOR GRAIN FAN.

SCHUTTLER'S CHICAGO WAGONS.

JOHN A. WOODWARD'S IMPROVED SMUT MACHINE AND SEPARATOR COMBINED

MOLINE PLOWS, CULTIVATORS AND HARROWS.

CORN SHELLERS, HAY AND STRAW CUTTERS.

AND DEALERS IN HARVESTING TOOLS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Merchants and dealers throughout the country supplied promptly at prices to suit the times.

Descriptive pamphlets and other information can be had upon application to

S. P. & P. F. HODGES,

my28-d3m&w6m Saint Paul, Minn.

ALFRED D. DAVISON. ALONZO P. CONNELLY

SAINT PAUL CLIPPER

PLOW FACTORY.

The undersigned having formed a partnership for the manufacture and sale of PLOWS, are now prepared to furnish farmers and dealers with

THE BEST PLOWS

Ever offered in the State, and at prices to suit the times. We will always have on hand a large stock of Cast Steel and Common Steel Cross Plows, Corn Plows, Breaking and Grub Plows, of all sizes and of the best material.

Having had the material selected for our especial trade, and the Plows being manufactured under the supervision of

ALONZO LEAMING.

(FORMERLY OF ST. ANTHONY.)

WE WARRANT THEM

To be of light draught, clean in any soil, and give good satisfaction generally.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING.

Farmers! save your old plows and we will work them over much to your advantage and satisfaction by leaving them at our Factory, on Robert street, between 4th and 5th, St. Paul, sign of the Plow. DAVISON & CONNELLY.

jan22-d&w1y

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

193 & 195 South Water-St.,

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS,

Importers, manufacturers and dealers in

IRON AND STEEL,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

HORSE SHOES,

Horse Nails,

NUTS, WASHERS, RIVETS, BOLTS,

BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,

WAGON AND CARRIAGE

WOOD MATERIALS,

HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, BENT STOCK, ETC,

MANUFACTURERS OF IMPROVED

THIMBLE SKEINS AND BOXES,

BLACKSMITH'S BELLOWS.

☞ Send for Price List.

a23-1y

FARMERS NOTICE.

We have on hand a large stock of

Harvesting Tools,

SUCH AS

GRAIN CRADLES, FORKS, RAKES, SCYTHES. &c., &c.,

Also made to order, a large lot of

ST. PAUL CLIPPER PLOWS,

All of which we are selling very low for Cash.

IRON, NAILS, STEELE, HARDWARE, PITTSBURG COAL, GRIND STONES, AXLES, SPRINGS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS,

Always kept on hand and sold at lowest rates Wholesale and Retail, at our Warehouse, Third Street, St. Paul.

Jy25dtf J. B. BRADEN.

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND

AGRICULTURAL WORK

Post Office, St. Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE HOURS.

On week days from 7 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M.
On Sundays, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

HOURS OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

For La Crosse—Eastern Mail—Leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Monday, at 8 P. M.
For Galena—way mail—leaves daily, except Saturday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
For Minneapolis—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 8 A. M.
Arrives daily—except Sunday, at 4½ P. M.
For Stillwater—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 7 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 6 P. M.
For Hudson—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 7 P. M.
For Mankato—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 5 P. M.
For Northfield—leaves daily, except Sunday, at 4 A. M.
Arrives daily, except Sunday, at 11 P. M.
For Sunrise City—leaves Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at about 7 P. M.
For Cannon Falls—leaves Tuesday, at 6 A. M.
Arrives Wednesday, at 7 P. M.
For Cottage Grove—leaves Saturday, at 1 P. M.
Arrives Saturday, at 12 M.
Mails leaving before 7 o'clock A. M. close at 7 P. M.
All others close half an hour before the time of departing.

The postage upon all transient printed matter, foreign and domestic, and upon all letters, foreign and domestic, is now required to be fully prepaid by United States postage stamps, except in cases where prepayment on letters, &c., to foreign countries is optional and the senders do not wish to prepay.

Persons mailing letters, newspapers, &c., whether domestic or to foreign countries, should therefore ascertain at the office of mailing, the exact postage in each case and affix United States postage stamps of sufficient value to prepay the full postage thereon.

CHAS. NICHOLS, Postmaster.

St. Paul, July 1, 1862.

Hotels & Saloons.

LAHR'S HOUSE,

FIRST DOOR EAST OF THE POST OFFICE,

JNO. P. LAHR, PROPRIETOR.

MR. LAHR, formerly of the "Our House," respectfully announces to his old friends and all other men—no boys in—that he is now fairly under way; and proclaims that he will furnish as good an EYE-OPENER as "any other man" in this city.

☞ A variety of reading matter can always be found on Mr. Lahr's tables, also stationery, &c. feb9dy

CLIFTON HOUSE,

MANKATO, - - - - MINNESOTA.

This House is situated near the steamboat landing, and is among the largest in the Minnesota Valley. Is

NEW AND NEWLY FURNISHED,

And the proprietor, from long experience in the business, flatters himself that he will be able to satisfy the traveling public.

☞ CHARGES MODERATE. ☜

M. T. C. FLOWER, Proprietor.

Mankato, Minn., April 29th, 1862.

UNION PARK HOUSE,

LITTLE CANADA, MINN.,

G. W. FEW, - - PROPRIETOR.

This House is pleasantly located in Little Canada, on the bank of Lake Elizabeth, five miles from Saint Paul. The House and fixtures are entirely new, and has been fitted up more particularly as a home for Invalids, and persons seeking recreation.

The House is provided with boats and all the necessary fixtures for hunting and fishing—and is one mile from Bass Lake, which is considered the best fishing ground in the State—where boats are also provided for the use of guests of the House.

Board by day or week at moderate rates.

jel1-dim

Groceries.

S. K. PUTNAM,

CORNER THIRD AND MARKET STREETS, Saint Paul, Minnesota,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FAMILY GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of choice goods suited to this market, including Flour, Corn Meal, Buckwheat Flour, Fresh Roll, Jar and Firkin Butter, dried fruits of all kinds, including a large quantity of

RASPBERRIES.

Also Wooden Ware, Roasted and Green Coffee, Spices, Pickles, choice Green and Black Teas, Sugar of all grades, and, in short, everything usually found in a well assorted establishment, to which he invites the especial attention of all who want NICE GOODS AT A FAIR PRICE.

nov22-dly

G. E. SCHNABEL,

IN MOFFATT'S CASTLE, CORNER OF 4TH AND JACKSON STREETS.

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN, AND PROVISIONS,

Keeps constantly on hand a full supply of Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.
Nice Leaf Lard and Sugar Cured Hams.
Any quantity of butter and eggs.
He has made arrangements to receive two or three times a week from the country the choicest roll butter.
Also agency for C. H. H. Baker's extra flour, which is pronounced the best in the city.
Goods delivered in all parts of the city free of charge. je1-26m

MILL-STONES.

BOLTING CLOTHS,

GRAIN SEPARATORS,

And all kinds of

MILL MACHINERY.

☞ Send for a circular by mail.

PALMER & PLAMONDON,

Cor. West Water and Washington Streets (P. O. box, 1525.) CHICAGO, ILL.

W. M. LEYDE, Ag't. St. Paul. my13-d&w6m.

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas.
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Darkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly,

FREE OF CHARGE.

je27-d1y

LESSONS UPON THE PIANO.

MISS HARRIOTT S. DENNETT

Will give instructions upon the Piano in a course of twenty-four lessons for $10—or for two pupils in one family, $8.00 each.

On Monday, June 2d, she will open a private school for general instruction in Mackubin's building, on Fourth street.

Terms, from $3.00 to $7.00.

Best of references given.

Residence at James Davenport's, Fourth street, opposite City Park. my17-d1f

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottowa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 2. P. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato: Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Tuesday's, Thursday's and Saturday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie, Georgetown, connecting at Georgetown with the steamer International for Pembina, Fort Garry and the Red River Settlement—Monday's and Thursday's at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Monday's Wednesday's and Friday's, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO., Proprietors.

nov24-dly

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line,

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-d1y

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR

OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East for Goods will please give us a call and obtain FULL PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO

St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&wly

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN and AMBER, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIQUORS and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISKEY, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER boxes Raisins, crop of 1861, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONEY Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBACCO, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes; also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

50 BARRELS

—OF—

CARBON OIL.

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

CHICAGO CREAM ALE,

For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar8 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

Miscellaneous.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY'S

Express Freight Line.

VIA

GREAT WESTERN, N. Y. CENTRAL AND CONNECTING ROADS,

TO AND FROM

EAST AND WEST,

CONTROLLED AND OPERATED By the Roads forming the line, to which the attention of Shippers is invited.

FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF LIVE STOCK, THIS ROUTE OFFERS UNEQUALED FACILITIES, AS REGARDS STOCK, CARS, YARDS, TIME, &c., &c., &c.

FREIGHT FORWARDED AT THE LOWEST RATES AND WITH DISPATCH.

IN THE SHIPMENT OF GOODS BY RAIL, ALL INSURANCE IS SAVED.

MARK PACKAGES "G. W. R."

Three Express Passenger Trains leave Chicago and Detroit daily for Buffalo, New York, Boston and Montreal, Quebec, Portland, &c., &c., with Sleeping Cars on all night trains.

Tickets via GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY for sale in all ticket offices.

GENERAL FREIGHT AND TICKET OFFICES.

273 Broadway, New York. E. P. REACH, Agent. | 21 State street, Boston. O. KIMBALL, Agent.

JULIUS MOVIUS, Gen'l Ag't, Buffalo.
C. J. BRIDGES, Managing Director, Hamilton
A. WALLINGFORD, Chicago and Western Agent.

apr20

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

GREAT UNITED STATES MAIL AND EXPRESS ROUTE.

THE ONLY RELIABLE AND ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE

EAST, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

On and after Wednesday, June 11th, 1862, three trains will leave the depot, corner of Florida and Barclay streets, daily, as follows:

At 7:45 A. M.—Way Passenger, for Chicago and all intermediate stations, and Racine & Mississippi R. R. at Racine Junction, and Kenosha R. R. & R. I. R. R. at Kenosha.

At 3:00 P. M.—Express Passenger train for Chicago, making close connection with evening trains East, South and West.

At 5:10 P. M.—Night Accommodation Train for Chicago and intermediate stations, making connections in Chicago with all the morning Lines for the East, South and Southwest.

☞ This train will be furnished with a Sleeping Car, and first class passengers will be provided with berths without extra charge, and

FARE AS LOW AS BY STEAMER ON LAKE.

☞ Passenger trains leave Chicago at 9:15 A. M and 9:00 P. M. for Milwaukee and the Northwest.

☞ Tickets for all points may be obtained of H. O. WILSON, at the Union Ticket Office, "Iron Block," corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, or at the depot. JOHN T. MOODY, Master Transportation.

Milwaukee, May 5th, 1862. je21-d1f

MILL FURNISHING.

CHICAGO BRANCH OF JOHN T. NOYE'S OLD BUFFALO MILL FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, ESTABLISHED 1834.

JOHN T. NOYE,

FLOUR PACKER,

MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Mill Machinery

AND

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

IMPROVED CENTRE VENT TURBINE WATER WHEELS,

Fitted with Cast Steel or Boiler Iron Buckets, warranted to produce a high per centage of power.

IMPROVED SMUT MACHINES AND SEPARATORS,

OAT AND GRAIN SEPARATORS.

John T. Noye's Improved Centrifugal, Feeding, Flouring and Grist Mills.

CAST STEEL MILL PICKS.

ALSO, DUFOUR & CO.'S CELEBRATED

ANCHOR BRAND BOLTING CLOTH.

MILL CASTINGS.

The entire machinery of Mills, from the smallest Castings to the whole arrangement for the largest class of Flouring Mills, at much less cost than is usual, will be furnished at my Manufactory, and branch at Chicago, Illinois.

JOHN T. NOYE, Buffalo, N. Y.

WM. F. NOYE, AGENT,

28 Market Street, Lind's Block, Chicago.

JOHN WEBSTER, Milwright.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO., Agents at St. Paul. apr11-d6m

DUNDAS MILLS'

CELEBRATED XX FAMILY FLOUR,

For sale in bbls. or sacks by

E. & H. Y. Bell, near the Winslow House; S. K. Putnam, corner 3d and Market Sts.; Beaumont and Gordon, corner 3d and Jackson Sts.; J. B. Slichter, corner of 7th and Jackson Sts.

Warranted the best

XX FAMILY FLOUR

offered in this market. Orders from Hotel's Bakers and others shall have prompt attention and immediate delivery.

mar15 J. S. ARCHIBALD.

ANOKA FLOURING MILLS

FOR SALE.

For terms apply to the undersigned at Anoka, Anoka County, Minnesota.

my24-d3m SMILEY & WOODBURY

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

One jig saw, counter shaft, &c.; one turning lathe, counter shaft, bits, &c.; one boring machine, bits, &c.; one small surface planer. The above machinery is nearly new, and made in the best manner. For further particulars apply to Galley & Jansen, Chair Factory, St. Paul, or the subscriber. BARNARD & BRO.

St. Anthony, June 4, 1862. je4-d3m

CHICAGO BREWERY.

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK,

AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.

WM. CONSTANS, AGENT, St. Paul.

my24-d1y

SALÆRATUS.

One hundred boxes Saleratus in pound papers, manufactured and put up expressly for me, and

WARRANTED EQUAL TO ANY MADE.

Just received and for sale at 6¼ cents.

jy6-d3m GEO. L. FARWELL,

Dry Goods.

1862. SPRING. 1862.

INGERSOLL'S BLOCK

DRY GOODS FOR CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF

SPRING DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

FANCY DRESS GOODS,

Of every variety of quality, will be sold at prices

TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Mottled Morello Cloths, from 10 to 25c per yard!

PLAID POIL DE CHEVRES,

EMBROIDERED POIL DE CHEVRES,

EVERY VARIETY OF CHALLEYS

EMBROIDERED AND GREY GRISAILLES

BLUE, GREEN AND RINK BERRAGE LEXIPINA.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN MOUSLINE DE LAINES; PRINTED LAWNS IN GREAT VARIETY.

A SPLENDID STOCK OF GINGHAMS.

ALSO

BLACK AND RICH FANCY SILKS.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR;

BROADCLOTHS, BLACK & FANCY CASSIMERES, SATTINETS, AND SUMMER CLOTHS.

ALSO

A VERY LARGE STOCK OF

HOSIERY, GLOVES,

AND

EMBROIDERIES,

PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS, ETC.,

ALSO

A LARGE STOCK OF

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN GOODS,

BY THE PIECE OR PACKAGE FOR THE

COUNTRY TRADE.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Can purchase their Goods of us, and

SAVE TIME AND MONEY.

We invite the attention of the ladies to our new styles of Cloaks and Mantillas.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

WILL BE

SOLD FOR CASH,

AT PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION.

The public are invited to visit

OUR NEW STORE.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.

apr30-d1y St. Paul, Minnesota.

CLOTHING, CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

Having received a splendid assortment of spring and summer clothing equalling in quality and style anything to be found in the large Eastern cities, we would respectfully request an examination of our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Also have received to sell to the trade a large lot of superfine black cloths and doeskins, blue cloth, silk mixed coatings, Harris' silk mixed and fancy cassimeres, satinet, cord, moleskin, black farmer's satin, red farmer's satin, for sleeve lining alpaca, silicia, bro. Holland and good black thread; all of which we will sell from ten to twenty per cent lower than the same goods can be procured for in any establishment in St. Paul. We invite merchant tailors, tailors and others, who deal in the above goods, to call and

EXAMINE FOR THEMSELVES.

Also a fine assortment of hats and caps, white and colored shirts, knit shirts and drawers, neck ties, suspenders, woolen and cotton and half hose, silk and cotton pocket handkerchiefs, shirt collars, and many other goods which we offer to the public at prices to suit the times.

W. H. TEMPLE,

Third st., below Day & Jenks' Drug Store.

my25-1y

SPRING & SUMMER

Millinery Goods for 1862

At the old stand of JAS. SCOTT, on Third-st.

MISS E. WASS

Is now opening at the above store a choice and handsome stock of Millinery Goods, Trimmings, &c., just received from the East, and purchased at low prices for cash, embracing Bonnets, Hats, French and American flowers, and Ruches in large variety, and, in fact, nearly every article usually kept in such a store; all of which are offered at prices to suit the times.

☞ CALL AND EXAMINE THE STOCK.

my22-d3m

LADIES,

THERE IS QUITE A START IN

Millinery Goods!

In the Eastern Market, but we have received a large invoice that we can sell, as heretofore: some sixty dozen superior large SHAKER HOODS, three cases BONNETS & HATS, with six cases RICH RIBBON, and lots of other fixings. Our stock in

DRY-GOODS, CLOAKS, & SHAWLS,

Is large, and our MILLINERY ROOMS well supplied with the richest goods.

☞ Come along or send your orders; we want to extend our business by cheap selling. Our new rooms are below DAY & JENKS' DRUG STORE, Third Street, St. Paul, Min., where the wax figure is in the window.—my31

ANOTHER ARRIVAL

OF

Choice Dress Goods

AT

SMITH & TAYLOR'S.

SPLENDID TRAVELING MIXTURES—ONLY FIFTEEN CENTS.

BEAUTIFUL MOZAMBIQUES VERY CHEAP.

ELEGANT ORGANDIE MUSLIN

FINE JACONETS.

Also something new in LADIES' BLACK SILK SACQUES manufactured in New York, and of the very latest style.

A large assortment of Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts, some of which are of an

ENTIRELY NEW STYLE AND MAKE.

All of the above named articles, besides a

LARGE STOCK OF DOMESTIC GOODS,

Will be sold at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

SMITH & TAYLOR'S

Cheap Cash Store,

Bridge Square, Third street, next the Express Office, Saint Paul, Minnesota.

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER, SAINT PAUL, June, 21st, 1862.

Interest coupons upon Minnesota eight per cent. State bonds due July 1st, 1862, will be paid at the banking house of H. W. Palmer, No. Pine street, New York.

CHARLES SCHEFFER, State Treasurer.

je22

Oils and Lamps.

MARVIN'S

CROCKERY HOUSE.

JUST RECEIVED AND

SELLING VERY LOW,

1,000 LOOKING GLASSES AND MIRRORS.

OIL--THE VERY BEST.

1,500 GALLONS AT FROM THIRTY TO FORTY CENTS A GALLON.

NOW IN STORE, A FULL STOCK OF

CHINA, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT PRICES MUCH REDUCED.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF

Table & Pocket Cutlery.

The merchants who purchase in St. Paul will find these goods very desirable, and at

VERY LOW RATES.

JUST RECEIVED,

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

Silver Plated

AND

BRITANNIA WARE,

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LAMPS, &c., &c.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

R. MARVIN, THIRD STREET.

je11

OIL! OIL! OIL!

500 barrels No. 1, standard best quality

Carbon Oil,

Just received, and for sale to dealers.

D. T. WATSON,

a3-tjan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

Boots and Shoes.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

A SPLENDID STOCK

OF

LADIES' GAITERS

AND

Children's Fine Shoes,

&c., &c., &c.

WM. J. SMITH & CO.

JOHN THORWARTH,

Boot and Shoe

MANUFACTURER,

THIRD STREET, BET. ROBERT & JACKSON,

St. Paul, Minnesota,

Keeps constantly on hand and makes to order

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which are warranted to do as good service, and of as good style and workmanship as if made to order.

STEEL SHANKS FOR SEWED BOOTS,

The first introduced in this city, will be put in when ordered. This makes the boot stronger and more durable, and is lighter and fits neater.

REPAIRING done on the shortest notice, and in a good and neat style.

JOHN THORWARTH.

St. Paul, Dec. 7, 1861. dec7-d1y

8TH REGIMENT MINNESOTA IRISH VOLUNTEERS.

Sarsfield Guards.

$120 Bounty!

$70 cash down when sworn in!

$40 cash when the Company is mustered in!

$10 cash to each of the first five married men enlisting in this company.

The family of each married man will receive $5 per month from the city, $5 per month from the County, and whatever may be offered by the citizen's Committee; and the first five married men enlisting in this Company will receive in addition to all of this, $2.50 per month for their families.

Recruiting office No 2 Rogers' Block, 3d st., St. Paul. JOHN GRACE.

M. H. SULLIVAN,
THOMAS HOWARD.

a14-tf

HILL & LINDLEY,

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS,

Offer their services to the citizens of Minneapolis, St. Anthony and surrounding country. Having had twenty years experience, they hope to give general satisfaction.

OFFICES.—Mendenhall's old Banking Office, Minneapolis; the Lippincott House, St. Anthony.

a7-tf

D. C. PRICE, DENTIST.

I have removed my office over

McCLOUD'S HARDWARE STORE.

Corner of Third and Cedar streets.

I am now filling teeth with gold for two dollars, and with silver or tin for one dollar each. Extract teeth for fifty cents each, and destroy the nerve of teeth without the least pain for fifty cents.

I will insert whole upper sets of teeth on Vulcanite, in the most approved manner, for twenty-five dollars.

I publish these prices to correct the impression some people have of my charges for best Dental operations.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. strictly.

jy4-d3mos

R. H. WARD, M. D.,

Of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, and College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, having removed to Minneapolis, has opened an office for the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and respectfully invites the attention of those who may desire his services.

Office and residence on Bridge Street, (west-side,) near the Suspension Bridge. jy22-d1m

TEETH ON VULCANITE.

FOR STRENGTH, BEAUTY, Comfort and cleanliness, unsurpassed. Call and see specimens at the office of

DR. SIMONTON,

oct24-d1y Ingersoll's Block, Bridge Square.

M. N. KELLOGG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Fruits, Toys, G. Apples,

LEMONS & CONFECTIONERY.

Children's CABS—every variety; Egg, Lemon, Ginger, Boston and Soda CRACKERS; Traveling, School and Work BASKETS; MAPLE SUGAR; Fresh CANDIES from New York—also

☞ THE BEST CIGARS IN THE CITY.

my17 M. N. KELLOGG.

Insurance.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON

Fire and Life Insurance Co.

CAPITAL AND RESERVED FUND OVER $6,000,000.

LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY AT SIGHT,

Without sixty days' notice.

Life Insurance

Effected on liberal terms. Policies assignable by endorsement without permission of the Company. Shareholders personally responsible for engagements of the Company.

Directors & Stockholders, New York,
James Brown, Esq.,
Francis Cottenet, Esq.,
Henry Grinnell, Esq.,
Alfred Pell, Esq.,
Alex. Hamilton, jr. Esq.,
E. M. Archibald, Esq.,
And others.

References in New York City.
Duncan, Sherman & Co.,
Alex. T. Stewart & Co.,
Grinnell, Minturn & Co.,
R. L. & A. Stewart,
C. W. & J. T. Moore & Co.
D. Appleton & Co.

THOMPSON BROTHERS,

sep29 Agents for St. Paul and vicinity.

P. W. NICHOLS,

General Insurance Agent.

FIRE INSURANCE,

MARINE INSURANCE,

LIFE INSURANCE.

POLICIES

Issued on favorable terms, in the most reliable Companies.

OFFICE AT GEO. LITTLE'S BOOK STORE,

jan15d1y Third street, St. Paul, Min.

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

OF NEW YORK.

CASH CAPITAL.....$100,000
NETT SURPLUS..... 138,000

DIVIDENDS ON CAPITAL LIMITED BY ITS CHARTER TO SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM—THE ENTIRE PROFITS GO TO THE POLICY HOLDERS.

This Society was organized in the year 1859, with a cash capital of $100,000 deposited irrevocably with the Insurance Department of the State of New York, in United States bonds, on which it allows but seven per cent. per annum to the stockholders, and the entire profits of the business is shared by the policy holders. The nett profits in two years amounts to $129,000, which shows an unparalleled success in the history of Life Insurance. Its operations are managed by a Board of Directors composed of the the ablest business men of the country, and its business is conducted entirely on the cash plan. Dividends to the policy holders will be made every five years, and no Company in the country offers equal advantages to its dealers.

WM. C. ALEXANDER, President.
HENRY B. HYDE, Vice President.
GEO. W. PHILLIPS, Actuary.
H. S. DURAND, Milwaukee, Gen. Agt.
W. W. KING, State Agent for Minnesota.
DR. WM. CAINE, St. Paul.

mar12-d1y

HOME

INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Extract from Third Annual Report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York. WM. BARNES, Superintendent.

There are now ninety-five joint stock fire insurance companies incorporated by the State of New York, engaged in the transaction of business; of these companies, fourteen only received premiums during the last year, amounting to over one hundred thousand dollars; four only received premiums above the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, and the premium income of one only exceeded three hundred thousand dollars. The premium receipts of this Company, the HOME, with a capital of $1,000,000, were $829,003.33. The premium income of thirty of the smaller companies was $851,578.65 only, with capitals, however, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of $4,900,-000.

The state of things should be improved; the premium income of the mass of our fire insurance companies is by far too small for their capitals, and inadequate to the proper support of a separate and independent corporation. The experience of the HOME, PHOENIX, (of Brooklyn) and some other companies, has demonstrated that, with proper skill, tact and sagacity, business can be increased and managed to an indefinite extent, with entire safety, and even additional security to the company. We have now the machinery and organization in working order for nearly one hundred joint stock fire insurance companies. In the course of a few years their business can be safely doubled, and even quadrupled, without doubling or quadrupling the yearly expenses. Any considerable expansion of business must of course be mainly effected through the instrumentality of reliable, safe, and well managed agencies. The premium income of the HOME amounts to nearly one-eighth part that of the ninety-five companies combined, so that eight corporations like the HOME could conduct the entire business of all these companies. If each company transacted the same amount of business as the HOME, the aggregate premium income would reach the enormous amount of over seventy-eight millions of dollars per year. Our companies are not too numerous for the great future of this country, if managed on the progressive scale demanded by the spirit of the American people.

The annual statement of this our foremost local fire and inland company, made up to the first of January last, shows a condition of such positive strength and prosperity as to challenge unqualified admiration. In a circular accompanying the statement, subscribed by Charles J. Martin, President, A. F. Wilmarth, Vice President, and John McGee, Secretary, those well accredited officers very justly say: "The well-known reputation of the HOME for fair and honorable dealing, together with its capital of one million dollars, and surplus of over half a million in addition, all well invested, commend it to the special favor of all who desire reliable protection in the way of insurance, either fire or inland."

This is not saying one word too much for their company. The HOME is the crack company of our State, in high credit all over the Union, worked upon a comprehensive plan, and managed with admirable skill and efficiency. The assets of the HOME on the first of January last summed up to $1,521,268.08, against an actual liability of only $55,080.43; and, moreover, it is worth noting that the assets are all of the very first class. The balance in bank in cash was $124,434.14, very nearly enough to set up an ordinary company; bonds and mortgages $910,219.53, secured on real estate worth $1,715,900, and then government and other stocks, equivalent to cash and convertible into cash any day, $320,636. Any one not satisfied with the security of the HOME as an insurance institution, must be hard to please.

In 1861 the HOME wrote $106,715,148, taking $829,993 premium, and paid losses $535,775, including some losses for the year 1860. A dividend of ten per cent. was paid on the million capital; and after reserving an ample reinsurance fund, the company shows a "nett surplus" of $160,644 clear over capital and all claims, actual or possible, practical or theoretical.

The HOME is a good "testimony" in all places to the enterprise, energy and progress of the city of New York.

BORUP & OAKES, Agents, St. Paul.

je25-d3m

G. N. BEMAN & CO.,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,

CORNER OF FIFTH AND ROBERT STREETS, ST PAUL, MINNESOTA.

We are prepared to manufacture to order a kinds of BUGGIES, CUTTERS, LUMBER WAGONS, EXPRESS AND GROCERY WAGONS, CONCORD HACKS and STAGE SLEIGHS, of the best quality, and latest pattern, and of Eastern stock, which enables us to warrant them in every particular. Also all kinds of repairing promptly and faithfully executed on the most reasonable terms.

je4-d6m

JUST RECEIVED.

One hundred half barrels and fifty quarter barrels of Walker's

PRIME CINCINNATI CREAM ALE.

M. DORNIDEN,

nov23-d1y Jackson st., bet. 5th and 6th.

Railroads.

1862. 1862. 1862.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

FOR CHICAGO, DETROIT, BUFFALO, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PITTSBURG, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, CINCINNATI, ROCK ISLAND, BURLINGTON, QUINCY, ST. LOUIS, AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND SOUTH,

VIA DUNLEITH AND

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after May 11, 1862, trains leave Dunleith on arrival of steamers from St. Paul and Intermediate points.

LEAVE DUNLEITH.	Day Express, Sundays excepted, 7 A M.	Night Express Saturdays excepted, 6 P M
Freeport	9 50 A. M.	9 55 P. M
Rockfort, via G & C U R R	11 10 "	11 45 "
Belvidere " "	11 45 "	12 45 A. M
Chicago " "	3 30 P. M.	5 46 "
Dixon	11 30 A. M.	11 35 P. M.
Fulton, via Air Line RR	4 20 P. M.	6 15 A. M
Mendota	1 00 "	12 55 "
Burlingt'n, via C B & Q R R	7 35 "	7 05 "
Quincy, " "	11 15 "	9 30 "
La Salle	1 47 "	1 40 "
Peoria, via C & R I R R		6 30 "
Rock Island		7 00 "
Bloomington	4 24 "	4 24 "
Decatur	6 20 "	6 20 "
Springfield, via G W R R	3 29 A. M.	3 45 "
Pana	8 00 P. M.	8 00 "
Terra Haute via T H & A R R	2 10 A. M.	3 20 P. M.
Indianapolis, " "	5 10 "	6 30 "
St. Louis " "	7 50 "	
Sandoval	10 15 P. M.	10 15 A. M
St. Louis, via O & M R R		1 00 P. M
Cairo	4 10 A. M.	

Trains make direct connections at Chicago with all Eastern lines for Buffalo, New York, Boston, and all Eastern Cities.

Sleeping cars on all night trains.

Baggage checked to all important points.

Passengers for St. Louis and intermediate points on the river, will find this the quickest and only direct route.

For through tickets and information, apply at the office of the Company, foot of Jackson street, St. Paul. S. B. FORBES, Ticket Agent.

A. PRATT, Advertising Agent. J. S. TILDESLEY, Gen'l West'n Agt.

W. P. JOHNSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt. W. S. ARTHUR, General Sup't.

my21

1862. 1862.

LA CROSSE AND ST. PAUL

PACKET COMPANY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

During the summer of 1862, till the close of navigation, the LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company, having completely equipped their Line and made large additions to their business facilities, will offer to shippers and passengers on the river greater inducements and conveniences, and QUICKER TIME, than was ever offered by any company on the river.

All the boats on the Chippewa, Minnesota, St. Croix and the upper Mississippi rivers, and the different lines of stages north of LaCrosse, will, the coming season run to connect with the Davidson boats and the LaCrosse and Milwaukee Railroad.

The LaCrosse and St. Paul Packet Company will run a

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT LINE.

The former will number two first class boats—the nicest and fastest on the river. They will be the run from La Crosse to St. Paul in EIGHTEEN HOURS, and returning will leave here in the morning, and arrive at La Crosse in twelve hours time to connect with the evening train, by which our passengers will make close connection and reach Milwaukee in time for cars, or boats on the Lake in TWENTY HOURS FROM ST. PAUL, and reach Chicago next morning, by Minnesota Junction or Milwaukee, in just TWENTY-FOUR HOURS FROM LEAVING ST. PAUL, and in time for close connection East! This will be by twelve hours the quickest time between these three cities ever made! Nothing but passengers, the mails, express matter, and express goods will be carried on these boats, which will be furnished in the best of style. Passengers will then have daylight to view the grand beauties of the river, and good sleeping cars from La Crosse to Chicago—a great item. Arrangements have also been perfected so

THE CITY.

A FIFER WANTED.—A good fifer is wanted in Marshall's company, 9th regiment. Apply at Armory Hall.

E. J. WAY, on Robert street, has for sale a lot of choice family flour, manufactured from new club wheat. See advertisement.

QUARTERMASTER SAUNDERS has received orders to subsist the cavalry regiment, which it is proposed to raise in this State for Indian fighting.

STATE TEACHER'S ASSOCIATION.—The annual session of this body commences this morning at 10 o'clock, at Ingersoll's Hall. President Williams, of Northwestern College, will probably preside, in the absence of Dr. Crary.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.—A misapphehension has existed in the minds of the traveling public, that passengers going by this route through Canada were liable to detention at Detroit. All government passes good over any line, to points beyond Canada—as New York, &c.—are not questioned at Detroit, holders being allowed to proceed without delay. For other particulars see advertisement.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF OTHER-DAY.—Whitney has taken several superb photographs of this celebrated deliverer of the whites at Yellow Medicine. They are for sale at Whitney's Gallery and at Merrill's Bookstore. One-fourth of the proceeds of all the pictures sold this week will be given to him. The two sizes sell for 25 cents and $1. This is a good opportunity to aid this most worthy man. Let every one do as much as purchase a picture.

IDLE RUMORS SQUELCHED.—Lieutenant Pratt, who returned last evening from a visit to his home at Taylor's Falls, tells us that the rumors current of a panic in that neighborhood, are entirely without foundation. The settlers are not in the least apprehensive of danger from the Indians, and none of them have left their homes or thought of doing so; and, indeed, he tells us what no doubt is true, that there are no Indians about there, nor within a hundred miles of that point.

CLOTHING FOR THE REGIMENTS.—The clothing for the Seventh and Ninth Regiments, including blankets, arrived night before last, and is now being distributed among the volunteers. There are no knapsacks, haversacks, or tents—there being none to be procured. Quartermaster Saunders has been notified that no more blankets can be furnished, the stock at the East having been completely exhausted; and it is greatly to his credit for promptness and business tact that he was enabled to get blankets for these regiments, to the exclusion of other regiments at the East.

CITIZENS' PATROL.—Ingersoll's Hall was crowded last night to hear the report of the committee for the organization of the citizens' patrol. The constitution was read and adopted.

The committees from the different wards reported as willing to enrol themselves in the various organizations—from the 1st ward, 32: from the 3d ward, 94: from the 4th ward, 85: and from the 5th ward, 75.

The meeting was then addressed by Other-Day, the Indian who guided the party of sixty-two from the Upper Agency, who was introduced by Mr. Mattocks, and whose remarks were interpreted by Henry Bellon, Jr.

The meetings in the different wards to-night to organize the companies under the constitution adopted last night, will be held at the usual place of holding elections, with the exception of the 3rd ward, which will be held at Market Hall, and the 5th ward, which will be held at the frame school house on Seventh-street.

AN APPEAL FOR THE REFUGEE WOMEN AND CHILDREN.—There are scores of people from the frontier arriving here daily, and the number will probably be increased, during the present week, to hundreds, if not thousands. They are principally women and children, who have been compelled to leave their homes because the State could not afford them that protection it is bound to give to all of its citizens. They have left their houses, their cattle and their crops. They were surrounded with plenty, which has been abandoned, and are thrown upon the public, in most instances, houseless and penniless. It is true that the ruthless invader will soon be expelled from the State, but many of these people will find nothing but "the blackness of ashes," where their dwellings once stood, and desolated fields and cattle driven away or slaughtered.

In view of these facts, would it not be well to have some concert of action, some organized effort, that the most needy and worthy may have their present wants relieved? Justice and humanity require it. The fair fame of our city requires it. The frightened and helpless women and innocent, prattling babes and children, must not be suffered to wander about the streets without a place to shelter their heads. Who will lead in this matter?

In this connection it is with pleasure we record the following incident: On Sunday morning, as the terrified people were crowding into St. Anthony for fear of Indians, Mr. James Rice, clerk at Vaneman's grocery store, opened his house to forty of the women and children, giving them food and shelter. His mother, who prepared their meals, is quite an old lady. There cannot be too much praise given to this truly charitable son and mother. Let all, who can, follow their example.

News and Miscellany.

—Mrs. Partington says: "It is a confederate shame for the Cabient people at Washington to permit our men-of-war on the Potomac to hug Mary Land Shore so much."

—A gentleman who had been victimized by a notorious borrower, who always forgot to pay, called him one of the most promising men of his acquaintance.

—The ladies may not go much on the highways, but they are complained of by their husbands as being very much addicted to buy-ways.

—The alarming sickness which has snddenly manifested itself all over the country since the appearance of the order for a draft, is called the "Lincoln Gripes."

—"Skedaddle Rangers" is the appropriate name given to those persons who dock to Canad. to escape the call of their country.

—It was rumored at Madrid that Prince Murat is intended for the King of Mexico.

—The *Diario and Epoca* says that Spain must renounce the policy of isolation in Europe, and recognize the kingdom of Italy.

—A New York paper speaks of the "*talented translatress*" of a certain work. Is she a good readeress and writeress also.

—He who never forgets his old friends and cherishes his attachment for them as ever, no matter how much time, space or fortune have kept them apart, is one of those rare beings with whom God has endowed the earth, that society may not utterly wither through the influence of ingratitude, selfishness, and the incessant changes in life.

—As we stand by the sea shore and watch the huge tides come in, we retreat, thinking we will be overwhelmed: soon, however, they flow back. So with the waves of trouble in the world: they threaten us, but a firm resistance makes them break at our feet.

—Chas. Lamb once said to a brother whist-player, Martin Barney, whose hands were none of the cleanest, "Martin, if dirt were trumps, what a hand you'd have."

—"Do you understand me now?" thundered a country schoolmaster to an urchin at whose head he threw an inkstand. "I've got an *ink*-ling of what you mean," replied the boy.

—There are no hands upon the clock of eternity; there is no shadow upon its dial. The very hours of heaven will be measured by the sunshine, not the shadow.

—If a person sells watches, does he become a watchman?

—Ex-President Buchanan is about to remove from Wheatland to Downington, where he has just purchased a farm of 300 acres from a Mr. Townsend Walter, for $36,000.

—In a recent address in Dublin, Ireland, Archbishop Hughes, speaking of the American Union, one and inseparable, expressed his faith to this effect, as follows:

"I tell you, that, if even peace were restored to the whole country of America to-morrow, the people would scarcely unbelt themselves until they had put other questions right. * * * It is one country still, and must and shall be one. No matter what may occur, no matter the foreign interference, whether military or naval, that may destroy the cities round the borders of that country—no matter what may occur, the question must end, and that people shall remain."

—A citizen who reads the North *American*, and possesses an acute sense of propriety as regards spelling, punctuation, and so forth, left an order the other day with the sign painter. The citizen in question is a daguerrean. He wanted painted over his door the words "Daguerreotype Saloon." The master painter sent up to do the work a journeyman recently hired. The journeyman was fresh from London. He presented himself to the citizen and asked for instructions. The citizen explained his wishes, and with a view to a sign correctly spelled, asked the journeyman to give the orthography of the word "Daguerrean."

This was done to the citizen's entire satisfaction.

"Now, can you spell the word saloon?" was the next question.

"Certainly," said the cockney artist, with a look of triumph. "there's a hess, and a hay, and a hell, and two hoes and a hen."

The artist, it is only necessary to add, was set at work. By sundown the sign—hesses, hells, hens and hoes included—was not only finished, but placed in position.

—The London *Times* gravely informs its readers that the confiscation bill passed by Congress condems to death the whole white population of the South. It does not even except the women and children, but says deliberately that the North proposes to execute 8,000,000 people.

—Captain Chamberlain, of the propeller Backus, who arrived at Chicago on the 20th, from Lake Superior, states that when off Whitefish Point, he picked up the schooner Oriole's secretary containing the vessel's books and papers, a number of letters, a quantity of woman's clothing, one gold watch, a lady's port-monaie containing $48, several articles of jewelry, including a set of gold sleeve buttons with "Winslow" marked on them; also daguerreotypes of the captain, his wife and children.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the Adjutant General's or Quarter-Master General's Department of the State of Minnesota, will immediately present the same for adjustment and settlement.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant-General.

☞ Pioneer and Democrat copy. au26-1w

REMOVED.

Mile's Barber Shop,

May now be found at No. 3, Trier's block, up stairs, rooms formerly occupied by "Prof." Story. 810

BUSINESS LOCALS

24 HOURS TIME SAVED.—By taking the morning boat out of St. Paul, passengers going East arrive at the point of destination 24 hours in advance of those taking the afternoon boat of the same day. Purchase tickets of

C. L. WOOD, Ticket Agent,
LaCrosse and Milwaukee R. R.

a19-tf

NOW READY.—The Rules of Practice adopted in general session of the Judges of this State and published by the PRESS PRINTING COMPANY, are now ready for delivery—price fifteen cents per copy, or $1.50 per dozen. These rules go into effect on the first of September, and will have all the authority and force of law. Every lawyer in the State must have a copy. Remittances may be made in bank notes or postage stamps.

LAND FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—1,080 acres in Mower County, well adapted for sheep and stock, low for cash, or for good unencumbered property in St. Paul, or a farm in its vicinity. Address box 1892, St. Paul Post Office. nov3

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR.—The St. Paul City Mills, at the Upper Levee, is one of the best MERCHANT MILLS in the State. The proprietor keeps constantly on hand a CHOICE article of FAMILY FLOUR, made from the best Winter and Club Wheat. Also, Meal, Bran, Shorts, Middlings, &c. For sale low at wholesale and retail

a10-tf C. H. H. BAKER.

OUR HOUSE, THIRD STREET, OPPOSITE ARMORY HALL, H. F. E. VITT, PROPRIETOR.—This old established house is in full operation, and is prepared to furnish meals at all hours of the day or night. The bar is supplied with the very best liquors. The larder is always full. Oysters at 25 and 30 cents per dozen. Hot Coffee, Steaks, &c., &c. Give me a call.

feb26-d1y H. F. E. VITT.

NOTICE.—No one is authorized to make bills or otherwise contract debts for the PRESS office except the secretary, Mr. Bradley.

AT WHITNEY'S GALLERY.—PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.—The largest, most elegant and CHEAPEST assortment ever brought to St. Paul. a5-tf

CARBON OIL.—Just received, on consignment, and for sale to dealers, FIVE HUNDRED BARRELS best No. 1 Carbon Oil.

D. T. WATSON,
a2-1jan1 Brick Block, Robert-st., St. Paul.

LAND WARRANTS, Half Breed and Revolutionary Scrip—all sizes—prices.

jy28 THOMPSON BROS.

Miscellaneous.

FRESH SUGARS.

Fifteen tons, just received per "Itasca" and "War Eagle" including fair to choice N. O., O. A. and Havana, bought before the recent advance, at low figures, for cash.

a20-tf COOLEY, TOWER & CO.

A. L. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE ON THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MINNESOTA AND CEDAR STREETS.
ST. PAUL, - - - - - - - - MINNESOTA,

Being a discharged soldier has learned the manner of obtaining arrears of pay, bounty and pensions due soldiers, or their representatives, and will pay particular attention to that business.

a26-2w

MILITARY GOODS.

T. B. CAMPBELL,
THIRD STREET, - - - - - - ST. PAUL.

This is the only place in the city where a complete outfit can be found.

I Offer to the Trade

Bronzed Staff, Gilt Mounted, Line, Surgeon and Fine Presentation

SWORDS.

CRIMSON AND GREEN SASHES;

Belts; Shoulder Straps, 1, 2 and 3 row embroidered; Bugles; Wreaths; Silver, Gilt and Brass Letters and Figures.

REGULATION AND MCLELLAN CAPS,

ARMY HATS.

Gold and Gilt Braid, Cord and Lace, all kinds;

DRINKING TUBES.

Sword Knots, Camp Candlesticks, Inkstands, Haversacks, Over-Coat Slings, and India Rubber Camp Blanket.

☞ Officers' Uniforms manufactured to order on short notice.

a24-1m T. B. CAMPBELL.

CALL AT

D. D. MERRILL'S

For the Best Styles of

PHOTOGRAPH

ALBUMS.

"*CARTES DE VISITE*"—And views to suit all.

U. S. Army Regulations, U. S. Infantry Tactics, and a fresh supply of

NEW BOOKS.

America Before Europe—*DeGasparin:*
Among the Pines.
Elsie Venner.
Recreations of a Country Parson.
Spare Hours.
Leisure Hours about Town.
Artemus Ward.
Parson Brownlow's Book.
Cecil Dreme, John Brent, and
Edwin Brothertoft. a10tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

We, the undersigned, have this day dissolved partnership. The business will be carried on in the name of J. H. Byers. All debts and demands will be settled by J. H. Byers.

St. Paul, August 18, 1862.

J. H. BYERS,
a19-1w S. L. POLLOCK.

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,
DEALERS IN
CHINA, GLASS AND CROCKERY,
PLATED WARE,
CARBON OIL AND LAMPS.
LOOKING GLASSES, TIN WARE,
PLAIN, PLANISHED AND JAPANNED.
TABLE CUTLERY.

Constantly on hand, the most complete assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS to be found in the city.

ROBERT STREET, ST. PAUL, Minn.

sep22-d&w

A SMALL EMIGRATION DOCUMENT.

A circular by the Commissioner of Statistics, entitled "Free Homes in Minnesota," and which condenses a great many leading facts about Minnesota in the compass of a page of letter paper, is in type at this office, and will be printed without charge for any one who will supply the paper. This is one of many forms by which the Commissioner of Statistics is endeavoring to diffuse abroad a knowledge of the advantages which Minnesota offers for settlement under the Homestead, and as it costs no one anything but the trouble of bringing their letter paper to this office, we hope our business men will generally take a hand in" and push on the good work.

STATE OF MINNESOTA — DISTRICT COURT — RAMSEY COUNTY — SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

David Lowitz vs. the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company.

The State of Minnesota:

To the Galena, Dubuque, Dunleith and Minnesota Packet Company:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed with the clerk of said Court, in his office, in Saint Paul, and a copy whereof is herewith served upon you; and to serve a copy of your answer upon us at our office in Saint Paul, of said county and State, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint as aforesaid, the plaintiff herein will have his damages assessed by a jury or the amount he is entitled to recover, ascertained by the court, or under its direction, and take judgment for the amount so assessed or ascertained and his costs and disbursements in this behalf expended.

Dated at Saint Paul, Ramsey County.

BRISBIN & WARNER,
fri a8-6w Plaintiff's Attorneys,

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, Min., August 25th, 1862.

[GENERAL ORDERS NO. THIRTY-EIGHT.]

I. Colonel Benj. Smith, Commandant of the place of General Rendezvous, at Fort Snelling, will proceed forthwith to organize one thousand men to be composed of detachments from the Seventh, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh Regiments Minnesota Volunteers, now organizing, and detail such force as soon as organized, to report without delay, to Col. H. H. Sibley, commanding expedition against the Indians.

II. The forces heretofore sent against the Sioux Indians shall be designated as the first detachment of the Indian Expedition.

III. The above-mentioned force of one thousand men shall be designated as the second detachment of the Indian Expedition.

IV. In order to expedite the transportation of the second detachment, the officer commanding the same will impress, if necessary for that purpose, horses, teams and other means of transportation, giving proper receipts and vouchers for the same.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

OSCAR MALMROS,
a26-1t Adjutant General.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, Min., August 23d, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until the 28th day of August, 1862, at 12 o'clock M. of that day, for the manufacture and making up of two thousand six hundred and eighty-one uniform coats, and the same number of pairs of trowsers.

The contract for the manufacture of the above amount of clothing will be let entire, or in lots of not less than one hundred coats or one hundred pairs of trowsers, the whole amount to be finished and delivered within four weeks after receiving the cloth.

The contract whether let entire, or in lots as above specified, will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders; this department reserving the right to reject all unreasonable or irresponsible bids.

All bids must be accompanied by the names of the sureties who will be offered for the performance of the contract, and must state the number of coats or trowsers that the bidders will complete and deliver weekly. All work must be of the best quality, having reference chiefly to durability and strength.

OSCAR MALMROS,
Adjutant General and
a23-5t Acting Quarter-Master.

Miscellaneous.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF STATE,
SAINT PAUL, Aug. 4, 1862.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until noon of the 6th of September next, for furnishing the State of Minnesota with ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE CORDS OF GOOD SEASONED OAK WOOD. Said wood to be paid for in State warrants, and delivered at State Capital, as required.

CHARLES SCHEFFER,
a29-td State Treasurer.

GOT 'EM.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK,

for September.

DAVENPORT'S GOT 'EM.

CHICAGO PAPERS,

NEW YORK PAPERS,

GOT 'EM.

LEDGER FOR THIS WEEK.

GOT 'EM.

In fact DAVENPORT'S got everything, except a few things he hain't got.

CALL AND SEE.

a16-y

ARMY REGULATIONS.

CAMERON'S U. S. TACTICS,

HARDEE'S TACTICS,

BEADLE'S DIME TACTICS,

MARIEES, THIRD PART LES MISEBABLES,

Just received at

COMBS' BOOKSTORE.

jy31-1y

BYERS & POLLOCK

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE
OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,
JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.
nov11-d&w1y

TWENTY ACRE TRACT.

Twenty acres desirable land, half an hour's drive of the Steamboat Landing in St. Paul.

HENRY MCKENTY,
St. Paul, June 28, 1862. Dealer in Real Estate. je28-d&w6m

C. E. WOOLSEY & CO.,
(SUCCESSOR TO L. D. WILSON,)
Commission Merchants,
NO. 211 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO.
CASH ADVANCES ON CONSIGNMENTS.
mar1-d&w1y

ST. PAUL FEMALE SEMINARY.

The School Year commences September 1st, and closes July 1st; with a recess of a week between Christmas and New Year, and a week in April. The long vacation occupies the warm months of July and August.

CHARGES.

Board, with furnished room,.....$30 per quarter
Tuition in Primary Department.. 5 "
" in all other classes,..... 10 "

EXTRA STUDIES.

Music, with use of Piano,.....$14 "
Drawing,..... 5 "
Crayoning,..... 8 "
Oil Painting,..... 10 "
Modern Languages at Professors' charges.
Washing, 50 cents per dozen.
Fire in room for the winter, $10.

J. G. RIHELDAFFRE,
Superintendent.
Corner of Summit Avenue and St. Peter St.

A CARD.

The undersigned, having for a long time had pupils in the St. Paul Female Seminary, under the care of Rev. J. G. Riheldaffer, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, beg leave to recommend this institution to parents who have daughters to be educated.

The course of study is as extended and comprehensive as in similar institutions in other parts of the country.

Thoroughness in all the branches taught, is a marked characteristic of the institution. The teachers are experienced and abundantly competent in their several departments.

Young Ladies boarding in the Seminary have a comfortable home and all the advantages that need be desired for them while at school.

The terms for board and tuition are as reasonable as such facilities can be afforded.

Mr. R. is making laudable efforts for the permanent establishment of a Female Seminary of a high order at the Capital of the State, and we rejoice in the prospect of its success. The school is now in the fourth year of its existence, and the intelligent can begin to judge of it by its fruits.

We would, therefore, after having made thorough trial of the St. Paul Female Seminary, recommend to all with whom we may have influence, to aid with their patronage in the support of an institution for the education of our daughters, in our own healthful and invigorating climate.

JOHN NICOLS, St. Paul.
WILLIAM HOLCOMBE, Stillwater.
GEO. S. WINSLOW, Hastings.
C. M. GOODSELL, Northfield.
WILLIAM SHERBERD, Shakopee.
D. W. INGERSOLL, St. Paul.
G. W. NICOLS, "
F. MCCORMICK, "
DR. T. R. POTTS, "
ISAAC STAPLES, Stillwater.

jy22-w6w

Miscellaneous.

SAINT PAUL & PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The trains will run until further notice on the following time table:

TIME TABLE NO. ONE.

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5.30 A. M.	5.55 A. M.	7.00 A. M.	7.30 A.M.
9.00 "	9.25 "	10.00 A. M.	10.30 A M.
2.00 P. M.	2.25 P. M.	3.00 P. M.	3.30 P. M.
5.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.	6.30 "	7.00 "

WILLIAM CROOKS,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.

jy2 dtf

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the Winslow, American International and Merchants, or at our office.

Fare to St. Anthony or Minneapolis, including omnibus tickets at both ends of Railroad, 50 cents.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

CARPETS.

CASH TRADES

ARE

ALWAYS BARGAINS.

CALL AT

JOSEPH BUGBEE'S

New Carpet Store,

Facing the River,

THIRD STREET,..... ST. PAUL.

a12-3m

BUGGIES.

We have just received and have now on hand a few

Eastern Made Buggies

AND LIGHT BUSINESS WAGONS,

and expect to receive in the next few weeks

A GOOD ASSORTMENT,

Which we will sell for cash, at extreme low figures and warrant them made of

GOOD MATERIALS

a12-1m J. & C. M. DAILEY.

NOTICE.

OFFICE ST. PAUL & PACIFIC R. R. CO.,
SAINT PAUL, August 14th, 1862.

On and after August 15th, the train leaving Saint Paul, at 11.45 A. M., will leave at 2 o'clock P. M., arrive at St. Anthony at 2.25 P. M., and the train leaving Saint Anthony at 2.30 P. M. will leave at 3 o'clock P. M., arriving at Saint Paul at 3.30 P. M.

WILLIAM CROOKS,
a14-2t Superintendent.

MILITARY GOODS.

CAMPBELL,

Has just received a fresh lot of fine goods. The only place in this city where a complete outfit can be found. Officers' uniforms made on short notice.

No. 2 Bernheimer's Block, 3d-st.,
a12-2w St. Paul.

ST. PAUL CHAIR FACTORY

GALLEY & JANSON,

Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail dealers in

CHAIRS!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WABASHAW STREET, BET. 5TH & 6TH, ST. PAUL.

☞ We are prepared to supply the trade with the very best quality of work, made under our personal supervision, and

WARRANTED SUPERIOR

To any manufactured in the State.

Twelve years' experience in this trade, enables us to do good work in good style.

We refer to the following principal Cabinet dealers of St. Paul, who sell our work in preference to that of other manufacturers, for the reason that they consider ours the best.

J. Primrose, | J. A. Stees,
F. Hildebrand, | J. S. Dennison,
J. Doney. | fe6-3tdaw1y.

REMOVAL.

JOHN GETZ

Has removed his stock of

TOYS, FANCY GOODS AND CONFECTIONARIES,

TO

ROGERS' BLOCK,

Third Street, opposite the Express Office,

Where he will continue to sell all goods in his line cheaper than ever.

Thanking his friends and patrons for past favors, he would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. a12-2w

AUCTION NOTICE.

We will sell all goods consigned to us, to be sold at auction, for five per cent. commission.

All sums over one hundred dollars three per cent.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

Second hand furniture bought and the highest price paid.

R. & J. M. WARNER,
je19-d3m Cor. Third & Wabashaw sts.

K. SPENCER,

Dentist, 23 Years,

MINNEAPOLIS, - - - - - MINNESOTA

As far as I know, my terms for practice will be the usual fees of Dentists of this State.

I insert ARTIFICIAL PIVOT TEETH, which are healthier, cheaper, more beautiful and durable than teeth set on plate.

PIVOT TEETH DO NOT PREVENT THE TASTING OF FOOD—PLATE TEETH DO.

I so stop decayed places in the crowns of Teeth, (elegantly,) as to last the life of the patient.

☞ Consultations without charge.

a21-6m

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke,.....New York City
John G. Treadwell,.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.,...Albany, New York
Hon. E. A. Law,.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard,.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moors.....Boston
fe16-d&w&m&w1y

RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE,
CHICAGO, ILL.

The twentieth annual session will commence October 1st, 1862, and continue sixteen weeks.

FACULTY:

Dan'l Brainard, M. D.....Surgery.
J. V. Z. Blaney, M. D.....Chemistry.
J. W. Freer, M. D.....Institutes.
J. Adams Allen, M. D.....Practice.
R. L. Rea, M. D.....Anatomy.
De Laskie Miller, M. D.....Obstetrics.
Ephralm Ingals, M. D. Ther. and Mat. Med.
Edwin Powell, M. D.....Demonstrator.

FEES—$80. Dissecting and Mat. Tickets each $5. Board $2.50 to $3 per week.

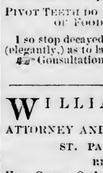
For further information or circular, address

a9-d1w&w1m R. L. REA, Secy, Box 533.

A LARGE DWELLING,

Near the residence of Gov. Ramsey, on the banks of the Mississippi, in a locality at once central and retired.

HENRY MCKENTY,
je22 d&w6m Dealer in Real Estate.



FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

☞ Be careful to buy only the genuine je14-dwly

COOLEY, TOWER & COMPANY,

Branch of COOLEY & TOWER (formerly LIVERMORE, COOLEY & CO.,) St. Louis,

(ESTABLISHED 1843,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views of the closest buyers. August 3, 1862.

DRY GOODS

AT COST.

HOGAN & CAMP

Offer their entire stock of

Summer Dress Goods,

SUMMER SHAWLS,

CLOAKS, PARASOLS,

SUN UMBRELLAS,

AND ALL

SUMMER GOODS

AT COST.

a6-y

WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines & Liquors,

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.

AND MONTREAL MALT WHISKY.

I find that the impression prevails that pure Foreign Wines and Brandy cannot be obtained in St. Paul. I wish to assure the citizens and others that they can safely rely upon getting pure, unadulterated Wines, Brandies and Gin from me, equal to any imported.

W. W. WEBB.

Also, Loadon Porter, Scotch Ale, and Scotch Whisky.

LEONARD & SHEIRE,

BUILDERS,

Shop in old Baptist Church Building on Fifth street, near Jackson. All kinds of Carpenter Work done to order.

M. SHEIRE, ARCHITECT,

Office in the same building as Leonard & Sheire's Carpenter Shop, on Fifth street, near Jackson. Designs, Plans and Specifications for Buildings of every description, prepared on short notice. fe9tf-1y

FIRST CLASS BOARD.

Pleasant rooms, with board, in a delightful locality, lower town, within a few minutes walk of the International Hotel, can be obtained by addressing P. O. Box No. 1570, or applying at Miss C. A. Gill's, corner Eight and College Streets, next to the residence of John S. Prince, Esq. je25 d3m

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Monday, July 28, 1862, the

Prairie du Chien and Dunleith

LINE OF BOATS

Will leave St. Paul daily, at 7 o'clock P. M. The steamer Milwaukee will leave Monday morning, as heretofore at 5 o'clock; the Key City will leave the same evening, at 7 o'clock.

This change is made in order to ensure Railroad connections. This is the only line of Boats leaving St. Paul, by which Passengers can rely upon making Railroad connections.

CHAS. THOMPSON, Agent
Prairie du Chien Railway.

S. B. FORBES, Agent Illinois Central Railroad.

jy24-dtf

CATAWBA BRANDY.

The undersigned having been appointed sole Agent for the sale of

LYON'S PURE OHIO CATAWBA BRANDY,

For the State of Minnesota, calls the attention of Physicians and the public to its medicinal qualities.

WALTER W. WEBB.
St. Paul, July 26, 1862. jy28-d&w

J. F. BLODGET,

AUDITOR OF ANOKA COUNTY,

Will pay taxes for non-residents, and furnish information in relation to lands in Anoka county.

Any information in relation to delinquent taxes furnished free of charge. mar12-dtf.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS,

SADDLERY, HARDWARE AND TOOLS.

LEATHE BELTING.

KESSLER & RIEHL,

TANNERS AND CURRIERS,

Keep constantly on hand the largest and most complete stock of

LEATHER and FINDINGS, SADDLERY HARDWARE and TOOLS,

LEATHER BELTING, ENAMELED CLOTHS AND LEATHER, &c., &c., &c.

All of which they are now offering at prices to suit the times.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS.

☞ Cash paid for Hides and Furs. ☜

fan18-d1y

FORT SNELLING AND ST. PAUL PACKET,

POMEROY,

CAPTAIN E. BELL,

MAKES THREE TRIPS DAILY.

Leaves St. Paul at 7 A. M., 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Leaves Ft. Snelling at 8 A. M., 11 A. M. and 6 P. M.
Leaving as above and connecting with the morning and evening down-river Packets.

a19-dtf

REYNOLDS & MCCARGA

STORAGE, FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchants,

OFFER FOR SALE

ONE THOUSAND CORDS HARD WOOD,
TWO THOUSAND BUSHELS OATS.

The highest market price paid in cash for Pork, Wheat, Corn, Barley, Rye and other produce.

CASH advanced on consignments.

Office in the Irvine Warehouse, Upper Levee Saint Paul. je19-d1y

A LARGE DWELLING,

Near the residence of Gov. Ramsey, on the banks of the Mississippi, in a locality at once central and retired.

HENRY MCKENTY,
je22 d&w6m Dealer in Real Estate.

F. KNAUFT,

(Corner of Seventh and Olive streets,)

HAS IN ADDITION TO HIS NEW & FULL STOCK OF

Groceries & Provisions,

A complete assortment of

QUEENSWARE, LAMPS, &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

NEW PLATFORM SCALES,

Of Fairbanks' best make, always correct and ready for use. Those who have Hay, Grain or Live Stock for sale can save money by getting it weighed. apr19-1m28 1y.

To Destroy——Rats, Roaches, &c.
To Destroy——Mice, Moles and Ants.
To Destroy——Bed-Bugs.
To Destroy——Moths in Furs, Clothes, &c.
To Destroy——Mosquitoes and Fleas.
To Destroy——Insects on Plants and Fowls.
To Destroy——Insects on Animals, &c.
To Destroy——Every form and species of Vermin.

"COSTAR'S" VERMIN EXTERMINATORS,

THE

'ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN,'

Destroys Instantly

EVERY FORM AND SPECIES OF

VERMIN.

HOUSEKEEPERS—troubled with vermin need do so no longer, if they use "COSTAR'S" Exterminators. We have used it to our satisfaction, and if a box cost $5 we would have it. We had tried poisons, but they executed nothing; but "COSTAR'S" article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Bed-bugs, quicker than we can write it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina (O.) Gazette.*

MORE GRAIN and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County, by vermin, than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster [Wis.] Herald.*

"COSTAR'S" RAT, ROACH, &c., EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" BED-BUG EXTERMINATOR.
"COSTAR'S"
"COSTAR'S" ELECTRIC POWDER, FOR INSECTS, &c., in 25c, 50c and $1.00 boxes, bottles and tasks, 50 and 75 size for plantations, ships, boats, hotels, &c., &c.

☞ SOLD EVERYWHERE—by all Wholesale Druggists in the large cities.

Some of the Wholesale Agents in New York City.—Sheffield Brothers & Co.; B. A. Fahnestock, Hall & Co.; A. B. & D. Sands & Co.; Wheeler & Hart; James S. Aspinwall; Morgan & Allen; Hall, Rucker & Co.; Thomas & Fuller; P. D. Orris; Hartel, Riley & Skinner; Bass, Cable & Robinson; M. Ward, Close & Co.; McKesson & Robbins; D. S. Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Lazelle, Marsh & Gardner; Hall, Dixon & Co.; Conrad Fox, and others.

Also, all Wholesale Druggists at Philadelphia, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; and by Druggists, Grocers, Storekeepers and Retailers generally in all Country Towns and Villages in the United States.

AT ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA,

☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS.

☞ Country Dealers can order as above, or address orders direct—[as if price, terms, &c., is desired, send for (free) Circular, giving reduced prices] to HENRY R. COSTAR,

Principal Depot—No. 482 Broadway—(Opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel,) New York. a22-d&w3m

PRINCE & CO.'S

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 260 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

87 Fulton street.....New York.
43 Lake street.....Chicago.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tolman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weiler.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Conner.....Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake st., Chicago.

Or either of the above wholesale agents.

For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul, Minnesota. apr29d&w1y

160 ACRES OF

Timbered Land

Will be sold at such price that the timber at fifty cents per cord wood-leave, will pay for the property.

The soil is of excellent quality, with water and meadow, and is situated within one and a half hours' drive of Saint Paul, and within five miles of the Saint Paul and Pacific Railroad at two different depots. This road is now being constructed and will be finished to Anoka the coming fall.

HENRY MCKENTY,
St. Paul, June